

## The Weekly Monitor

ESTABLISHED 1873

—AND—

**WESTERN ANnapolis SENTINEL**  
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WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1916.

### THANKSGIVING DAY

 The Canadian Government has set  
apart Monday Oct. 9th, as the Thank-  
sgiving Day of the Dominion.

 The appointment of such a day is a  
distinct recognition of a Supreme  
Being who presides over the affairs  
of the world, and from whom all our  
blessings come. The early Christians  
were accustomed to indicate by  
symbols their ideas of Deity. One of  
these was an open hand, reaching  
downward through the clouds. It may  
be that the emblem was suggested by  
Psalmist's words, "Thou opened  
thine hand and satisfied the desire  
of every living thing." The emblem is  
a very appropriate one to be borne in  
mind on our National Thanksgiving  
Day.

 France a century ago determined  
to do away with Deity and exalted  
Reason in the place of the Supreme.  
But France has learned some lessons  
since that day, and is learning more  
during these strenuous days of war.  
These lessons are having their legiti-  
mate effect, as is evident from a  
recent speech of Premier Briand,  
formerly a defender of Anticlerical-  
ism. He now says, "No more Latred  
of Church Steeples."

 "More things are wrought by prayer,  
prayer.

 "Than this world dreams of; where-  
fore let thy voice

 "Rise like a fountain for me, night  
and day.

 "For what are men better than sheep  
or goats.

 "That nourish a blind life within the  
brain,

 "If knowing God, they lift not hands  
of prayer.

 "Both for themselves and those that  
call them friend?"

### ONE REASON FOR THANKSGIVING

 There is scarcely a family among us  
which has not, directly or indirectly,  
to a greater or less extent, suffered  
from the traffic in intoxicating drinks.  
And one special reason for thanksgiving  
at this time, is the progress which  
has been made during the present year  
in the effort to put an end to this ne-  
farious business. A wave of anti-  
alcoholic sentiment has touched every  
Province of this fair Dominion.

 Beginning in the West, British Col-  
umbia, a few days ago, carried a pro-  
hibitory measure by a majority of  
nearly eight thousand. This measure  
has been formulated with great care,  
and is as strong as Provincial legisla-  
tion can make it.

 Alberta, about a year ago adopted a  
similar measure by an overwhelming  
majority, and after few months trial  
the people are satisfied that they  
have done the correct thing. Some  
newspapers which, while they have  
been unable to advertise the sale of  
intoxicants, have taken advantage of  
the law of the Dominion and advertised  
their importation into the "Sunny"  
Province, have found a shrinkage in  
their circulation, and taken the warn-  
ing thus administered.

 Saskatchewan some time since, took  
the business out of private hands and  
established dispensaries in which  
a careful record is kept of the quan-  
tities sold and the names of the buy-  
ers, and in December the whole matter  
will come again under review, with  
the probable result, as understood by  
persons who have felt the public pulse,  
that a prohibitory bill will be passed  
by the Legislature at its next session.

 Manitoba has had now an experi-  
ence of prohibition, and is quite satis-  
fied with the result, notwithstanding  
the blue ruin cry which was raised by  
the liquor people. Some who opposed  
prohibition when the question was  
submitted to the popular vote are now  
its ardent friends, convinced by its  
manifest economic and moral advan-  
tage.

 On Saturday night, a fortnight since,  
the rich Province of Ontario went dry.  
Hotels, clubs and liquor stores remain  
closed until the end of the war. This  
result has been reached in Ontario  
through the direct act of the Legisla-  
ture. Premier Hearst introduced the  
measure, and the leader of the Opposi-  
tion, Mr. Rowell, promised his aid in  
its enactment. When the war closes, a  
prohibition bill will be submitted to  
the people, and there is no reasonable  
doubt as to the issue.

 New Brunswick and Nova Scotia  
have come into line during the pre-  
sent year, and Prince Edward Island  
has had prohibition for several years.  
In no part of the Dominion is the

 Temperance sentiment stronger than  
in these Provinces by the sea.

 Quebec is the only Province which  
has not come into line with the Re-  
form, but more than half of that Pro-  
vince is under local option, and the  
adoption of Prohibition is only a  
question of time.

 Of course the end is not yet. The fact  
that the Provincial legislatures have  
no authority to prevent the manufac-  
ture and importation of intoxicants is  
a barrier in the path. The advocates  
of the liquor business have large  
money at their disposal and will  
without doubt, take every advantage  
of the Dominion Act, and endeavor  
to prove that prohibition does not pro-  
hibit. But, the action of the Provin-  
cial legislatures cannot fail to be felt  
in the Parliament at Ottawa. The  
people are behind this movement. It  
is their united voice which has  
pressed the matter to the present  
stage and that voice is strong enough  
and influential enough to secure its  
just demands at Ottawa.

 In thousands of homes all over the  
Dominion, homes of the rich and  
homes of the poor, the progress of  
this economic and moral reform will  
not be forgotten among the many  
reasons for thanksgiving on Oct. 9th,  
and many the days.

### BELGIUM'S EXAMPLE

 The question of what is to be done  
with the returned soldiers, especially  
those who are maimed and blind, is  
wisely occupying the attention of our  
statesmen and philanthropists. One  
method would be to pension them.  
This method was adopted by the  
Government of the United States sub-  
sequent to the Civil War, but proved to  
be a tremendous tax upon the country,  
and worse than that, it made many  
idle and discontented people. Men  
who received an allowance regularly  
would do nothing to help themselves.  
Many lost the incentive to activity  
which comes with the necessity of  
employment, and became discontent-  
ed. Some of them naturally lapsed  
into bad habits and became a menace  
to society.

 At present the endeavor is to avoid  
such results. Of course, circumstances  
alter cases. None must be allowed to  
be destitute. But, every effort must  
be made to give every one a training  
in the work in which he is most likely  
to be successful. Vocational training  
has already commenced, and will be  
extended. It will take much money to  
meet the varied necessities of men in-  
capacitated by blindness, or the loss  
of hands, arms, legs, or in other ways,  
and unable to engage in their ante-  
war avocations. England and France  
have been already working success-  
fully on this plan and Canada is be-  
ginning to do so.

 And it is worthy of remark that  
this suggestion has come from our  
little ally, Belgium. Long before the  
war, Belgium had a college in Charle-  
roi, a name forever associated with  
the story of the great battle of  
Waterloo, where miners injured and  
unable to return to the mines, were  
given a training in some line of  
work by which they might gain a  
living. And Professors from this In-  
stitution have been aiding in the in-  
troduction of similar institutions in  
France and England.

### BRIDGETOWN SCHOOL EXHIBITION

 Bridgetown's first School Exhibi-  
tion held on Friday, 29th ult., was  
voted by all present to be a decided  
success. The exhibits were quite var-  
ious, consisting of writing, map draw-  
ing, plain and fancy sewing, vegetables,  
preserved fruit, bread, cake, cut  
flowers, the work of the Mechanic  
Science Department, etc.

 The prize list will be published next  
week. Great credit is due to Principal  
Thurber and his staff, and to the  
assisting Committees for their time  
and interest shown in the necessary  
arrangements.

 One interesting feature was the ex-  
hibition by Mrs. R. Duncan of a choice  
selection from her large and varied  
store of curios, gathered by her in her  
travels through different parts of the  
Eastern world.

 In the evening a meeting was held  
in the Principal's room, presided over  
by M. E. Armstrong, Esq., M. D.,  
Chairman of the Board of School  
Commissions, at which appropriate  
addresses upon Educational themes,  
were made by L. A. Dewolfe, Esq., B.  
Sc., M. Sc., of the Truro Normal Col-  
lege, Dr. J. B. Hall, J. Irvin, Esq.,  
Principal, Thurber, and the local  
clergyman.

 The result of the Exhibition will be  
encouragement to the teachers and  
stimulus to the scholars. It will also  
show to the parents that the edu-  
cational methods of the present day  
have a very practical trend. The  
aim is, not to fill the mind of the  
boys and girls with a lot of undigest-  
ible material, which may or may not  
be valuable, but, to prepare them to  
play a successful part in the work-  
a-day world.

### THAT FENIAN RAID BOUNTY

Athol, Sept. 26, 1916

 To the Editor of the Monitor,  
Bridgetown N. S.

 Dear Sir:—Will you kindly insert in  
your widely circulated journal a  
communication regarding the claims  
of widows whose husbands drilled in  
1866 and died previous to April 1st,  
1912. (Re Fenian Raid Bounty.)

 The writer has been and was in-  
terested in the claims of men who re-  
ceived the bounty, and was in corre-  
spondence with members of the House  
of Commons on May 27th, 1914 when  
at the second reading of the bill, to  
amend and extend the time for veter-  
ans to send in their claims, on motion  
of the member from Richmond asking  
that this Act apply to all widows  
whose husbands drilled in 1866, the  
government voted the amendment  
open supported as it was by all the  
Liberal members from the Maritime  
Provinces. The writer has a good  
knowledge of affairs centering around  
the Fenian Raid of 1866. Have been  
identified with the militia of Canada  
from 1862 to 1898. It is said by some  
that this is war time. That we need  
all the money and strict economy  
not only with the people of  
Canada, but more particularly with  
the government of Canada, especially  
in the public expenditure of the  
people's money.

 The public documents show that  
graft, partisanship is permeating and  
undermining the political conditions  
of Canada. I enclose a form I am  
sending out and receiving hundreds  
of letters from all parts of the Pro-  
vince. The Government of Canada on  
May 27th, 1914, to ease their conscience  
amended the act so that widows  
whose husbands died after April 1st,  
1912, should receive the bounty. Who  
today would attempt to publish in the  
press that claims of those widows  
whose husbands died before April 1st  
1912 are not as honestly and justly  
entitled to receive justice. I have the  
blue books and the establishment list  
of those years with the number of  
every regiment of the province of  
Nova Scotia, also the official army  
list of Nova Scotia.

 My answer in the Amherst Guardian  
to the statement by the M. P. from  
Cumberland that 1430 claimants had  
received the bounty in that County is  
that if that was correct then 200 to 400  
never drilled at that time. The same  
reports are coming to me from all  
parts of the province and having  
made these statements any one wish-  
ing to disprove them has an oppor-  
tunity to investigate and see if I am  
making incorrect statements. I call  
on the sons and the grandsons and  
the electors to endorse the claims of  
these widows, justly and honestly due.  
Any information will be gladly given  
to claimants.

Yours truly,

 M.B. HARRISON 93rd Regiment  
Lieut-Col. Retired.

### Presbyterian Church

 Gordon Memorial Church, Queen  
Street, Pastor: Rev. F. C. Simpson.

 Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m.  
and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath School and  
Bible Class every Sabbath morning at  
10 o'clock.

 Prayer meeting Wednesday evening  
at 7.30 o'clock.

 Visitors cordially welcomed at all  
services.

### Bridgetown United Baptist Church

 Prayer meeting on Wednesday at  
7.30 p. m. B.Y.P.U. on Friday at 7.30  
p. m.;  
Sunday services: Bible School at 10  
a. m. Public worship at 11 a. m. and  
at 7 p. m. In the morning a service of  
Thanksgiving will be held.

CENTRELEA

Preaching service on Sunday at 3 p. m.

### Parish St. James Church Notes

PAROCHIAL MISSION

 Next Sunday (16th Sunday after  
Trinity) the Parochial Mission to  
which we drew attention in our last  
issue, will commence.

 The Services will be:  
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.

 11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.  
3 p. m.—Special Service for men and  
boys.

 7 p. m.—"Mission" Service followed by  
an after meeting.

WEEK DAYS

 The Mission will continue daily  
through the week following. Every day  
there will be at—  
8 a.m.—Holy Communion and particu-  
lar Intercessions.

7.30 p. m.—"Mission" service.

 All these services will be conducted  
by the Ven. Archdeacon Martell, D.C.  
L., Rector of Windsor, N. S., and a  
cordial invitation to attend is extended  
to all.

 Ushers will be in attendance but all  
seats are free and unappropriated.  
Hymn books will be provided.  
COME.


### Pears

 For clear, white  
delicately flavored  
preserved pears use

## Lantic Sugar

 The ideal sugar for all  
preserving. Pure cane.  
"FINE" granulation.

 2 and 5-lb cartons  
10 and 20-lb bags

"The All-Purpose Sugar"

 PRESERVING LABELS FREE: 54  
pennies and printed labels for a red  
and white label. Send in

 Atlantic Sugar Refineries, Ltd.  
Power Bldg., Montreal 70

## SHERIFF'S SALE!

1916 A. No. 2522

 IN THE SUPREME COURT  
Between KENNETH HEBB, Plaintiff.

 ALBERT DURLING AND ANNIE  
J. DURLING, Defendants.

 To be sold at Public Auction by the  
High Sheriff of the County of An-  
napolis, at the Court House at Bridgetown  
in the County of Annapolis, Province  
of Nova Scotia, on Tuesday, the 31st  
day of October, A. D. 1916, at the  
hour of 12 o'clock, noon:

 Pursuant to an Order of Foreclosure  
and sale made herein and dated the  
21st day of September, A.D. 1916, unless  
before the date of the said sale the  
amount due to the Plaintiff on the  
Mortgage sought to be foreclosed here-  
in, together with interest to the date  
of payment and his costs to be taxed  
be paid to him or his Solicitor or into  
Court;

 ALL that lot of land containing fifty  
acres, situate, lying and being in the  
County of Annapolis, and bounded as  
follows: Beginning on the west side of  
the Thorne Hill Road at the south-  
east angle of 100 acres granted to Wil-  
liam Anderson in the District of Dal-  
housie; thence running north eighty-  
seven degrees thirty minutes west  
twenty-five chains; thence south two  
degrees thirty minutes west twenty  
chains; thence south eighty-seven de-  
grees east twenty minutes east twenty-  
five chains; thence north two degrees  
thirty minutes east twenty chains to  
the place of beginning, said land con-  
veyed to Thomas Anderson by grant  
and recorded in Registry of Deeds for  
Annapolis County in book 5, page 19.

 Second: ALL that certain lot of land  
situate, lying and being in Dalhousie,  
in the County of Annapolis, bounded as  
follows: Beginning at a pile of stones  
standing on the Eastern side of the  
road from Dalhousie Settlement to  
Bridgetown, by Thorne Hill and op-  
posite the north line of land granted to  
A. Anderson; thence running east  
thirty-two chains; thence south  
thirty-one chains and twenty-five  
links; thence west thirty-two chains  
to the road aforesaid; thence north by  
the said road to the place of beginning  
save and except a strip of land deeded  
by the said Thomas Anderson to James  
Anderson and now owned by William  
McGill being in width twenty rods and  
running from the road parallel with  
the north line of said lot, keeping said  
width of twenty-one rods to the rear  
of the lot; the said lands now owned  
and possessed by William McGill being  
Gill being forty acres, leaving in said  
lot described sixty acres, together with  
all and singular the easements, tenements  
and hereditaments to the same  
belonging or in anywise appertaining.  
Terms of Sale—10 per centum at  
time of sale and remainder on delivery  
of deed.

 Dated at Bridgetown in the County  
of Annapolis this 23rd day of Septem-  
ber, A. D. 1916.

 J. H. EDWARDS,  
High Sheriff in and for the  
County of Annapolis.

 HERMANN C. MORSE of Queen Street  
Bridgetown, in the County of An-  
napolis, Plaintiff's Solicitor. 51

## UNDERWEAR

For Women, Misses and Little Girls

### Turnbull's Unshrinkable

"CEETEE" BRAND.

#### FOR MEN

### Stanfield's Unshrinkable

Green Label	Red Label	Blue Label
\$1.25	\$1.50	\$1.75

ALSO FLEECE LINED

#### FOR BOYS

### Fleece Lined—all sizes

 Also a Heavy Rib in this make, sizes 28, 30 and 32 only  
While they last 25c the garment

### Infants' Bands and Vests

All Qualities—Fine Assortment

 We are paying 30c per pound for Butter  
and 30c per dozen for Eggs

 UNDERWEAR  
For Men, Boys and Little Girls

 UNDERWEAR  
For the Little Infants

## STRONG & WHITMAN

Ruggles Block

'Phone 32

### H. K. FRANCIS

 HANTSPOUT, N. S.  
Manufacturer of Mill Machinery and  
dealer in all kinds of Machinery and  
Mill Supplies, including Saws, Belting,  
etc.

INQUIRE FOR PRICES.

## WANTED CIDER APPLES

 In any quantities. Price 30c  
per barrel (12c per bushel).

 M. W. GRAVES & CO.  
BRIDGETOWN

 To the Contract Holders and  
Creditors of the Canadian  
Home Investment Co.,  
Ltd., in liquidation.

 Take notice that whereas the above-  
named Company is in liquidation under  
the Winding Up Act (Canada), James G.  
Forrester, 101 Credit Foncier Building,  
Vancouver, B.C., being the liquidator, and  
Whereas, the Provincial Treasurer of  
the Province of Nova Scotia has in his  
hands the sum of \$25,000.00 deposited  
under the provisions of Chapter 12 of the  
Acts of 1906, and amendments thereto, at  
security for the payment of just claim of  
the creditors and contract holder resident  
within the Province;

 Therefore, all persons claiming the  
benefit of said deposit are required on or be-  
fore the 20th day of October, 1916, to file  
their claims with the Provincial Treas-  
urer. Such claims should also be filed  
with the liquidator of the Company.

 For further information apply to the  
undersigned,

STUART JENKS,

Deputy Attorney-General

Dated September 15th, 1916

### It Doesn't Pay

 to buy inferior articles for  
home use, no matter how  
small the article is.

 With matches, as with  
everything else, it pays to  
buy the best.

## EDDY'S "Silent Parlor" Matches

 will save your time and  
temper, for they are good  
strickers—safe, sure and silent

 ALWAYS ASK FOR  
EDDY'S

## Lighter Day Steel Ranges

 We have a sample of the new  
Lighter Day Steel Range in our  
window. It is the latest and best  
in cooking ranges.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

## KARL FREEMAN

HEAVY and SHELF HARDWARE

BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

## Great Saving in Footwear

We can fit you out nicely in Summer

### Fleet Footwear

LADIES' AND MISSES'

### White Canvas Pumps and Boots

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

### Combination Canvas and Rubber Sneakers and Sneakerettes

in Brown, White and Blue

 Granville Street  
Boot and Shoe Store J. E. LLOYD

## Women's Shoes at

\$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, up to \$5.00

 At every price we name we offer the best SHOE value that the same price can  
secure anywhere.

 We wish particularly to show you a Patent Cloth Top Button Boot, now on dis-  
play in our window, which we are offering at the very low price of \$3.25.  
This boot is very stylish and has the appearance of a much higher priced  
boot. Exceptionally good quality for the price.

 Owing to the rapid advance in the price of all kinds of leather footwear, we can  
only sell this boot for the above price while our present supply lasts.

Buy Now

**J. H. LONGMIRE & SONS**  
QUEEN STREET BRIDGETOWN, N. S.