

42ND YEAR. NO. 17679

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1905. -TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SULTAN THROWS DOWN GAGE TO POWERS; GUNS OF FORTS PREPARE FOR FLEETS

Hamid Opposes Ministerial Rejection of Demands for Macedonian Reforms and Threatens Christians With Massacre If Demonstration Is Carried Out.

Constantinople, Nov. 23.—The Sultan today issued an order approving the decision of the Council of Ministers to reject the demands of the powers for international control of the finances of Macedonia. Whether the rejection is absolute or conditional has not yet been definitely ascertained. Vice-Admiral Husni Pasha has started on a special steamer for the Dardanelles, presumably with instructions for the commander of the forts, regarding the latter's conduct in the event of the appearance of the international fleet. Similar instructions have been sent to the governors of the Turkish islands in the archipelago.

THREATS OF MASSACRE.

In resorting to a naval demonstration may precipitate an internal uprising of Mussulmans against the Christian population of Turkey. This is considered to be a threat, as it is known that warning that the action of the powers no demonstration of Mussulmans

against Christians can occur unless it has the silent acquiescence of the Turkish authorities.

The answer of the Porte as a whole is entirely unsatisfactory, as it does not respond to the demand for the extension of the authority of the financial agents of the powers for two years, and is evasive upon the question of the general control by the powers of the financial affairs of Macedonia. All the ministers except the Minister of War favored yielding to the ultimatum, but palace influences led the Sultan to overrule the favorable attitude of the Porte. These influences are considered to be the outgrowth of Germany's abstaining from taking an active part in the naval demonstration.

REDUCTION VOTE MEANS KEEN FIGHT

Many Laboring Men Determined to Fight the Proposal—Mayoralty Rumors.

The vote to be taken in January on the question of reducing the number of liquor licenses in this city to 25 is likely to result in a very keen fight between the temperance people on the one hand and the labor people of the city on the other.

It was said at the city hall today that the labor men, especially the cigarmakers, have determined to fight the proposal at every turn, and they will have with them the bartenders of the city, to whom the reduction of licenses into effect, will mean the loss of their positions in a large number of instances.

The Industrial Banner, the local organ of the labor men, says that the temperance people are no friends of the workers, and they claim that in the ranks of temperance can be found more enemies of labor than in any other body in the city.

Intermingled with the talk on the liquor question is speculation as to who will be mayor next year.

It was said today that this week the local conservative managers held a meeting in the club rooms, which was brought about largely by ex-Ald. Judd, who is to head off Ald. Matthews' aspirations for the mayoralty.

At this meeting Hon. Adam Beck was credited with being present, and it is said he championed Mr. Judd's cause. In fact it is said that this meeting has practically decided that Mr. Judd shall run for the mayoralty in January next.

However, it can be truly said that neither Mr. Judd nor Ald. Matthews come up to the ideals of certain sections of the conservative party, and a Conservative source is authority for the statement that East London wants Ald. Matthews as against Mr. Judd. The opinion among town is that Mr. Judd will run, as to political strength it appears to be a case of six of one and a half dozen of another.

ANOTHER JAPANESE LOAN

\$125,000,000 To Be Divided Between Paris, London and New York.

London, Nov. 23.—A new Japanese loan of \$125,000,000 will, it is officially announced, be issued Nov. 28. The Japanese authorities, for various reasons, have decided to postpone the division of the 5 per cent external bonds, and will proceed now only with the conversion of the internal bonds. The Rothschilds of Paris will take \$62,500,000 and London \$31,250,000. The balance will be divided between New York and Germany. The issue price will be 90 and the interest 4 per cent.



MR. F. F. PARDEE.
Nominee for West Lambton
Elected Yesterday.

VICE-PRESIDENT RECEIVED REBATES

Gage E. Tarbell, of Equitable, Admits Breach of Rule—Asks for Publicity.

New York, Nov. 22.—Gage E. Tarbell practically admitted before the Armstrong insurance committee today that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he carried about \$500,000 on his own life and the lives of members of his family. He said that he had received rebates on policies taken out on his life since he became vice-president of the Equitable, the Equitable's agency department, under the management of Mr. Tarbell, professes to regard rebating by an agent as an act unworthy of his office.

CLOSE SEASON ON ERIE

United States Fish Commissioners Will Adopt Plan.

Easton, Pa., Nov. 23.—At a conference here the state fishery commissioners of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, agreed to adopt laws to conform with the Detroit conference of March, 1904, for a close of the commercial fish-taking season in Lake Erie from Nov. 15 to March 15, provides for a license on all nets and boats in the lake, and requires the fishing boats to be registered. It was reported that Ohio and Canada will agree to the terms.

DECISION RESERVED

Appeal in Case of Elgin Loan Company vs. D. and A. Co.

Before the court of appeal at Toronto, in the case of the Elgin Loan and Savings Company vs. London Guarantee and Accident Company, W. K. Cameron (St. Thomas), for plaintiff, vs. D. and A. Co., for defendant, at court (G. O. W. R. 249), affirming judgment of MacMahon, J. (4 O. W. R. 39), dismissing action upon guarantee policy issued by defendants to secure the fidelity of one George Rowley, manager of that company. The guarantee was for the sum of \$2,500 against loss by embezzlement during the continuance of the agreement.

The defendants alleged that there was no proper audit of Rowley's accounts, as was required by the terms of the policy, and that a change had been made in the duties of Rowley, without notice to the defendants.

The trial judge held that there had been a change in the business of the plaintiff company, which was contrary to the terms of agreement, and was sustained by the divisional court. J. B. Clarke, K. C., and C. Stowley, for defendants, opposed appeal. Reserved.

WAS BUGGY STOLEN?

Red Man Hides the Top, and Is Suspected by Police.

A certain Indian, living on the Oneida reserve, has been using a buggy lately which is supposed to have been stolen. The vehicle has a black box, dark green gear and nickel caps on the hubs, and is quite a fancy outfit.

The county police have not been notified of the theft of such a vehicle in this county, but they believe that it has been stolen outside of Middlesex.

What makes them more than usually suspicious is the fact that the Indian hid the top of the buggy in a woods on the reserve. It was found by County Constable Timothy, who now has it in his possession. The Indian with the buggy has not been questioned as to how he came to get the vehicle, and has no idea that he is suspected of having stolen it.

PIPER'S BAIL INCREASED

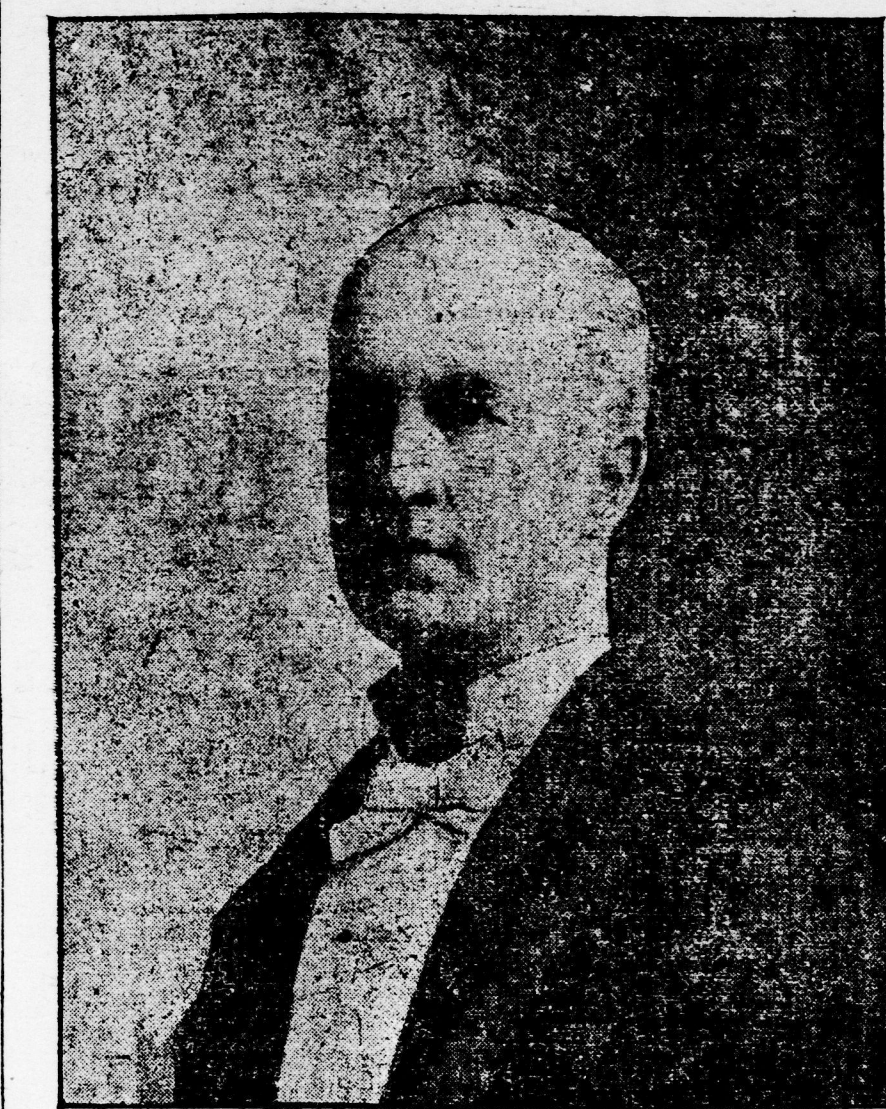
County Judge Fixes It at \$2,800—Trial in December.

County Constable James Piper, of Lucan, was arraigned before Judge Edward Elliott at the courthouse this morning to elect trial on the charge of shooting George Hodgins, at Lucan, with intent. He chose trial by jury, and was remanded until the session of the peace, which opens on Dec. 10.

On behalf of the prisoner, Mr. J. F. Faulds asked for an order for bail, and Crown Attorney McKillop demanded that a substantial amount be named, owing to the serious nature of the charge. Mr. McKillop said the evidence would show that at the time of the shooting Piper was some distance from Hodgins, the injured man, and that he could have gone away had he desired.

On the other hand Mr. Faulds said the defense would endeavor to show that at the time of the shooting Hodgins had held of Piper.

Judge Elliott felt that the bail should be substantial, and he fixed it at \$2,800—Piper in \$1,200, and two sureties of \$800 each. This is \$400 more than was demanded by the Lucan magistrate.



HON. A. B. AYLESWORTH.
Postmaster-General of Canada, Victor in North York Yesterday by Fine Majority.

Balfour About to Quit Is Rumor From London

May Resign at Once, Forcing Liberals to Form a Government and Bring on General Election.

London, Nov. 23.—The recent rumors of an early dissolution of Parliament and an appeal to the country are gradually crystallizing into more definite form, and while no official intimation has yet been forthcoming, the idea is prevalent in well-informed political circles that Premier Balfour will take an early opportunity to place his resignation in the hands of King Edward. Should this materialize, the Liberals will be invited to form a government.

Parliament will meet for a few days' session, and a general election will occur early in the new year.

The political situation was so radically altered during the past week that even the government supporters no longer argue that Mr. Balfour has a sufficiently united party at his back to meet Parliament again with the object of initiating any legislation to the public advantage. The Premier's appeal to the Unionists at Newcastle a week ago to unite on his fiscal policy has not met with much success. On the contrary, Joseph Chamberlain, the most powerful private member of the Unionist coalition, directly joined issue with his chief by a speech at Bristol, Tuesday, calling on unionism to rally to the support of his own more drastic fiscal proposals which include a 50-cent tax on grain. The cleavage of the party was thus more markedly accentuated and many Unionist politicians

hold that no good purpose could be served by a longer retention of office, and that the weakness of the party will only be further increased by a perpetuation of the existing rivalries between the two sections.

A cabinet meeting has been called for tomorrow. This will be only the second held this fall, and the fact that there have been so few conferences between the ministers is taken as another indication of the imminence of a change of government.

On the stock exchange a definite announcement of the resignation of the cabinet is expected at any time, and the whole market today was flat in consequence. The Liberals are inclined to resent Mr. Balfour's resignation at the present moment. They contend that the Premier should remain in office a few weeks longer and himself dissolve Parliament and appeal to the country. The Liberals see no reason why the present Opposition should put themselves to the inconvenience of forming a government in the dark without knowing what forces they will command in the new Parliament, and they object to what they designate as Mr. Balfour's tactical maneuver, whereby the Liberal attack would be turned into a defense before election, and Mr. Balfour would be given a free hand to arrange with Mr. Chamberlain for concerted action against the Liberal party.

CLARKE ON CANADA

Says Dominion Is Greatest Colony of the Empire.

London, Nov. 22.—Sir Edward Clarke, K.C., speaking at Edinburgh, said he did not think that there was any man, of whatever party, who would turn a deaf ear to the representatives of Canada, which was far the greatest colony to us in importance, if when they came to a colonial conference, they made their claim upon this country for concessions in order to strengthen commercial interests with the mother country.

What people quarreled about was if Canada asked for preferential duty on wheat, whether it would be granted or not. It would be better to wait and see if Canada would ask for it at all.

MRS. LEWIS WINS WATCH

Had the Largest Number of Children at Old Boys' Reunion.

The gold watch donated by Hon. C. S. Hyman for the Londoner having the greatest number of children at the Old Boys' reunion has been awarded to Mrs. George Lewis, of Sydenham street. The decision was announced this morning by the committee of the Old Boys' Association, to whom the making of the award was referred. Mrs. Lewis had eight children, now resident outside of London, at the reunion.

The presentation of the watch will be made at a banquet of the Old Boys' Association to be held in about two weeks. Mr. Hyman will be invited to attend and present the timepiece.

LIBERALS TAKE THREE SEATS; WENTWORTH GOES OPPOSITION

Aylesworth Victorious in North York, Pardee in West Lambton and Chisholm in Antigonish.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—The electors of North York, West Lambton, and Antigonish, N. S., yesterday returned supporters of the Liberal party, those of Wentworth a Conservative. In the first three seats the results were never in doubt. In Wentworth the circumstances were such as to leave the issue doubtful till the last sub-division was counted. Mr. Sealey, the Liberal candidate, had been declared elected after the last general election by 20 majority. On a recount a number of ballots the deputy returning officer had failed to initial were thrown out, and Mr. E. D. Smith, Conservative, was declared elected by 19 majority. The Liberals appealed the case, and a new election was ordered. Now it is claimed Mr. Smith holds the seat by the very narrow majority of eight, after an extremely keen contest.

The result elsewhere was generally anticipated. The Government, led by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, is strong and popular. The Opposition, under Mr. Borden's titular leadership, is weak and discredited. Mr. W. F. Maclean and others are in open revolt. Had the bitter and unscrupulous attack on Mr. Aylesworth in North York succeeded, the member for South York would undoubtedly have figured in an organized mutiny against Mr. Borden's leadership. The decisive result in North York relieves the Conservative party of one or two awkward problems. Mr. Maclean has been given rope, and has changed himself in the most approved fashion. The people of North York rolled up a splendid majority for Mr. Aylesworth. It must be remembered that Sir William Mulock's majority of 982 in the contest last November was altogether exceptional. His majorities have been: 1882, 109, 1887, 255; 1891, 353; 1896, 676; 1900, 297. In face of these figures the new Postmaster-General's majority of 500 or thereabouts is a very handsome majority.

The election of Mr. Pardee in Lambton and of Mr. Chisholm in Antigonish may be regarded as a test of the Government's popularity among widely-separated elements of the electorate. The farmer and town dweller alike feel that the Opposition must pull itself together and evolve some sort of policy before asking for the support of the people. West Lambton was rendered vacant by the death of Dr. Johnston (Liberal), whose majority at the last general election was 447, and Antigonish by the appointment of Mr. C. F. McIsaac to the national transportation commission. He had 809 majority in 1904 and 366 in 1900. Sir John Thompson sat for Antigonish from 1887 till his death in 1894.

North York Majorities.

Aylesworth	McCallum
128	108
108	108
108	108

West Lambton Majorities.

Pardee	Sealey
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101

Antigonish Was True.

Chisholm	Smith
101	101
101	101
101	101