leave. About forty trunks have already been filled with suitable clothing, and presented to the sufferers, of whom those who have left have had free passages given by the G. T. Railway and steamboats, and money according to their need by the St. Andrew's Society. There are some in Quebec yet; when they return, they also will be provided for. Every individual, so far as known, has been assisted by the St. Andrew's Society; and its highly satisfactory to learn that the greatest gratitude has been expressed, and no desire manifested to take advantage of the kindness shown. We understand that although a large quantity of clothing has been sent in, a good deal, especially for men, is still required.—*Montreal Witness*

From our exchanges in all parts of the Province, we have cheering accounts of the crops. Fall wheat bids fair to be a heavier crop than it was last year. All kinds of spring grain look remarkably well; potatoes promise an abundant crop; grass and pasture look unusally promising and the hay crop must prove a more than ordinary one. Fruit of all kinds will be plenty. In the old world the prospects of a bountiful harvest are equally cheering. In France, England, and indeed throughout Europe, the weather has been very propitious for the fruits of the earth, and consequently a most abundant harvest is expected of every description of grain. It is probable that both wheat and flour, which still keep up their price, as is usually the case at the approach of harvest, will experience a serious fall as soon as the new grain shall arrive at market.—*Canada Christian Advocate.*

THE ORANGE ASSOCIATION.—We have frequently had occasion to remark upon the strange position occupied by the Orange Society in this Province. Associated for the avowed purpose of maintaining the great principles of 1688, the influence of the body has of late been ranged in systematic antagonism to those principles. Instead of presenting a determined barrier to the advancing tide of Popish aggression, the men who emblazon the name of William of Nassau on their banners, have lent their aid to an Administration kept in office by the Roman hierarchy, and so kept as the price and reward of their sacrificing the public interests at the shrine of the Papacy. That thousands of Orangemen throughout the country would not knowingly consent to the political use that has been made of the Order, we know well; nay, that there exists among the most intelligent members of this body a strong feeling of dissatisfaction at the manner in which the influence of the Society has been perverted, we also know; but the fact is not the less true that, in its corporate capacity, the Orange Association of Canada has been at the bidding of Messrs. Tache, McDonald & Co.—and that the disgraceful accessions continually made to Roman priestcraft by these men, have not divested them of that control. This strange anomaly in such a body has been undoubtedly the work of Mr. Ogle R. Gowan, and a few other wire-pullers, whose long connection with the Society, and intimate knowledge of its ramifications, have enabled them to exercise a most injurious influence over its movements, and even to bargain beforehand as to the course its members will pursue. We are glad to be informed, however, that at the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of British North America, recently held at Quebec, a feeling was discovered very different from what has been expressed in the past. We are assured that several of the leading speakers pointedly denounced the incongruous and suicidal policy of professing Protestants acting as the henchmen of a Ministry, who are virtually at the beck of the Vatican, and who steer their course by *ultramontane* charts.—*Toronto Globe.*

TORNADO.—A violent storm of wind passed through the Townships of Godmanchester, Elgin, and Hinchinbrooke, County of Beauharnois on the afternoon of the 19th ult. In its course it destroyed houses and barns, carried away fences, and laid the trees of the forest flat. Among the largest sufferers we hear the name of Mr. Holbrook, a merchant on Trout River, whose property sustained damage to the amount of $2000. A traveller near the same place was blown out of his buggy, and it and the horse upset by the force of the wind.—*Montreal Commercial Advertiser.*

THE PRIESTS AND THE PRESS.—*L'Avenir*, the most Rouge of the French papers, complains of the systematic proscription enforced against it by the Romish clergy, in the following terms:

"We are informed from a reliable source, that the Bishop of Montreal has forwarded circulars to the clergy, enjoining them to do their utmost to stop the circulation of our paper amongst our countrymen. We should never have believed the report were it not communicated to us by persons respectable and worthy of credence.

"It appears that it is principally the confessional which is resorted to, to prevail upon our subscribers to send back our paper. Several of them have informed us that at Easter time, strong efforts were made in the confession box to draw from them a pledge that they would discontinue the paper, and that they have even been threatened with a refusal of the holy sacraments if they did not comply. Our subscribers have had sense enough to understand they were committing no sin in receiving and reading our paper, and therefore refused to submit. Certain confessors, pressed by some of their penitents, to show the sinfulness of subscribing to *L'Avenir*, were driven to the answer that they were acting under orders of the Bishop.

"At the confession box not only is *L'Avenir* proscribed, but propagandism is made in behalf of the *Courrier du Canada*, the favorite journal of the Rev. Jesuits. It appears that one is not considered a good Catholic who refuses to take that Journal, or some other of the same kidney patronized by the clergy."

L'Avenir offers a reward of Ten Pounds to any witness who will not be afraid to appear and testify in a Court of Justice, to this secret inquisition carried on in the confessional, so that the persecuted editor may sue the guilty party for damages, and he winds up by publishing a letter from Plattsburg, N. Y., stating that the priest of that place has proclaimed from the pulpit, that he would refuse the sacraments to any party known to read the obnoxious paper.—*Montreal Witness.*

United States.

JUNE RAINS AND STORMS.—The month just closed *says the Western Cristian Advocate*, has been remarkable, the county over, for its terrific storms. Portions of New York state were visited with a terrible tornado, destroying several lives, and doing an immense injury to to the crops, dwellings, etc. At Dansville, N. Y., the Erie canal has been so washed away as to be entirely useless for the season. At Pana, Ill, June 13th, some forty persons were wounded, and three killed by the storm; men, houses, freight cars, ect., were blown about like feathers. At Ithaca, N. Y., June 18th, houses, horses, men and women, were swept away in consequence of the sudden rising of the waters of Six Mile creek. Three men were drowned and several horses, cows, etc. A correspondent of the New York Tribune thus refers to a singular phenomenon accompanying the storm in the vicinity of Utica, June 13th:

A phenomenon of a very singular character was visible in the heavens, or, rather in the atmosphere between the heavens and the earth seemingly suspended form above; this body was a tunnel shaped, black, moving body, of a nebulous character; and it had taken its rise, or made its first appearance, at a point over the northern outskirts of the city. Thence it moved easterly, accompanied by a buzzing rumbling noise, and gradually elongating its figure as it went, approaching the earth nearer and nearer, till finally, having taken a northerly sweep, it struck the ground near the dwelling of a Mr. Root, in Deerfield, tearing down a fence or two, and passing on, gradually settling lower and lower. At last, having reached a point some five miles in a north-easterly direction from this city, near the dwelling of Mr. Nathan Budlong, in Schuyler, it made a descent upon his barn, and ripped it up, and scattered it to the winds. Then passing on, tearing up trees, fences, and outhouses in its terrible course, it finally struck the dwelling of Mr. John Warren, and in a twinkle the entire building was one utter wreck, literally "smashed all to pieces," and destroyed. The dwelling was not blown over—such an idea was not a true one of the utter and total crash. The building was lifted from its stone foundation, carried a distance of some fifteen feet through the air, and dashed in splinters upon the ground, leaving a clean plat of grass between the place where it had stood and the pile of rubbish.

In the house were a family of six—parents and children. Mr. Warren, seeing the terrible object rushing down upon him, tearing up trees and fences in its onward course, and buzzing like a thousand hornets' nests combined, called upon his wife and children instantly to accompany him to the cellar, and, suiting the action to the word, seized two of the children and leaped down the stairway. The wife essayed to follow, but her footsteps were tardy, she was a moment too late; the engine of destruction tore the building up, carrying herself and child, together with a little son who was behind her, with it. The husband had but time to see her ascend with the building that tore away from above him, and then he stood exposed to the day, in his open cellar. He went to view the ruin of his home; it was complete. Here lay the dead and nude body of his wife, the destroying power having stripped her clothing from her person; there lay his son, covered with blood, and senseless; and, just beyond, his dwelling lay one such mass of destruction as probably never was beheld before. Broken and splintered bedsteads, cradles, tables, pots, kettles, chairs, boxes, trunks, crockery, tin-ware, hats, clothes, stove, bottles, bricks, plaster, clocks, beams, stones, shingles, and endless et cæteras, lay crushed and crumbled in one heap before him.

And still on beyond was the monster nebulosity which had caused all this ruin, swaying and smashing on in its course of destruction.

After destroying the house, it passed out into the road, rushing on a few rods, turned and swung about into the garden of the next neighbor, Mr. J. L. Budlong. A gentleman who was in here, describes it as resembling a monster elephant's trunk, swinging lazily but powerfully about, crushing all in its way and hurrying boards and trees into the air like playthings. Swinging about in Mr. Budlong's garden, it crashed over the fence, swept up to the house, a large and beautiful mansion, and swept so close by its front as to tear up one or two shingles on the edge of the roof; but it was merciful, and took another circle, and swung off to the southward again, crossing the road and striking Mr. B's barn, a large, nearly new, and very substantial structure, 35 by 50 feet in its base. The moment it struck, the barn was thrown into the air, riddled to pieces, and hurled in all directions, as the agent of destruction swung on. For hundreds of feet to the south, east, and west of the barn, the field was literally strewn with the broken beams, shingles, etc., and the contents of the barn—straw, manure, corn-cobs, hay, etc. Unlike the case of the house, which was dashed in one heap of ruin on a single spot, the barn was scattered over the entire field. A cow, without an apparent bruise or wound on her body, was found dead a few feet from the site of the building. Some eighty feet to the southeast, the body of a large threshing machine, with cylinder of massive iron, had been lodged, while other and lighter portions of the same had been carried further on. A three-yard wide creek, some one hundred feet from the barn, was so filled with rubbish as to be dammed up, and turned from its course. Near it another remarkable evidence of the sweeping, circling, elephant-trunk-like motion of the destroying body was apparent; for a large tree was torn from its roots and dashed over toward the barn, and on its further side, also inclined toward the barn, lay a large platform, a piece of the lighter portion of the thrashing machine mentioned.

From here the agent of destruction passed on about half a mile south-easterly, leaving as evidence of its passage a track of uprooted trees, fences, etc. And then it was seen to gradually draw itself up, swaying heavily to and fro, and disappeared in the clouds, from which it had all this time hung suspended.

Scientific men in this region are puzzled beyond parallel by the occurrence. Many saw it, in this city, yet no one remembers having seen or heard of its like before. There was no wind whatever accompanied it; it was not a whirlwind And there are no signs of heat in the path of its destruction, as would seem to have been necessarily the case had electricity been the agent.

THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE—RIOTS IN NEW YORK—FEARFUL IN BOSTON.—The weather in New York was all that could be desired. There were several riots. The most severe one originated in the Bowery, between a mob from the Five Points, and a party of the Bowery boys. The fight was continued with great ferocity for an hour. Clubs, stones, bottles, and firearms were freely used, and the Five Pointers were gradually driven back. Eight persons were killed, in this riot, about thirty wounded including several policemen. At one period of this riot the rioters had the streets barricaded, defying the policemen, of whom upwards of 100 were present. Three regiments of State troops were ordered out, and kept in reserve, but their services were not required, as the riot was finally suppressed by the exertions of the Police. In other and minor riots in different parts of the city, two persons were killed, and twenty or thirty badly wounded. With the exception of these riots among the rowdies, the day passed off quietly. The military and civic displays were brilliant and imposing, and the fireworks in Brooklyn, Williamsburg, and the other suburbs, of the most gorgeous description. The pyrotechnic display of the city proper was postponed on account of partial damage to the pieces, occasioned by the damp weather of the week.

In Boston also the weather was highly favorable, and the city was full of visitors. The decorations of public buildings, and historic localities, were tasteful and appropriate. The morning concert on the common, the military review, the civic procession, the balloon ascensions, and the fire works, delighted the multitude, and the children derived infinite pleasure from their sports in the Public Garden.

The Rev. Wm. R. Alger, delivered an Oration before the city authorities and guests, in Tremont Temple.

After the sun had set, and the people had covered the Common by tens of thousands, and were witnessing the display of fireworks,—when everything previous upon the programme for the day, had gone off most successfully,—a fearful accident occurred, to thrill the beholders with horror, and to bring sadness into homes where all before was joy. By the explosion of a mortar used in firing pyrotechnic shells, four persons were killed,—a boy was seriously but not dangerously wounded, and a man was knocked down, but only slightly injured. Good order was maintained during the night previous and subsequent to Saturday, but there was the usual amount of noise and frolic, after daybreak. The places of amusement gave frequent entertainments, and were well patronized.

CORRESPONDENCE OF COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.—WASHINGTON, June 27.—Nearly all the diplomatic prizes are yet in the wheel Every applicant expects to get the London mission, or at least that for Russia. The Union throws out the idea that Mr Buchanan will select men of a high grade of qualifications for all these posts. Some of the consulates are to be filled during the ensuing month, and the applications for them are very pressing.

A commission was instituted secretly by the Treasury Department for an investigation of the mode in which revenue at the port of New York is collected, and with a view to such alterations in the system as might be expedient The commissioners have finished their inquiry, and are preparing a report, in which they recommend many changes of the present routine of business.

It is known that, at the South, there was a considerable degree of hostility to Mr. Howell Cobb and to Gen. Cass and to Mr. Buchanan, from the very first organization of the present Administration. The whole Executive Administration was of a sort too entirely national and conservative to suit either nullifiers or filibusters This opposition found, however, very little aliment in any of the acts of the Administration for its support, until it became necessary to make a practical issue of the very vague declaration of the inaugural on the Kansas question. The development of the policy of the President and his Cabinet on the subject, not only through Gov. Walker's addresses, but the official articles of the Union, has offered to the opposition a rallying point. We may expect to witness at the South an organization against the Administration on the Kansas issue, and one that will be pretty strongly represented in Congress at the ensuing session. The attacks are first made upon Gov. Walker and Secretary Stanton, but the administration is the object to be reached through them.

The *Tribune* says:—The cry of hard times is beginning to be heard in the land. The country no longer has the cash to pay its debts. Especially it no longer has the cash with which to wage all sorts of furious speculations. But what is strange is that our Western friends are complaining of this state of things as if some foreign enemy had brought it upon them. They seem to suppose that if they were alone they could go on forever, borrowing at two to five per cent a month, and getting rich all the while on the rise in town lots. That may all be true, but to our unilluminated vision, they would get on faster if they would leave off trading in the soil and go to working it. They might not in that way inflate the prices of their lands to such a degree but they would at least get from them some substantial and tangible products, and stand a chance to have food for man and beast through the ensuing Winter, with some show of freight on their rapidly multiplying railroads. These can never be made profitable from the sale of corner lots alone.

R. R. R.—Dysentery, Looseness of the Bowels Painful Discharges, Cholera Morbus, Cramps Violent Purgings and Vomitings, are stopped in a short time by Radway's Ready Relief.

A LUMP OF DEAD DIGNITY.—On board of the steamboat Shotwell, on her trip from New Orleans to Cincinnati, the cholera had laid on their backs some fifty out of seventy-five passengers; for a few hours the scene was of the most terrible cearacter. Among the passengers were two regular doctors and a staunch friend of Radway's Ready Relief. The two doctors took under their care the patients in the ladies' saloon and the patients on one side of the forward saloon. The R. R. R friend took the deck passengers and those on the larboard side of the forward cabin; as fast as the Ready Relief was applied to the R. R. R. patients they recovered, and before the two doctors got out of the ladies' saloon, every one out of the twenty five that were sick, and were treated by the R. R. Relief, were out of danger and free from cholera. Still the doctors refused to use the Ready Relief, and out of the twelve, passengers under their treatment, seven died in the agonies of cholera. At last both of the doctors were taken sick; the field was now left open to the R. R. R. advocate, and with the assistance of some gentlemen who had witnessed its miraculous efficacy, it was applied to all the remaining patients, who were quickly relieved from their distressing and dangerous situations.

The two doctors were now the only sick ones in the boat. Dr. W., a man of good sense and liberal views, called for the R. R. R. advocate. "Sir," said the doctor, "I have made up my mind to try your quack medicine—it is out of the power of remedies used by the regular order of our faculty to cure me; I will, therefore, at the risk of being denounced by the faculty, consent to save my life by the assistance of Radway's Ready Relief." Not so did Dr. Noodle, he being determined to make himself a martyr to the "dignity of the profession," refused to save his life by a "quack medicine." He dashed aside the Life Restoring Remedy, and left as a trophy of his firmness and adherence to folly, a lump of dead dignity.

SERIOUS SICKNESS PREVENTED.—Radway's Remedies should be kept in every house; if they are resorted to on the first indications of illness, nothing serious will follow. They will restore, regulate and correct all irregularities and disorders immediately.

Radway's Remedies are sold by druggists everywhere Radway's Ready Relief, 25c., 50c., $1 per bottle. Radway's Resolvent, $1 per bottle. Radway's Regulators, (30 pills,) 25 cents per box. RADWAY & CO., Proprietors.

A GREAT BLESSING TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr M'Lane, the inventor of the celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh Pa., used these pills for several years in his practice, before he could be induced to offer them to the public in such a manner as to make them known throughout the country. This learned physician felt the same repugnance that all high minded men of science feel in entering the lists against those unscrupulous empirics who obtrude their useless nostrums upon the public, and rely upon a system of puffing to sustain them. Convinced, however, of the real value of the Liver Pills, and influenced by the plain dictates of duty, the Doctor finally authorized Fleming Bros, of Pittsburgh Pa., who are now the sole proprietors, to manufacture and place them before the public This great medicine has not dissappointed the expectations of his friends, the medical faculty, at whose instance he was induced to place them before the public in their present popular form. From every quarter do we hear the most gratifying accounts of their wonderful curative effects—the East and the West, the North and the South, are alike laden with "tidings of great joy" from the afflicted These wonderful Pills have completely conquered that great scourge of America, the Liver Complaint,

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of PITTSBURGH PA. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—The following letter from Rev. Henry Wood, of Concord, N. H. Editor of the *Congregational Journal*, speaks volumes in favor of Wistar's Balsam:—

CONCORD, N. H. March 2.

Messers. Seth W. Fowle & Co.—Gentlemen:—Two years ago, a sudden and violent attack upon my lungs confined me to my bed fors everal weeks, and when I recovered, I was so much oppressed by difficulty in breathing, that I was often unable to sleep or rest upon a bed by night. The suffering was extreme, and judging from the inefficacy of the remedies used, I supposed the disease incurable. Being persuaded to try a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, without the least confidence in its efficacy, I found the difficulty almost entirely removed before one bottle was used up. Having a mortal aversion to medicine, and seldom using it in any form, sympathy with my fellow-sufferers induces me to make this public statament, and recommend the article to others similarly afflicted.

With respect yours truly,
HENRY WOOD.

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—James P's. letter has been received with the enclosure, the publication of the latter is declined, as it would inevitably call forth a reply, such a controversy would be objectionable. Rev. A.B.B.—We are out of those libraries for a week or two, but one shall be forwarded. L. B.—the H. B's. will be sent. Rev. R. W.—Accounts are all closed, and the error cannot be rectified till next year. Rev. J. L. S. the account is much as you say, wish others were like it, you do not say where A. H. is to be found Rev. C. L. Catechisms sent by mail—Fletchers Appeal is not on hand. Rev. W. T. *That* name, T. R, was evidently passed over by the clerk in transcribing the names into a *new* Address Book last January, we are sorry for it, but if this explanation is not sufficient or not received, we can't help it, we now send it again, unless we are requested to stop it. J. S. Yarmouth, 32s 6d received with thanks.

TO OUR AGENTS AND SUBSCIBERS.—Contrary to our usual plan, we are compelled to give credit for the sums received at the Conference and since our return, in bulk, without specifying the parties: a column of the paper would not suffice to give them in our accustomed way. The utmost care however has been taken in transferring them to the Ledger; we hope in future to follow the old plan. Several remarks are in consequence omitted which may be looked for: we can only say that every request has been carefully noted and will receive due attention.

☞ Some errors last week—several in our leader—resulted from unavoidable haste in correction. Credit for article on Maynooth should have been given to "*British Standard.*"

☞ The English Steamer arrived just as we are going to press,—too late for news.

Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer is deservedly the most popular family medicine known. for no other remedy has been so successful in relieving all kinds of pain. It is most appropriately called *Pain Killer.*—*Comm.* 2w.

Is Consumption Curable.—We cannot doubt that in many cases of seated Consumption a cure has been effected solely by the use of the Wild Cherry preparation of Dr. Wistar. Its healing effects are certainly wonderful.—*Comm.*

An Excellent Medicine.—Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for *Asthma*, enjoys a well deserved reputation; its pretensions are quite modest, and its efficacy in many very severe cases has poved its great value.—*Comm.*

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

[The current volume is from 416 to No. 468]

FOR PROVINCIAL WESLEYAN.

Rev. I. Sutcliffe (for Liverpool 55s.), Rev. F. Smallwood (for Annapolis 285s.), Rev. T. Angwin (for Aylesford 18s. 9d.), Rev. W. Wilson (for Bridgetown 85s.), Rev. John Prince (for Woodstock 27s. 6d.), Rev. W. Perkin (for Nashwaak 40s.) Rev. W. C. Beals (for Bathurst 25s.), Rev. R. Weddall (for Hopewell 102s.), Rev. A. M. DesBrisay (for Moncton 115s. 10d.), Rev. F. Smallwood (for Annapolis 10s.), Rev. J. Buckley (for Parrsboro' 60s.) Rev. Wm. McCarty (for Amherst 20s.), Rev. J. Snowball (for Portland 100s.—do. for Miramichi 15s.), Rev. G. Johnson (for St. Andrews 20s.), Rev. J. Taylor (for Cornwallis 121s. 3d.), Rev. G. M. Barratt (for Bedeque 300s.), Rev. Jas. R. Narraway, A. M., (for Guysboro' 30s. 5d.), Rev. A. T. Nicolson (for Bedeque 10s.), Rev. T. H. Davies (for Point de Bute 20s.), Rev. W. Smith (for Miramichi 80s.). Thos. Pickard, Fredericton (20s.), Rev. J. V. Jost (for St. David's 81s. 6d.), Rev. W. Allen (for Sussex Vale 20s.), Rev. J. McMurray (for Charlottetown balance 30s. 8d.), Mrs. Blois, Bedford (15s.), G. Forest, Newport (5s.), Rev. W. Temple (for Sackville 122s. 6d.), W. Wilson, Dartmouth (5s.), Thos. Warner, St. of Canso (10s.), G. F. Salter, Newport (5s.), George Walls, Ragged Islands (15s.), N. Mosher, jr., Newport (10s.), J. Peppeard, Londonderry (5s.), Rev. A. B. Black, River John (40s.), Rev. J. Taylor, Cornwallis (100s.), Rev. J. L. Spongle, Shelburne (42s.), Capt. John Rice, Digby (25s.), Rev. C. Lockhart, Barrington (30s.), Levi Borden, Pugwash (60s.), S. Bustin, St. John (10s.), Rev. G. W. Tuttle, Digby (60s.), Capt. McLearn, Liverpool (15s.), Rev. R. E. Crane, River Philip. (40s.). Rev. Wm. Smith, Miramichi (60s.). S. F Huestis, Wallace (26s.), Isabel Smith (5s.), Samuel Bonnell, Nfld. (10s.), Rev. T. Harris, Nfld. (142s.) W. Cunningham (5s.), Mrs Knowlan (5s.), Rev H Holland, Aylesford (40s.) Rev. W. C. Beals, Bathurst (20s.), Rev. T. H. Davies, Point de Bute (20s.)

FOR WESLEYAN BOOK ROOM.

Rev. I Sutcliffe (160s.), Rev F. Smallwood (200s. 10d.—do for Rev. J. M. 88s. 7d. stg.), Rev. T. Angwin 48s. 3½d.), W Wilson (for Rev. J. M. 142s. 4d. st.), Rev. R. Smith (102s. 3½d.), Rev. R. Weddall (12s. 8½d.), Rev. A. Desbrisay (91s. 2d.), Rev. J. Buckley (17s. 2½d.), Rev. C. Lockhart 92s 8d.), Rev. C. DeWolfe (80s. 3½d.), Rev. H. Pope. jr., 12s. 11d.), Rev. R. E. Crane (98s. 2½d.), Rev. J. R. Narraway (34s. 3d.), Rev. J. Snowball (6s. 3d.), Rev. Dr. Evans (17s. 8½d.), Rev. J. M. Albrighton (10s. 6d.—192. stg. for Rev. J. M.), Rev. W. McCarty 185s. 9½d.), Rev. W. Smith (35s. 6d.), Rev. G. B. Payson (85s. 5½d.), J. Dixon, Esq., (20s.), Rev. J. V. Jost (180s.), Rev. John McMurray (121s. 11d.), Rev. E. Brettle (for Rev. J. M. 237s. 9d. stg.), Rev. G. O. Huestis (63s.), J. Taylor (60s.), Rev John Dore (154s. 3d.), J. Stoneman (32s. 6d.)

PERRY DAVIS—SIR:—The benefits I have received from the use of your invalvable remedy, the Pain Killer, induces me to pen a word of praise for it. Experience has convinced me that for Headache, indigestion, Pain in the Stomach, or any other part of the system, Severe Chills, Weariness, Common Colds, Hoarseness, *Cholera, Cholera Morbus*, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Tooth ache, &c., *there is nothing better than the Pain Killer.* I have this hour recovered from a severe attack of the Sick Headache, by using two teaspoonfuls, taken at thirty minutes interval, in a wine glass full of hot water. I am confident that, through the blessing of God, it saved me from the Cholera during the summer of 1849. Travelling, amid heat, dust, toil, change of diet and constant exposure to an infected atmosphere, my system was daily predisposed to dysentery attacks, accompanied with pain, for which the Pain Killer was a sovereign remedy, one teaspoonful curing the worst case in an hour or at most half a day! I have heard many cases the country over of Dysentery being cured by its use. Put in the teeth, it would stop the toothache. Gratitude, and a desire for its general use, has drawn from me this unsolicited testimonial in its favor.

2w. D. T. TAYLOR, Jr.,
Minister of the Gospel.

☞ Among other really useful and indispensable family remedies is the Russia Salve. We applied it a few days ago, on the hands and arms of one of our "little ones" which had been severely burnt, and gave it relief as soon as applied. Families in the country, removed by necessity some distance from medical aid should never be without this cheap and useful article, in fact no family should neglect to keep it constantly on hand.—*Bridgetown News.* July 16, 1m.

Agents in Halifax, G. E. MORTON & CO.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, July 15th.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	20s *a* 21s 3d
" Pilot, per bbl.	20s *a* 22s 6d
Beef, Prime Ca.	50s
" " Am.	65s
Butter, Canada,	1s
" N. S. per lb.	1s *a* 1s 1d
Coffee, Laguyra, "	8½d *a* 9½d
" Jamaica, "	9d
Flour, Am. sft. per bbl.	42s 6d
" Can. sft. "	38s 9d *a* 40s
" State, "	35s *a* 37s 6d
" Rye "	27s 6d *a* 28s 9d
Cornmeal "	23s 9d *a* 25s
Indian Corn, per bush.	none
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	3s *a* 3s 2d
" Clayed, "	2s 8d *a* 2s 10d
Pork, prime, per bbl.	$24
" mess "	$27
Sugar, Bright P. R.	63s 9d *a* 65s
" Cuba	60s *a* 62s 6d
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	15s *a* 16s 3d
Hoop "	22s 6d
Sheet "	23s
Nails, cut "	22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3½d *a* 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 6d *a* 1s 8d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 *a* 20½
" 2,	19 *a* 19½
" 3,	16
Mackarel, No. 1,	18
" 2,	11 *a* 12
" 3,	6½ *a* 6¾
" " med.	4½ *a* 5
Herrings, No 1,	25s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	10s 6d *a* 11s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	30s
Firewood, per cord,	22s 6d

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, July 15th.

Oats, per bushel	4s
Oatmeal, per cwt.	17s 6d
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	40s *a* 50s
Bacon, per lb.	8d *a* 9d
Cheese, "	6½d *a* 7½d
Lamb, "	6d *a* 7½d
Calf-skins, "	8½d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	11d *a* 1s
Veal, "	4d *a* 5d
Potatoes, per bushel	5s 6d
Eggs, per dozen	9d *a* 10d
Homespun Cloth (wool) per yard,	2s 6d
Do. (cotton and wool) "	1s 9d

WILLIAM NEWCOMB,
Clerk of Market.

Extract of a Letter from General Patterson, Columbus, Ohio, in favor of Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma.—COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 2 1855.—*Dear Sir,*—Before I commenced taking this medicine I coughed very much at night—I mean during the night; and the mucous I raised saturated a large handkerchief every night, and generally I was compelled to sit up on the bedside once, and sometimes oftener, every night. Now I do not use the handkerchief at all, and sleep all night without coughing. My breathing, generally, is very much improved

It would, perhaps, be too much for me to expect a perfect cure, but I feel very much encouraged to hope for material benefit.

Yours truly, JOHN PATTERSON.

Prepared only by Joseph Burnett & Co, Tremont Street, Boston. For Sale by all Druggists at $1,00 per bottle.

Holloway's pills, a cure for Sick Headache and Bile:—William Kaners, of Montreal, was perhaps, one of the greatest sufferers from sick headache and bile, scarcely a day passed without his feeling the effects of these formidable evils, he put himself in the hands of the doctors, but they did him no good, in fact, he became worse, until his suffering were more than human nature could bear, and he almost sunk under them, fortunately for him he commenced using Holloway's Pills, which acted upon the system, cleansed the bowels; cleared the head, and by persevering with them for eight weeks, thoroughly restored him to health. He has ever since been entirely free from these dreadful attacks.

HAVE YOU REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE?—If not you do not know the powers and charms of one of the most wonderful and charming productions of the day. The manner in which it disposes of cuts, sprains, bruises, burns, sores, aches, and hosts of the other pains of humanity is almost incredible. July 2. 4w.

Agents in Halifax, G. E. MORTON & CO.

☞ Reader, are you afflicted with any kind of humors or suffering from the effects of indigestion, flatulency, costiveness, troubled with bilious stomach, affection of the liver, or the piles? if so, procure a bottle of G. W. Stone's Vegetable Liquid Cathartic, as it has been proved a reliable remedy in all the above complaints.

Agents in Halifax, G. E. MORTON & Co.

KEATING'S WORM TABLET.—A purely vegetable sweatmeat furnishing a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestina, or Thread Worms.

It is perfectly safe preparation; especially adapted for children, being harmless in its action as it is certain in its effects; and may be given with impunity by the most delicate constitution.

Agents in Halifax, G. E. MORTON & Co.

Substitute for Bonaparte. Those accustomed to the use of stimulants, will find not only a pleasing and agreeable, but a useful substitute in Durno's celebrated Catarrh Snuff

Marriages.

At the Wesleyan Parsonage, on the 6th June, by the Rev. W. C. Beals, Mr. Edward DUNN, of Richibucto, to Miss Mary RENNAH, of Bathurst.

At New Bandon, on the 2nd inst., by the same, Mr. Henry BOLTENHOUSE, to Miss Amelia BARNES, both of the first named place.

At the Parsonage, in Parrsborough on the 22nd of June, by Rev. J. Buckley, Mr. Thomas R. BROWN, to Miss Sarah McKUSKER, both of New Canaan.

At St. Croix, on the 4th inst., by Rev. H. Spike, Wm. H. LEE, of St. John, N. B., to CATHERINE F., daughter of Benj. Taylor.

On the 29th June, by Rev. James Payne, Rev. Samuel JOHNSTON, of Harvey, York Co., N. B., to ELEANOR, daughter of Mr. George Grant, Scotch Hill, Pictou.

By Rev. A. M. DesBrisay, on the 19th May, Mr. Wm. G. MATTHEWS, to DAMIKTTA, and Mr. James A. LOCKHART, to MARY JANE, daughters of Mr. Zachariah Lutz, of Steves' Mountain, Moncton Circuit.

On Tuesday evening last, in the Wesleyan Church at Carleton, Mr. Adam Clark Avard only son of Robert Salter, Esq., to Miss Elizabeth Hannah, fourth daughter of the Rev. Dr. Knight, Chairman of the Fredericton District, and Co-Delegate of the Eastern British American Conference.

On the 8th June, at St. George's Bermuda, by the Rev. W. T. Cardy, the Rev. Robert Duncan, Wesleyan Minister, to Miss Maria C. Higgs, fourth daughter of the late R. M. Higgs Esq, Merchant of St. George's.

At Guysborough, on Thursday 9th, inst., by the Rev. James Rowe Narraway M. A. Rev. Thomas Gaetz, Wesleyan Minister, to Catherine Maria second daughter of John Jost, Esq.

At the residence of the bride's father, Horton, on 9th inst., by the Rev. James Taylor, Mr. George WASSON, of St. John, N. B., to Miss MARGARET ANN, only daughter of Mr. James Rankin.

Deaths.

At Newport, 28th ult., MARTHA, youngest daughter of Archibald Goreham, aged 27 years.

At New Bandon, on the 2nd of May, MARTHA ANN, aged 15 years, third daughter of Mr. Wm. Bolterhouse.

On the 8th inst., MARY ANN, wife of Thomas Lyons, and daughter of Mr. Michael Drew, aged 37 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, July 8.

Brigts Plato, Boyle, St John, P. R.
Mary, Thomas, Ponce.
Mary Wren, Fraser, New York.
John Thomas, Doyle, Port Hood.
Union, Windsor.
Sarah, Perry, Roseway.

THURSDAY, July 9.

Barque Voyager, Banks, Jamaica.
Brig Sarah Ann, Gilmour, Liverpool.
Brigts Sarah, Hopkins, Porto Rico.
Clyde, Whipple Matanzas.
Schrs Atalanta, Bay Chaleur.
Rapid, Acker, Shelburne.

FRIDAY, July 10.

Steamer Eastern State, Killam, Boston.
Bark Jos Dexter, Roy, Matanzas.
Brigts Arctic, Nickerson, Barbadoes
Forward, Caufleet, Cienfuegos.
Brilliant, Tipple, Newfld.

FRIDAY, July 10.

Steamer Eastern State, Killam, Boston.
Barques Joseph Dexter, Roy, Matanzas
Halifax, Laybold, Boston.
Brig Humming Bird, Hopkins, Trinidad
Brigts Agenoria, McKay, Trinidad.
Sarah, Hopkins, Ponce.
Vivid, Smith, Havana
Forward, Caufleet, Cienfuegos
Arctic, Nickerson, Barbadoes
Schrs Alert, Alexandria, Clifford, Miramichi
Brilliant, Newfld: Hector, Fraser, Sydney
Tickler, Sydney, Joseph Smith, Cape Breton
Alma, Calais, Liberia, Shelburne.

SATURDAY, July 11.

Steamer Queen of the South, Bremen, Southampton
Bound to New York
Brigs Ann McKean, Roches, Demerara
Boats Alma Inkermann, Montreal
Brigt Cordelia, Griffin, Cuba.
Schrs Lima, Alexandria.
Voliager, Watt, Miramichi.
Mary, McEwen, Richmond.
Industry, Bay Chaleur.
Trusty, St John, NB. Victory, Arichat

MONDAY, July 14

Steamer Merlin, Corbin, St Johns, Nfld.
Brigts Boston, Laybold, Boston.
Margaret, Doat, Jamaica.
Schrs Catherine, Newport, Wales, 20 days—railroad iron.
Union, Forward, Fortune Bay, 7 days—fish.
Balerma, Bay Chaleur—shingles.

CLEARED.

July 7—Ship Sudderland, Curry, London; barque Robt Hastie, Allen, Shediac; brigt Maury, St Johns, Nfld; schrs Dixon, Paspebiac; Mary, Glawson, U. S.; Sophia, Bell, Newfld; Sylphide, McNab, do; Martha, do; Kate, Messervey, Bay St George; Amelia Adelaide, Miramichi; Enterprise, Charlottetown; Pioneer, Magdalen Isles.

New Advertisements.

☞ *Advertisements intended for this Paper should be sent in by 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning at the latest.*

Windsor, Nova Scotia.

BOARD AND EDUCATION,

For a select Number of Young Ladies

THE Subscriber intends commencing a SCHOOL, in the most airy and healthy part of this pleasant town, on the first MONDAY in July, when every attention will be paid to the moral training and thorough education of those who may be entrusted to her care.

Terms—Board alone, £34