

RICHARD STEELE PREFERS THE SWORD TO THE PEN.

1874-APRIL-30 days.

THE MOON'S CHANGES.	Sun Rises	Moon. Rises	ge.
Full Moon, 1st, 11-19 nt. New Moon, 16th, 1-52 aft. Last Quar. 9th, 10-20 nt. First Quar. 23rd, 12- 3 nn.	Sets.	& Sets.	Ag
1 W Bonaparte married to Maria-Louisa of Austria, 1810.	5 37r	Rises P.M.	(4)
2 Th Copenhagen bombarded by Lord Nelson and Admiral Parker, 1801.	6.33s	7 18	15
3 F GOOD FRIDAY.	5~32r	8 28	16
4 S The Duke of York (afterwards James II.) defeated the French fleet off Harwich, 1665.	6 36s	942	17
5 🕰 Easter Sunday.	5 28r	10 57	18
6 M Exeursion trains first started in England on Easter Monday, 1844.	639s	After Mid-	19
7 Tu Prince Leopold born, 1853.	5 23r	night A.M.	20
8 W In 1853 the advertisement duty was abolished by a majority against Government of 33.	6 43s	1 22	21
9 Th Act of Parliament passed for retaining Bona- parte at St. Helena, 1816.	5 19r	2 22	3
10 F Battle of Toulouse, and defeat of Marshal Soult, after twelve hours' fighting, 1814.	6.45s	3 8	23
11 S Rowland Hill died, 1833.	5 14r	3 42	24
12 3 Low Sunday 1st Sun. aft. Easter.	6 50s	4 9	25
13 M Roman Catholic Relief Bill received the	5 11r	4 26	26
14 Tu Princess Beatrice born, 1857.	6 52s	4 43	27
15 W San Salvador destroyed by an earthquake, 1854.—(San Salvador was the first point of	5 6r	4 57	28
16 Th land discovered by Columbus (on the night of October 11, 1492), and was so named by	6 56s	5 13	0
17 F him in acknowledgment to God for his deliverance.	5 2r	Sets P.M.	1
18 S [Rev. Mr. Hackman executed at Tyburn for the murder of Miss Reay, 1779.	6.59s	10 9	2
19 🗲 2nd Sunday after Easter.	4 57r	11 34	3
20 M Steele published "The Christian Hero," in the	7 3s	After Mid-	4
21 Tu O'Farrell executed at Sydney for attempting to assassinate the Duke of Edinbro', 1868.	4 53r	night	5
22 W Madame de Stael (authoress of Corinne, ou Ultralie, &c.) born, 1766; died in 1817.	7 5s	1 46	6
23 Th St. George.	4 49r	2 27	3
24 F Daniel Defoe, author of Robinson Crusoe, &c., died, 1731.	7 9s	2 56	8
25 S Princess Alice born, 1843.	4 45r	318	9
26 3 3rd Sunday after Easter.	7 13s	3 30	10
27 M The gallant Captain Sir W. Peel died (of small-pox) at Cawnpore, 1858.	4 42r	3 42	11
28 Tu "Conscience makes cowards of us all."	7 15s	3 53	12
29 W Duchess of Gloucester, last surviving of the fifteen children of George III.,) died, 1857.	4 37r	4 5	13
30 Th Samuel Maunder, author of many useful educational works, died, 1849.	7 19s	4 13	14

NOTES TO THE ABOVE ILLUSTRATION.

DICHARD STEELE, the celebrated wit, drall matic and essay writer, was the son of an English barrister who filled the post of secretary to the Duke of Ormond, and was born in Dublin in 1671. Through the influence of the Duke of Ormond he was sent to the Charterthouse school of the Charterthouse school, as youth three years older than himself, and an intimacy was formed between them—one of the most memorable in literature. Steele commenced the most memorable in literature. Steele commenced this enlistment, which is a notable illustration of his enlistment, which is a notable illustration of his mistrate, which is a notable illustration of his mistrate, which is a notable illustration of Steele had always been force vertein and was

Steele had always been a fierce patriot, and was, at an early age, a hot politician. On the accession of William III., Steele determined to throw his sword, as also his pen, into the scale against the French monarch, Louis XIV. Steele's friends were resolute in their opposition to his entrance into the army; and a rich relative on his mother's side, who had made him heir to a large estate in Wexford, threatened to disinherit him if he persisted. Steele was equally determined; and "preferring the state of his mind to that of his for-tune," enlisted as a private in the Horse Guards, and was disinherited. Many years later, Steele, in speaking of his enlistment, says, that when he had dressed himself in the military costume of the period-jack-boots, shoulder-belt, cocked hat, and broadsword-and under the command of the Duke of Ormond, mounted a fiery charger-he had mistaken his own genius, and did not know that he could handle a pen so much more effectively than a sword. In November, 1639, Steele, with the rest of the gentlemen of his troop, mounted on a black prancing steed, his scarlet gold-laced coat glittering in the sun, and his white feather waving gently with every motion of the proud soldier, marched with his troop by King William in Hyde Park, attended by a great show of the nobility, besides twenty thousand people, and above a thousand coaches. The London Post, in speaking of the spectacle, says: "The Cuards had just got their new clothes. They are extraordinary grand, and thought to be the finest body of horse in the world !"

Steele's wit and brilliancy soon made him a favourite in the army, and he plunged into the ashionable vices and follies of the age-which enabled him to acquire that knowledge of life and cychanced the sword for the pen. As a check on his irregular mode of life, and being thoroughly convinced of many things of which he had often repeated, and which he more often repeated, he wrote for his own admonition a little work entitled the Christian Hore; but his gay companions did not reliab this semiredigious work.