## Newspaper Heroes.

when the German and French armies were drawn up for battle and the nearer troops were popping away, a young man strolled between the firing lines and stood there gazing through his field glass as calmly, as he were sitting in an opera box. He did this sort of thing regularly.

When Paris was in the hands of the

commune he was there mingling with the ent. One day, hearing firing, be hurried forward. Suddenly be found himself inside a most extraordinary triangle of barricades. The officer noticed the young Englishman and commanded him to pick up the musket of a man who had been just killed. He replied that he was a foreigner and a neutral and would not do it. The officer gave him the alternative of taking the gun or being shot. The young man laughed. But a firing party was told off, and he was stood up against a church wall, and they were cheerfully proceeding to end his life when the forces from another bar ricade rushed upon them. He was condemned to be shot by his new captors, and again he laughed and again he escaped.

A couple of years later he was in the midst of the fever and famine of India, and after that he was in the Carlist War in Spain, first with one army and then with another. In a few months be was in Servia and in the battles of that war he was a conspicuous observer. Then attached to the Russian Army, he crossed the Danube, followed the campaign, saw the fighting at Shipka Pass, and was at Plevna.

He realized the Russians could hold their position, and his next thought was the telegraph office. The nearest one was one hundred and eighty miles away, at Bucharest. One bite of black bread was all he ate in twenty-four hours. He wore cut horse after horse. That ride ended in the greatest newspaper special known in the story of journalism. The great white Czar of Russia afterward sent for him, and said: 'I have had reported to me the ex ample which you showed with our forces on the day before Plevna by succoring wounded men under heavy fire. As the head of the State, I desire to testify how Russia honors your conduct, offering you the Order of the Stanislaus 'with the cross ed swords'- a decoration never conferred except for personal bravery.'

In all parts of the world where there was war or promise of war this placid, cheerful and gifted young man was generally found. He went to the British force to Jelalabad, and uv der a close and heavy fire he saved a wounded soldier's life and the efficial dispatches gave him special mention for his services. In Zululand he he was the first to see the certain result of the battle of Ulundi, and although it was dark he started through the trackless for est and made his way through one hundred and twenty miles of that unmarked wilderness to a telegraph wire at Landsmann's Drift, and from there he wired to the world the result of the fight days ahead of the official intelligence, his despatches being read in both Houses of Parliament amidst enthusiastic acclamation. This was Archibald Forbes, the war correspond-

Dr. William Howard Russell, the great correspondent of the London Times, went through a balf-dozen wars, and tought in the first rank of the party that drove out the Sepoys from the front at Lucknow. His picture of the Crimea called Florence Nightingale and her heroines to that place.

A few years ago the State of Ohio, by vote of its Legislature, brought the remains of J. B. MacGahan from their foreign resting place to his native soil. He became a correspondent while completing his cullegiate studies in Europe. His ride of six hundred miles pursued by a band of Cossacks across Russia was one of the most noted incidents of the century. He resched K' iva and told the s'ory of Russia's to any war was despatched to South Africa first step toward India His accounts of the atro ities in Bulgaria upset Distraeli's

Fred Burnaby rode through Asia Mine and Aighauistan with his life in his bands; was the first man to mount the parapet at El Teb; and killed two of his assailants after receiving his death wound in the Soudan, where three other correspondents lost their lives

Th: man who stood by Dewey in the battle of Mapila was Mr Joseph L Stickney, of the New York H-rald. Close to Schley in the destruction of Cervera's fleet was Mr Graham, o' the Associated Press. On the road to Sunti go Mr. the signals were located on a high tower, Creelman and Mr. Marshall were wounded, from which it could throw electric flashes

One day more than thirty years ago, | and Colonel Roosevelt publicly expressed his obligations for assistance receive Richard Harding Davis on the firing line.

The one correspondent in South Africa who has interested the world and made a distinguised reputation is Winston Spencer Churchill, whose mother is Lady Randolph Churchill, formerly Miss Jerome, of New York. Although a Lieutenant in the Brit-1sh Army, Churchill, went to South Africa as a correspondent of the London Morning Post, which is one of the aristocratic newspapers. He accompanied two denents of troops on an armored train to get from Estcourt to Ladysmith, but four miles south of Colenso the train was derailed and the Englishmen were captur ed. The correspondent is supposed to be a noncombatant, but Churchill took full part in the scrimmage, and one correspondent—a riv.l by the way—wrote this

sentence: 'Churchill behaved magnificient-

ly during the train disaster and deserves

His capture by the Boers, his imprisonment and his dramatic escape are familiar history to all the readers of recent despatches. With the push of the American and with the persistency of English mingling in his blood he seems to be somewhat of a model for the end of the century hero. And admiration for his courage and grati tude for his work probably led the press censor to be mercifu for a few hours, and to allow his dispatches to go to his London newspaper, even it they did attend a sarcastic reference to the Queen's Christmas gift of chocolate for the troops who are fighting for her kingdom.

BRITAIN MAKES USE OF THEM. The Latest War Inventions are now in Oper

The application in South Africa of the very latest war inventions has characterized the advance of the English army, and it these count for anything in competen hands they should form a determining factor in the campaign. It is not only in the use ot lyddite shells, smokeless powder, and modern high-power rifles and naval guns that they are thoroughly up to date, but in the employment of inventi as and mechanism never before attempted in any war. In fact, the practical experiments in the field with the numerous modern war invention. will decide many points of contention for army officers.

The armored trains which have been features of the sorties from Ladysmith, Kimberley, and Mafeking are distinctly British inventious, and, with the exception of the campaign in Egypt, they have never been tested in hard fought battles. The steam plow for cutting trenches is another English invention, used for the first time in South Africa. This plow is really an adaptation of the steam plow used in the Western part of the country, and was designed by Colonel Templer of Royal Engineers, after a study of the American artole A three wheel traction engine drags the plow through the soil, and the heavy plowshare cuts deep into the soil. By breaking up the surface in this way the soldiers can throw up a breastwork or dig a trench in half the time required by the

The war surgeons of the British army are all using the X rays, but in this respect the American surgeons were ahead of them in the Spanish-American war, when the X rays formed part of every surgical outfit in the hospitals But since the close of that war the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy has been improved and brought into practical operation. The apparatus is already in South Africa, and probably before this the instruments are in complete working order. The use of war balloons for spying out the enemy's work is constant, and they have already demonstrated their fitness for the purpose intended. The most complete war balloon corps ever sent when hostilities first broke out.

Before Marconi's apparatus reached South Africa, however, the latest devices in electric signalling were adopted, and at Kimberley it was known that Lo.d Methuen's army had come within twenty or thirty miles of the place several weeks ago. This electric signalling system consisted in bresking up the electric flashes into dots and dashes to form telegraphic letters. The code was secret, and the besieged army in Kimberley beld communication with the army of relief without fear of the Boers reading their messages. The searchlights which were used for flashing

the portable telephone was put into service and General French immediately establish-ed communication with the authorities at Cape Town and Durban. The telegraph-ers carried with them the batteries and telephone, and all they had to do was to make By this means General French asked for and received reinforcements. Within a few hours after he had reported his condition two regiments of cavalry, two field batter ies, and two and a half battalions of infan try were on there way to reinforce him This promptness demonstrated the value of the portable telephone in the field dur-

ing urgent cases.

The Boers, if defeated will have the satisfection of knowing that they contend ed with the most thoroughly complete and equipped army of this scientific nineteenth

The Humorous Editor's Effort,

The caller handed the editor a bundle

'My wife makes fun of my attempts wit, but I think you will find this about as good as the stuff you usually print," The editor took the manuscript and

"H'mph!" he ejaculated. "Your wife nakes fun of your efforts, does she P"

"Y-yes, sir, as a general thing." "She hasn't seen this lot, has she ?"

The editor handed back the manuscrip "Plesse ask her to 'make fun' of this Then you may bring it back again. Good

The Ruling Passion. Wite (who has been out shopping a

'Oh, dear, how tired and hun ry Husband' 'Didn't von bave a lunch

Wife: 'A plate of soup only; I didn't eel that I could afford to have more.'

Husband: 'Did you find the hat you wanted?

Wite: 'Oh, yes; it is a perfect dresm John; and it only cost twenty eight dollars.

The Joys Of Apticipation Said Mrs. Gadabout, who had come

spend the day to little Edith:

'Are you glad to see me again Edith?' 'Yes, m'm, and mamma's glad too,' re plied the child. ·Is she?

'Yes, m'm. She said ahe hoped you'd come to-day and have it over with. Those Newspaper Hints.

Foreman: 'We need a few lines to fill up

Society Editor: (wearily): 'Well, say the Prince of Wales has begun wearing old clothes, because they are more com fortable.' Perhaps it will start a fashion that you and I can follow.'

A Hollew Mockery

Teacher: 'What is the meaning of th word excavate P' Scholar: 'Give me a sentence in which

the word is properly used.' Scholar: 'The small boy always excavates when his father whacks him.

His Name Was Dennis Reporter: 'The name of that man who was struck by lightning is Brzinslatowski

Editor: 'W hat was his name before he was struck by lightning ?'

Briggs: 'I didn't know that you were near sighted !' Griggs: 'Near-sighted! Why, I walked

right up to one of my creditors yesterday.

Ida-Miss Olde and Dick Newby don't

speak?

May—No; he offended her at the skatng carnival. She told him to cut her age
in the ice. He went to cut 16, but his
skate slipped, the figures got mixed, and
when the crowd went to view his skill they

'Did you pay the grocer and butcher Amelia P
No; there wasn't enough to pay both of
them. To pay only one would make
trouble, so I took the money and spent it

Aged admirer—Think of all the luxuyou!
Miss D. Young—Oh, a rich father would
do just as well. Marry my mother.

Tommy—Pop, what do prize fighters live on when they are in training? Tommy's pop—Scraps, I suppose. Now, run away and learn your Suuday school

The Transvaal war is tull of surprises.'
That's so: whenever I try\_to talk about it I run against somebody who has read more about it than I have.

Butts—He made his fortune in oil. Brigge—Ah, a refiner baron? Butts—Nope. Portrait painter.

## Some London

Chatter. **፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟** 

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bott, the author, and it is, I believe, aboy oirth and education, and on first coming to England he was, as most Americans and Canadians are, eager to catch a glimpse of the Queen; but as Her Majesty did not live in his suburbs Mr Abbott's wish remained ungratified for any of the catches and considering the company of the catches and considering the catches and catches Portsmouth and learned that the Royal yacht, with the Queen and Princess Beat- course, could he have armed these rice aboard, was to cross from the Isle of prisoners, and if he had Wight to Portsmouth. Hastening down call in Lake Erie the present fleet of Britto the landing-place, he discovered that ish transports, he might have caused some there was not the ghost of a chance of catching sight of Her Majesty on land, so he went to the waterside, bired a small river at that day was a small steamer—the boat, and rowed out into the great barbor. Pushing out from the inner port, wherein rode a mighty seet of battle-ships and honor of the Queen, the writer found himself on the broad outer bay, alone except for a dotted line of men-ef-war's Burleigh then headed for Lake Erie and boats indicating the route to be taken by the island prisons, but I believe was the Queen's yacht. Pulling in his oars and allowing the boat to float at will, Mr. Abbott got his glasses focussed ready for the Queen's yacht and put in his time reading a book. All at once he heard a voice counding as though it came from the clouds. It was gentle, aristocratic of accent, and apologetic in diction. It said, 'I beg your pardon, but would you mind letting us pass P' Glancing quickly up, Mr. Abbott beheld the bow of the mighty tle ship Minotaur towering over his little rowboat like a precipice; and peering over the brow of the cliff of iron was the calm face of a naval officer. The ship was swinging slowly into harbor, and was but a few yards away, coming directly toward the tiny rowboat. In the words of the novel, 'To seize the oars and pull for his life was the work of an instant.' When Mr Abbott was clear of the battle ship the naval officer, not a ghost of a smile on his face, said 'Thank you very much,' and the ship crept past. Mr. Abbott claims that naval officer to be the politest man living.

To return to the war again: apropos of countraband of war and recent seizures in outhern waters. I wonder how many re member an exploit of Bennett Burrleigh the war correspondent, in the days of the Civic War? Just how young he must have been in those days, seeing that he is as active as the best of them and in Natal today, I'm sure I cannot guess, but the deed he did there on the brave Detroit River proves that in the sixties he had not cut his wisdom teeth. Burleigh, like many another Englishman violently sympathized with the South in the grand struggle, and after seeing active service at the front

This is a new stery of the Height of evolved an elaborate scheme. The fact Politeness. It is told by Angus Evan Abtraction that the scheme was quite unworkable di not occur to him until late. He hastened an army, and march for the South, taking the northern forces in the rearish transports, he might have caused some serious inconvenience. But he bad neither arms nor transports. Running down the Philo Parsons, I believe she was named. This Burleigh and his swashbucklers boarded as passengers, and when the steamer was fairly under way, fully armed, they invited the unarmed captain and crew to, as it were, send in their resignations. brought to by a revenue cutter, and ended up in prison. Such is the story as told in England. Just how much of it is true the gods and the Americans and Bennett Burleigh probably alone know. Since that day Burleigh has become more levelheaded, and is one of the most successfully daring of the many picturesque characte that play a roving port on the Imperial

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The German Emperor is like Mr. Thomas Atkins: we must take him as we find him. For some years past he has been in a bit of a haff with his grandmother at Windsor, owing to the resentment shown by England on the published account of a certain memorable telegram sent to his sometime triend Kroger. William was greatly coffended by England, show o force on that occasion, for if there is one n tion more than another that who ly depends upon force for its existence it is Germany, and quite naturally Germany cannot well afford to have another nation make manifest to the world that she is not a bit frightened of 'the Emperor's army. So William let his English selatives clearly understand that it they wanted to see hi they must call at the tront door at Potsdam and ring the bell twice. However, the Queen is too old to pay many visits, and her rebellious grandson relented and stepped across to get a piece of the old lady's cake and a glass of lemonade, and make it up like a good boy. Of course the reporters flocked to Windsor to write as many columns as they could scrape together. At the castle they were well re ceived; important officials were told off to

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s of CUTICURA, purest of enonce stops falling hair, remove