

els, and Paints which ure the iron, and burn an Stove Polish is Bril-Durable. Each package moletaned will ; when moist of Paste Polish

LE OF 3,000 TONS. RN & CO.,

LE AGENTS 1, by Rev. J. D. McEwan, to Mary E. Peters. 22, by Rev. J. S. Suther-eron to Mina R. King. un. 30, by Rev. M. McLeod, to Cath rine McLean. 25, by Rev. Andrew Gray Mary Louise Morrison.

ED.

Scott, 70. so Mageo. Martin, 34. Bradisb, 28. Lawsoo, 16. ary Shall, 64. McCurdy, 65. ge (Travis, 81. stor Skewart, 84. R. D. G. Harris. terine Kenny, 74. Pardon Gardiner. James Turner, 82. Ocaman Sibley, 82. ieorge McKay, 60. Joseph Huelin, 28. Issac Crowell, 68. Angus McRae, 73. Angus Walker, 27. meel C. Fraser, (68. am B. Chandler, 88. George Foster, 74 Effie Languilie, 38. Thomas Fraser, 51. Mrs. Sarah Snow, 74. (Homss Fräser, 61. Mrs. Sarah Snow, 74. Benjamin Jewett, 80. a. John McDernid, 63. a. John McDernid, 63. a. John Kohernid, 63. a. John McDernid, 83. Mars Anuis Prime, 84. y. William Pomeroy, 63. n. 31, John McKeczie, 70. nuis Stewart of N. 6., 34. Archibaid Thompson, 63. 10, James E. Nowlin, 37. Wilford Birningham, 62. S. Capit. John Graham, 72. y. Mrs. D. A. McLeilan, 82. y. Mrs. D. McLeilan, 82. y. Mrs. D. McLeilan, 82. y. Mrs. D. McLeilan, 82. y. Mrs. Danid McLeod, 41. Ars. Obisholm, 40. n. 25, William NcDonald, 85<sub>6</sub> ha A. Barrett of Sackville, 46. ha S. Barrett of Sackville, 47. https: McLeilan, 50. p. Mrs. Romaine D'Eon, 33. nella, wife of Asa Newell, 33. y. Fiorence Fenisson, 5 mouths is wrigo of W. H. Nickel, 83. ohanna widow of D. R. Eston-mund W. son of W. H. Webb, nnie, wife of Sydney Brownell harlotte, wife of G. P. Smith 5, Hugh Allen McKenzie of C. ry Amanda, wife of S. J. Jen-

boro, Co., Feb. 2, James Fergu , Feb. 4, Henry Court of St. . 10, John W. Marling of Yar 10, Clara, wife of Samuel Mc I, Caroline, widow of Eteph Jan. 30, Mary, widow of John sther, widow of Andrew Mo n. 24, Ralph, son of Busby and I., Dorothy Higgins, wife Mary Boam, wife of Capt. Chas 5, Charles Osman, son of Rev. b. 7, John D. son of Lucilla and Jan. 24, Margaret, widow of e, 65. , Feb. 7, Roy, son of Mrs. Mand Edison, child of Mr. and Mrg. Feb. 1, Joseph F. Gardiner, sol.

, Mary M. daughter of Rev. D. teele, 23. bore, 76. y, Feb. 2, Ell's mingrave wile loore, 75. Frances Louise, daughter of the wyrer, 50. 1, 5 months. rohis G. N. widow of Charles to ON. 85: 48. Arthur E. son of William and rait, 11 months. Feb. 7, Edward Leigh, child of the Jack States, 18. Mary E. Mack, 31. Mary E. Mack, 32. Co, Jan. 28, Henry S. son of W. eve Amiro, 3 months. - 31. Harnah Florence, daughter . 21, Haunah Florence, daug hter Carrie Beals, 4 mont hs.

# PROGRESS.

### ST. JOHN N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1896

VOL. II., NO.-408.

blast. Men who could not get a license in the city of St. John had merely to move access the line and sell to their heart's con-tent. Little capital was required. A few jugs and bottles of liquor with some cheap glasses exflicted for an outfit, and whatever may have been the quality of the stuff in the first instance, it was reduced and fortified until it became the They simple cheer the stuff of the simple cheer the stuff of the simple cheer the simple cheer the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the first instance, it was reduced and fortified until it became the They simple cheer the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the first instance, it was reduced the stuff of the stuff of the first instance is the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the first instance is the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the first instance is the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the first instance is the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the first instance is the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the change have no such hope. The stuff of the stuff of the stuff of the first instance is the stuff of the stuff the first instance, it was reduced and fortified until it became the veritable fighting whiskey which drove men to all sorts of desperate acts. ing men on their way to and from work and offering all kinds of inducements for people to drink. These places were kept open until all hours of the night, and they held high carnval all day Sunday. There was no regulating them. They were sim-ply an unmitigated evil. The condition ot affairs beggars description, and had it not been that Portland became a part of St. John and the License Law was enforced, ti is hard to tell to what extent the mischief tection of the Scott Act. The city of St. John stands high as Some and the spread. Under the Licerse The city of St. John stands high as would have spread. Under the Licerse Law now, the North End is a place where regards the general sobriety of its people. There is less liquor sold than there was very little drunkenness is seen and where the relies now arrest very often when

no-license condition of affairs in St. John. The movement originated in the decision of the people of Carleton to have no license of the people of Carleton to have no license granted on that side of the harbor. That was well enough. Carleton is in many ways a suburban town, and in such places

NO NEW LAW IS NEEDED. In the matter, whatever their legal right may be. A majority swelled by a majority swell may be. A majority swelled by a Carleton vote is not an expression of the people who are ammediately concerned in the question of license for the East side

When you have not the City when Jaconse, the generic of Reason of Locase for the East risk.
 When you have not have been seen to any other does not have you have a time of allow here of the second the secon

become a city there was a doubt as to how far the law applied to it. No licenses were granted, but for three years liquor was sold as it never had been before and as it is to be hoped it never will be again. There were at least one hundred bar-rooms, publicly known as such, while houses and in stores which were estensibly for the sale of other goods. At the foot of Portland, in a distance of a bundred yards, were no less than seven bar-rooms in full was to be buy the solution of about \$20,000 a year, and more liquor, and infinitely worse liquor. Weth problem of the solut the solut of the solut solut solut of the solut solut solut solut solut the solut the solut solut the solut solut the solut

was a most efficient officer and he was held was a most enterint enter and no was been in high esteem by the merchants. During the second week in January, however, word came that Mr. McBeath was super-annuated and that Mr. Hamilton had been not suggest any way in which the loss of revenue is to be made up, but on the conmen to all sorts of the bar-rooms and So keen the competition that many of the dealers actually stood in their doorways the city loses, provided they can have their the city loses, provided they can have their the alloited custom, waylaying the labor-The Maine law is as sound and practical Hamilton was the recipient of many cona prohibitory enactment as can be devised, and is carried out with zsal, yet there is In due season

In due season Mr. McBeath got notice able character of the season for standing

a note cuaracter of the season for standing or sitting around gates of any kind. The St. John members, in the same stroke by which they had pro-cured Mr. McBeath's retirement had, as they supposed, secured Mr. Hamilton's the best of order is found in the streets at all hours of the day and night. Some citizens who undoubtedly believe they have the best interests of the people in view are now trying to bring about a no-license condition of affairs in St. John. duly made out, but had not been formally passed upon. At this juncture Mr. Kelly went to Ottawa and saw his friend Mac-

kenzie Bowell. The two were not strangers. They had met on previous occasions of critical mom-ent when the country was supposed to be in danger and the counsel of Mr. Kelly was

population at that time was only a trifle over 27,000. There was about the same number on the following year, while in 1865, the number of arrests was nearly 900, not counting the people seen home.
 In 1874, the number of arrests for drunkenness was 1,258. In 1878, it was t 1,448. For some reason it dropped to less t than 700 in 1881, but that was an excep-tional year.

Dr. Chisholm of the Medical Staff ard His

was too irquistive by long odds, for the management. They accordingly de cided to act according to precedent. It was argued that if the superintendent of the hospital could be "promoted" for in-competency from the hospital for the in-same to the Victoria hospital, that, there-fore, this young lady in question could, "the unal reason be (forumetal" from

they did, and downward, or upward which was it, she was bidden go. The medical board, as stated by Progpage story in PROGRESS last week. The Telegraph's article was, no doubt, an in-spired one, but whether the inspiration came directly from Judge Tuck himself or from some close friend, there can be little doubt that it will defeat the object intended. Apart from the merits of the case alca. Apart from the merits of the case ar-together, there, was great indignation and disgast among liberals everywhere that such an article should have appeared in the Telegraph, the once great liberal paper of the Maritime provinces, a paper which still claims to speak on behalf of the liberal merits. Biblin or wranging the almost is almost. knee. No one imagined there was any-thing else wrong with her. Dr. Chisholm, party. Rightly or wrongly the almost unanimous feeling among liberals in New Brunswick is that Judge Tuck has never Brunswick is that Judge Luck has never forgotten that he was once a politican, of which they think the Queens county election use among other things furnishes some evidence. To say, therefore that the average beral is mad with the Telegraph for its and the additional state of the Judge, is to put the takter very mildly indeed. With that view of the case, however, PROGRESS

is not concerned. It would be a mistake to suppose that Judge Tuck will escape having an examina-tion made cf his private and public conduct a 'ter the challenge thrown out in his behalf by the Telegraph of Monday. It it is found upon full inquiry that he is the truly good man the Telegraph decribes him to be, then many people will no doubt ask to be forgiven tor having so long had the impression that Judge Tuck was not of the class of men out of which chief justices should be made. Apart altogether trom the question as to whether Judge

justices source on as to whether Juage from the question as to whether Juage Tuck is the best living example on the present bench of all that constitutes a worthy judge—one who will command the addance of other members of the bench into prevent such things falling into the him to prevent such things falling into the that the rules of patients, or possibly that the start of this class of patients, or possibly present bench of all that constitutes a worthy judge-one who will command the confidence of other members of the bench and of the bar-there has been all along an idea that he lacks a few at least of the qualities which should be found in a gentleman who aspires to be at the head of the bench of this Province. The article in the Telegraph in his balf says that the "attacks upon him seem

delicacies about which he has lodged a complaint against Mr. Puttner, and what about other delicacies regarding which as bar-rooms on the east side to supply all the needs of the west side, and there was no need of alicense in a place where non had been. If the people of any one the city wards did not want a tavern in that ward they would be within, their rights in protesting against, their rights in protesting against, their system to apply the same idea to will apply to the ory 10,000 arrests had the present that what may apply to any one district will apply to the ory 10,000 arrests had the present their system to apply the same idea to were 27,000. There was about the core 27,000. There was about the c The article in the letegraph in his be-half says that the "attacks upon him seem to be inspired from some quarter which is interested in seeing him lessened to the esteem of his fellow men." That is entirely met, but the fact that a man may be a pleasant enough associate in everyday life is no reason why that strong quality should entitle him to a chief justiceship. Any story which PROGRESS has published with which Judge Tuck's name was directly or indirectly connected, has been simply a narrative of an actual occurrence and not even a private occurrence aditor, and it is number on the tollowing year, while in 1865, the number of arrests man nearly 900, not counting the people seen home.
In 1874, the number of arrests of the second in the "H. Hamilton" and the "H. Hamilton" struck out and "Kally. The word "James" was let in and the "H. Hamilton" struck out and "Kally. The word "James" was let in and the "H. Hamilton" struck out and "Kally. The word "James" was let in and the "H. Hamilton" struck out and "Kally. The word "James" was let in and the "H. Hamilton" struck out and "Kally are struck out of the appraiser at St. John.
If the North end, was only 765 and last year it was 769.
If will thus be seen that intoxication is the reserved.
If will thus be seen that intoxication is the reserved if a rearred this recognition to increasing in St. John under the tree word to be avery of another Bowell seems to have are order are without license.
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If this recognition of his services.
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## **PRICE FIVE CENTS**

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mmon. He had many friends, and no enemies ; his life was a useful one, and he Starting Surprise—Counter Charges of Inefficency—The Superintendent of Nurses Generally Consurce on all Sides. has gone hence leaving behind an unsullied reputation. HALIFAX, Feb., 27 .- The investigation

THAT FORGED BOND.

into the Victoria general hospital manage-ment has begun before Premier Fielding's

A story is going the rounds, for instance

One of the Most Peculiar Cases That Has Ever Happened Here. The arrest of Ernest C. March on

commission. The proceedings are in sec-recy, but people have a pretty good idea of what in general terms will come before the commission, at least on one side of the Wednesday night, charged with the for-gery of a school bond for \$2,000 has created more public speculation than any event in local police matters for many years past. As the preliminary examination had not taken place when PROGRESS went that a young lady who was employed in the office of the steward, bursar and dis-

to press, little can be said in regard to the purser, assisting in the keeping of accounts. case, though if a very small portion of what is public talk were given in print it either came to know too much, or was too inquistive by long odds, for would be by far the most interesting read ing that has been seen for many a day.

Justice to living and dead alike, as well as the proprieties necessary to be observed as the proprieties necessary to be observed in a pending investigation, prevent such a story as might be written. The mare facts are that a school bond for \$2,000, never issued by the board, has unexpectedly fore, this young lady in question could, with equal reason, be "promoted" from the accountant's ffice to a position of im-portance in the kitchen. The logic of it seemed so convincing that this was what they did, and downward, or upward which of this 277 A bond, but never presen

Ress last week have in effect unnimously petitioned sgainst Superintendent Ried on the ground of inefficiency or carelessness. It would not be a bad idea for Dr Ried to Then the heart where heart wheart where heart where heart where heart where heart where h them for payment, and thus the existence Then the bank, which held the bond as security, sold it to J. Morris Robinson. bring a counter charge against the medical board based on Dr. Chisholm's "surprise." When he presented a coupon for redemp tion, the school board first become award A patient came to the hospital and was for two months under treatment for a diseased

of the forgery. The forged bond bears the genuine sig-nature of the late John Boyd, chairman, a prominent member of the board, made regular visits as in duty and in conscience and is filled out in the handwriting of Ernest March, a fact which he does no bound. The patient apparently received deny, but for which he says he cannot account. The signature of John March, every sttention from all concerned in her case. One fine morning the young woman surprised the nurses and Dr. Chisholm by secretary, is declared to be a forgery. As Ernest March seemed to be the only one who could be got at he was put under arrest. Whether he be innocent or guilty the universal belief is "there are others holm's month in charge at the hospital, the new-comer was habelled "Dr. Chisholm's

Many theories can be advanced as to how Mr. Boyd came to sign a bond no afterwards accounted for, but those who knew the trustful and in some ways caremedical board and charge them with inetmedical board and charge them with inet-ficiency for one reason on account of this unwelcome and unbidden and unexpected arrival at the hospital. Would it not be possible for Superintendent R sid to effect. possible for Superintendent Reid to effect. ion that he had not signed in the first in-stance. The regular bonds, Number [277, and 278 were taken by Mr. Boyd bimself, but several months passed between the time he sgreed to take them and the time occasion, Dr. Chisholm, have remained so ignorant of the condition of a patient for two months in the hospital if they were he completed the transaction. It is a good theory that he affixed his signature to both "efficient and careful?" Possibly Dr. Ried might use this case to turn the tables at the outset, that in the interval No. 27 was abstracted, made No. 277 A and only upon his accusers, and probably no one would blame him if he did." No 278 remained in the vault.

the time came for Mr. Boyd to take his bonds, only No 278 was to be found, and under the impression that only one had been made out another No 277 was prepared and signed by Mr. Boyd. theory does not necessarily implicate the man at present accused, who may have filled out the bonds as a matter of routine and with no more wrongful intent than Mr. Boyd himself.

How the bond got into the possession of Partelow Mott, and why for more than six

is

# inoco?"

our Tobacconist

v it.

population at that time was only a trifle over 27,000. There was about the same number on the following year, while in for instance, but to apply the same idea to every street would be very bad policy. There are a certain number of the people There are a certain number of the people of the city who drink, and while the city stands there will be a certain portion who do so. If they cannot get it under sanc-tion of the law they will get it without that sanction. The saloon is a crop that never

The state of the state of the

The action of the Carleton people en-The action of the Carteon people en-couraged the prohibition element to under-take the stopping of the sale of liquor in the whole city, and petitions have been in circulation asking that no licenses be granted for the current year. The law provides that if a majority of the ratepayers, concerned on real or meaning housts.

provides that if a majority of the ratepayers, assessed on real or personal property, so petition, no licenses shall usue. The work of securing signatures was undertaken with great vigor, but it has proven a harder task than was imagined at the outset, for a majority means not only more than half of the resident ratepayers, but of non-residents and estates as well. Even should a majority right such a petition, however, it would uncessurily include. Carlston ratepayers, who in strict justice should have no voice

partizins of the contending parties, peo-ple, or officials take sides. But in this case, and more particularly regarding the superintendant of nurses, there is no such division. It looks like Miss Elliott on the one side and a whole phalanx of nurses or of student nurses on the other. "Well, in all my days, I never came into contact with eleven men so stubborn and so little amenable to reason. For four days they have held out "against me." And this isolated juryman entered upon

who took it from the envelope after it reached the school trustees office? It certainly was not Ernest March, for he was not around the office. If anybody else had knowledge of the forged bond, who was that person?

That Partelow Mott knew of the character of the bond he held seems a conclusion that cannot be avoided. The question is, how many more knew of it, and who are they.

The Late Mr. Ward. four days they have summary four days they have summary days they have summary days they have summary days the solution of the In the death of Adam W. Smith, so long identified with the St. Andrew's Standard, the province loses its oldest editor, and one for whom both the past and the present generations have had a kindly regard. Mr.

A Second S