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PROBS: Westerly winds; fair and cold. TWELVE PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING JANUARY 19 1910—TWELVE PAGES 30TH YEAR.

UNIONISTS' GAIN 12

Winning Twenty-One of Forty-Four Results Known

DEFEAT COL. SEELY

Under-Secretary for Colonies and Paymaster - General Are Among Prominent Liberals Who Fall

FISCAL REFORM DEAD ASQUITH DECLARES

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.) LONDON, Jan. 18.—Mr. Asquith speaking at Lovell's, what could be more remarkable than the verdict given by the great press and centres of industry. "I wish to put it on record at the earliest possible moment," he said, "that I draw from this inference, whatever may happen the remainder of elections, that one thing is absolutely certain, that in the new parliament, tariff reform, in the sense in which the phrase is used, that is, the abandonment of free trade and the substitution for it of a fiscal system of more or less disguised protection, is a political impossibility (Loud cheers).

"No statesmanship, however ingenious or audacious, can attempt to construct a tariff in defiance of the opinion of so many great industrial representative centres."

Mr. Asquith added that he promised no legislation of any kind until they had settled conclusions with the house of lords.

Lloyd-George at Newtown, Wales, also declared that the Liberals would not legislate until the lords' question was settled, and it must be made perfectly clear that if the lords rejected the bill sent up by the commons, a second time, it would be sent straight thru to the throne (Cheers).

Yesterday's Results

	To Date	18
Unionists	21	120
Liberals	19	98
Laborites	3	20
Nationalists	1	28
Unionist gains	12	51
Liberal gains	1	9
Labor gains	—	1

UNIONIST GAINS.

Boston.
Brighton (2).
Chelsea.
Coventry.
Kidderminster.
Liverpool (Abercrombie).
Mile End.
Southwark, W.
Tower Hamlets (Bow and Bromley).
Warwick and Leamington.
Whitehaven.

LIBERAL GAINS.

From Unionists.
Barnes.
From Labor.
Middlesbro.

NOTABLES.

Elected.
Sydney Buxton.
Walter Runciman.
Winston Churchill.
Sir W. S. Robson.
Rt. Hon. A. Lyttleton.
T. P. O'Connor.

YESTERDAY'S POLLING

Unionists Had Better Success, Proportionately, Than on Previous Days.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The elections took place in the return of the following:
Unionists 21
Liberals 19
Laborites 3
Nationalists 1
Unionist gains 12; Liberal gains 1.
The standing of the parties at conclusion of to-day's polling was as follows:
Unionists 120.
Liberals 98.
Laborites 20.
Nationalists 28.
Total gains—Unionists 51; Liberals 9; Laborites 1.

The Unionists had decidedly the better of the elections held to-day. Of 44 seats contested they won 21, of which twelve were represented by ministerialists in the last parliament. The only consolation for Liberals was in Barnersley division of Southwark, where the government candidate, H. G. Glanville, recaptured the seat which went over to the Unionists in the by-election last November. J. Humpreys, who was elected then, had but one opportunity to leave the party, that being on the day of his introduction.

Liberals, Loss in Three-Corner Fights.
Several of the Liberal losses, on the preceding days, were caused by three-cornered contests, the intervention of a labor or socialist candidate precluding the success of the government supporters.

Fourteen of the London boroughs returned eight Liberals and six Unionists as compared with eleven Liberals and three Unionists in the last parliament. The Unionist gains include Southwark West, Mile End, a division of Tower Hamlets, where H. L. W. Lawson, manager of "The Daily Telegraph," was elected; Bow and Bromley, Chelsea, one division of Liverpool, Whitehaven, Boston, Warwick and Leamington, Kidderminster, Coventry and two seats in Bristol, in each of these were Unionists before the great Liberal victory of 1906.

Two Notable Defeats.

While there were not so many contests to-day as on Saturday and Monday, there were more prominent politicians with fortunes at stake. Two of these, Col. J. E. B. Seely, under-secretary for the colonies, and R. K. Causon, paymaster.
General lost their seats for the Abercrombie division of Liverpool and Southwark West, respectively. The loss of Col. Seely is especially severe for the government, as he has been the spokesman in the house of commons for the colonial office, and was one of the younger men in line for promotion.
Three members of the cabinet, Winston Spencer Churchill, president of the board of trade; Sydney Charles Buxton, postmaster-general, and Walter Runciman, president of the board of education, retain their seats. Mr. Churchill, with his Labor colleague, A. Wickie, substantially increasing the majority recently given by Dundee.
Sir W. S. Dobson, the attorney-general, also holds his old seat for South Shields.
T. P. O'Connor's grip on the Scotland division of Liverpool was so strong that the increase of 600 which he received over his big majority of four years ago.

Unionists' Successes.

In the other party, among the prominent men who go back to Westminster are the Rt. Hon. A. Lyttleton, Sir George's Hanover-square; John S. Harmond Banner, for the Everton division of Liverpool; H. L. W. Lawson, son of Lord Burnham, who captured the Mile End seat which he held before 1906, and which he once occupied as a Liberal; and J. K. Foster, a prominent writer on fiscal questions, who won against Silas Hocking, the novelist, in Coventry, which was previously represented by another literary man, A. E.

Continued on Page 7.

PROFESSES A PLAN TO CURB THE COMBINES

Mackenzie King Would Give Judges Power to Call for a Court of Enquiry.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—In the house this afternoon, Hon. Mackenzie King, minister of labor, introduced his bill to provide "for the investigation of combines, monopolies, trusts and mergers, which may enhance prices or restrict competition to the detriment of consumers."

"It is believed," said Mr. King, "that the bill will afford a ready and convenient means whereby parties who have reason to believe that any combination is unduly enhancing prices or unfairly restricting competition, will be able to obtain an investigation, and an effective remedy against any evils which may be found to exist."

"This is sought to obtain in the first place by providing that six or more persons who feel that a combine exists, and that prices have been enhanced or competition restricted by reasons of such combine to the detriment of the consumer, may make application to a judge of the high court for an order to grant an investigation of such a combine."

"The judge may call before him witnesses, but all that it is necessary for him to assure himself of, before granting the order, is that a prima facie case has been made out."

Call for a Board.
When the judge issues an order for an investigation, the order is directed to the minister of the department, and the minister then calls upon each of the parties concerned to name a member of the board of investigation. The act in this particular procedure along lines somewhat similar to the procedure under the industrial investigation act.

The complainant and the parties accused are called upon to name representatives on the board and the two men thus chosen confer together with the view of selecting a chairman, who in this case must be a judge of the courts.

The board thus constituted shall have all the powers of a court of record. After due investigation the board must draw up a report and submit that report to the minister, who thru the Official Gazette and to distribute copies to the press, if desired.

Publicity As a Cure.

"There are certain classes of evils in the remedying of which it is believed publicity is the most effective remedy. It may not be that publicity will in all cases prove an effective remedy, but in industrial matters it has many times in the past proven to be effective. While this act provides machinery of a nature calculated to let in the light on the working of large corporations, the legislation does not rely entirely upon publicity to bring about the desired remedy."

There are other remedies proposed, one of them being a system of control in connection with such articles as are protected by the tariff. The act in this particular gives authority to the governor-general in council, where the reports show that prices have been unduly enhanced or that competition is being unfairly restricted to a particular trade or commerce, to make an order to remove the tariff altogether.

Control of Patents.

"Then there is another class of combination which it is hoped this measure may be the means of preventing. I refer to the case of persons holding a patent, and in section seven of the act there is a provision that in any case where the exclusive rights he controlled so as to unduly limit the manufacture or supply of such articles in a manner that injures trade or commerce, such patent shall be liable to be revoked."

"Then there is a further clause which provides that in the event of its being found that an combination unduly enhancing the price or unfairly restricting competition, and if the guilty party persists in the conduct which has been reported against, then in such case he is liable to indictment and to a penalty not exceeding \$1000 for each day after the expiration of ten days from the date of the publication of the report of the board in 'The Canadian Gazette' that the parties continue to offend."

SENT CABLE TO THE KING

Testifying to the Loyalty of 200,000 French-Canadians.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Representative French-Canadians from all parts of Ontario assembled here today for the opening of the French-Canadian Educational Congress, which has for its object the establishment of a management of bilingual schools in the French-Canadian sections of the province, the encouragement of French in the north, and the promotion of temperance among the lumbermen of the shanties. Among those present are Hon. Dr. Reame and Messrs. Aubin, Morel, Racine and Phampano. Mr. Phampano said that a French-Canadian newspaper for Ontario was proposed. Senator Belcourt was elected president of the congress, and a cable message was sent to the King, declaring that 200,000 French-Canadians in the Province of Ontario begged his majesty to accept their tribute of loyalty and homage to his person, and the assurance of their absolute devotion to his empire. A cable message was also sent to the Pope, praying for his blessing.



The bad Radical Boy and the Busy B's.

Another Election Within Year

(Special Cable to The World.) LONDON, Eng., Jan. 18.—The elections are proceeding exactly along the course foreshadowed in previous cables to The World. The Liberals are holding their seats exceedingly well considering the lavish expenditure of time and money on the part of the Unionists to make the clean sweep which has not happened.

There have been regrettable losses on both sides, many promising and established parliamentarians being momentarily compelled to exercise patience and hope till next time.

Ecclesiastical influences have resulted in Unionist victories in cathedral cities, including York, where Hamar-Crookwood has just failed of re-election by a small majority. Will Crooks (Labor) has obtained the advantage of Unionism. On the other hand, Lord Robert Cecil at Blackburn and other well-known Unionists elsewhere have dropped out.

London constituencies have remained fairly faithful to Liberalism, although none have reverted to their normal complexion of Unionism.

Present indications point to a majority for Liberalism, with the Irish holding the balance of power. The county constituencies will show to the advantage of Unionism. It is certain that the Liberal propaganda has the strongest hold on the bulk of the electorate.

Politicians are beginning to predict another election within a year.

OBEDIENCE IN SIX MONTHS OR FORFEIT FRANCHISE OF LIBERAL OPPOSITION

President Ontario Agricultural College Favored by Party Managers.

Prof. George C. Creelman, for leader of the Liberal party in the Ontario legislature. This is the latest whisper of the fringe political world, and it is accompanied by the statement that the Liberal managers in Toronto are seriously discussing the succession, having, as The World stated the other day, been assured that Mr. MacKay will drop out during or immediately after the coming session of the house, to give the party a free hand in the appointment of a new leader.

It is understood that Mr. Creelman is to be approached on the subject, and those who know him best say he would not be disinclined to enter politics. The World's informant states that Dr. J. A. Macdonald would be the first choice of the party, but he has informed during or immediately after the coming session of the house, to give the party a free hand in the appointment of a new leader.

For these reasons the city asked the right to cancel the agreement and take possession of the entire plant on these conditions: Within 60 days after the passing of an act empowering expropriation, or such time as the city council should determine, the city engineer should furnish the company with a time-table and the company be given six months to provide the service as therein specified. The company should also be given six months to lay down such lines and extensions as asked for by the city engineer, and in default of the carrying out of such orders, the city council on a two-thirds vote could cancel the agreement.

LOCAL OPTION FAILS IN B.C.

Unless They Gain Large Number of Ballots That Were Rejected.

VICTORIA, B.C., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Local option has failed in British Columbia under the plebiscite taken simultaneously with the recent general provincial elections.

The return gives 22,414 as the total affirmative, or 1.88 per cent. 12,318 ballots were cast directly against, while 2,201 ballots were rejected as spoiled and are now under review.

TWO RECORDERS.

MATHESON, Jan. 18.—(From The Man Up There.)—The government will open a recorder's office at Porcupine and also at Matheson. The Porcupine townsite is being arranged.

HORSES MUST RACE TO MAIN-TAIN SPEED

And If There is No Betting, Then Racing Would Die—Evidence Before House Committee.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—The special house committee on H. H. Miller's bill to wipe out the clause in the Criminal Code which permits betting on race courses, and to make more stringent the prohibitions of betting elsewhere, held its first sifting this morning, and was faced by a strong array of talent, representing interests that would be injuriously affected by the passage of the bill in its present terms.

Mr. Miller presided and all the members were present except F. D. Monk of Jacques Cartier, W. E. Raney, K. C. H. E. Irwin, K. C., and Rev. Dr. Shearer, all of Toronto, appeared in support of the bill. In the opposition, J. H. Moss, K. C., appeared for the Canadian Thoroughbred Horse Society; Leighton McCarthy, K. C., for the Ontario Jockey Club; F. Meredith, K. C., for the Montreal Jockey Club; J. L. Counsell for the Hamilton Jockey Club and G. E. Powell for the British Columbia Thoroughbred Association. Other interests, including that of the harness horses, thru Hartley Dewart, K. C., and A. D. Sam McBrice of Toronto, are expected to be invited to-morrow to the forces of the opposition.

Mr. Raney was added to call Rev. Dr. Shearer to open the evidence, but as his testimony is to consist chiefly in putting in documents and expatiating on the moral standpoint, it was decided to take up other evidence first.

To Make Betting Illegal.
Mr. Raney said the bill sought to make all bookmaking, on or off the track, illegal, and to prohibit the business of the tout or the tipster, as well as the publication by papers of racing odds and advertisements called for. He said the bill would be opposed with the object of preventing the movement on the part of a bookmaker at a race track to keep within the law should be wiped out.

The traces in the Canadian racing associations he divided into two classes. The Woodbine was essentially a social and sporting event, with race betting on the side, managed by strong men and Canadians. The Fort Erie, Windsor and British Columbia tracks, he said, were business propositions, so-called, controlled by foreigners. On the one side, he said, he was opposed with the object of preventing the control of Windsor and British Columbia tracks he accepted correction, and withdrew the statement. He added that while admitting a genuine sporting and horse interest at Woodbine, Hamilton and Montreal, all the tracks were on the same basis under the law.

The bill would, he said, deprive the morning sittings were Dr. Rutherford of Ottawa and Dr. Quin of Brampton, the evidence of the latter not being concluded when the sitting ended.

Dominion Veterinarians' Evidence.
Dr. Rutherford is the Dominion Live Stock Commissioner and Veterinary Director-General. He has had many years of experience as a breeder and manager of breeding establishments in Canada and the States. His evidence was of the most direct and positive kind as to the absolute necessity of thoroughbred blood in raising to preserve the desirable qualities of that blood. He said in effect:

EX-MAYOR QUILTS KIRK

Writes Rev. Dr. Milligan, Asking for Membership Certificate.

Ex-Mayor Oliver has quit the Kirk. With Sunday night's episode ranking in his breast he yesterday indited a letter to Pastor Dr. Milligan asking for the acceptance of his resignation from the membership and board of management of Old St. Andrew's.

SOCIALIST KICKS AT DEPOSIT

And Will Try to Force Montreal to Take Him Without.

MONTREAL, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Albert St. Martin, the Montreal Socialist leader, wants to be a candidate for the board of control, but he does not want to put up the required deposit of \$200, and because the city officials will not accept his papers without the cash, Mr. Martin will apply to-morrow for a writ of mandamus, compelling the city to accept his papers.

FARMER KILLED BY TRAIN

His Sleigh Was Smashed at a Level Crossing.

HARRISTON, Jan. 18.—Donald Davidson, a well-to-do farmer, living one mile west of Harriston, was instantly killed by the Southampton express this evening.

RUBBER MEN CONFER

Dealers from Coast to Coast Wait on Manufacturers.

MONTREAL, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—From 50 to 60 rubber dealers, mostly jobbers, met here to-day, coming from Halifax to Vancouver. They had several interviews with manufacturers, but it was emphatically denied this evening that the question of prices for the year had been considered, that matter not to come up for a couple of months.

BRYAN TO RUN IN 1912.

OMAHA, Jan. 18.—William J. Bryan will be a candidate for president in 1912. The announcement was made this afternoon by The Omaha Bee, which attributes the statement to Richard L. Metcalf, editor of Mr. Bryan's Commonwealth.

Publicity is as essential to business life as is breath to physical well-being. Advertise or suffocate. Make The Toronto World a part of your publicity plan—it will prove "the breath of life" to any man's business.