LEFT AS GUNNER IN OLD 6TH BATTERY; WOUNDED; ARRIVED HOME WITH "TWO STARS UP"

Lieut. Goldstone Brings About 100 Western Ontario Lads Back Last Night—Were Snowbound in Quebec For 12 Hours—Crossed on Canada.

Returned men to the number of nearly a hundred off the steamship Canada which docked at Halifax last Sunday reached the city last evening on the Grand Trunk punctually at 8 o'clock.

Only about twenty were for this city, the remainder being ticketed for other points in Western Ontario and the United States. Of those whose homes are across the border the majority, given the option of remaining for a couple of days to secure their discharge or of proceeding to their homes and returning for discharge at the end of two weeks, chose the latter alternative.

The party was in charge of Lieut. R. G. Goldstone of this city, who went overseas as a gunner with the 6th Field Battery under the command of Col. Wood Leonard. He served at the front from early in 1915 until the battle of Vimy Ridge, where he was wounded. He was then sent to England, and after receiving treatment in hospitals there, returned to France as a wireless operator. An attack of pleurisy resulted in a return to England, where he received his commission as a lieutenant. He was about to return to the fighting front when he suffered a relapse and double pneumonia set in. He is only now convalescent.

Two Windsor men, comrades in the 99th Battalion, of that city, and afterwards "buddies" in France, returned together in the party. They were Ptes. Sam Moore and Frank Wood. Both of them saw thirty months of actual fighting service. Moore was wounded during the Somme fighting, but Wood came through without a scratch, although on one occasion he was buried under part of a trench parapet, which was struck by a shell, and the shock resulted in a slight impediment in his speech, which still persists.

Moore Was a Bomber.

Moore was a bomber, and in that capacity saw some exciting times. Both men were still at the front when the armistice was signed. Moore, who had been transferred to a railway unit, went no further than Cambrai, as the Germans had not stopped to pull up track in their retreat beyond that point, and the railway troops were no longer needed.

Wood went as far as Mons, and was then sent back to England as a result of the arch of one of his feet falling, making it impossible for him to stand marching for any considerable distance.

Pte. Hyman Goldberg, a Detroit boy, enlisted in St. Thomas in February, 1917, and was sent overseas with a draft to reinforce the 18th Battalion, with which he served at the front for a year and three months. He also came through the fighting without a wound, and was still going strong whe. the Canadians entered Mons. An attack of "flu," however, resulted in his being sent to Blighty without having had an opportunity to see Germany, a fact which he said he deeply regretted.

Samuel P. Hyatt, whose home is in Washington, D. C., enlisted in London and went overseas with the Canadian Railway Troops. He took part in the retreat last spring, and he stated that the Germans came on so fast that railway troops, labor units and other work corps were ordered armed and trained in the use of rifle fire and bayonet work. On one occasion, he said, the enemy pressed his unit so closely that it was actually surrounded and had to fight its way out with picks and shovels as its only weapons of defence and offence.

Detroit Man Hit.

Pte. James Moore of Detroit, went overseas with one of the first drafts from the W. O. R. He reached the front before the fighting finished and was wounded at Cambrai.

A considerable proportion of the men in the party were sent back to England from the front as being too old for front line service. These, without exception, expressed deep disgust that they were not allowed to stay and "see it out."

Those of the party who lived elsewhere than in the city and who were not going out until tomorrow or later were taken to Tecumseh Barracks in automobiles, and there given a hot supper. Addresses of welcome were given by members of the Soldiers' Aid Commission and ministers of the various denominations which are active in extending to the returned veterans the hand of welcome.

Snowdrifts Delayed Them.

At the station the crowd was not quite so large as usual. The band of the C. G. R. and a bodyguard from that unit were in attendance. The incoming men said they were delayed for about twelve hours in Quebec Province by snowdrifts, and that a great many snowplows had to be used before the train was able to continue its journey. They were delayed in England somewhat also, as a result of the labor trouble. Most of them were expecting to sail two weeks before they actually did leave England. The voyage itself, they described, as being a very pleasant one. Only one day of bad weather was experienced, the accommodation was good and the food excellent.

NO TONIC LIKE HOOD'S

Sarsaparilla for a Time Like This, After Influenza, the Grip.

When purified blood, rebuilt strength and regulated bowels are essential.

In the after-effects of influenza, the grip, and other prostrating diseases, Hood's Sarsaparilla has remarkable health-helping effect.

It expels the poisons that have weakened and depleted the blood, causing pallor, anaemia, flabby flesh and lax muscles. It is the standard blood remedy, with a successful record of nearly fifty years.

Many people—it is really astonishing how many—need a fine, gentle, easy cathartic in these trying times. We recommend Hood's Pills, used in the best families, and equally effective with delicate women or robust men.

RELIANCE Garage

SERVICE Station

SOMEONE BLUNDERED, SO PENSION SCHEME FOR MOTHER MISSED

Question Not Brought Up As Promised.

TO BE DECIDED FRIDAY

The Mayor Promises Welfare Worker Definite Information by That Day.

There is a new mystery in city hall circles this morning which as yet has not been cleared up. One of the questions that was to have been taken up by No. 1 committee on Wednesday regarding a grant to enable a deserted mother to retain the care of her children in her own home was not mentioned at all.

Miss H. Keene, who has been taking an active interest in the case, called Mayor C. R. Somerville this morning to ask what action had been taken. She was promised that some definite information regarding the question would be forthcoming on Friday.

After consulting with City Clerk S. Baker, who said he knew nothing of the request, Mayor C. R. Somerville decided that the blame might be attached to Ald. S. R. Manness or himself. He thought that the alderman should take the responsibility for not bringing the subject to the attention of the other members of the committee.

At all events these two city legislators knew of the request, and Miss Keene says she was promised that it would be brought before No. 1 committee, and this was not done.

Ald. S. R. Manness, when spoken to on the question, said that it was not his place to bring the subject up before the committee. He was told that Mayor Somerville jokingly laid the blame on him. "I was in the office when Miss Keene and Miss B. Friend were talking, but they were speaking to the mayor not to me," said Ald. Manness.

GIVES COMMISSION ON VICTORY BONDS TO CITY CHARITIES

Military Team Donates $50 to Children's Aid Society.

A check for $50, part of the commission received by the men in khaki selling Victory bonds at military headquarters has been donated to the Children's Aid Society. Grateful acknowledgment of this gift is made by Superintendent Joseph Sanders, who has received along with the check a letter from Major Emmerton as follows:

"Please accept check for $50, to be devoted to the Children's Aid Society, this amount being part of the commission received on Victory bonds purchased by military headquarters, London."

The commission received by the military team in the last Victory loan campaign is being divided among various charities.

Former Londoner Died in Detroit

Jas. Alldis Had Many Relatives in This City.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

DETROIT, Feb. 26.—James Alldis, a former well-known resident of London, but who has made his home in Detroit for some time, died tod. after brief illness. Besides his wid., he is survived by two sons, Frederick L. and Albert E. Alldis, and three daughters, Mrs. Frank Wright, Miss Emma Alldis and Mrs. Robert Pierce, all of whom reside in London. Interment will take place here.

SERVICE

THE WEATHER.

Lakes and Georgian Bay—Light local snow, but mostly fair and cold.

We like that word. It embodies the ideals of the present generation. In our relations to the public we try to live up to it. Limited only by the bounds of possibility, we deliver to you, for your convenience and comfort, gas if you want it, when you want it, and in such quantities as you want it. There is no obligation on you to take a single foot, but we must always have it ready. In summer you use so little that the returns do not pay our operating expenses. In winter you need five to ten times as much. The equipment necessary to handle the greatest demand is idle and unused ninety per cent of the time. But we install and maintain it in order to give you SERVICE.

Although Natural Gas Is Cheap, Do Not Waste It—the Supply Is Not Everlasting.

Southern Ontario Gas Co., Ltd.

MAKING HER DEBUT IN TORONTO TONIGHT

Advertiser Illustrations

MISS RUTH ALLAN YOUNG, coloratura soprano of remarkable range, who gives a recital in the Foresters' Hall, Toronto, this evening. Miss Young, who is a pupil of Signor Carboni, is a former London girl, the daughter of William Allan Young, who was for many years a wholesale jeweler here.

Miss Young can sing a tone higher than Tettrazzine, and has received great praise from noted artists who have heard her in private.

KITCHENER MAN NOT DESERTER, DECLARES POLICE MAGISTRATE

Blames Military Authorities for Allowing Purchase of Discharge.

Strongly condemning the military authorities who allowed discharges from the army to be bought before conscription was enforced, Magistrate A. H. M. Graydon allowed William J. Wall of Kitchener, charged with desertion, his freedom at today's police court session.

Very few of the actual facts in the case had the rays of publicity turned on them in open court. For half an hour before the magistrate mounted the bench he was in session in his office with William Lane, who was prosecuting Wall for the Dominion Police, and W. R. Meredith, counsel for the defence.

Mr. Meredith stated that Wall had enlisted some time before conscription had been in force, but that owing to family affairs, Wall's mother had bought his discharge. He also was exempted till the end of navigation, 1917, and had never received any notice to report for military service. He thought it would be a hardship to convict the young fellow.

Mr. Graydon stated that after hearing all the evidence he, too, thought so.

"This is the first case of its kind that has come to my notice," he said. "It is a most unfortunate thing that a man could buy his discharge. The military authorities are to blame for allowing such a condition of affairs. I don't think I can find this man guilty under the circumstances."

The magistrate asked Major J. Hirsch of the Military Police if the militia had any use for Wall, and on his reply in the negative, allowed Wall his freedom.

One lonely and unfortunate drunk was fined $10 and costs.

PERMANENT FORCE TO HAVE COMPANY STATIONED IN CITY

May Be Either R. C. R. or the Princess Pats.

Routine orders, received at local military headquarters from Ottawa, contain a paragraph stating that the permanent force is to be re-established in Canada, and that the force is to be 5,000 strong. London, it is expected, as before the war, will be assigned as the headquarters of a company, but whether the R. C. R. will have a company here again or not, or whether this district will have an entirely new unit is not officially stated.

A dispatch from Montreal states that the Princess Pats will form part of the re-established permanent force, and that a company of this unit will probably be stationed in London. Officials of the local headquarters staff declared today that they had no official information on that point.

PALE-CHEEKED GIRLS, TIRED-OUT WOMEN QUICKLY BUILT UP

Wonderful Record Made by New Blood-Food Remedy.

Certain Results Guaranteed.

Pale people have pale blood.

In other words, the blood is watery and lacks red corpuscles.

The stomach is wrong.

Assimilation is poor and food is not changed into blood. Naturally the system is robbed of vitality, lacks strength and reconstructive power.

Don't slip from vigor into weakness. Don't allow the appetite to fail, but instead use Ferrozone.

You're bound to feel rejuvenated and strengthened at once.

Appetite is braced up, digestion is stimulated, vigor imparted to the stomach. Everything you eat is transformed into nutriment that supplies what your thin, weak system needs.

Vital, life-giving blood that makes rosy cheeks and dancing eyes—that's the kind that Ferrozone makes.

The strength and buoyancy that defies depression and tiredness, that's the sort you get with Ferrozone.

Every pale woman can transform her bleached-out appearance with Ferrozone.

Not only will it improve looks and spirits, but by rebuilding all weak, tired organs, Ferrozone establishes a soundness of health that's surprising.

For women and girls who want to feel well, to look well, to be well, and stay well, nothing known in the annals of medicine is so certain as Ferrozone.

Won't you try Ferrozone?

Concentrated cure in tablet form, that's Ferrozone, 50c per box or six for $2.50, at all dealers, or direct by mail from The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

CENTRAL STATION FOR EXPERIMENTAL WORK WITH FLAX IS WANTED IN ONTARIO

S. F. Glass, M. P., Moves For Government's Support.

HAS OTHER SUGGESTIONS

Looking to Encouragement and Development of Great New Industry.

Following is the full text of the resolution presented to the House of Commons on Wednesday by S. F. Glass, M.P., concerning the development of the flax industry:

Moved by S. F. Glass: That in the opinion of this House the impetus given to the extension and development of fibre flax production in Canada has achieved results which justify further serious consideration, co-operation and encouragement by the Government, and to this end it is desirable,

First—That a modern experimental and demonstrative station should be established at the most convenient and central point within the area where flax for fibre is being produced, so that growers may be advised and educated in the most modern and improved methods of retting, scutching and generally preparing their fibre for the market.

Get Best Machinery.

Second—That improved mechanical appliances and equipment being necessary for the economic harvesting of the crop, as well as for the preparation of fibre, constant watchfulness should be exercised by the Government to insure that Canadian growers may be supplied with most modern machinery for harvesting and scutching, and instructed in the newest and best method of retting.

Third—That in order to secure full economic value to the grower, it is desirable that the Government should establish a system of grading and standards consistent and consonant (in so far as possible) with continental standards, so that the world's best markets may be available for our exportable surplus.

Quality First.

Fourth—That Canadian farmers, urged by the stress of war and the Empire's insistent needs for increased porduction, having increased their fibre flax acreage more than eighteen-fold, at a time when the world's markets were at their highest figures, have thus developed a source of natural resource which has materially added to the value of our agricultural wealth; not only so, but have demonstrated in the world's markets that Canadian flax fibre is equal in quality to best continental standards, and superior to any produced in Russia, which hitherto produced 75 per cent of the world's supply; therefore, in view of these results attained, the Government should jealously guard the interests of growers and lend such co-operation as may be necessary to increase production and to encourage by every means possible the full development of its manufacture from the field to the loom, so as to obtain the full economic value of the production to the country.

CHICKENPOX LEADING COMMUNICABLE DISEASE

Fourteen new cases of communicable diseases were reported to the board of health during the past week, ending February 22, these including four of chickenpox, one of diphtheria, two diphtheria suspects, one each of scarlet fever, tuberculosis and whooping cough, and four of venereal diseases. This gave a total of 31 cases in isolation at the end of the week, a comparatively small number for this time of the year, it is stated.

A year ago London was in the throes of a measles epidemic, which made the number of patients in quarantine much larger than at the present time. Not a single case of either measles or German measles is reported in the city.

QUERIES REGARDING MILITARY SERVICE

Address Your Problems to the Military Editor of The Advertiser and They Will Be Answered From Official Information.

K. A. Q.—1. I was granted leave of absence from the military authorities until my class was to be called, prior to which time I was in the army seven months in November, 1918. Will I receive a demobilization discharge?

2. If so, when?

3. Am I entitled to the $35 civilian clothing allowance usually given on discharge?

A.—1. Yes.

2. You will be sent a printed form to be filled in and returned to the military authorities when your discharge will be completed without necessitating your appearance before the authorities at London. This form will be sent to you in the near future, as demobilization is being carried out in this manner.

3. The military authorities have announced to The London Advertiser that cases such as the above will be dealt with on their individual merits, and it rests with the military authorities whether you receive this allowance or not. Further than this there is no official information available at this office regarding same.

B. J. M. Q.—1. Are single A2 men in England being brought home now?

2. Will all the troops in England be brought home before the men in France or Germany?

3. Are farmers in the first class to return?

A.—The policy of the Canadian overseas military authorities is to return from England all Canadian soldiers whose services are no longer required, regardless of category, in order to make way for the demobilization of divisions serving at the front. However, volunteers are being demoblized first and returned to Canada, their places being filled where required by draftees, and hence it may be some time yet ere the latter soldiers are returned to this country.

2. No. A competent staff (clerks, etc.) must be maintained in England to facilitate demobilization of the Canadians now serving in Belgium, and this staff will be the last of all to be returned to Canada.

3. There has been no announcement made here regarding the early return from overseas of farmers, but it is expected that arrangements for their release and return to Canada (bona fide farmers) will be announced by the military authorities in the near future.

G. L. W. Q.—My husband enlisted in July, 1915, and proceeded with his battalion to Quebec. He was discharged in March, 1916. Is he entitled to any post-discharge pay for service in Canada?

A.—No. Regulations under the war service gratuitiy state that there is no gratuity payable to Canadian soldiers who did not serve in an actual theatre of the war, if they were not in the Canadian army on the date of the signing of the armistice, November 11, 1918.

CREDITON. J.—1. I received notice to report at London for discharge on January 9, but being unable to report in person at the time I took the alternative of completing papers before a notary public and returning same. As yet I have not received my discharge certificate. How long will I be obliged to await same?

2. Am I entitled to the $35 civilian clothing allowance, having entered the army on May 17, 1918, and receiving harvest leave on August 29, leave having been extended indefinitely since then?

A.—1. In connection with demobilization by the military authorities, it is a tremendous task, and your discharge may not be completed for some time, the form which you returned being filed until your discharge is ready for completion. Had you appeared in person your discharge would have been carried out immediately. However, it is likely that your release from the service will be sent you in the near future, and it would not be advisable for you to write to the military authorities regarding the delay.

2. The military authorities here have announced recently to The London Advertiser that cases such as the above will be dealt with on their indevidual merits, period of service, etc., being taken into consideration when this allowance is given. It rests with the decision of the military authorities whether you receive the $35 or not, and further than this, there is no information available at this office. After wading through thousands of military queries, such legible writing as that in your query is refreshing.

GRAND BEND. Q.—(1) My son is in the 4th Canadian Reserve Battalion at Witley, having enlisted in June, 1918. Can you tell me when he will be sent home?

(2) Will he be detained in England until the drafted men are returned to Canada?

A.—(1) No. It is presumed by your query that your son voluntarily enlisted, and as it is the policy of the overseas military authorities to reutrn all volunteers to Canada first, filling their places where required with draftees it is quite likely that your son will be sent home for discharge in the near future.

(2) No. That is, of course, provided that he is a volunteer; if not he will be returned with other drafted men.

L. C. L. Q. I enlisted on September 6, 1915, and went overseas with the 70th Battalion on April 21, 1916. I went to France to the 18th Battalion in August, 1916, and was returned to England as a minor. I came to Canada on February 27, 1918. Am I entitled to any war service gratuity, as I was discharged on May 9, 1918, as my mother claimed me out?

A.—Regulations under the war service gratuity state that "no man of the naval or land forces of Canada, or his dependents, shall be entitled to the gratuity aforesaid if he has been discharged at his own request, or at the request of his parents or guardians, on the ground that he was under age (unless the director of naval service, or the paymaster-general, militia and defence, otherwise determines)." From the above it is readily seen that it rests with the decision of the paymaster-general whether this soldier receives war gratuity or not. The best course to pusue would be to obtain an application form for war service gratuity from the district paymaster, Wolseley Barracks, fill same in and return to him, when it will be forwarded to Ottawa.

CURES CATARRH, BRONCHITIS WITHOUT ANY DRUGS

If you suffer from a cold, sneezing or catarrh—don't use a snuff—use a sensible treatment like Catarrhozone. It heals and soothes, brings relief at once, cures thoroughly. In bronchitis and throat trouble no doctor can do better than prescribe Catarrhozone. Try it—see what wonders it works—what power it possesses. Different from the old way—you inhale Catarrhozone. Get the dollar outfit which includes the inhaler and is guaranteed. Smaller size 50c, sample size 25c, at all dealers.

FACTORY WORKERS AND "HIRED GIRLS" ARE REALLY SCARCE

On the Other Hand, Office Help Is Plentiful.

Making round pegs fit square holes, or something to that effect, is the kind of problem by which the superintendent of the Women's Government Employment Bureau is faced a good share of the time. For example, she has a number of factory positions to fill, manufacturers having made application for help. How is she going to do it when scarcely a girl or woman has applied for a factory position, while there are numbers on the list who are qualified stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, pay roll clerks and so on. It is just about as difficult a puzzle to solve as the hoary headed proposition of fitting thirteen guests into twelve rooms, giving each a room.

At the present time, the factory positions seem to be the ones which are going a-begging along with domestic help billets. On the other hand, there seems to be no lack of office workers here, with openings for them few and far between.

An idea of the equipment for service of the young women applying for positions may be gained from the fact that at least one has passed her examinations as an actuary, while others have held positions for a length of time as assistant and head bookkeepers.

Workers by the day are increasing in number as applicants, these ranging all the way from the charwoman, who volunteers only to scrub or do washing, to the woman of education and experience who is capable of taking charge of arrangements for an afternoon tea or other entertainment.

But, so far as the Employment Bureau is concerned, the old type of domestic helper who "hired" by the month, is as rare as a bird of paradise in this climate.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c. w

THREE TRANSPORTS TO DOCK DURING NEXT WEEK

According to word received by the Returned Soldiers' Information Bureau at the Armories from Ottawa, the steamship Baltic is to dock at Halifax on March 2 with 3 officers and 150 other ranks on board. The steamship Cassandra will dock at St. John, N. B., on March 3, with 1 officer and 100 other ranks. The hospital ship Essequibo will dock at Portland, Maine, on March 4, with convalescent 14 other ranks, amputations 8, and other cases officers 1 and other rangs 28, a total of 51 men on board.

PREMIER PADEREWSKI RECEIVES CONFIDENCE VOTE IN POLISH DIET

Thirty Socialists Out of Total Membership of 400 Disapprove.

Warsaw, Feb. 27.—(By the Associated Press).—The Diet yesterday concluded its discussion of Premier Paderewski's statement of the 19th, concerning the situation of Poland and asking for a vote of confidence in the ministry. A vote of confidence was given the premier by acclamation, only the Socialists remaining seated. The Socialists, however, numbered only thirty in the membership of 400.

20 DROPS RADWAY'S

Ready Relief on a lump of SUGAR dissolved in the mouth for that COUGH that often follows INFLUENZA you will find instant relief.

For HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, PAINS in the CHEST and BACK.

Saturate a flannel cloth in Radway's Ready Relief and lay over the congested part of the lungs or back. As a counter irritant Radway's Ready Relief is much stronger, more convenient and cleaner than the old-fashioned mustard plaster.

A NEW 25c SIZE on the market. Ask for it. Accept no substitute. FOR EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL PAIN

Radway's Ready Relief 70 years tried and true. For Family use.

BLISS Native Herb Tablets

For Rheumatism

This painful malady is the direct result of a poisonous condition of the blood. It is caused by a disregard of that condition known as constipation. Unless the alimentary tract is kept clean, sweet and wholesome the food ferments, decays and causes ill-health. Bliss Native Herb Tablets are nature's remedy for righting the system of blood impurities, by maintaining a healthy condition of the liver, kidney and bowels. A box contains 200 tablets, and will last the average family six months. Price $1.00. Be sure and get the genuine and avoid spurious imitations. Look for the money back guarantee on every box, and our trademark.

Sold by leading druggists and local agents in all parts of the world.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

Store Opens at 9 a. m. and Closes at 6 p. m.

February Furniture Sale Ends Saturday

This is the short month, so we will be forgiven if we borrow a day from March, just to have the last family day at this sale, when husband and wife can meet and pleasantly devote the day to the furniture sale. The getting of good, low-priced furniture is about as difficult as anything home-makers undertake. There is more cheap furniture made than any other kind, and some cheap furniture is very cheap, indeed. We inspect the furniture of many factories, but our choice is made from very few. We think the best. It is certainly more substantial and dependable than any we have seen. Newly-married couples—all who are interested in good home and economy—will find in the February sale the best at prices as low as quality will permit. Two days only. Sale closes Saturday at 6 o'clock.

DINING-ROOM SUITE IN FUMED OAK, $75.50.
This suite consists of buffet, 46 inches wide, with one long and two short drawers, and full cupboard, top has mirror back; the round-top extension table extends to six feet and has pedestal base; the set of six (five small and one arm) chairs in solid fumed oak completes this set. February sale price $75.50

DINING-ROOM SUITE—Buffet, extension table and set of six leather-seat diners. February sale price $111.00

SOLID MAHOGANY BEDROOM FURNITURE ALMOST HALF PRICE. ONE ONLY DRESSER AND CHIFFONIER—The dresser is 52 inches wide, has two long and three short drawers, the mirror is 30x44 inches, British bevelled; the chiffonier, to match, is 22x38 inches, with four long and three short drawers, mirror 20x30 inches. February sale price, dresser and chiffonier $135.00

TWO ONLY DRESSERS, genuine walnut, 40 inches wide, with 24x30-inch mirrors. February sale price $33.50

TWO ONLY GENUINE MAHOGANY DRESSING TABLES, three mirrors. February sale price $26.25

One only Ivory Enamelled Bedroom Suite, bed, dresser and dressing table. February sale price $59.00

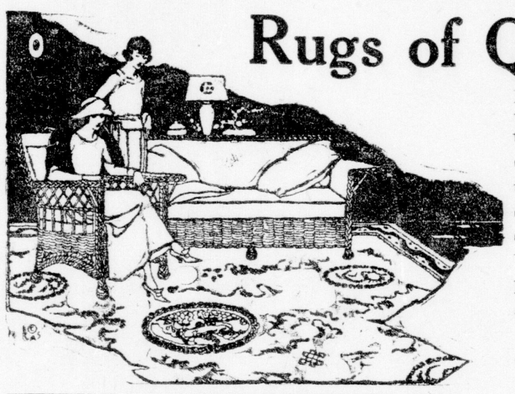
One only Genuine Walnut Chiffonier, with mirror top, one-quarter off. February sale price $29.00

One only Chesterfield, Chair and Rockeor, upholstered in good quality tapestry, fitted with Marshall sanitary cushions, one-quarter off. February sale price $139.00

Two only Tapestry Chairs, with Marshall sanitary cushions. February sale price ..... $26.00 each

One only Settee, Jacobean oak, the seat and back upholstered in tapestry. February sale price $24.75

Next Week Keep Your Afternoons Free
Mrs. Margaret Josephine Blair
Lecturer On Home Economics.
Will return to this store and deliver a new course of lectures on Health, Personal Appearance and the Home Beautiful. First lecture on Monday, March 3, at 3 p.m. Free admission.
Third Floor.



Rugs of Quality Underpriced

Four only French Wilton Rugs, size 9x12 feet. At the present time it is next to impossible to procure rugs of equal quality with these. Price, each $135.00

Two only imported Wilton Rugs, size 9x12 feet, at about half their value. Prices ..... $75.00 and $80.00

Two only Crossley's English Velvet Rugs, seamless, size 9x10 feet 6 inches, dark ground with bright-flowered pattern; less than half their value. Price $35.00

Brussels Rugs, size 9x12 feet. One only in blue, price $28.50.

One only conventional design with light ground pattern. Price $35.00

One only Tapestry Rug, size 9x12 feet. Price $22.50

The above Rugs are a few patterns in size 9x12 feet, of which we have not an assortment of sizes.

SILK STRIPED SHIRTING.
This is a beautiful quality Shirting, made of white pebble cloth, relieved with woven colored stripes and stripes of white silk; choice of three beautiful designs in mauve and blue; will make up into a very dressy shirt for summer wear; high-grade quality at a very reasonable price; 33 inches wide. Special..$1.25 yard
Write for samples. Wash Goods.

Neponset Floor Covering, 79c Sq. Yd.

The sale of Neponset will continue until Saturday, March 1, at **79c a square yard.** Neponset may be had in twenty different patterns, suitable for the several rooms in your house, also for halls and offices.

Carpet Department, Third Floor.

FEBRUARY SALE OF SILVERWARE. MAIN FLOOR.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

FEBRUARY FURNITURE SALE. THIRD FLOOR.