Last Edition.

London Advertiser.

VOL. XXXV., NO. 161. LONDON, CANADA, THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1898. WHOLE NO. 10,824.

Keeping Store

without advertising is not dreamed of by a live business man. Good results are obtained by using The Advertiser.

Births, Marriages, Deaths

DIED.

TYNAN—In this city, on May 4, J. P. Tynan, aged 29 years.

Funeral will leave his late residence, John street, Friday morning, at 9 a.m. Services at St. Peter's Cathedral. 23u

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line, each insertion.

The Kirmess

REPEATED THIS EVENING.

Last night's brilliant events reproduced with new and attractive accessories.

Miss Hayward, Miss Dora Taylor and Miss Hutchinson will sing.

ADMISSION AS USUAL.

Reserved seats at Parker's C. P. R. office or at rink 15 cents extra. b

GRAND CONCERT—DUNDAS CENTER Methodist Church, Tuesday evening next, May 10. Mr. F. Henry Stevens, representative organist at Tasmania International Exposition; Mr. J. Marshall Williams, basso, late of this city, and Master Freddie Ulley, boy soprano at St. James' Methodist Church, Montreal. Admission 25c. b

HENRY VARLEY AT THE AUDITORIUM tonight at 7:45. All welcome. Bible reading each day at 3 o'clock. 21i

ALLAN LINE—PARISIAN SAILS FROM Montreal for Liverpool, via Derry, Saturday, May 14. For tickets and all information apply F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

BICYCLE RIDING TAUGHT AT PALACE Dancing Academy, 476 Richmond street. Full line of bicycles $30 up. Call and see us. We want your patronage. Dayton & McCormick.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY Mr. R. B. Millard, at his residence, 345 Princess avenue. Special attention given to the waltz, two-step, two-step Jersey and the cycle. Satisfaction guaranteed. Lessons any hour.

Meetings.

BOARD OF TRADE—THE ANNUAL meeting of the London Board of Trade will be held on Friday, May 6, at 8 p.m., to receive annual report. Election of officers and committees, and general business. A large attendance is expected. A. B. Greer, president; J. A. Nelles, secretary. 23c

EVANGELISTIC MEETING—FIRST Methodist Church, tonight, 7:45, conducted by Misses Hall. Rev. Dr. Daniel, pastor. Come. 22k

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK AT the Bernard House. 24c

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—Apply to Mrs. Thos. A. Browne, 480 Queen's avenue. 24c

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—Apply 567 Queen's avenue. 24tf

FIRST-CLASS COOK WANTED—APPLY Grigg House. 23c

EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT required at once. Apply Mrs. Gill, No. 2 Cartwright street. 23c

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—SMALL family. Apply 435 Colborne street. 22c

EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRL AT once. Apply Clarence House. 22c

Lost and Found.

LOST—A SILVER-HEADED CANE—Finder rewarded at this office. 23tf

LOST—ON APRIL 29, A GOLD-HEADED cane, between Pottersburg school house and Jabes Medcalf's cottage. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Pottersburg Post-office or this office. W. S. Nelles. 22c

FOUND—GOLD BROOCH, WITH SMALL diamond in center. Owner can have same at this office by paying for this advertisement 22c

Houses, Etc., To Let.

THREE LARGE, FRONT UNFURNISHED rooms to let. 463 Colborne street. 20c tyw

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with twelve rooms, barn, with five acres land, half-acre orchard and other fruits. Very cheap. South London house, with eight rooms and barn, city; house and barn, suitable for butcher, outside city limits. Inquire T. Tambling, 200 Ridout street 96tf tyw

TO LET—UPPER FLAT OVER THE CANADIAN Savings and Loan Co.'s office. 100tf eod

TO LET—PART OF STORE—CORNER OF Richmond and Dundas. Suitable for office or cigar store. Address Box 9, this office. 23c

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—40 ASKIN street, Belt line, bath, furnace, electric light, gas stove, fruit and ornamental trees. Nice home for a small family; $14 per month. Hart Cottam. 3tf

TWO BEAUTIFUL MODERN BEACH cottages, furnished; lovely location, between Toronto and Hamilton. Trains boats, electric cars continually. N. D. Galbraith, Hamilton. 21m

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE, good stable; all modern improvements; No. 576 York street. Apply Joseph Smith, Cigar Manufacturing Company, 288 Dundas street. Immediate possession. 21tf

TO LET—PART OF COTTAGE TO RENT—Apply 352 King street. 19n

TO LET—NICE HOME, WITH ALL THE latest improvements; 110 Elmwood avenue, South London; rent low. Apply Kilgour's furniture warerooms. 14bu

TO LET—NO. 411 KING STREET—TWO-STORY brick. Excellent situation. Rent low. Apply 409 King street. 12tf

TO LET—COVERED MOVING VANS. Pianos and furniture carefully removed. H. Porter & Co., 97 Carling street. Phone 1,162.

TO LET—BRICK COTTAGE—MODERN improvements, High street, south Wellington. Apply Wm. A. Gunn. 7tf

TO LET—213 QUEEN'S AVENUE—NEW. 25 rooms, bath, furnace, electric light, double parlors, etc. Apply to Dr. Kingsmill, corner Park and Queen's avenues. 6tf

OFFICE TO LET—ON FIRST FLAT, MASONIC Temple Building. Apply to F. B. Leys, Masonic Temple. 98tf

Shorthand.

You can learn it. It will pay you. If you have a good education we can secure you a good

Situation

when competent. During present week we placed Miss Bennett as stenographer for McBride & Farncombe, architects, city. For terms apply

W. C. COO, C.S.R.,

ywt 76 DUNDAS STREET

HAVE A TALK WITH US

about the wisdom of protecting your home and providing for your old age by carrying that endowment policy. You can secure just the contract to suit you from us. It will cost you nothing to get the information.

The Ontario Mutual Life

C. E. GERMAN, General Agent.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND TWO LOTS—Good fruit trees and garden. Apply 85 Center street, West London, or Parke & Purdom, barristers. 70tf ywt

FARM FOR SALE—100-ACRES—GOOD buildings. For particulars apply to J. W. G. Winnett, 420 Talbot street. ywt

2 COTTAGES ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS. Splendid 2-story house at a bargain. A number of choice building lots. Call for particulars.

J. F. Sangster, 403 Richmond street.

Wanted.

LONDON CARPET CLEANING WORKS—Carpets taken up and cleaned by latest process. Carpets altered, refitted and laid. All work promptly attended to. Estimates given on application. James S. Shaw, 142 Wortley road. Telephone 569 or send a card.

WANTED — THREE HUNDRED GOOD second-hand overcoats. Highest price paid. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to.

Articles For Sale.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND-HAND BICYCLES, lady's and gentleman's, in good repair, at 434 English street, F. W. Harding. 23c

BASEBALLS AND BATS—IN FACT, anything you want for summer sports. R. V. S. SAUNDERS, 650 Dundas street, East London.

4 POUNDS PORK SAUSAGE, 25 CENTS, 2 pounds 14 cents; superior brand hams, bacon, lard; also butter, eggs, cheese, poultry. At Gavin Park's, corner Market Lane and Market Square.

MILL WOOD AND SAWDUST FOR SALE—The Columbia Handle Co., Adelaide street. Phone 1,229.

STEAM VALVES, STOP COCKS (IRON and brass), water taps of all kinds. Smith Bros., 265 Dundas street. w

BICYCLE SUNDRIES, RUBBER CEMENT cork grips, bicycles enameled and general repairing at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 374 Richmond street.

ARE YOU LOSING YOUR HAIR?—Dandruff and falling hair lead to baldness. Hairlene grows hair by nourishing roots and cleansing scalp. One application stops falling hair. Hairlene encourages growth of new hair and strengthens the old. Price $1 per bottle. Sent promptly, prepaid, by express, on receipt of price. J. Harris, 224 Waterloo street. 16 ywt

STEWART'S STOVES, RANGES, STEEL ovens are perfect workers. We give estimates on iron roofs, iron eavestroughs, hot air furnaces. Jas. Thompson, 424 Richmond street. ywt

FOR SALE WILLIAMS' STRAWBERRY plants, $3 per 1,000. Horace Smith, Byron, Ont. 16h ywt

KEENE'S, MASONIC TEMPLE, IS THE cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand.

ENGINE FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—Thirty horse-power; can be run at ninety revolutions; is in capital order; can be had at a very low figure. Address Engine, care Advertiser Office. 56tf&62tf

ELECTRIC BELLS, MEDICAL BATTERIES, etc., repaired at moderate prices; also special electrical and experimental work. R. M. Millar, Victoria Buildings (opposite City Hall). 5tf

BICYCLE SUNDRIES, CEMENT AND rubber. Bicycle repairing a specialty at Hutchinson's, 651 Dundas street.

CATALANO & SANSONE—FRESH BANANAS have commenced to arrive daily. Could give very low price on quantities (whole sale or retail); lemons and oranges also. 305 Dundas street.

Musical Instruction.

DR. W. L. SMITH—OFFICE, 619 RICHMOND street, London. Specialist in Piles, Ulcers, Tumors, Fissure, Fistula, Pruritis and all Rectal Diseases. ywt

INEZ ETHELYN SMITH—SOPRANO soloist, voice teacher. Visitors received Thursday afternoons. Studio, 443 Park avenue. zwt

W. H. HEWLETT—ORGANIST DUNDAS Center Church, teaches piano, organ and theory. 563 Dundas street.

J. T. WOLCOTT—ORGANIST FIRST Methodist Church, teaches piano, organ and composition. 5 Prospect avenue.

ELOCUTION—MISS SHELDON, teacher. Classes of ten for the study of elocution are now being formed. Greatly reduced rates. Apply at Conservatory of Music, 374 Dundas street, for particulars. Phone 1101.

LICENSE ACT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to me by Allen D. Graham, of London township, to have his tavern license transfereed to Peter Lewis, of city of London. The license board will meet on Saturday, the 14th, to consider the same.

21u JOHN DURAND.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—THE Liquor License Act. Public notice is hereby given that a meeting of the board of license commissioners for the City of London, will be held on Friday, May 13, at 8 p.m., to consider an application made by Mrs. Rebecca Dewar to have the license of the Albion, No. 157 Dundas street, transferred to Robert E. Lloyd. R. Henderson, Inspector, 629 Talbot street. 24u

DELIVERING STONE.

TENDERS for hauling stone from crusher and delivering in the wards will be received at this office, up to 5 o'clock, on Thursday, 5th May. A. O. GRAYDON,

ALD. H. M. DOUGLASS, City Engineer.

Chairman of Board of Works. 22c

Household Furniture and Organ By Auction.

J. W. JONES HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED by Mrs. Richard Dicey to sell at her residence, 109 Askin street, South London, on Friday, May 6, at 1:30 afternoon, comprising Bell organ (piano case), music rack, fancy chairs, oak rockers, pictures, lamps, carpets, oilcloth, sideboard, dining table and chairs in oak, lounge, contents of two bedrooms, in oak suites, square baseburner, grate stove, oil stove, cook-stove (coal or wood), platform scales, lathe, kitchen utensils, etc. No reserve. Terms spot cash. J. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

5 luyw

In Alarming Proportions!

Disorder Prevalent Throughout the Provinces of Spain.

All Valencia Reported to be in a State of Riot.

The Government Cannot Rely Upon the Army.

Porto Rico the Probable Destination of Sampson's Fleet.

Spain Likely to Soon Make an Appeal to the Powers.

Insurgents Are in Possession of Balance of Eastern Cuba.

Madrid, May 4—9 p.m.—The situation in the province is unchanged, and everywhere the dissatisfaction is growing, especially over the prices of bread. Acts against authority are becoming more and more overt. At Caceres, capital of Estremadura, the populace marched into the railway station to prevent the export of provisions and overpowered the soldiers.

All Valencia is in a state of riot. At Catalan the rioters captured the mayor and town councilors and demanded a ransom. On the mayor protesting he was shot through the leg, after which the gendarmerie dispersed the mob. At Talavera the rioters were most determined, sacking many bakeries and setting on fire many government buildings. In the town of Augilaz, in the province of Murcia, a mob, mostly composed of women, burned the storehouses and offices.

The fisherwomen who broke out against the octroi duties at Gijon received the most determined assistance from the tobacco girls. Together they sacked several bakeries and burned all the octroi offices, with all the papers belonging to the foreign ships loading in the harbor. The civic guard was hotly stoned at the prison, and the mob marched off with the iron bars of the jail. When the troops appeared they were hotly stoned, replying with fire and wounding many. The mob then attacked the government buildings and smashed the windows. The troops again fired, this time from the balconies, wounding many, but the women kept on throwing stones. The Jesuit house at Talavera was attacked because it was supposed that grain was stored there. The troubles are expected to increase.

A dispatch from Talavera De Rama, about 37 miles from Toledo, announces that rioters there have committed serious disorders. They attacked and seized the railroad station, burned the cars, and then set fire to several private houses and a cafe. After that the rioters tried to break into the prison and release the convicts. The civil guards prevented them from releasing the prisoners. Many persons were arrested.

Martial law has been declared throughout the Province of Valencia.

It is believed that the resignation of the Spanish Cabinet is imminent.

A state of siege has been declared at Gijon, a fortified seaport on the Bay of Biscay.

A renewal of the riot at Gijon is feared, and a state of siege has been declared there. The fisherwomen are taking the most active part in the disturbances. All the stores are closed and business is about suspended.

THE ARMY UNRELIABLE.

London, May 5.—The Madrid correspondent of the Morning Post says: "The government are aware that they cannot rely upon the army. It is an open secret that a society has been formed within its ranks to put an end to the humiliations Spain has suffered at the hands of her incompetent ministers. Judging by what one hears, very terrible things may shortly happen."

TO SAVE THE MONARCHY.

The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "The idea of the resignation of the regency by Queen Maria Christina is being seriously considered by the members of imperial family of Austria, with a view of averting an anti-dynastic movement and saving the throne. An exchange of ideas is going on between the queen regent and her Austrian family, but its most influential members are decidedly opposed."

According to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Brussels, Don Carlos, in the course of an interview, has declared that he would not provoke a revolutionary movement in Spain, but on the contrary would prevent, if need be, any Carlist agitation while the war continues.

A Vienna dispatch states that Emperor Franz Josef has informed the queen regent that there can be no intervention in her aid until Spain has given up Cuba.

IN THE CORTES.

Madrid, May 5.—Public attention is centered again in the congress (lower house of the cortes). There was a repetition of the great crowds of yesterday, the police and civil guards, besides the secret police, mingling with the people.

Senor Reverter, minister of finance in the Canovas Ministry, defended the memory and policy of Senor Canovas.

Senor Canalejas, editor of El Heraldo, replying, dwelt upon the "weakness and vacillation of the government of Canovas, which fostered Yankee boldness."

The principal speech was delivered by Senor Romero y Robledo, former minister of justice, and leader of the Weylerite party, who maintained that America fostered the Cuban rebellion and "meant war from the commencement." Senor Moret's policy of autonomy he characterized as a farce, and as absolutely erroneous. As for the Cubans, he declared that they did not desire autonomy, and as for the rebels, that they never intended to accept it. "The present conflict," he continued, "proves the real intents of the Yankees. Spain must now face her international enemy, and she should not waste a single peseta to give the Cubans autonomy, which would be one step toward independence. The war requires the energy of all classes to defend the king and the fatherland."

TALK OF INTERVENTION.

London, May 5.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: Those who are best informed as to the government's alleged intentions, say if the Spanish arms suffer another reverse like that at Cavite, the government would informally request the great powers to lend their services to arrange the best possible terms of peace. Many Liberals consider that Spain, having maintained her honor and justified her chivalry, can afford to yield to superior force; but it is doubtful whether public opinion would approve this line of action. It is said the government would be content to cede Cuba to the United States, but would not pay indemnity, because unable. Well-informed politicians here regard the war as

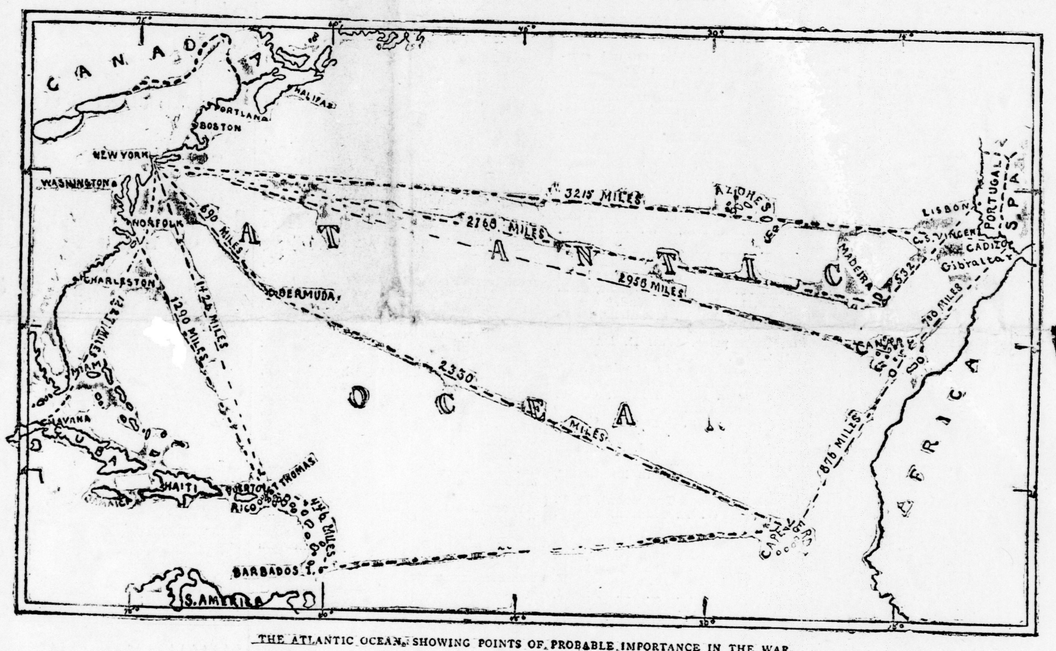
PRACTICALLY TERMINATED,

and that toward the end of May it will become history. All the elements of a long civil war in Spain are unfortunately becoming visible. The government and the Liberal party are popularly hated as being responsible for the war. The Republicans possess no durable chances of success. The Conservatives and Carlists are the great parties of the future, and some of the Conservative groups are gravitating towards Carlism.

The Standard says this morning: There is a growing impression in official quarters that the queen regent and the Spanish Government favor some arrangement that will lead to the early termination of the war.

DISAPPOINTED.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—A sensation was caused throughout the city by the news of the arrival of a vessel, supposed to be the dispatch boat McCulloch at Mirs Bay, 40 miles from Hong Kong, the cable terminus. The officials immediately fell into an air of expectancy, waiting for some word from Admiral Dewey that would not only confirm officially the stirring news of the battle of Manila. But as no news came, people were put to devising ingenious explanations of the delay in the receipt of a cablegram. These touched upon the 12 hours' difference in time, the distance from Mirs Bay, to Honk Kong, which had to be overcome by the messenger, and the slowness of cable communication, owing to the number of relays on the enormously long circuit from Hong Kong to New York.



THE ATLANTIC OCEAN, SHOWING POINTS OF PROBABLE IMPORTANCE IN THE WAR.

The Spanish Fleet.

MUST MEET SAMPSON'S SHIPS.

Great interest is felt in the reported return of the Spanish Cape Verde fleet to Cadiz. But while admitting the possibility of the fast vessels of the Spanish flying squadron, making the passage in the five days that the vessels have been out from St. Vincent, the naval officers were disposed to regard with great suspicion news of this kind, emanating from Portugal.

MUST FIGHT ON THE SEA.

Herald Bureau, Washington, May 5.—Spain's Atlantic fleet is not to be allowed to reach Porto Rico or to approach the coast of the United States. Rear Admiral Sampson has perfected plans for meeting the enemy on the high seas and giving battle at a time and place of his own choosing.

It is definitely known here that the four most powerful ships in Rear Admiral Sampson's command, the New York, the Indiana, the Iowa, and the Puritan, were ready for a prolonged sea voyage yesterday afternoon. Their coal bunkers were filled to their capacity, and additional supplies of coal were carried in bags on deck.

Two colliers carrying 8,000 tons of coal were ready to accompany them to sea. Reports that these vessels sailed eastward to meet the Spanish ships have not been confirmed. At the same time, Commodore Schley's squadron at Hampton roads, comprising the Brooklyn, the Massachusetts and the Texas, with two colliers, carrying 6,000 tons of coal, is ready to sail at a moment's notice.

Swift auxiliary cruisers are scouring the ocean in search of the Spanish fleet. These facts all point to the theory that there is to be a union of the armored ships under Rear Admiral Sampson with those under Commodore Schley at a point in the ocean previously agreed upon, and that the scouts are to report to them there the location and direction of the Spanish ships. It is not believed to be possible that the Spanish ships will be able to avoid all of the scouting vessels.

A dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Key West, Fla., sent by way of Tampa, in order to escape censorship, asserts of positive knowledge that Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet will steam at full speed to Porto Rico, either to destroy or to occupy the coaling station as a naval base before the Spanish squadron arrives, and then put to sea and try to engage the Cape Verde fleet.

The fine British cruiser Blake left Gibraltar yesterday, bound straight for Rio.

In Cuba.

PRESSING ON SANTIAGO.

New York, May 5.—Late advices say that Garcia has issued a proclamation in Bayamo, that both Cubans and Spaniards will be equally protected. The insurgents, apparently, are in complete possession in Eastern Cuba, except in Santiago. Baracoa has been evacuated by the Spaniards, and insurgents are pressing more closely on Santiago.

St. Thomas, Danish West Indies, May 5.—The steamer Markomania has arrived with several Cuban refugees from Ponce. Troops have been withdrawn to strengthen other points, leaving that city exposed. Many political arrests are being made. Jose Barbosa, the wives of three insurgents, and three editors have been banished by Blanco. Prices of provisions continue to increase, and speculators are getting rich. The ladies of the Red Cross have been forbidden to leave the capital. It is reported that Spanish cruisers have arrived at a northern port.

According to Capt. Little, of the fishing schooner Antonio y Paco, captured by the gunboat Newport a few days ago, Havana is on the verge of famine. Food is bringing fabulous prices, and the people are consequently starving. The soldiers are seizing whatever provisions are accessible, and citizens are burying their food in yards and cellars. "If I could have slipped past the blockade," says Capt. Little, "my fish would have brought their weight in gold."

BLANCO IN A TIGHT PLACE.

Spanish mail found on the captured steamer Argonata has, after the inspection by the military authorities, been forwarded to Washington. Capt.-Gen. Blanco is in desperate straits. He is already thinking of abandoning Havana and the entire eastern part of Cuba, apparently realizing that it will soon be untenable. Havana is already a beleaguered city. Theaters and public schools are closed. Beef has risen from 24 cents to $4 a pound, and other provisions are correspondingly high. Rich people in Havana are leaving the city whenever they can, but they are compelled to pay a heavy indemnity for the privilege. This preference makes the common people angry, and riots are suppressed with difficulty. Gen. Blanco has offered a big premium to Spanish ship owners who will run the blockade and bring in food.

Key West, May 5.—The Cuban blockade is still rigidly kept up by the smaller cruisers.

Must Fight or Run.

SPAIN'S FLEET LIKELY TO BE SMASHED.

New York, May 5.—In an interview cabled to the World from London, H. W. Wilson, a noted British naval expert says: "If the Spanish fleet meets Rear Admiral Sampson east of Porto Rico they must either run or fight. If they fight, Spain will be smashed, hands down. If the fleet runs, the Yankee cruisers, fresh from port, full up with coal, and in fine trim, will quickly overtake the rear ship and attack it. If the other Spanish ships stop to give help. Sampson's battleships will come up and send the Spaniards to the bottom. The destroyers are very dangerous in smooth water, but in a heavy sea are not so formidable. Therefore, Sampson should attack as far east as may be, as the coal burned in their boilers leaves the bunkers empty of coal protection. This is serious in the destroyers, where the engines and boilers are protected by the coal. Destroyers have been coaled in a seaway from a large ship, but rarely. Spain may try to run the fleet to an unobserved anchorage and coal there from colliers, but it is not believed there are any colliers with the Spanish fleet. British sympathy prevents British colliers from going to help the Spaniards. The transport San Francisco, reported to be with the torpedo boats Ariete, Azor and Rayo, full of coal, has transferred much of it to Spanish cruisers at Cape Verde, and their whereabouts is unknown. The torpedo boats could cross with some difficulty under sail, and an anchorage that might be used with some advantage by Spain is the Gulf of Ocoa, on the Hayti coast. There is a very good unfrequented harbor at Martinique, or many on the South American coast. Spain might temporarily seize an open bay in the United States coast, but this would be very risky, and would mean her probable destruction. I see nothing in the neutrality declarations to prevent the Spanish from coaling from colliers in a neutral port, provided they do not make it the base of a prolonged stay."

On board the flagship Brooklyn, Fort Monroe, Va., May 5.—It is generally expected here that the flying squadron will go to sea within a few hours.

Depew's Views.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 5.—Chauncey M. Depew, who was in Cleveland yesterday attending the annual meeting of the Lake Shore and Nickel Plate, in speaking of the war with Spain, gave it as his opinion that if President McKinley had been left to himself there would have been no war.

"In congress," said Mr. Depew, "there are certain elements always clamoring for a fight, because war talk sometimes is excellent political capital. But now that we are engaged in war, I believe that it should be prosecuted with vigor worthy of a better opponent. The contest should be made short, sharp and decisive. I believe that the friendship of the British people for us, which has been so cemented during the present crisis, will result in something more than a mere understanding between the two nations in the future. It would be a glorious alliance—that of the two great Anglo-Saxon races standing together for humanity and peace."

ANXIOUS FOR NEWS.

London, May 5.—It is the absence of actual news as to the war operations which is causing great anxiety, especially at Madrid, where Senor Sagasta, the premier, in the course of an interview, has declared that absence is "the most disquieting feature of the situation." Attention is again riveted on Spain. The special dispatches from Madrid indicate that the question of the future government of the country are beginning to be discussed as if the figures of the queen regent and King Alfonso had utterly disappeared from the stage of politics.

The continental press notices the broadening political ambition of the United States, coupled with the increasing friendship between Great Britain and the United States, with well concerned aversion. Rumors of intervention are again in the air.

A GREAT MISFORTUNE.

The Right Hon. James Bryce, Radical, writes to the Daily Chronicle this morning as follows: "The war is a great misfortune, and may in the long run raise great difficulties for the United States. All my wishes, of course, go with the United States, and the general sympathy with their kindred across the sea, which our people have spontaneously displayed, and which was evident from the first, has shown how close is the tie which unites the two nations."

Emperors Disturbed.

KAISER AND CZAR TROUBLED OVER THE DESTINY OF THE PHILIPPINES.

A special from Berlin says: The great interest the Germans are beginning to take in the immediate fate of the Philippine Islands is betrayed by today's newspapers. The interests of the German possessions in the Western Pacific, part of New Guinea, the Bismarck Archipelago, the Solomon Islands, and the Marshall Islands, all within a radius of perhaps 2,000 miles from the Philippines, makes Germany's consent necessary, it is assumed here, to any disposal of the Philippines. Germany would only agree to the transfer of the Philippines to another power, it is asserted, on condition that she received suitable compensation. A great deal of irritation is sure to be engendered by the taking of the islands by the United States.

It is believed that there have been some exchanges of views between the powers on the subject of the Philippines, as to which all kinds of speculations are afloat. None of the powers like the idea of the United States becoming a near neighbor of Japan.

(Continued on page 3.)

FATAL BREAD RIOTS

In Italy—Two Men Killed—Duty on Cereals Suspended.

Rome, May 5.—A royal decree has been gazetted, suspending the duties on cereals until June 30. Another decree just published directs the commanders of the Italian troops at Piacenza, Bologna, Ancona and Barri to assume the duties of maintaining public order.

During the bread riots at Sorsena yesterday, a mob attempted to set fire to the municipal buildings. The troops fired a volley into the crowd, killing two men and wounding several others.

If Your Complexion

is faultless, you need something to preserve it.

HAZELINE preserves as well as beautifies. It keeps the skin soft, white and beautiful.

HAZELINE is a sure remedy for all facial blemishes, removes tan, sunburn, freckles, pimples, and any roughness or irritation of the skin. Excellent for chapped hands, etc.

Price 25 Cents.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE

PHARMACISTS, ETC.,

216 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

BRANCH:

Corner Richmond and Piccadilly.

Slater Bros.

TAILORS,

399 Richmond Street.

NICE, NEW

Imported Woolens

FOR SPRING WEAR.

Order Early. Phone 844