

by a central government, usually called the Dominion or Federal Government.

2. Subjects of Dominion Legislation.

Now in order that there should be no doubt as to which government, Dominion or provincial, had the right to make laws in regard to particular matters, it was agreed that the Dominion should deal with everything which was not expressly assigned to the control of the provinces. Then "for greater certainty" there was drawn up the following list of subjects about which the government of the Dominion alone has the power to "legislate" (that is, make laws):

(1) The public debt and property, (2) trade and commerce, (3) the raising of money by any kind of taxation, (4) the borrowing of money, (5) the postal service, (6) the taking of the census, (7) military and naval matters, (8) the payment of the "civil service," that is, the clerks and other officials employed by the government, (9) lighthouses, (10) navigation and shipping, (11) quarantine and marine hospitals, (12) fisheries, (13) ferries, except when