

places where employment is abundant and remunerative, their fares have been paid by Mr. Buchanan, out of the funds in his possession, provided for that purpose. *Emigrants from other than British ports, and those destined to other parts of America besides Canada, experience precisely the same protection at the hands of Mr. Buchanan.*

The foul stigma which has so long attached itself to the port of New York, in connection with frauds on emigrants is now in a fair way to be for ever wiped out. Municipal scheming having failed to effect any reform in the iniquitous policy pursued towards immigrants, the Legislature of the State has taken the matter in hand, so that now the emigrant, if he but exercise the least possible amount of caution, is no longer exposed to the dangers and pitfalls which a few years ago everywhere beset his steps.

CANADA.

NATURAL FEATURES, SOIL, AND PRODUCTS.

The natural features of the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada are, for the most part, very different. While the Lower Province presents to the eye of the traveller a succession of the grandest and most enchanting sights that can well be imagined, and is to the educated man of means altogether the most desirable country for a residence, Canada West, both on account of its more central situation, richer soil, and milder climate is better adapted as a field for the enterprise and industry of the emigrant.

In the Lower Province the scenery is of a far bolder character than in the Upper. On the lower part of the St. Lawrence both sides of the river are mountainous, and on the northern side the ridge which runs as far as Quebec, presents the most sublime and picturesque beauties; above Quebec, and as far as Montreal, the shore is not so bold. A little east of Montreal, and on the opposite side of the river, lie the beautiful districts of Richelieu, Vercheres, Chambly, and Laprairie, generally known by the name of the Eastern Townships; and which, for beauty and fertility, are unsurpassed by any other district in the Lower Province.

As compared with the Lower Province, Upper Canada is in general a level champaign country, with gently undulating hills and rich valleys. The western section, which comprises the garden of Western Canada, has a remarkably level surface, and is attracting at present the greatest share of emigration.

The soil of Canada is generally extremely fertile, and consists principally of yellow loam on a substratum of limestone. It greatly improves to the westward, and its quality when uncultivated is easily ascertained by the timber it produces, the larger and heavier kinds growing on the best soil. In Upper Canada the brown clay and loam, intermingled with