

Institutions other than the ordinary Elementary Schools, as the Governor in Council shall approve, and subject to such conditions as he may direct.

5. That such sum as the Governor in Council may direct not exceeding five hundred pounds in any year, be yearly appropriated as an aid towards the formation of Parish or Township Libraries, in localities where adequate contributions may have been made for the same purpose.

6. That the Governor in Council be authorized to adopt all needful measures for the establishment of one or more Normal Schools in Lower Canada, containing one or more Model Schools, for the instruction and training of teachers, to select the site or sites for the same, and to erect or procure the requisite buildings and appurtenances.

7. That a sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred pounds be yearly applied out of the Common School Fund for Lower Canada, for the salaries of officers and contingent expenses of such Normal School or Schools; and a further sum not exceeding one thousand pounds yearly, as an aid to facilitate the attendance of teachers at the said Normal School or Schools; with power to the Governor in Council to apply to the said purposes a further sum not exceeding two thousand five hundred pounds out of the said income fund, if the sums first mentioned be found insufficient.

8. That a sum not exceeding two thousand pounds be yearly set apart, appropriated and invested under the orders of the Governor in Council, to form, with the proceeds of any property already acquired for Normal School purposes in Lower Canada and not deemed suitable therefor, a building fund to defray the expense of providing the necessary sites, buildings and appurtenances for the said Normal School or Schools.

9. That the sum of five thousand pounds be appropriated yearly out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for the encouragement of Superior Education in Upper Canada, to be distributed by annual parliamentary vote, among the Collegiate Educational Institutions in that portion of the Province or such of them as the Legislature shall designate.

On the 8th instant, Mr. Cartier also submitted the following Resolutions to the House, relating to Common Schools in L. C. :

1. That School Commissioners or Trustees of Dissident Schools, in Lower Canada, be empowered to raise by assessment and rate, for Common School purposes, an additional sum not exceeding that which they may now raise under the tenth sub-section of the twenty-first section of the Lower Canada School Act of 1846, (9 Vict., c. 27.)

2. That out of the School moneys to which any Municipality may be entitled for any year, the Superintendent of Schools for Lower Canada be authorized, with the approval of the Governor in Council, to retain a sum not exceeding twenty pounds, towards the support of a Model School in such Municipality, as intended to be established under the fourteenth section of the Lower Canada School Amendment Act of 1849.

3. That out of the Legislative Grant for Common Schools in Lower Canada, a sum not exceeding one thousand pounds be yearly set apart for special aids to Common Schools in poor Municipalities in Lower Canada.

4. That out of the said Legislative Grant, a sum not exceeding four hundred and fifty pounds be yearly set apart for encouraging the publication and circulation of a Journal of Public Instruction in Lower Canada.

5. That out of the said Legislative Grant, a sum not exceeding five hundred pounds be yearly set apart towards forming a fund for the support of superannuated and worn-out Common School Teachers in Lower Canada.

6. That the sums mentioned in the next preceding resolutions be expended by the Superintendent of Schools for Lower Canada, under regulations to be made by him, with the approval of the Governor in Council.

7. That there be established a Council of Public Instruction for Lower Canada, to consist of the Superintendent of Schools and unpaid Members, to be appointed by the Governor; and that the salary of the Secretary of such Council and the contingent expenses thereof, be paid as part of the contingent expenses of the Education Office for Lower Canada.

8. That the remuneration of the Secretary-Treasurers of School Municipalities may be in the discretion of the School Commissioner, increased to an amount not exceeding seven per cent. on the moneys received by them as such, instead of four per cent., as provided by the twenty-second section of the Lower Canada School Act of 1849, (12 Vict. c. 50,) such increased allowance to cover all services required of the Secretary-Treasurers by the School Commissioners or Trustees, and not to exceed thirty pounds in one year in any case.

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

The following Resolutions relating to Elementary Education in England were presented to the House of Commons by Lord John Russell on the 6th ultimo :

"1. That in the opinion of this House, it is expedient to extend, revise, and consolidate the minutes of the Committees of Privy Council on Education.

"2. That it is expedient to add to the present inspectors of church schools 80 sub-inspectors, and to divide England and Wales into 80 divisions for the purposes of education.

"3. That it is expedient to appoint sub-inspectors of British, Wesleyan, and other Protestant schools not connected with the church, and also of Roman Catholic schools, according to the present proportions of inspectors of such schools to the inspectors of church schools.

"4. That in the report of the inspectors and sub-inspectors, the Committee of Privy Council should have power to form in each division school districts, consisting of single or united parishes, or parts of parishes.

"5. That the sub-inspectors of schools of each division should be instructed to report on the available means for the education of the poor in each school district.

"6. That for the purpose of extending such means, it is expedient that the powers at present possessed by the Commissioners of Charitable Trusts be enlarged, and that the funds now useless or injurious to the public be applied to the education of the middle and poorer classes of the community.

"7. That it is expedient that in any school district where the means of education arising from endowment, subscription, grants, and school-pence shall be found deficient, and shall be declared to be so by the Committee of Privy Council for Education, the ratepayers should have the power of taxing themselves for the erection and maintenance of a school or schools.

"8. That after the 1st of January, 1858, when any school district shall have been declared to be deficient in adequate means for the education of the poor, the quarter sessions of the peace for the county, city or borough should have power to impose a school rate.

"9. That where a school rate is imposed, a school committee elected by the ratepayers should appoint the schoolmasters and mistresses, and make regulations for the management of the schools.

"10. That in every school supported in whole or in part by rates, a portion of the Holy Scriptures should be read daily in the school, and such other provision should be made for religious instruction as the school committee may think fit, but that no child should be compelled to receive any religious instruction to which his or her parents or guardians shall on conscientious grounds object.

"11. That employers of children and young persons between 9 and 15 years of age should be required to furnish certificates half-yearly of the attendance of such children and young persons at school, and to pay for such instruction."