WEEKLY.]

"Many shall run to and fro, and knowledge shall be increased."-Panel mi. 4. water and the second se

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No. 49 .- N. S. No. 43.

#### POETRY.

#### JUVENILE MISSIONARY HYMN.

Lord! while the little heathens bend, And call some wooden god their friend; Or stand and see, with bitter cries, Their mothers burnt before their eyes;

While many a doar and tender child Is thrown to bears and tigers wild, Or left upon the river's brink, To suffer more than heart con think ;

Behold, what mercies we possess ! How far beyond our thankfulnsss! By happy thousands here we stand, To serve thee in a Christian land.

Oh ! when that awful day shall rise, When Christ shall come in yender skies, And we must answer, one by one, For every deed our hands have done;

Lord, let it not be said of us, That heathens could not have been worse, But may we now that pardon crave, Which can the guiltiest sinner save.

With all the bright and happy crowd, We then would praise thee long and loud; And O ! to little heathens send The news of Christ the sinner's friend.

# EPITAPII.

Bord Infidelity, turn pale and die! Beneath this stone four infants' ashes lie; Say, are they lost or sav'd?

If death 's by sin, they sinn'd : for they ere here ; If heaven 's by works, in heaven they can't appear. Reason, ah, how depraved !

Revere the Bible's sacred page; the knot 's untied : They died, for ADAM sian'd; they live, for JESUS died.

# GENERAL LITERATURE.

THE VALLEY OF TEARS-A VISION:

# 46 BEAR YE ONE ANOTHER'S BURDENS.

DY HANNAH MORE.

Once upon a time methought I set out upon a long journey, and the place through which I trarelied, appeared to be a dark valley, which was called the Valley of Tears. It had obtained this name, not only on account of the many seriousful adventures which poor passengers commonly meet with in their journey through it; but also because most of these travellers entered into it cause most of these travellers entered into it weeping and crying, and left it in very great pain and anguish. This vast valley was full of people of all colors, ages, sizes, and descriptions.—But whether white or black, or tawney, all were travelling the same road; or rather, they were taking different little paths, which all led to the same common end. to the same common end.

Now it was remarkable, that notwithstanding

general, have made the pilgrimage quite intolerable, had not the lord of the valley, out of his great compassion for these poor pilgrims, provided among other things, the following means for their relief:

In their full view, over the entrance of the valley, there were written in letters of gold the following words :---

# "BEAR YE ONE ANOTHER'S EURDENS."

Now I saw, in my vision, that many of the travellers burned on without stopping to read this inscription, and others, though they had made read at, yet paid little or no attention to it. A third sort thought it very good advice for other people, but very seidon applied it to themselves. They uniformly desired to avail themselves of the assistance which by this impaction others were bound to offer them, but sellom considered that the coligation was mutual, and that reciprocal want and reciprocal services formed the strong cord in the bond of charity. In short, I saw that too many of these people were of opinion that they had burthens enough of their own, and there was, therefore, no oc asion to take upon them those or others; so each tried to make his own load as light, and his own journey as pleasant as he could, without so much as once casting a thought on a poor overloaded neighbor. Here, however, I have to make a rather singular remark, by which I shall plainly show the folly of these selfish people. It was so ordered and contrived by the lord of the valley, that if any one stretched out his hand to lighten a neighbour't buithen, in fact he never failed to find that he at that moment also lightened his own. Besides, the benefit of helping each other was mutual, as BY THE LATE REV. B. ROBINSON, OF CAMBRIDGE. it commonly happened that some other neighbor, came by and-by and helped him in his turn; for there was no such thing as what we called independence in the whole valley. Not one of all these travellers, however stout and strong, could move on comfortably without assistance; for so the lord of the valley, whose laws were, all of them, kind and goo l, had expressly ordained. I stood still to watch the grogress of these poor

wayfaring people, who moved slowly on, like so many tick-porters, with burdens of various kinds on their backs; of which some were hea-vier, and some were lighter, but from a burthen of one kind or other not one traveller was entitely free. There might be some difference in the degree, and some distinction in the nature, but exemption there was none.

# THE WIDOW.

A sorrewful widow, oppressed with the barthen of griet for the loss of an effectionate husband, moved Leavily on; and would have been bowed down by her heavy load, had not the surviving children, with great alacrity, stepped forward and supported her. Their kindness, after a while, so much lightened the lead, which threatened at first to be inflorrable, that she even went on her much lightened the load, which threatened at this divided, became tolerable. The minister first to be inflorable, that she even went on her being no longer boxed down by the temporal way with cheerfulness, and more than repaid distresses of his people, applied himself cheerfultheir help, by applying the strength she cerived by to his own part of the weight. And it was from it to their future assistance.

# THE HUSBAND.

I next saw a poor of t man tottering under a hutthen so heavy, that I expected him every mement to sink under it. I peeped into his pack, and saw it was made up of many sad articles, there was poverty, oppression, sickness, debt; and, what made by far the heaviest part, undutiful thildren. I was wondering how it was that Now it was remarkable, that notwithstanding the different complexions, ages and tempers of this vast variety of people, yet all resembled each other in this one respect, that each had a but then on his back which he was destined to carry through the toil and heat of the day, until he should arrive, by a longer or shorter course, at should arrive, by a longer or shorter course, at

his journey's end. These burthens would, in and carned a much larger postum of it than appeated to me, when I was at a di tance. It was not the smallest part of the benefit, that she was anxious to conceal it. Sie not only sustained him by her strength, but the red lin by her counsels. She told him that, "through much tribulation we must enter into rest;" that "he who overcometh shall inherit all things." In short, she so supported his fainting spirit, that he was enabled to 6 run with patience the race which was s t before him."

### THE KIND MEIGHBOR.

An infirm, blind women was creeping forward with a very heavy burther, in which were packed sickness and want, with numberless other of those riw in verials, out of which human misery is worked up. She was so weak that she could not have got on at al , had it not been for the kind assistance of another woman almost as poor as hersett; who, though she had no light burthen. of her own, cheerfully lent an helping hand to a fellow travelier who was still more heavily laden. This friend had indeed little or nothing to give, but the very voice of kindness is soothing to the weary. And I remarked in many other cases, that it was not so much the degree of the help afforded, as the manner of helping that lightened the burthens. Some had a coarse, rough, clumsy way of assisting a neighbour, which, though in fact in might be of real use, yet seemed, by gal-ting the traveller, to add to the load it was intend ed to lighten; while I observed in others, that so cleap a kindness as a mild word, or even an affectionate look, made a poor burthened wretch move on cheerity. The bare feeling that some human being cated for him, seemed to lighten the load. A female approached. She had a little old book in har hand, the covers of which were torn out by much use. When she saw the blind woman ready to faint, she would read her a few words o it of this book, such as the following: Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven. Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted." "I will never leave thee nor forsake thee." " For our light affliction, which is but for a moment, worketh out for us a far more exceeding and eter-nal weight of glory." These quickened the pace, and sustained the spirits of the blind traveller; and the kind neighbor, by thus directing the at-lention of the poor sufferer to the blassings of a better world, helped to enable her to sustain the afflictions of this, more effectually than if she had had gold and silver to bestow on her.

# THE CLERGYMAN.

A pious minister, sinking under the weight of a distressed parish, whose worldly wants he was totally unable to bear, was suddenly relieved by a charatable wislow, who came up and took all the sick and hungry on her own shoulders as her part of the load. The butthen of the parish, pleasant to see how these two persons, neither of preasant to see now these two persons, neither of them very strong, or rich, or healthy, by thus kindly uniting together, were enabled to bear the weight of a whole parish, though singly, either of them must sink under the attempt. And I remember one great grief I felt during my whole journey was, that I did not see more of this union and concurring kindness, more of this acting in concert, by which all the burthens might have been so easily divided. It troubled me to observe, that of all the laws of the valley, there was not one more frequently broken than the law of kind.