THE TORONTO WORLD.

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper

OFFICE: 13 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO
W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$3 00	Four Months	$1 00
Six Months	1 50	One Month	25

No charge for city delivery or postage. Subscriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES:
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SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1886.

About the Pacific Province.

Now that our great transcontinental railway is completed, the Pacific coast of the dominion will doubtless soon become much better known than it has yet been to dwellers on the eastern slope. And we may expect shortly to be hearing a good deal more like the following, which one D. W. Gordon of Westminster writes to the press, contrasting the east with the west. We can beat you, he says, on weather, out in our country, for when I left there it was as mild as spring and the grass was green on the hillsides. I did not strike any severe weather until I got into Montana. The Canadian Pacific railway was completed through British Columbia last October, but trains will not be running on it until this spring. We expect that it will bring in an immense immigration and will be of vast benefit in developing the country. Our resources are of a diversified character. We have splendid coal fields and send great quantities of the "black diamonds" to San Francisco. Our salmon fisheries are similar to those of the Columbia river, and the product is shipped all over the world. There is an abundance of good timber, and now that the railway is completed we expect to build up a large lumber trade. Then we have plenty of good farming country and can support a large population. Foremost among our resources, however, are our gold mines. The development of these has been kept back by the difficulty of access, but this has been greatly lessened by the advent of the railway, and we look for the influx of a large number of miners this year as the ore is very rich. The country thus offers attractions to all classes of settlers. We are rapidly getting rid of our superfluous Chinese population. The tax of $50 a head, which has been imposed on all Chinamen coming into the country, amounts to a prohibition of the importation of this class of cheap labor. It has not only stopped them from coming in, but has started an exodus that promises to become general among the pigtails, as they are leaving by the shipload. Most of them go to San Francisco.

A Successful Fire Assurance Company.

In another column will be found the report of the thirty-fifth annual meeting of the Western Assurance company, which was held yesterday at the offices here. The event of the occasion was the discussion, after the regular business of the annual meeting was over, of the proposal to increase the capital stock to one million dollars. In view of the satisfactory business already done, with more in prospect, the proposal was unanimously adopted, and it was decided that on the 15th of March next 5000 shares of $40 each, new stock, should be issued, and should be allotted to present holders at par, in the proportion of one share to every four shares of old stock held by them. The net premium income of the year figures up to the large amount of $1,314,459, leaving, after paying all losses incurred, a profit balance of $85,425. After paying two half-yearly dividends of four and five per cent. respectively, there still remains $40,000 to carry to the reserve fund (which now amounts to $660,000), and over $6000 to the credit side of profit and loss account. All which is highly creditable to the directors, and especially to Mr. J. J. Kenny, the managing director, who has proved himself one of our most successful assurance men.

A man may properly entertain his doubts as to the perfection of the monarchical system of government. The subject is one for calm controversy, not for violent demonstration. There is nothing to be gained by hissing the toast of the Queen's health. Her Majesty's sex, her years, her responsible position, her personal character, conspire to forbid sympathy with those London banqueters who refused ordinary courtesies to the mention of her name. It can be and may be said that the demonstration was not aimed at the person but at the system. The Queen is not responsible for the system and the system cannot be reformed by hisses. There are historical instances of men who were both democratic and gentlemanly.

A special correspondent writing to Vanity Fair gives his experience of the riot in London, noting many things that escaped the observation of the newspaper men. Amongst other things he says that the Princess of Wales and her daughters were only prevented by an accident from driving straight into the throng. He also tells how the wine merchant's shop at the corner of Half Moon street and Piccadilly was raided by the rioters. After knocking the necks off the champagne bottles and guzzling other delicacies the crowd hit on a pyramid of Hunyadi Janos water. Unskilled in the taste of choice wines they speedily disposed of the contents of these bottles. It was no wonder, he says, that when they reached Grosvenor square the crowd began to disperse.

When Lord Beaconsfield sought solace out of office by writing "Endymion," says the Sun, he made one of his characters, Waldershire, under secretary for foreign affairs, with a chief in the house of lords. There can be no doubt who Lord Beaconsfield had in his mind. Sir Charles Dilke had just become under secretary of foreign affairs, had a chief in the upper house, and he played his part so well that he was universally named as the future secretary, the position just reached by Lord Rosebery. He would doubtless have filled it but for the Crawford scandal, and the hideous depravity of that exposure makes a political future impossible to him, although it is well known that similar and even worse sexual brutalities have been committed by aspiring and successful English statesmen. At one time Sir William Molesworth, afterward secretary of state for the colonies, and Mr. Temple Leader, M.P. for Westminster, had a house on the corner of Belgrave square in which orgies of the most abominable description were practised, but they were not found out. Sir Charles was.

Last week the governor of "York state" signed a bill providing for the commutation of sentences of convicts for good behavior, which affects nearly 5000 prisoners of the higher grades. The result of the bill is more far-reaching than any measure of its kind which has become law during the past twenty-five years. The act was drawn by Mr. Goodwin Brown, the pardon clerk of the executive chambers and as a result of thirty years' study and observation by him.

The New York World has little hope of anything like a radical reduction of the United States tariff. The sections interested, Louisiana in sugar, Pennsylvania in coal and manufactured iron, New England in fish, other sections in lumber, wool, cotton and what not, will pool their issues probably, and obstruct even changes to which the intelligent protectionist might readily subscribe. The south is no longer the stronghold of free trade ideas, such as it was in slavery days. The factory, the refinery and the furnace have moved down into the cotton fields, sugar plantations and mines of the south, which has thus been given a new interest in the maintenance of a high tariff.

The startling information is telegraphed from Washington that "Miss Cleveland has adopted a crest." Not having any family of their own it is natural that the White house people should adopt something, but an adopted orphan would come closer to the proper democratic caper than an adopted crest. We may shortly be awakened in the night—or in church—to learn that Miss Cleveland's brother parts his whiskers in the middle.

Saco, Me., has a population of 6000. Of course no liquor is allowed to be sold there except for mechanical and medicinal purposes. Although situated in a healthful climate and tenanted by a sturdy race, there is an enormous amount of illness in Saco. Last year 16,000 liquor prescriptions were put up for its unfortunate denizens. Mechanism flourishes down there, too. The mechanical purposes for which whisky is used in Maine are chiefly logging bees, barn raisings, and the like. Whatever else prohibition may be, it is favorable to "mechanical purposes" and unfavorable to the public health. The strange feature of its influence is that although Saco is such an unhealthful spot, its death rate is not abnormal. We cannot solve this Saco mystery.

In reply to inquiry, Cardinal Manning has cabled Father Harris, of St. Catharines, that an alleged letter from him to an English nobleman lately published in the Globe at the request of an anonymous correspondent is a forgery. Most intelligent readers thought it such from the first.

It looks strange to see such a great manufacturing country as Britain, with her wealth of iron and coal and her superabundance of skilled labor, buying muskets and bayonets in Germany, and inferior weapons at that. This is one of the results of adhesion to the doctrine of free trade. The German bayonets may be made of pot metal and the muskets may be dangerous only to those who carry them, but they are cheap, and cheapness is the one thing dear to the free trader's mind. Protectionists hold that it would pay Britain better to employ her own people to manufacture a good article at a higher cost than it does to import an inferior article at a lower cost, but then protectionists are heretics whose opinions are not listened to in Britain.

With all his wealth and astuteness, Jay Gould failed to make a success of his journalistic ventures, nor is he the first millionaire who has failed in the same field. Journalistic success is the fruit of money and aptitude combined. The journalist must first find out what the public want and then supply it, either with money or by spilling blood. The most successful papers did it with the latter.

Florence Macarthy—whoever he may be—denounces Sam Jones as a slave to the cigarette habit. Sam's excuse probably is that he wants to die young and "go where the good niggers go." The best of us have our redeeming vices.

Here is something to show that Erastus Wiman has a great head. He has purchased a large tract of farming land on Staten Island, and proposes to organize a land company which will divide it into plots, build cottages, costing with the land about $2500 each, and offer them to young New Yorkers upon payment of $500 cash down and $400 a year for five years. In case the purchaser dies after the first payment the company will deed the property, without further demand and free of all encumbrances, to his wife as a home. Being asked how this could be made to pay Mr. Wiman said: "We simply insure the young man's life for the amount of our interest on the property, and if he dies we give his wife the property and we take the insurance."

All the other cities of Canada, says the Montreal Witness, have more or less opposed the improvement of the St. Lawrence route "from the lakes to the seaboard" apparently because Montreal wanted it. Toronto has, at last, waked up to the fatal effects of that course upon the trade of the whole country. Her board of trade invites ours to co-operate in obtaining what has been so long demanded. We may now look for success.

Clean Them All Off.

Editor World: I see the city commissioner has begun a crusade against projecting signs. Let him continue in the work till every one is down, and show no favors. Their disagreeable creak on windy days like yesterday is enough to condemn them. CITIZEN.

Toronto, Feb. 26.

The Glasgow and London Insurance Company have removed their Toronto offices to 34 Toronto street. Telephone 418.

"Replies."

The tens of thousands
Prompt replies
Received by those
Who advertise
Their wants in
Every shape and way
In columns of
The World each day
Is strongest proof
To those in need,
The World is far
The best indeed,
In which their
"Wants" to advertise,
For there they meet
With most replies. *J. W.*

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Thirty-Fifth Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this company was held at its offices in this city at noon yesterday. A. M. Smith, Esq., the president, occupied the chair and presented the following

DIRECTORS' REPORT:

The directors beg to submit their annual report on the business of the company for the past year, together with the profit and loss account and statement of assets and liabilities on 31st of December, 1885.

The revenue account, it will be observed, shows a net premium income of $1,314,459.34 and, after providing for all losses during the year, there is a profit balance of $85,425.13 on this account.

Two half-yearly dividends of four and five per cent. respectively have been declared, and after payment of these, $40,000 is carried to the reserve fund, which now amounts to $660,000, and $6,013.18 remains at the credit of profit and loss account.

In addition to these gratifying results in the income and expenditure accounts, the directors have pleasure in calling attention to the fact that the liability of the company on unexpired risks has been reduced some $34,000. The amount estimated as necessary to run off or re-insure all existing policies is $483,652, and the net surplus over capital and all liabilities is, therefore, $183,361, against $103,059 at the close of 1884.

The directors regret to have to announce the loss of the valued services of John Fisken, Esq., as a director during the past year. The vacancy caused by his resignation has been filled by the election of H. N. Baird, Esq., to a seat at the board.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Fire Premiums	$1,193,483 39	
Marine Premiums	207,361 99	
		$1,400,845 38
Less Re-Assurance		146,386 04
		$1,314,459 34
Interest account		35,396 29
		$1,349,855 63
Fire Losses, including an appropriation for all losses reported to Dec. 31, '85		$700,155 43
Marine Losses, including an appropriation for all losses reported to Dec. 31, '85		156,195 69
General Expenses, Agents' Commission, and all other charges		408,079 32
Balance to Profit and Loss		85,425 13
		$1,349,855 63

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Dividend paid July, 1885	$16,000 00	
Dividend payable Jan., 1886	20,000 00	
		$36,000 00
Carried to reserve fund		40,000 00
Sundry accounts written off		4,400 06
Balance		6,013 18
		$86,413 24
Balance from last year		988 11
Profit as above		84,425 13
		$86,413 24

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid up		$400,000 00
Losses under adjustment		102,187 28
Dividend payable January, 1886		20,000 00
Reserve fund	$660,000 00	
Balance profit and loss	6,013 18	
		666,013 18
		$1,188,200 46

Assets.

Cash on hand and on deposit	$268,929 18
Debentures	27,038 86
United States bonds	603,232 50
Mortgages	7,450 00
Bills receivable	45,502 96
Interest due and accrued	2,263 21
Company's building	67,440 00
Re-assurance due from other companies	38,671 76
Agents' balances and sundry accounts	137,771 99
	$1,188,200 46

A. M. SMITH,
President.

J. J. KENNY,
Managing Director.

WESTERN ASSURANCE OFFICES,
TORONTO, February 15th, 1886.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the President and Directory of the Western Assurance Company.

GENTLEMEN—We hereby certify that we have audited the books and examined the vouchers and securities of the company for the year ending December 31, 1885, and find the same correct, carefully kept and properly set forth in the above statements.

R. R. CATHRON, } Auditors.
JOHN M. MARTIN, }

Toronto, Feb, 13, 1886.

On motion the report was unanimously adopted and votes of thanks were passed to the president, vice-president and directors, and to the officers and agents of the company for their services in bringing about the satisfactory results which the report presented.

Messrs. C. C. Baines, Wm. Anderson and Fred J. Stewart were appointed Scrutineers and reported the following gentlemen unanimously re-elected directors for the ensuing year, namely: A. M. Smith, Esq., Hon. S. C. Wood, Robt. Beaty, Esq., A. T. Fulton, Esq., Geo. A. Cox, Esq., Geo. McMurrich, Esq., H. N. Baird, Esq., and J. J. Kenny, Esq.

At the close of the ordinary business of the annual meeting the question of increasing the capital stock was considered. After a full discussion it was decided unanimously that the capital stock should be increased to $1,000,000 by the issuing March 15 next of 5000 additional shares of $40 each to be allotted to present shareholders at par, in the proportion of one share to every four shares of old stock held by them, fifty per cent. of which will be called up in instalments during the current year.

At a meeting of the new board of directors of the company held subsequently A. M. Smith, Esq., was re-elected president and Wm. Gooderham, Esq., vice-president for the ensuing year.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 26.

The business outlook continues hopeful, with few features of interest during the week. Stocks are steadily decreasing, and buyers are acting cautiously. The coming week will give general trade an impetus. Buyers from all parts of the province will be here in connection with the millinery openings, and the dry goods houses are also likely to be benefitted by their visit. The volume of trade is on the increase, and the cautious buying since the opening of the year has resulted in a healthier feeling in commercial circles.

Consols are steady at 101¼.

A cable to Cox & Co. quotes Northwest Land at 74.

The Toronto stock market was featureless to-day, and Montreal is unchanged.

Sales on the Toronto stock exchange this forenoon: Imperial 5-2 at 135½; Federal 20 at 109½, 30 at 109¾; Imp. S. & Inv. 2 at 116. Afternoon sales—Commerce 50-10 at 129, 7 at 131¼.

Sales on the Montreal stock exchange this forenoon: Canada Pacific railway 75 at 63½. Afternoon sales: Merchants' 3 at 119½, 50 at 119¼; Commerce 422 at 122½; Pass. 100 at 129; Gas 100 at 193¾; Northwest Land 100 at 74.

Toronto Stocks—Closing Prices.

Montreal, 208¼, 207½; Ontario, 110¼, 109½; Toronto, buyers 193¾; Merchants', 120, 119½; Commerce, 123, 122; Imperial, 134, 133½; Federal, 110, 109; Dominion, 210, 209½; Standard, 122, 120½; Hamilton, buyers, 128; British America 105, 104; Western Assurance, 132, 128; Consumers Gas, buyers 176; Dominion Telegraph, buyers 93½; Northwest Land Co., 74½, 74.

Trade Topics.

The English metal market continues featureless, and it is thought that prices have touched bottom. Manufacturers are accepting orders at best obtainable prices, but just sufficient to keep works going, and are holding themselves ready to take advantage of any favorable change in the market.

The demand for cottons continues quite steady and the mills seem to be all well employed, with every prospect of former prices and a good future business. In the cotton mills in the United States most of the manufacturers are advancing their prices, the influence of which will reflect upon this market.

In woollens there is a continuation of the steady demand previously noted, and this now extends to all classes of woollen manufactures.

As Lent approaches, there is an improved enquiry for pickled fish, especially for dry cod, but as yet there is no appreciable advance in values, as the market does not display any change.

Sales of Nova Scotia coal amounted to 1885 to 1,254,000 tons, as against 1,261,650 in 1884.

It is likely that a board of trade will be organized at Windsor. Mr. Stork, manager of the Bank of Commerce there, has undertaken the task.

Local dealers are clearing teas to arrive, fully convinced that tea will go on the duty list.

Assignments reported: R. H. Hambly, saloon, Belleville; F. G. Simpson, grocer, Essex Centre; Fred. B. Keene, grocer, London; D. L. McKenzie, grain and provisions, Winnipeg.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

Flour—The market to-day was quiet and prices steady, with moderate offerings. Superior extras are quoted at $3.60, extras at $3.50, and spring extras at $3.45. Patents rule at $4.10 to $4.65, according to quality. Wheat—There is little or no change in this market. The feeling was a trifle firmer owing to better markets outside, and but little stuff is selling at quotations. No. 2 fall is nominal, at 81c to 82c, and No. 2 spring at 82c. No. 2 frosted offered to-day at 70c, with 67c bid. Barley—There is a moderate demand and prices remain unchanged. A car of No. 1 sold to-day at 38c, and a round lot at 35c; No. 2 nominal at 32c; No. 3 extra at 72c; No. 3 choice at 65c, and No. 3 at 57c. Oats—The demand is fair and prices not quotably changed. Car loads of choice would bring 33c on track, and mixed 34c to 34½c. Peas—Trade is very quiet and prices nominally unchanged. No. 2 are worth about 58c. Rye—There is nothing doing and prices are purely nominal. Bran—No business reported; offerings moderate and prices nominally firm at $13.50 to $13 on the track. Bacon—There is a quiet trade, and prices generally are firm. Case lots of long clear are held at 7½c, and ten lots sold at 7¼c. Cumberland cut is nominal at 6½c to 6¾c. Rolls are 9c to 9½c, and bellies at 10½c to 10¾c. Lard—There is a quiet trade at unchanged prices. Small lots sell at 8½c to 8¾c in pails and tubs, and round lots are held at 8c. Pork—Trade is quiet, and prices steady. Small lots sell at $13.50 to $14. Hams—There is only a moderate demand, and prices are unchanged. Small lots of smoked sell at 11½c, and large lots are quoted at 10½c to 10¾c. Sweet pickled are quoted at 9½c to 10½c. Butter—There have been a number of transactions in large lots within the week, and a good deal of the old stuff is cleaned out. Sales were made at 6½c to 10½c per lb., the latter for straight lots of yellow. Cut sold at 4c. The receipts are limited, with very little choice offering. The best tub would bring 16c, and good to best large rolls 13½c to 14c. Cheese—The market is quiet and prices a trifle weaker. Sales were made of small lots at 8c to 9½c, the latter for choice single cheese. The total exports from Montreal and Portland since May, 1885, now reach 1,206,427 boxes, against 1,184,871 during the same period last year. Dried Apples—The receipts are moderate and prices easy. Country lots are quoted easy at 3½c to 4c, and city jobbing lots at 4½c. Evaporated rule at 7½c to 8c. Beans—The demand is moderate, and offerings limited. Small lots of hand-picked sell at $1.75, and a car is reported as having sold at $1.15.

The Farmers' Market.

The receipts of grain on the street to-day were fair, and prices steady. About 15,000 bushels of wheat offered and sold at 80c to 82½c for fall, 78c to 82½c for spring, and 87c to 88½c for goose. Barley unchanged, with sales of 800 bushels at 60c to 93c. Oats steady, 200 bushels selling at 36c to 37c. Peas sold at 57c to 58c and rye is nominal at 60c. Hay in limited supply; twenty loads sold at $10 to $12 for clover, and at $12 to $16 for timothy. Straw easy, four loads selling at $9.50 to $10 a ton. Hogs sold at $6.35 and $6.55. Beef $5 to $4.50 for forequarters, and at $6 to $7.50 for hindquarters. Lamb $7 to $8.50, and mutton $6 to $7.50 per 100 lbs.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26—Cotton quiet, 1-16c lower; middling uplands 8 13-16c, New Orleans 9c. Flour—Receipts 12,600 bbls., less active; sales 12,500 bush. Wheat—Receipts 1600 bush; exports 250 bush; spot dull and nominal; no sales reported; options declined ½c to ¾c; sales 3,760,000 bush, future; No. 2 red February 82½c to 83c, closing 82½c, March 82½c to 83½c, closing 82¾c, May 84 15-16c to 85½c, closing 85c. Barley more active; ungraded Canada 79c to $1.01. Corn—Receipts 307,200 bush, spot declined 1c to 2½c, Feb. 24c, later months ½c to ¾c, closing steady, with recovery of ½c to ¾c; exports 112,800 bush; sales 1,240,000 bush, future; 349,000 bush spot; No. 2 50½c to 51½c, elevator, 51½c afloat, No. 2 February 50½c to 52½c, closing 52½c, March 49¾c to 50½c, closing 49½c; May 48 5-16c to 48¾c, closing 48¼c. Oats—Receipts 68,400 bush., trifle lower and dull; sales 75,000 bush future, 65,000 bush spot; No. 2 37½c, mixed western 37½c to 39c, white do. 39c to 45c. No. 2 February 37½c, March 37½c, May 37¾c. Sugar and barley steady and quiet; refiniug 5½c to 5¾c, refined dull; Standard A 5 15-16c, cut loaf and crushed 6¾c, powdered 6¼c, granulated 6¼c.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—Flour dull, unchanged. Wheat fluctuated within range of one cent, closing ½c under yesterday: February and March closed 79½c; May ranged 81½c to 83¼c, closed 81 15-16c; No. 2 spring 79½c to 81½c. Corn weaker, cash 36½c to 36¾c; February 36½c to 36¾c, May 40½c to 40¾c. Oats easy; cash 29½c, March 29c, May 32½c to 32¾c. Mess pork nervous and unsettled, market sold off 10c to 12½c early, rallied 20c to 25c, settled back 2½c to 5c, closing steady; cash $10.65, March $10.50 to $10.55, closed $10.62½ to $10.66 May $10.60 to $10.35, closed $10.30 to $10.32½. Lard quiet and 2½c lower; cash $5.95, March $5.95, May $6.02½ to $6.05. Boxed meats steady. Dry salted shoulders 5¾c to 5¾c, short rib sides $5.40, short clear sides $5.75 to $5.80. Receipts—Flour 7000 bbls, wheat 16,000 bush, corn 270,000 bush, oats 96,000 bush, rye 2000 bush, barley 35,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 3000 bbls, wheat 15,000 bush, corn 144,000 bush, oats 46,000 bush, rye 1000 bush, barley 21,000 bush.

CHINA HALL,

49 KING ST. EAST.

New Spring Goods Arrived.

4 Casks Dinner Table Ornaments.
2 Casks China Breakfast Sets.
4 Casks Tea Sets.
5 Casks Dinner Sets.
5 Casks Toilet Sets.
Silverplate Goods of all kinds.
Knives, Forks and Spoons.
Joseph Rogers & Sons' Cutlery.
French Flowers and Flower-pots.

The stock of Household Goods of every kind is very complete. ☞ Send in your matchings before the 1st of March.

GLOVER HARRISON, Prop.

JOHN CATTO & CO.

ARE SHOWING SPRING NOVELTIES IN

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Fine Hamburg Edgings, Flouncings, and Insertions.

Fine Cashmere, Silk, Thread, Cotton, and Merino Hose and Underwear.

Cream and Sky Lama, Square and Long Shawls, Knit Wool Shawls and Wraps.

Special Lines in Black Satin Merveilleux, at 75c, $1 $1.25 and $1.50 per yard.

KING ST.
Opposite the Postoffice. 36

Waterworks Department.

UNIFORMS FOR INSPECTORS.

Tenders addressed to the undersigned will be received up to noon of March 15 for the supply of Six Uniforms required for the Inspectors of the Department.

Particulars as to the class of material and the description of the Uniforms will be furnished at the Office of the Superintendent of the Waterworks.

A deposit of five per cent. (marked check or cash) must accompany each tender. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

DAVID WALKER, Chairman.
Toronto, February 22, 1886.

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Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

Cabin—$50, $70, $80. Intermediate $30. Steerage at Lowest Rates.

Caspian, from Portland,	March	4th
Caspian, from Halifax,	"	6th
Circassian, from Portland,	"	18th
Circassian, from Halifax,	"	20th
Peruvian, from Portland,	"	25th
Peruvian, from Halifax	"	27th
Polynesian, from Portland,	April	1st
Polynesian, from Halifax,	"	3rd

The last train connecting at Halifax with the Mail Steamers leaves Toronto every Thursday at 8.30 a.m. The last train connecting at Portland leaves Toronto every Wednesday at 8.30 a.m. For cabin plans, tickets and general information call on

FRANK ADAMS,
Allan Line Agent,
24 ADELAIDE ST. EAST TORONTO.

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Commencing in March
THE
Canadian Pacific Ry.
WILL RUN A SERIES OF
THROUGH COLONIST TRAINS
FROM POINTS IN
Ontario & Quebec to Winnipeg
AND THE CANADIAN NORTHWEST
By their All-Rail Canadian Route.

Intending settlers desirous of accompanying their stock will have an opportunity of doing so, and by taking this short route will be subject to no transfers, no custom charges, and will make quick time. They should leave their names, addresses and other particulars as to time they wish to go with any Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, who will supply them with full particulars as to trains, fares, etc.

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EUROPE.

Owing to the great number visiting the Colonial Exhibition, early application will be necessary to secure Good Berths. 246

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56 YONGE STREET.

NOTICE

is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, at the approaching Session thereof, by the Toronto Street Railway Company, for an amendment to its charter, 24 Vic., Chap. 83, by inserting between the sixth and seventh words in the ninth line of the fourth section thereof, the words, "Steam, electricity, or other motive power," and for such an amendment to the said charter as will enable the said Company and the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto to enter into certain agreements or contracts in addition to the class of contracts mentioned in the charter of the said Company, and for other purposes.

MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for the said Company.

Dated January 21, 1886. 111ia

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This Sale has been a Grand Success (so far as Disposing of a Large Quantity of Furniture at a Sacrifice) but Still there is a Very Large Stock that Must be Disposed of During the Month of March.

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