

## FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLAR FIRE AT SUSSEX, LAST NIGHT DESTOYS FOWLER BLOCK



HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE OF ENGLAND

### Formal Opening of New Pipe Organ in St. Mary's Church

Able Sermon Delivered by Rev. Fr. Redding of Bathurst Village, Followed by Interesting Remarks by Rt. Rev. Louis O'Leary of Chatham

Not for a long time has St. Mary's Church seen within its walls an assemblage of men and women such as met on Sunday evening to assist at the formal opening of the new pipe organ which has been recently installed by the Messrs. Casavant of St. Hyacinthe, P. Q.

At the appointed hour the Bishop accompanied by the Clergymen present and the young boys of the Sanctuary, moved processional down the middle aisle, and thence up the gallery for the purpose of blessing the new organ and dedicating it to the service of God. The Bishop was vested in Cope and Mitre. The ritual prayers having been recited, the organ having been sprinkled with holy water, and the Psalm commencing "Laudate Dominum Genes Gentes" having been sung by the choir to the accompaniment of the new organ, the Bishop and Clergy returned to the Sanctuary.

We may remark that the custom of solemnly blessing objects of any kind and dedicating them to the divine service has had its origin in the very earliest days of man's creation. St. Paul writing to his disciple Timothy remarks that "every creature of God is good, and nothing to be rejected that is received with thanksgiving; for it is sanctified by the Word of God and prayer." Everything in the creation is naturally good, but the Word of God and prayer, that is, special blessings, render such objects sacred.

The organist, Miss Quinn, having played some voluntaries bringing out its fine qualities, the Rev. Father Redding of Bathurst Village, preached a well-thought and beautiful sermon dealing with liturgy of the church and the place of music in its sacred services. The preacher spoke for about thirty five minutes and was closely followed by the audience. The Rev. Fr. Redding, was followed by His Lordship the Rt. Rev. Louis O'Leary, the Auxiliary Bishop of Chatham. He spoke of harmony as it exists in nature—of harmony in the moral order whereby all things move regularly and are subservient,—the lower to the higher, exhorting all present to see to it that in their lives this harmony be observed. His Lordship's remarks which lasted for some ten minutes were listened to by a delighted audience. He was evidently in good form.

Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament

was given by the Rev. Father Power of Nelson, assisted by Rev. Fr. Crumley as Deacon. During Benediction the choir sang in chorus with organ accompaniment the "O Sacrum Convivium" by Blanchart, the "Ave Maria" by Rosowig and the "Tantum Ergo" by Bordesse. The clergymen in the Sanctuary were His Lordships Bishop O'Leary, the Revs. Fr. Power, of Nelson, Murdoch, of Renous, Crumley and Thibault of Blackville, Wheten, of the Sacred Heart church, Bathurst, Redding of Bathurst Village, and Rev. M. Trudelle of the cathedral, Chatham, besides the Rev. Father Dixon of St. Mary's Church. The clergymen present were entertained at the Presbytery. His Lordship the Bishop celebrated mass at the Convent Monday morning. He was driven to Bridge town by Father Dixon to see the new church which has been recently built there for the accommodation of the Catholic residents of the place, and afterwards returned to Chatham by the ten o'clock boat.

### GERMAN PRISONERS IN CHATHAM JAIL

Three German Sailors Taken Off Norwegian Steamer on Saturday

Three German sailors are now confined in the Chatham jail as prisoners of war. All three were arrested on Saturday afternoon by Col. Howard Irving of the 72nd Regiment, on a Norwegian steamer which had docked at Nelson to take a cargo of lumber for Sheriff O'Brien.

When Col. Irving learned of the presence of the Germans on the steamer he immediately went to Nelson and placed the men under arrest. They were very indignant for a time and had some thoughts of rebellion, but they were finally taken into custody and will remain at Chatham until orders are received from the military headquarters at Halifax, who have been communicated with.

Mrs. H. D. Gunning and Mrs. Wallace Watling, of Chatham, were guests of Mrs. J. H. Brown on Friday.

## Armies are Concentrating For One Final Struggle

### Germans Failed to Hold Position North of Rheims Have Fallen Back to Meuse

(Advocate Special Wire)

Montreal, Sept. 16—Live war news is scarce today. There is a temporary lull in hostilities at present. Both armies are apparently engaged in concentrating their strength for one final struggle.

The Germans having failed to hold their position north of Rheims, have fallen back to the Meuse, where they are making extensive preparations for a stand. If the allies can keep them continually on the move, the power of the German army will be broken.

Montreal, Sept. 16—A Berlin despatch says the German fleet is in the Baltic fighting the Russian fleet North of Aland Islands. London has no confirmation of this report.

Montreal, Sept. 16—Russia has got the Austrian and German armies driven in a pocket between the rivers San and Vistula. They may have to surrender to escape annihilation.

Montreal, Sept. 16—The Belgians are about to make an attempt to re-occupy Brussels, according to one despatch, but on the other hand another despatch declares that the Germans will try and take Antwerp.

Sussex, Sept. 16—A big fire here last night destroyed the block and buildings owned by Geo. W. Fowler, M. P., the loss being estimated at about \$15,000, partly covered by insurance. Mr. Fowler lived in the upper flat and lost all effects.

Moncton, Sept. 16—A. B. Copp has been chosen as the Liberal candidate for Westmorland County.

London, Sept. 14—That the army of the Crown Prince Frederick Wilhelm, comprising the flower of the entire German field forces, has been driven northward across the Aire River, was the significant announcement of the Official War Bureau at 5.30 this evening. It was stated that as a result of the fierceness of the French assault in force that the Crown Prince has been compelled to remove his headquarters from St. Menesould, on the main highway twenty-three miles southwest of Verdun, to Montfaucou, which is 15 miles to the northwest of Verdun.

Official circles explain that this movement means that the German attack on Verdun must soon be lifted, as the French are advancing in force toward that fortress, and if the Army of the Crown Prince is unable to maintain its present lines, the force around Verdun will have to retire or be in grave danger of capture. They say that this movement reported this evening indicates a hasty retreat of the Germans towards the gap at Stenay, through which the Crown Prince's army entered France from Luxemburg.

Montreal, Sept. 15—The army of the German Crown Prince met with a severe defeat at the hands of the Allies. In making an attempt to break through the French lines near Verdun, it was driven back with heavy losses. It is now in a precarious position.

### GEN. VON KLUCK'S ARMY SURROUNDED AND SURRENDERED

Montreal, Sept. 15—A Central News despatch says that Gen. Von Kluck's army has been surrounded and forced to surrender, with a large quantity of guns and ammunition. This will be a heavy loss to the Germans.

A despatch from Petrograd puts the Austrian losses in Galicia at 400,000 killed, wounded and prisoners, and over one thousand guns.

### SERVIA OFF TO CAPTURE BUDAPEST, HUNGARIAN CAPITAL

Montreal, Sept. 15—Serbia has announced that she is now off to capture Budapest, the Hungarian capital, two hundred miles away. Bridges and transports are being got together.

Montreal, Sept. 15—Conditions in Paris are again normal. Railway traffic into and out of the city is now being resumed, and many people are again returning to their homes.

### BRITISH FORCES IN SOUTH AFRICA WIN VICTORIES OVER GERMANS

Montreal, Sept. 15—Severe fighting is going on in South Africa, where the British forces have defeated the Germans in several encounters.

### TURKEY HAS DECIDED TO SAVE HER NECK AND STAY OUT OF WAR

Montreal, Sept. 15—Turkey announced this morning that she has finally decided to keep out of the war. She had been definitely warned by England that if she started fighting she would be eliminated forever as an independent nation. It is claimed that recent Franco-British victories helped her to come to this decision.

### FORTY KILLED AND MANY INJURED IN EXPRESS TRAIN WRECK THIS MORNING

Montreal, Sept. 15—Forty persons were killed and many injured this morning when an express train on the St. Louis and San Francisco railway crashed through a bridge at Lebanon, Missouri. Recent severe storms and heavy rains, had, it is supposed, weakened the supports of the bridge, resulting in the above disaster.

### FUNERAL HELD AT DOAKTOWN

Remains of the Late Fred N. Ogilvie Laid to Rest on the 8th. Inst.

The funeral of the late Fred N. Ogilvie of Doaktown, took place on Tuesday, the 8th inst., from his father's residence. The service was conducted by the Rev. G. W. Gilley, Methodist, assisted by Mr. A. D. Archibald, Presbyterian. The hymns, "Saviour While our Hearts are Bleeding" and "Saved by Grace" were very effectively rendered by the Methodist Choir, of which the deceased was at one time a member. The hymn "Shall the Circle be Unbroken" was also sung at the grave.

The late Mr. Ogilvie was always a great favorite among the people of Doaktown, and much sympathy is felt for the bereaved ones. He was at one time employed as a brakeman on the Canada Eastern railway. Since last October he has resided at Fort Frances, Ont., where he had a position with the Shovlin Clark Co. being employed as a conductor on one of their trains. He was accidentally killed by a car of logs leaving the track on Wednesday, the 2nd inst. The floral tributes were very numerous, among them being: Broken Circle, The Family; Gates Ajar, Friends; Doaktown; Wheel, Friends in Doaktown; Wreath, Holmes Bros.; Crescent, Mrs. Harty and Mrs. E. Mitchell; Wreath, Mr. and Mrs. Harvie Lyons; Wreath, Tim Lyons; Wreath, Trainmen Canada Eastern Railway; Flat Bouquet, Mrs. James Holmes; Flat Bouquet, the Misses Hinton; also a large quantity of cut flowers from various friends.

The deceased is survived by his wife, one child, father, mother, two sisters and two brothers.

### MAY BE FOUGHT ON GERMAN TERRITORY

Paris, Sept. 14, 5.26 p. m.—It is generally believed here that the next phase of the gigantic war, in which hundreds of thousands of men are engaged on the western field alone, will take place in German territory. The allies, according to the military experts, doubtless will endeavor to prevent the German armies, should they succeed in eluding capture, from taking strong defensive positions near the frontier.

Bulletin—Paris, Sept. 14 (11.19 p. m.)—The French official statement issued tonight says that French troops have re-occupied Amiens, which was abandoned by the Germans, but that the Germans are making a stand on the river Aisne.



CANADA'S NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL  
Who is at the Front with the British troops in France

### Rev. Dr. Harrison Preached Patriotic Sermon to Volunteers

"Thou Hast Given a Banner to Them That Fear Thee, That it May be Displayed Because of the Truth."

The soldiers of the garrison were addressed Sunday forenoon in the Methodist church by Rev. Dr. Harrison, who spoke from Psalm 60, verse 4. "Thou hast given a banner to them that fear thee, that it may be displayed because of the truth."

Dr. Harrison preacher a most eloquent and patriotic sermon, saying in part: "The memory of our banner cannot and will not die. Other flags, once signals of battle, are no more because of moral cancers in the nations that waved them. But there is no sign of decay in the British Empire. She has not yet seen her finest day. Never has she shown such valor, enterprise and strength as now. There has never been such examples in the world's history.

There never has been such an empire in size with ours—over 11,000,000 square miles with 400,000,000 people beneath the imperial rule of the grand old banner of England. We challenge any other country to show in all the history of the years such a record of beneficent legislation as England has during the last fifty years.

The British banner stands for Liberty—liberty to think, feel, do the things that stand for manhood and righteousness. It stands for more than that—it stands for safety—the whole power of the Empire will protect its meanest citizen until its last man dies. There is room for admiration of a banner that means so much.

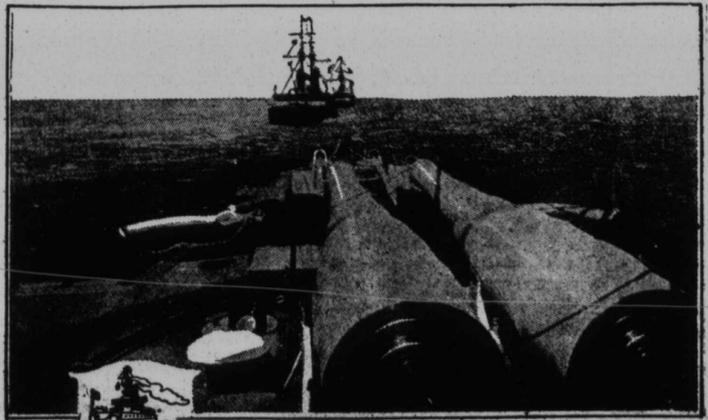
There is a deeper meaning in England's banner than that. The flag stands for national morality, national righteousness. Why the struggle of today? Why is England in it

and risking so much? Is it for empty honor or mere sentimentalism? If for that I should be ashamed of England today. When the English ambassador pleaded with Germany to guarantee to respect Belgium's neutrality, what did Germany answer? "Will you go to war over a scrap of paper?" There was the honor expressive of a sacred national obligation which the German chancellor trod in the mire. Today England holds aloft the sacred document. She stands for national morality. If England had stood aloft and let this thing go on it would have meant her national humiliation and disgrace in the eyes of all other nations.

Outside of one or two nations, England is receiving the commendations of the entire civilized world. There have been struggles into which our nation has gone with divided opinion—struggles into which they should not have gone—but this is perfectly justified. Practically the whole religious press of America is behind Britain. Even the greatest of the Peace Advocates says that England could not have done anything else in the present case.

It is marvellous how united the Empire is in India and South Africa as well as Australia, Canada and the other sections.

There is no room for panic. Experts expect only one issue of the conflict. There will be struggle, destruction and death, but out of it the mailed fist of Europe will disappear—will be so smashed, broken and overthrown that it will never be able to rise again. Someday there will such a settlement that will make such a war as this impossible for the future.



Big Guns of a British War Vessel trained on a ship and ready to fire