

BUCKLEY'S BRONCHITIS MIXTURE SAVED MY LIFE

Read this true statement
"I, Mrs. Clayton, have suffered from Bronchitis for years and found relief only in Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture. I consider this to be a wonderful remedy and would be without it in the house, and I am firmly convinced that it saved my life."
Mrs. W. Clayton, 90 Uxbridge Ave., Toronto.

Buckley's is guaranteed to relieve with the very first dose, coughs, colds and bronchitis. Get a bottle at your druggist's today.

W. K. BUCKLEY, LIMITED
143 MUTUAL ST., TORONTO

LONDON TIMES AND R. K. JONES OF N.B.

Predicts Future For Woodstock Boy
Who Took Part in Elections

The London Times of the December 22nd issue carries an interview with Randolph K. Jones, the brilliant young McGill student and son of Hon. W. F. Jones, K. C., of Woodstock. Mr. Jones, it will be remembered, took an active part in the recent British elections at the invitation of the Conservative party. The New Brunswick boy made a splendid impression by his speeches during his campaign and prominent leaders of the Conservative party offered him his constituency at the next general elections. He impressed them by his ability.

The interview appearing in the Times, is as follows:
"There returned to Canada yesterday one of the most interesting visitors whom England has entertained for many a long day. This was Mr. Randolph K. Jones, of McGill University, Montreal, who came over to this country about a month ago to put before the British electors the imperative point of view.

"To a Times reporter, Mr. Jones explained that he was doing research work and study at McGill, under Professor Stephen Leacock, who combines the duties of the Chair of Economics with his world-famous humorous writings. Mr. Leacock himself should have come to England, but he being unable to do so, Mr. Jones came in his place—a high tribute indeed to one of his years.

"When I left Canada a month ago," Mr. Jones said, "there was no unemployment, and the Government had decided that 15,000 more men, for whom jobs could at once be found, were wanted—that being the result of a hasty survey in a comparatively small part of the country.

"The Dominion generally bore a prosperous air, but, of course, what Canada wants is a greater population, not only to develop her land and other natural resources, but to create a larger home market, and to encourage the expansion of her manufacturers.

"The opportunities awaiting settlers can hardly be overestimated. The man or woman who is prepared to work hard and to become quickly identified with the life and customs of the country will certainly make good, and do extremely well for himself or herself in the course of a very few years' time.

"In the immediate future, I think, we are going to see a much greater and more capable effort on the part of the Canadian Government to attract British settlers, and to keep them.

"Canada wants British people and British money. It is difficult for people here to realize the way in which the United States overshadows other influences in the Dominion, and the mental disturbance it gives to all of

us who want to keep Canada British.

"I am convinced that the only way to keep us a British nation is to transplant the surplus population here, to the Dominion, and to encourage British sentiment and tradition.

"Coming myself of United Empire Loyalist stock, I am deeply persuaded of the need for action to retain the British tradition, and for this reason I am interested myself in the movement to educate our young men to a policy of active imperialism, either by way of literature, politics, or other forms of creating public opinion. We hope to have this movement well under way by next summer, and ultimately to rally to it many thousands of such young men who will take a part in deciding the issues of the future.

"Asked for his impressions of this country, Mr. Jones said that although he had been here little more than three weeks, and that during that time his only visits in addition to London, were to Birmingham, Leicester, Manchester, and Wednesbury, what struck him most was the untiring courtesy and consideration accorded him in every quarter. In one or two cases where other speakers found it difficult to get a hearing at all, I was listened to throughout. That, perhaps, was because I was a Canadian, or it may be that it was a tribute to the impressions which Canadians who came to this country left behind them after the war.

"It was a tremendous surprise to find how extremely seriously disposed people were, and what attention they paid to the fight. The loyalty of Englishmen also struck me very much—their readiness, for example, to stand anywhere and everywhere, when the National Anthem was being played or sung.

"Mr. Jones goes back to the Dominion to continue his study and research at McGill, where he will probably remain for some time longer. It is impossible to resist the belief, however, that in him is the makings of a great social and imperial force. Without a doubt, more will be heard of him."

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Gretchen Elisabeth Shaw, who departed from us Jan. 11, 1923:

A little form from us has fled;
A voice we loved is still;
A place made vacant in our home,
Can nevermore be filled.

There was a hand in Heaven
That was not quite complete;
They took our darling Gretchen
To fill that vacant seat.

Father and Mother

Here and There

Exports in Canada's inter-empire trade last month exceeded imports by over \$12,000,000. Against imports from 25 countries belonging to the British Empire, amounting to \$15,713,000, Canada exported goods amounting to \$27,885,000.

Not Victor Fearnough, aged seven weeks, son of a farmer of Morris, Alberta, the youngest child on record to travel alone. Against import from 25 countries belonging to the British Empire, amounting to \$15,713,000, Canada exported goods amounting to \$27,885,000.

An experiment in shipping Canadian peaches to England has been successful. The peaches were packed in small boxes and placed in cold storage, reaching London in fine condition. There is likelihood of an increased demand for Canadian peaches.

Representative of the best sheep and prize blood of Great Britain, 33 animals imported from the Old Country arrived in Regina, Saskatchewan, recently. There were 13 ewes and 20 lambs in the shipment. The animals were bought by the government for farmers in the province.

Canada's highest lookout station has been completed and will be ready for use next year. It is situated on Mount Carleton, near Revelstoke, British Columbia, and is 8,400 feet above sea level. It will be used for the detection of forest fires and for meteorological and other observations.

The Canadian Melrose red apple is the champion dessert apple in the British Empire, as judges at the Imperial Fruit Show, which opened in Manchester, recently, adjudged. They also decided that Cox orange, shipped from British Columbia, was the whole, are the best of the apple exhibits from overseas, and winners, therefore, of the "Daily Mail" fifty-guinea cup.

What is declared to be a world's record for the transportation of grain has just been achieved by the Canadian Pacific Railway. In one period of 24 hours there were moved from Winnipeg for the head of the lake 1,775 loaded cars. The best previous record, also held by the Canadian Pacific Railway, was 1,579 cars, moved east on October 25th, 1921.

One thousand young buffalo will be taken from the Dominion park at Wainwright, Alberta, and turned loose in the north in the region in which wood buffalo are found. Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, announced. This will prevent the slaughter of these animals, made necessary by the increasing size of the Wainwright herd.

Sea Slang in British Navy

In these days of steam and turbine-driven ships much of the quaint sea phraseology is obsolete. Snatches of the ancient sea slang, however, may yet be heard among old "salt," and in the forecastles of the few "wind-jammers" still sailing the ocean.

Salt beef, "junk," or "old horse," suggests, coarse fare, but for many weary weeks it constituted the sole meat diet of the old sailor. It used to be said that this diet worked out through the pores of the skin and contributed to the mahogany complexion common to those who follow the sea, but detractors to their hearts was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

The origin of the term "lobscouse" was, and still is, "lobscouse" or "scouse," a mess of pounded biscuits—often "weevily"—salt beef or pork, and potatoes, in the old days, but now composed of more savory ingredients. A pudding made of peas, boiled in a cloth, was known as "dog's body," biscuits as "hard tack," and white bread as "soft tack."

PILES

Do not suffer from Piles. Get relief at once. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once. Sold at all drug stores. Price 25c. Sample box free if you enclose this page and return to us by post.

T.R.C.'s

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica and Neuritis, Canada's standard remedy is Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules. T.R.C.'s stop the pain by removing from the system the original cause.

Send us 10c for a generous sample. Give 50c and the coupon we enclose with each sample, to your druggist and he will give you a full size \$1.00 box of Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules.

TEMPLETON CO., TORONTO.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Wholesome Cleaning Refreshing

Sheriff Sale

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that there will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Post Office in the Town of Hartland on Saturday the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1924 at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon all the right, title and interest of Everett D. White and Mary A. White, his wife in and to the following lands and premises:

ALL that certain lot, piece and parcel of land situate in the Parish of Brighton, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a beech tree standing at the most northern angle of lot number 23 granted to James W. Boyer of West Pole Hill, thence running by the magnet of the year 1871, north 64 degrees east 15 chains to a cedar tree, thence south 19 degrees west 105 chains to a cedar tree, thence south 19 degrees west 105 chains to a post, thence north 85 degrees west 105 chains and two links to another post, thence north 19 degrees east 97 chains to the place of beginning, containing 200 acres more or less and distinguished as lot number 23 west of Pole Hill Settlement and further described as being that certain lot granted by the Crown to the said William McAdam on the 26th of February A. D. 1900 and registered as number 24210 in the Provincial Secretary's office.

ALSO ALL that certain piece and parcel of land lying and being in the Parish of Brighton, in the County of Carleton and bounded as follows, beginning at a post standing on the southwesterly angle of Lot Number 24 granted to John Reagan, thence south 75 degrees east 100 chains to another post, and thence south four degrees west 10 chains to a post, thence north 88 degrees west 100 chains to another post, thence north 4 degrees east 10 chains to the place of beginning, containing 100 acres more or less and distinguished as lot number 43 West of the York and Carleton Mining Company track being the same land that was granted to Matthew Crayne, grant bearing date the 23rd day of January A. D. 1874.

ALSO ALL that certain piece of land situate in the Parish of Brighton being a portion of the Foundry Land, so called and bounded as follows: Commencing at the south side of the Pole Hill Road, so called at a cedar stake marked number nine, thence running south 21 1/2 rods to lands formerly owned by Colby Derrah to a stake marked number 7, thence east along line of said Derrah lot 40 rods to a post marked P. S. A. number 30, thence north west twelve rods to the Pole Hill road to a birch tree marked number 40, thence west along said Pole Hill Road forty-six rods to the place of beginning, containing 4 acres more or less.

Together with the buildings and improvements thereon and the privileges and appurtenances thereto appertaining.

The interest of the said Everett D. White and Mary A. White is sold under and by virtue of an execution in my hands against them issued out of the Supreme Court, King's Bench Division.

Dated this tenth day of January A. D. 1924.

ALBION R. FOSTER,

H. H. Sheriff County of Carleton.

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 24th February, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for a period not exceeding four years, 6 times per week on the route—Cantreville Rural Route No. 4, from the 1st July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Cantreville and at the office of the District Superintendent of Postal Service, St. John.

District Superintendent's office, Jan. 7th, 1924.

H. W. WOODS,
Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

Act. District Superintendent of Postal Services.

NOTICE

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities for the Province of New Brunswick

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the application of the Hartland Electric Company Limited for approval of rates for electrical energy for light and domestic purposes and for power, will be considered by the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities at the Government Rooms, St. John, N. B., at ten thirty of the clock on Wednesday morning, January 23rd 1924, when all parties interested in the same will be heard.

The proposed schedule of rates is on file in the office of the Clerk of the Board in the City of Saint John in the Province of New Brunswick, where the same may be inspected.

Dated the eighth day of December A. D. 1923.

By the Board.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.

E. S. CARTER, Clerk.