

Closes  
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THIRD  
EDITION

# The Toronto Sunday World

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## Four Hundred Spaniards For Canal Work Held Up

## MAN IN STREET NOT EXCITED OVER ULSTER

Country Remains Quite Unconcerned Over Irish Question, and Apathy Becomes Greater as Words Increase

## OPPOSITION WORKS FOR ITS OWN GOOD

Premier Made Shrewd Move When He Arranged for Any Province to Remain as Now

(Special to The Sunday World.)

LONDON, March 14.—Notwithstanding the long-drawn war of words and the dire threats of still grimmer war over Ulster, the country remains quite unconcerned. Indeed, for any apparent excitement on the part of the general public, Ireland and Ulster might just as well be in the interior of the dark continent. Seldom has an acute political situation so failed to arouse popular sentiment, and the longer it continues the more apathetic is the view taken by the man on the street. The prime minister with his usual shrewdness evidently realized that time is working with him and his alternative insistence, first that the government will not be coerced, and next, that it is prepared to go to the utmost limit of concession compatible with the principle of home rule for Ireland, has had its effect.

## Public Seeing a Light

The public, however, is giving greater indication of a growing belief that the real concern of the opposition is not with Ulster but with its accession to office. Its leaders have persuaded themselves that the country will throw out the government if a dissolution can be forced, and they think that if they can create a genuine fear that civil war is imminent, the cabinet will succumb and either advise an appeal to the electors or withdraw the home rule bill, and in consequence be turned out by the incensed Nationalists. The manoeuvre is, however, too much in the open to be a menace, and Mr. Asquith's strategy has already turned the flank of the opposition.

## An Astute Move

The premier's offer to leave the Ulster counties in fact any county in any province, free to vote themselves in or out of Irish self-government is now realized to have been an exceedingly astute move on his part. Many in the know of Irish opinion believe that a far larger proportion of the Protestant electors than is commonly supposed are in favor of home rule on the simple ground that it is likely to bring with it a better system of administration and one more favorable for the development of Ireland's prosperity. Mr. Asquith has promised to make a further statement on Monday, and again a mild curiosity exists as to its nature, about which as little is known as was before his last deliverance. Probably it will be mainly of an explanatory character, particularly with regard to the financial difficulty presented should the Protestant counties of Ulster elect to remain under the direct rule of the imperial government and parliament.

## TWO DEATHS THRU WOOD ALCOHOL

Man and Woman Found Dead After a Night of Drinking

LIVERPOOL, N.S., March 14.—John O'Reilly, known as "Slasher O'Reilly," and Mrs. Richmond Roseberry are dead as the result of drinking wood alcohol. O'Reilly purchased a bottle of the liquid last night, and taking George Strachan to his boarding house, drank with Mrs. Roseberry until late at night. Strachan awoke from his stupor at daybreak to find O'Reilly dead beside him. He went down stairs to call Mrs. Roseberry and found her dead upon the lounge. An inquest is being held.

SEEDING STARTED.  
LEITHBRIDGE, Alta., Mar. 14.—Seeding has started on the experimental farm here.

## Ranks of Suffrage Workers Are Torn by Dissension

## RECALL PAGE OR SEAL HIS LIPS SAYS SENATOR

In Justice to the American People He Should Be Kept Still or Promptly Brought Home, Says Chamberlain

## SECOND TIME HE HAS OFFENDED

WASHINGTON, March 14.—"Some means ought to be found by the powers that be to seal the lips of the ambassador to Great Britain, or else, in justice to the American people, he ought to be recalled, and that as promptly as possible," declared Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, in a formal statement today, after reading cabled accounts of Ambassador Page's address before the Associated Chambers of Commerce in London, Wednesday night. Senator Chamberlain introduced the resolution passed by the senate, as a result of which Secretary Bryan cabled Mr. Page for a full report of his speech, in which he was reported as having said that the American people were pleased that Great Britain should profit most by the Panama Canal, and that the Monroe doctrine meant merely that the United States "would prefer that no European government would gain more land in the world." "This is the second time in less than a year that Ambassador Page has been guilty of the impropriety of placing the American people in a false light before the British public," said Senator Chamberlain.

## WHAT OLD-LINE SUFFRAGISTS SAY

Mrs. Flora Macdonald Denison, president of the Canadian National Suffrage Association, when interviewed expressed her regrets that it had been found impossible for the two factions with different views to work together and credited the lack of progress to this fact. "I think that the split is the only thing that could have happened. They could not work with us and we could not work with them. It was the continued obstructionist tactics of the Equal Franchise League which has been the cause of this. There is plenty of work for the league, and no one association has or desires to corner the suffrage work." Mrs. Lees, who is connected with the Equal Franchise League, has also been interviewed. She is entirely unimpressed by the suffrage situation in Canada, crediting herself and Mrs. L. A. Hamilton with all the important work done, and stating that the press had taken no notice of the work done till capable letters had been written by them to three papers, when, years before, The Sunday World had published a department in support of the movement. "The charge that we have allied ourselves with Mrs. Fankburn is untrue and silly. I personally am a great admirer of that woman, and have repeatedly said so, but in an entirely personal capacity, and not in any way hinting that such methods should be introduced in Canada." The Toronto Suffrage Association, with over 1000 members, will remain not a component body of the old National Association.

## TEAMSTER KILLED IN WEST TORONTO PIT

Buried Alive in Sand — Dead When Pulled Out

Daniel McLaughlin, of Brock avenue, a teamster employed by John Mullin, contractor, was buried alive in a cave-in at the gravel pit at the head of Jana street, West Toronto, on Saturday afternoon, and before he could be released was suffocated. The young man had been loosening some gravel under a ledge in the bank when, without warning, a cave-in occurred and buried him. He was dug out as soon as possible, but was dead. His body was removed to Speers' undertaking parlors, where an inquest was opened Saturday night by Coroner Emerson Bull.

## MEXICANS BRING SMALLPOX TO TEXAS

Federal Government Instruct Army Surgeons to Vaccinate All Crossing Border

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 14.—Smallpox conditions in South Texas, due to the influx of thousands of Mexicans who have crossed the border to escape the revolution, it is declared, have assumed serious proportions. A movement is on foot in San Antonio, it was announced today, to request that the federal government instruct army surgeons along the border to vaccinate each person who crosses from Mexico.

## HOCKEY EXTRA

will be published by The Sunday World right after the game. FULL REPORT

## Six Hundred Factory Girls Flee Down Fire Ladders

## GOVERNMENT STOPS FLOOD OF SPANISH WORKERS IMPORTED BY WELLAND CANAL CONTRACTORS

## Hundred Thousand Drop Their Tools as Tribute To George Westinghouse

NEW YORK, March 14.—A hundred thousand men and women dropped their tools today as a tribute to George Westinghouse, whose genius gave them the means of livelihood. The great inventor of the air brake was buried here today, while machinery stood idle in a dozen factories in America and Europe. Twenty-five thousand Westinghouse employees laid aside their tools in Pittsburgh alone. The funeral services were held this afternoon at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and the burial was at Woodlawn Cemetery, in Brooklyn. Among the mourners were forty-seven men from the plant of the Westinghouse Air-Brake Co. of Pittsburgh, who worked in the original Westinghouse factory. There were present also delegations from the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and many more scientific bodies, and from industrial and financial corporations which came in touch with the widespread enterprises founded by Mr. Westinghouse or based on his discoveries. The services were conducted by the Rev. J. H. Jewett, pastor of the church, and by the Rev. S. J. Fisher of Pittsburgh, whose friendship with the inventor dated from the time when they were poor boys rooming together in a Pittsburgh boarding house.

## BAPTIST PASTOR WAS INDISCREET AT UNITARIAN CHURCH

Rev. F. B. Greul's Action in Welcoming Rev. H. H. Sanderson Strongly Criticized

## ONLY MINISTER'S CHURCH CAN ACT

Rather indiscreet and somewhat untimely was the address of welcome delivered to Rev. H. H. Sanderson, the new pastor of the Unitarian Church, by Rev. F. B. Greul, pastor of Parkdale Baptist Church, in the opinion of many Baptist ministers of the city, expressed in strong terms on Saturday.

"Speaking in a Unitarian Church so soon after his arrival in the city, I am afraid was rather indiscreet," said Rev. A. J. Vining of College Street Baptist Church. "Of course, he spoke in his unofficial capacity, and had a perfect right to welcome anybody to the city. As a citizen, I am sure we all welcome Mr. Sanderson, but for a minister of the Baptist Church to welcome him to the church of his faith, at an official reception, I am afraid, is liable to be understood as an acceptance of the beliefs of the church, which we all most emphatically condemn."

This seemed to be the general opinion of the various Baptist ministers interviewed, but it is thought that the matter will drop here as only Dr. Greul's own congregation has any power to act in censuring the action.

## CONFERENCE SOON TO SOLVE PROBLEM OF CITY SUBURBS

Date When Representatives of Three Adjoining Counties and Toronto Council Will Meet Almost Settled

## METROPOLITAN COUNTY IDEA TO BE DISCUSSED

Within a few days representatives of the Townships of York, Scarborough and Etobicoke and of the City of Toronto will have a conference upon the proposition of W. F. Maclean, M.P., that the city and those townships form a metropolitan county. Ald. Wickett, chairman of the transportation committee, is arranging the conference, and states that a date convenient to all is about agreed upon.

The business of the conference will be to discuss the advisability of establishing a metropolitan county upon the basis laid down by Mr. Maclean, and if the proposition is approved then to appoint a committee to block out a policy for government and development of the county.

From the standpoint of those three townships the overflow of the city's population has brought about conditions demanding immediate attention to sanitary betterment and protection from fire. These conditions could be dealt with by the townships by having police villages established, but results would probably be too slow to meet the requirements.

## Disease and Fires Likely

From the standpoint of the city responsibility for its overflow of population cannot be shirked. Delay in improving the sanitary conditions and fire protection facilities of the congested areas that now fringe the city limits may mean an epidemic of disease in the city and a costly conflagration in the city during a high wind. The city's interest in the matter is greater than that of the townships.

## The Officials of the townships are

willing to co-operate with the city in adopting practical measures to relieve the situation. Some of the members of the city council favor the formation of a metropolitan county with a form of government that will carry the responsibility for the development of a greater Toronto. Other members of the city council favor annexing the outlying congested areas and holding government for a greater Toronto within the power of the city council.

## The Annexationists' Side.

Those members who favor a policy of annexation contend that the city's heavy investment in the widening of St. Clair and Danforth avenues, the placing of a civic car line system thereon, and the undertaking to construct the Bloor street viaduct all make for the development and enrichment of the territory to the north, and that territory should be annexed so that it will contribute thru assessment to the cost of the expensive services provided. This contention is strengthened by the necessity for acquiring the area which the projected Forest Hill Railway is to serve, so that the railway company will be compelled to sell its franchise to the city while the cost will be at the minimum. The railway company is now asking for a year's extension of time to commence construction.

Four Hundred Spaniards, Half of Whom Are Said to Be Carpenters, Among Lot Who Landed in New York Saturday to Work on Welland Canal — Contracts Do Not Allow Using of Anything But Native Labor

## MINISTER OF LABOR WIRES INSTRUCTIONS

Local Men Heard of Scheme and Put Ottawa in Touch With the Plot

An attempt to flood the Welland district with Spanish laborers has been brought to a sudden halt by the government immigration authorities, acting upon the advice of the government fair wage officer, Mr. M. Compton, and Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor. More than 400 mechanics and laborers from Spain, who are alleged to have been hired to work on the canal contracts, are now being held up at the border.

The local labor men were informed of this scheme thru the medium of men who are in touch with the Spanish consul in Toronto, and immediately set to work gathering information in connection with the matter. Their investigations resulted in a complete verification of the facts as stated by the informant. Mr. Morley C. Clark, business agent of the local carpenters, telegraphed the fair wage officer at Ottawa asking him whether this wholesale hiring of foreign labor for Welland Canal Government contracts was a breach of the fair wage clause in the contracts, and was informed that it was, and a request for more details was made by the government officer. Mr. Clark immediately wired all information to the department of labor, and received a reply Saturday stating that the immigration department were moving in the matter. This letter-telegram was signed by the minister of labor.

## Four Hundred Landed.

The local labor men declare that 400 Spaniards landed in New York Saturday and were held up, pending advice from Ottawa. The men were hired thru The J. Enoch Thompson Co., and were part of a large demand made by the English contractors who were awarded Section No. 2 of the Welland Canal contracts. The name given in The Labor Journal is Baldry, Terburg and Hutchinson, with head offices at Westminster, London, Eng. The government states that this work must be done by native labor as far as possible. The story that there is not enough labor of the character required is denied by the labor men, who have sent Organizer J. Marsh to Niagara in order that any attempt to land the Spaniards at that point might be checked. It is stated that the Spaniards are more than 50 per cent. carpenters and will be employed as concrete form makers, the many of them are just ordinary laborers, who are willing to work for much lower wages than the Canadian laborers.

## Consul Gets Advice.

J. Enoch Thompson, the Spanish consul, received a telegram from Hon. Mr. Crothers Saturday, saying that the bringing in of the men would conflict with contractor's agreements with their government. Mr. Thompson is writing to Spain of the government's attitude. It is said that many hundreds more were to be brought from Spain.

## There are at present 8000 Spaniards

in Canada. They are employed chiefly on railway construction. Provided the 400 men who left New York for Welland Saturday can comply with the regular immigration requirements, they will not be kept out of Canada, was the opinion of Mr. Thompson.

## MAY GO TO COUNTRY.

TRURO, March 14.—There is a well grounded belief in Halifax that the Murray government will dissolve the house and go to the country at the end of the present session of the legislature, probably about June.

Sunday Weather  
Fair and Mild