Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

GILBERT PARKER'S NEW BOOK
THE LANE THAT HAD NO TURNING
Geo. N. Morang & Co., Limited, Publishers, Toronto.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR — TEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING JANUARY 26—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

PATHETIC SCENES AT O[illegible] THE COFFIN FINALL[illegible]SED

Senate Reg Room Hansg SENATE FO[illegible]

Body Now Lies in the Dining-Room on a Crimson Dais, Resting on a Silk Union Jack—Face Bears a Look of Peace—Arrangements for Influx of Royal Personages.

SUMMARY OF FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

Queen Victoria will be buried beside the Prince Consort, at Frogmore, on Feb. 2.

The body will be taken on Feb. 1 from Osborne to Windsor, where it will lie in state in St. George's Chapel.

It will be a military funeral, and instead of a hearse a gun carriage will be used.

The body will go to Portsmouth on the Royal yacht Alberta, the route across the Solent being lined by the warships of the Channel fleet.

The coffin is of English oak, lined with white satin, enclosed in a casket of lead with a shell of cedar.

A Royal pall of purple satin, with the British arms embroidered in gold at the corners, is being made.

The body was taken yesterday to the dining room at Osborne and placed on a catafalque of purple velvet, surrounded by blazing candles.

A private service was held there by the Bishop of Winchester for the members of the Royal family.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 26—(12.45 a.m.)—With a pathos and solemnity such as seldom mark the passing from daylight into darkness of the coffin, the royal family yesterday took their last loving look at the features of the dead Queen. About 10 o'clock in the morning the shell was brought into the bedroom, where were waiting King Edward, Emperor William, the Duke of Connaught, Sir James Reid and the royal ladies. The latter having retired, Sir James Reid, with reverent hands, assisted by three trusted household servants, and in the presence of the King, Emperor and the Duke, removed the body from the bed to the coffin.

In death it was lovelier than in the closing days of life. Not a trace of the ravages of disease was visible.

A Touching Scene.

The servants having retired, Queen Alexandra, the Princesses and the children were recalled and, with lingering steps and stifled sobs, they passed slowly before this white-robed and peaceful figure.

At the foot, never moving, stood the King, and when the mourning crowd had passed there remained only the son and grandson of the dead. Emperor William wept even more bitterly than the royal ladies. Finally he also retired, and the King was left alone. Sir James Reid, beckoning to the servants with the coffin lid, asked the King's instructions.

Casket Finally Closed.

For a few seconds the King stood speechless, stricken with emotion at the last farewell. Then he said quickly.

"Close it finally. It must not be opened again."

Thus the remains of England's greatest ruler were forever closed from human view.

Reverently the coffin was borne into the dining room. Officers and men from the royal yachts took their stand around the coffin, over which the King, Queen and Kaiser gently laid the robes of a Knight of the Garter, placing at the head a diamond crown. Beneath lay the royal ensign, while hanging above was the Union Jack.

Funeral Service Read.

At the altar was the rector of Whippingham, who read a portion of the funeral service in the presence of the royal family. Emperor William covered his face with his hands, and the grief of Princess Beatrice was pitiful. After the benediction each placed a wreath upon the coffin and all retired.

The Will Not Opened.

The correspondent of the Associated Press is informed that the Queen's will has not been opened, and that, according to present arrangements, it will not be opened until after the funeral, its details being unknown to the royal family. There is no truth in the statement that King Edward and Emperor William knelt by the bedside of the Queen and swore to preserve peace.

No Dramatic Display.

A significant feature of all the deathbed scenes has been their absolute naturalness and the absence of false or dramatic elements. According to a rumor circulating at Osborne, King Edward desires himself to be styled His Imperial Majesty, in order to emphasize the fact that he is Emperor as well as King.

To-day (Saturday) the local volunteers and the forces in the vicinity will pass thru the Chapelle Ardente. After these will pass the correspondents of the leading papers of the world.

Intense Military Air.

A very remarkable feature of all the proceedings is the intense martial air which pervades them. The naval parade off Spithead is to be the greatest, if possible, the world ever saw, and the military arrangements at Windsor will eclipse anything of the kind ever attempted.

To-night Grenadiers are mounting their silent guard over the coffin, with guns reversed, arms crossed and heads bent.

The silence is unbroken, save by an occasional shuffle from the soldiers in changing their uneasy position.

Imposing Procession in London.

It is virtually settled that there will be an imposing funeral procession thru London, headed by the King, Emperor William and Lord Roberts. The route will be nearly the same as that of Lord Roberts' triumphal entry, but reversed.

Mr. William St. John Brodrick, Secretary of State for War, and Lord Roberts will go to Osborne to-day to settle the military program of the procession and the funeral procedure at Windsor.

ON A CRIMSON DAIS.

Rests the Body in the Dining Room of Osborne House.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 25.—A private service over the remains of Queen Victoria was held this morning. The cof-

Continued on Page 2.

INSURANCE RATES SENT UP

Montreal Underwriters Decided to Advance Prices 50 Per Cent. All Over the City

AND 25 CENTS PER $100 EXTRA

In the Fire District—Cable Messages From the Home Offices Caused the Raise.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the underwriters this morning it was decided to advance insurance rates 50 per cent. all over the city, and add 25 cents per $100 in the district of the fire as per schedule. The old rate in the district was usually 75 cents per $100 of insurance, and it will now be $1.37½, or about 70 per cent. increase.

It is stated on good authority that the action taken by the fire underwriters in raising the rates so high was occasioned by cable messages from the head offices of the leading English companies suggesting the intention of withdrawing from Montreal business altogether.

Ask for Gibbons', the original Toothache Gum. Price 10c. 246

City Travelers' Officers.

At the meeting last night of the Toronto City Travelers' Association, in St. George's Hall, the newly-elected officers were duly installed by Past-President R. M. Maxwell. They are: President, M. A. Muldrew; first vice-president, William Anderson; second vice-president, W. A. Mitchell; chaplain, D. J. Ferguson; guard, James Scott; marshal, T. Holman; treasurer, James Mortimer; secretary, W. F. Daniel.

A resolution, moved by Mr. R. M. Maxwell, seconded by E. J. Ferguson, expressing regret on the death of Queen Victoria, was passed. The resolution will be forwarded to his Majesty King Edward VII., thru his Excellency the Governor-General.

By the King's Order.

The Prince of Wales has now become King of Britain, and his favorite hatter is now "Hatter to His Majesty"—Henry Heath of London holds that important position in the merchants' catalogue. The Dineen Co. are his sole Canadian agents, besides representing Dunlap of New York. If you need a new hat you can purchase the very latest from that firm.

Strawberries, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Celery, Peas, Spanish Grapes—just arrived at Wellwood's, Confederation Life Building.

Choice Residence for Sale.

$8500 will purchase a pair of choice solid brick houses, 12 rooms each, all conveniences, good deep lot; location southwest corner Pembroke and Wilton-crescent. J. L. Troy, 59 Adelaide east.

Must Come Back to Canada.

G. W. Herskovitz of Toledo, who is said to have induced Clara Raymond to go to Windsor and married her, swearing she was 18 years old, will be brought to Canada to stand trial for perjury. The extradition proceedings were stubbornly fought, but without avail.

The Oath of Allegiance.

Judge Morgan and Sheriffs Mowat and Widdifield went before Judge McDougall yesterday and took the oath of allegiance to His Majesty King Edward VII.

STORMS ON THE PACIFIC.

Worst Hurricane Ever Known Swept the New Hebrides—Forest Fires in Australia.

Vancouver, B.C., Jan. 25.—A steamer from Sydney, N. S. W., brings news of the most disastrous hurricane known in the history of New Britain. During Dec. 7, 8 and 9 the gale lasted, causing distrees, devastation, injury and death.

The sea arose on Dec. 7 and swept the coast, carrying away all sailing craft. Wharves were demolished, trees were rooted up, natives were injured and drowned and damage to the amount of $200,000 done.

All thru Australia bush fires raged. Forty thousand bushels of wheat were burned and many farmers left homeless and destitute. Cattle and sheep by the thousands were burned. Whole families are missing.

A Wrecked Vessel.

Vancouver, Jan. 25.—It is believed that the wreckage found off the west coast of Vancouver Island is that of the Ardnamurchan, owned by W. A. Anderson & Co., of this city.

SPAIN'S QUEEN IS ALARMED.

Shot Was Fired and Penetrated the Gunwale of the Boat She Was In.

London, Jan. 26.—"While the Queen-Regent and her children were boating in the royal park on the outskirts of Madrid today," says the Madrid correspondent of The Daily Express, "a shot was fired from the bank and penetrated the gunwale of the boat. The park was searched, but the assailant was not discovered. The Queen-Regent was considerably alarmed."

ASYLUM DOCTORS TRANSFERRED.

Several Important Changes Have Been Made in the Various Provincial Institutions.

Dr Wilson, assistant physician at the Brockville Asylum, has been transferred to London, to take the place of Dr. Hobbs, who has resigned to take up private practice of his profession. Dr. Laidlaw, formerly of the Orillia Asylum, who returned a few days ago after serving with the Canadian Mounted Rifles in South Africa, has been promoted to a position in Brockville Asylum. Dr. St. Charles, who was also at the Orillia Asylum, is promoted to a position in Hamilton, to take the place of Dr. Herriman, who was recently transferred to Kingston.

To clothe men means more than just to cover them with cloth. Hobberlin Bros., 153 Yonge St., give you clothing that has a fit and finish about it that wins your admiration—every garment made to the individual cut of the customer.

Children's Furs.

On the back page of this paper will be found a short list of fur goods for children which Dineen is offering. The sale is found necessary by the large stock now on hand. It won't cost you anything to call in and look around the showrooms. Store open until 10 o'clock to-night.

Oxydonor Strengthens Weak People

Oxydonor Makes People Healthy.

Oxydonors at 135 King St. West.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W.

E. R. Case, patents procured, Temple Bld'g

TO CURE THE GRIP IN TWO DAYS. Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

THE FIRE FIEND AT WALKERVILLE

Match Factory the Scene of a Fatal Conflagration Yesterday Evening.

TWO MEN LOST THEIR LIVES

One Was Lieut. G.R.S. Phillips, Who Lately Was Welcomed Home From South Africa.

THE OTHER WAS WM. BRINDLE.

Lad Named Housen Will Probably Die and Several Others Were Injured.

Windsor, Jan. 25.—(Special.)—As the result of a fire which began in the warehouse of the Walkerville match factory shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon, William Brindle and Lieut. G. R. S. Phillips are lying dead to-night. When the fire was almost extinguished several barrels of chemicals ignited and a terrible explosion, that completely wrecked the building, followed.

An immense crowd gathered about the building, and many were injured by flying missiles. Near the wrecked building, with a large hole in the back of his head, lay William Brindle, captain of the chemical department of the fire brigade. He died in a few minutes.

Lieut. G. R. S. Phillips, a volunteer fireman, was dug out from under a mass of debris at 10 o'clock. Life was extinct.

Charles Housen, a young lad, will probably die from an ugly gash in his skull.

The other injured are: Frank Desmarais, fireman, serious injuries on chest.

Alex Langlois, seriously injured.

Chauncri Bennett, ankle broken.

Ex-Mayor Thomas Reid, Chief of Fire Department, cuts on face and hands.

E. G. Russell, gash on head and cut on nose.

W. Armstrong, badly bruised about head and breast.

The cause of the fire is unknown. Dr. Reaume, coroner, will hold an inquest.

The Dead Men.

William Brindle was formerly of Cardinal, Ont., but for a few years has been employed as shipping clerk in Parke, Davis & Co.'s laboratory. He was 38 years of age and unmarried. He was quartermaster-sergeant in the 21st Regiment.

Lieut. G. R. S. Phillips was one of the South African heroes. In Walkerville and with the men and officers of the 21st Regiment he was immensely popular. He was of English birth and had no relatives in this country.

MONTREAL SUFFERS AGAIN.

Twenty-Five Thousand Boxes of Cheese Burned, Along With Other Property.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—This morning 25,000 boxes of cheese; valued at $200,000; were destroyed by a fire in the warehouse of D. A. McPherson & Co., William-street. The warehouse of Hodgson Bros., adjoining; where 40,000 boxes were stored; was damaged by smoke and water. A. W. Johnson and J. Pitts, commission agents, also suffered. The fire loss will total probably $300,000.

The Insurances.

Hodgson Bros. were insured in the following companies: Atlas $10,000, Caledonia $10,000, Commercial Union $10,000, Guardian $10,000, Imperial $20,000, Manchester $5000, North British and Mercantile $20,000, Northern $30,000, North American $5000, Norwich $10,000, National $10,000, Phoenix (London), $25,000, Sun $10,000, British America $15,000, London and Lancashire $10,000, Phoenix (Brooklyn), $5000. Total $214,000.

McPherson's insurances were: Aetna $5000, Alliance $13,500, Aetna $8000; Caledonia $20,500, Commercial Union $16,000, Guardian $6000, Imperial $30,000, Lancashire, $19,000, Manchester $5000, North British and Mercantile $15,000, Northern $10,000, North American $5000, National $10,000, Phoenix (Hartford), $7000, Phoenix (London) $15,000, Quebec $5000, Queen $9500, Sun $5000, Western $20,000. Total $219,200. On buildings—Scottish Union $11,000.

QUEBEC FIRM IN TROUBLE.

Elzear Pickard and Other Merchants Assigned on Demand of Thibaudeau Bros. & Co.

Quebec, Jan. 25.—The firm of Thibaudeau, Freres & Cie of this city has made a demand of assignment upon Elzear Pickard and other merchants doing business at Quebec under the firm name of "A la Quebecoise," upon a claim of $4527.35. The insolvents consented to assign, and George Lefaive and L. Taschereau of Quebec, accountants, were named joint provisional guardians to the insolvent estate. The insolvents filed their statements as follows:

Assets.

Stock of goods, $23,400; shop furniture, $1100; book debts, $5000. Total $29,500.

Principal Creditors

The principal creditors are: Thibaudeau, Freres & Cie, Quebec, $4527.35; P. Garneau, Fils & Cie, Quebec, $2782.58; McCall, Shehyn & Co., Quebec, $1279.72; William McLimont & Son, Quebec, $1110.65; Thomas May & Co., Montreal, $1514.01; H. H. Wolf & Co., Montreal, $1514.47; W. B. Brock & Co., Montreal, $1200; J. G. McKenzie & Co., Montreal, $1188.50, and other creditors whose claims, added to the above, make up a total of liabilities of $28,850.90.

To-Day's Program.

Varsity, Prof. W. R. Lang, on "Chemical Progress," 4 p.m.

Canadian Institute, Mr. R. F. Stupart, on "Galveston Hurricane," 8 p.m.

Sons of England Executive meets in Yonge-street Arcade, 8 p.m.

Grand Opera House, "Shore Acres," 2 and 8 p.m.

Toronto Opera House, "The Night Before Christmas," 2 and 8 p.m.

Shea's Theatre, Vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

Princess Theatre, "Bootles' Baby," 2 and 8 p.m.

McEwen, the hypnotist, Association Hall, 2 and 8 p.m.

Pember's Turkish Baths, excellent sleeping accommodation, 127 Yonge.

A Postponed Banquet.

Berlin, Jan. 25.—In consequence of the death of Queen Victoria, Mr. White, the U. S. Ambassador, has postponed his dinner to the new Spanish Ambassador to Germany.

Oxydonor Cures Indigestion.

PROCLAMATION TO CANADIANS ISSUED BY KING EDWARD VII.

His Majesty, Thru Lord Minto, Desires That Saturday, the Second Day of February, Be Set Apart as a Day of Mourning—Mourning Period to Begin January 28.

Ottawa, Jan. 25.—The following proclamation was issued to-day:

Edward the Seventh, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, etc.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom they may in anywise concern:—Greeting:

Whereas Saturday, the second day of February, has been fixed for the obsequies of her late Majesty, our Royal Mother, of blessed and glorious memory;

And whereas, well knowing that our deep grief is shared by our loving subjects in Canada, we are desirous to afford them an opportunity of testifying their sorrow and their sympathy with us in the grievous affliction which has befallen us and them. Now, therefore, we have thought fit, by and with the advice of our Privy Council for Canada, to appoint and set apart, and we do hereby appoint and set apart, Saturday, the second day of February next, as a day of general mourning, to be observed by all persons thruout our Dominion of Canada.

In testimony whereof we have caused those of our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, our right trusty and right well-beloved cousin, the Right Honorable Sir Gilbert John Elliot, Earl of Minto and Viscount Melgund of Melgund, County of Forfar, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Baron Minto of Minto, County of Roxburgh, in the peerage of Great Britain; Baronet of Nova Scotia, Knight Grand Cross of our most disciguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, etc., Governor-General of Canada.

Dated at our Government House, in our city of Ottawa, this twenty-fifth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and one, and in the first year of our reign.

(Signed), Minto, by command, R. W. Scott, Secretary of State.

Order for Mourning.

The order for mourning is as follows:

Herald's College, Jan. 24, 1901.

The Earl Marshal's order for a general mourning for her late Majesty Queen Victoria.

In pursuance of an order of His Majesty in Council, dated the 24th day of January, 1901, these are to give public notice that it is expected that all persons, upon the present occasion of the death of her late Majesty of blessed and glorious memory, do put themselves into deepest mourning, the said mourning to begin upon the 28th inst.

(Signed), Norfolk, Earl Marshal.

Government House, Jan. 25, 1901.

Pursuant to the above order, mourning will commence in this province on Monday next, the 28th inst. By command of His Excellency,

(Signed), Harry Graham, A.D.C., Acting Governor-General's Secretary.

The Yukon Notified.

The Secretary of State has telegraphed the Commissioner of the Yukon, notifying him of the death of the Queen and the date of the funeral, and asking that the same be observed as a day of mourning.

THE KING TO LORD STRATHCONA.

His Majesty Acknowledges Receipt of His Lordship's Address From Canada.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 25.—On the death of the Queen the High Commissioner for Canada telegraphed to the King as follows:

"As representative of the Dominion of Canada in England, it is my mournful duty to give expression of the overwhelming grief of all Canadians on the death of their beloved Queen, and to their heartfelt sympathy with Your Majesty and members of the royal family. There will be universal sorrow and mourning for the loss of the sovereign, revered and held in affectionate regard by her people. May I be permitted to add my own deepest sympathy?"

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has just been informed by cable that Lord Strathcona has received, in answer to the above telegram, the following:

"Am much touched by your kind telegram of sympathy, and I ask you to kindly convey to the inhabitants of the Dominion of Canada my warm thanks.

"(Signed) EDWARD, R. I."

Proclamation of the Mayor.

Mayor Morris will to-day instruct the City Clerk to issue a proclamation, calling for the observance by the citizens of Saturday, Feb. 2, as a day of mourning, such being the date of the Queen's funeral. All business will be suspended.

Proclaimed in Newfoundland.

St. John's Nfld., Jan. 25.—King Edward VII. was formally proclaimed sovereign over the oldest colony in the British Empire, Newfoundland, at noon to-day, the ceremony of proclamation being conducted by the Governor, Sir Henry McCallum.

Memorial Service at Buffalo.

Buffalo, N.Y., Jan. 25.—On Sunday evening at 7.45 o'clock at the Asbury Methodist Episcopal Church, corner of Pearl and Chippewa-streets, a Queen Victoria memorial service will be held. The addresses will be given by James L. Hughes, superintendent of the Public Schools of Toronto, Ont. He will be introduced by Superintendent of Education Henry P. Emerson of this city. The church will be beautifully and appropriately decorated. The large choir will give special music.

ROYALTY GOING TO THE FUNERAL.

The following Royal personages have announced their intention of going to Queen Victoria's funeral, or are already either on the way or on the spot:

German Emperor.	Duke of Aosta.
King of the Hellenes.	Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.
King of the Belgians.	Prince of Saxe-Meiningen.
King of Portugal.	Prince Henry of Prussia.
Crown Prince of Germany.	Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.
Crown Prince of Norway and Sweden.	Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern.
Crown Prince of Denmark.	Prince Arnulf of Bavaria.
Crown Prince of Roumania.	Duke d'Alencon.
Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria.	France will be represented by Admiral Lajaie, Spain by the Duke of Armandes and Admiral Cervera.
Grand Duke Michael of Russia.	
Grand Duke Sergius of Russia.	

A TORONTO SYNDICATE BUYS 3000 ACRES OF COAL LANDS

Greenwood, B.C., Jan. 25.—(Special.)—John Douglas, this city, has succeeded in placing with Toronto capitalists three thousand acres of coal lands situated five miles north from Fairview, in Yale district.

The Toronto syndicate is headed by E. B. Osler, prominent broker and financial agent.

The land is owned by Robert Wood and John Douglass of Greenwood, Mrs. Ida Thompson of Midway, B.C., and J. C. McLaggan, editor of The World, Vancouver.

Mr. Wood leaves to-morrow for Fairview to meet the expert of the Toronto syndicate, who is to make a final examination.

The existence of coal on this tract of land has been known for the past fifteen years and a considerable amount has been mined. It is reported to be splendid coking coal, suitable for smelters.

Lack of transportation facilities in the past has prevented development. The survey of the Coast Kootenay Railway passes thru this property.

The present owners are to receive a substantial cash payment and shares in the new company to be formed to operate and acquire the land.

Mr. Osler's associates in the deal are believed to be Sir William C. Van Horne, C. R. Hosmer and Wilmot D. Matthews, directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

KITCHENER IN FIRING LINE.

Boers Dynamited Pilot Engine and Derailed It Near Balmoral on Wednesday.

ARMORED TRAIN WAS FOLLOWING.

The Chief Was on Board and the Enemy Attacked the Train, But Were Repulsed.

Pretoria, Thursday, Jan. 24.—Yesterday a train with Lord Kitchener and a body of troops, proceeded towards Middelburg, an armored pilot engine preceding. It was derailed by dynamite near Balmoral. The Boers, who were in force, opened fire and the British replied heavily. Ultimately the Boers were driven off. The British sustained no casualties.

DESPATCH FROM KITCHENER

Tells of Unimportant Skirmishes—Lord Methuen's Force Has Been Active.

London, Jan. 25.—A despatch received at the War Office from Gen. Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Jan. 24, mentions unimportant contacts with Delarey's and Haasbroeck's commands. A score of Boers have been captured, and General Methuen has cleared Griqualand and Kuruman. The invaders have done little harm in Cape Colony. They have not been joined by the inhabitants, with whom they are daily becoming more unpopular.

Disloyal Boers Arrested.

Cape Town, Jan. 25.—Assemblyman Lotter and his son have been arrested and jailed at Uitenhage, charged with aiding the Boers. It is alleged that dynamite was found in Mr. Lotter's house.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN TWO DAYS. Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

Patents.—Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

THE WINNIPEG WATERWORKS

Investigation Discloses the Fact That There is Danger of a Scanty Supply.

TRIBUTE FROM THE LABOR PARTY.

The Late Beloved Queen Eulogized and Loyalty Pledged to King Edward.

Winnipeg, Jan. 25.—(Special.)—Before the waterworks investigation to-day Water Commissioner Stuart said he believed the new water supply would be inadequate for the city's wants. At present the quantity pumped at the works was about one and three-quarter million gallons, while at the old works last July two and a-half to three million gallons had to be pumped. He said it would be dangerous to close up the old works.

Tribute to the Late Queen.

The labor party at a meeting last night paid a high tribute to the late Queen, and joined with the civilized world in their expression of profound sorrow for the death of our aged and beloved Sovereign, for her womanly virtues especially, and amongst them would be found those who most sincerely mourned her death. The labor party joined loyally in wishing a long life and reign to King Edward VII.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 127 Yonge-st

PROMINENT PERSONALS.

Utrecht, Jan. 25.—Mr. Kruger's eyes, which were operated upon yesterday, are progressing favorably.

Constantinople, Jan. 25.—The Grand Vizier, Halil Rifat Pasha, is ill with pneumonia, and it is expected the disease will terminate fatally.

Try English Chop House Quick Lunch

Roman Cardinal Dead.

Rome, Jan. 25.—Cardinal Sebastino Galeti, Archbishop of Ravenna, is dead. He was born in 1822, and was raised to the cardinalate in 1890.

Cook's Turkian & steam baths, 204 King w. cures colds, coughs and rheumatism

"SOO" ENTERPRISE WHOLLY CANADIAN

F. H. Clergue, Proprietor of East Algoma, Denies Certain Rumors.

CARNEGIE IS NOT WITH HIM

Four New 2500 Ton Steamers to Be Added to the Freight Fleet.

UPPER LAKE PORTS WILL BOOM

Population of the District to Be Increased by 4000 by Beginning of 1902.

Mr. F. H. Clergue, proprietor of East Algoma, returned from Europe yesterday, and paused a few hours in the city before continuing his journey towards his own vast dominions. When seen by The World at the Rossin House last evening he had donned a black tie, doubtless as a little tribute to the memory of the departed Queen.

At the outset of the interview Mr. Clergue asked The World to emphatically deny the report cabled to the Canadian papers from London, Eng., on Jan. 12 to the effect that the Lake Superior Power Company, of which he is the head, contemplated federating with other iron and steel industries on the Great Lakes. The story had doubtless been started by Mr. Pew, who attended a dinner with him in London. Mr. Clergue added that the "Soo" enterprise was an entirely Canadian one, and there was no reason why it should fuse with any other.

Carnegie Not In It.

Asked as to the report that he had, while abroad, sought to interest Andrew Carnegie in his ventures, Mr. Clergue characterized the statement as absurd.

"I see no way," went on Mr. Clergue, "in which the interests of my company could be served by Mr. Carnegie's assistance. The Carnegie Company has a large manufactory in the United States and we propose to have an equally large one in Canada."

Mr. Clergue suggested that the Carnegie report had doubtless been founded on the fact that he had sailed on the same ship as one of the directors of the Carnegie Company. He added that, of course, his company had extensive dealings with the Carnegie Company, each buying of the other.

Four New Steamers.

While in Europe, Mr. Clergue spent some of his time in arranging for the addition of four large steamers to his freight fleet, which will raise the number of vessels to eight. The new boats will be of the same class as those at present owned by the Clergue Company, i.e., of 2500 tons. The entire fleet will be employed in carrying iron ore from Michipicoten to the Midland and other Canadian smelters.

Mr. Clergue is evidently a great believer in the future of the Canadian iron and steel industry, and his conviction is that it will centre around the shores of Georgian Bay, just as the United States' iron and steel trade has centred on Lake Erie, the reason being the availability in these particular sections of the supplies of crude ore and fuel. He looks upon Midland, Collingwood and such Upper Lake ports as sure to be important points in the iron and steel trade developments of the country.

Ready in July.

Referring to the foreign market for the Canadian product, Mr. Clergue asserted that the Sydney, C.B. people were now selling pig iron right in Glasgow, at prices that threaten to close down the Glasgow blast furnaces. He is convinced that there is a big future in Great Britain for Canadian iron and steel products.

Referring to developments at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Mr. Clergue stated that his Bessemer steel plant and rail mill would by next July be turning out 600 tons of steel rails per diem. For this season this plant will draw its supply of pig iron from the Midland smelter, but by December, 1901, Sault Ste. Marie will itself boast two 300-ton blast furnaces, which will thereafter supply the Bessemer plant.

Many People Coming.

While in Europe Mr. Clergue made good progress in his plans for settling East Algoma. He opened emigration bureaus at London and Liverpool, and made arrangements for bringing over a large number of miners, artizans and laborers from Norway and Sweden. When navigation opens this spring these people will begin to come in; by July 2000 should have settled in Sault Ste. Marie, and along the line of the Algoma Central Railway, and by the end of 1901 the population of East Algoma should have been increased by 3000 to 4000. A large number of the men secured by Mr. Clergue are skilled workers in iron and steel, and will be employed around the Sault Ste. Marie Bessemer plant and rail mill. As far as possible, married men with families have been engaged, the idea being to obtain permanent settlers. Those from Norway and Sweden come from countries with similar climatic conditions to the north shore of Lake Superior, and they are of the same races that have proved most valuable in the great mining regions of Lake Superior's south shore.

Saw the Premier.

Mr. Clergue, who is accompanied by Mr. C. F. Hamilton, his solicitor, left for Montreal last evening.

While in town yesterday the "Soo" magnate spent several hours in close conference with Premier Ross and other Cabinet Ministers in reference to his East Algoma concessions.

James Conmee, M.L.A., who is here with Mr. Clergue, is responsible for the statement that Mr. Clergue's Algoma Central Railway from Sault Ste. Marie north will reach the C.P.R. next season, and be projected to James Bay by May, 1903. Mr. Conmee has the construction contract.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Honor to Mr. White.

Berlin, Jan. 25.—Emperor William has confirmed the honorary doctorate recently conferred upon United States Ambassador White by the Berlin Academy of Science.

Everybody should have accident and sickness insurance. Walter H. Blight, City Agent, Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation. 'Phone 2770. 136

MESSAGE FROM KING EDWARD TO THE LORDS AND COMMONERS

Official Notification of the Death of the Queen—Mr. Balfour, in the Commons, and the Premier, in the Lords, Reply With Sadness and Pledge Loyalty.

London, Jan. 25.—Both Houses of Parliament this afternoon received identical messages from the King, and voted condolence with His Majesty on his bereavement, and congratulation on his accession to the throne.

The Lord Chancellor, Lord Halsbury, and the Speaker, Mr. William Court Gully, read the message in their respective Houses. It was as follows:

Edward Rex: The King is fully assured that the House of Commons will share the deep sorrow which has befallen His Majesty, and the nation by the lamentable death of his mother, the late Queen. Her devotion to the welfare of her country and her people and her wise and beneficent rule during the 64 years of her glorious reign will ever be held in affectionate memory by her loyal and devoted subjects thruout the dominions of the British Empire.

Mr. Balfour's Remarks.

In the House of Commons Mr. A. J. Balfour, first Lord of the Treasury and Government leader, in moving the address in reply to the message, said the House, in all its long history, had never met under sadder circumstances or with a clearer duty to express the universal sorrow extending from end to end of the Empire. The sorrow was felt not only as a national but also as an irreparable personal loss. Never before had been the national grief so deeply seated. The end of a great epoch had come, and the cumulative result of a great ideal, of the great example of Queen Victoria, was the greatest the world had ever seen. Her position had thrown upon the Queen a life of continuous labor. Short as had been the interval between her final signature of a public document and her final rest it had been enough to clog the wheels of the Administration, as witnessed by the vast mass of untouched documents awaiting the hand of the sovereign.

In moving a double response of condolence and congratulation, Mr. Balfour said they all had unfailing confidence that the great interests committed to the new sovereign were safe in his keeping, and they assured him of the ungrudging support of his royal subjects.

Opposition Leader Seconded.

Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, the Liberal leader, seconded the motion, which was adopted, the members standing.

The House then adjourned until Feb. 14.

In both Houses the galleries were filled with notable gatherings of peeresses and diplomats.

THE PREMIER'S SPEECH.

Lord Salisbury Eulogizes the Late Queen and the King as Well.

In the House of Lords, Lord Salisbury moved the reply to the King's message in a speech full of emotion. He said that in performing the saddest duty that had ever befallen him, he was only echoing the sorrow, deeper than he had ever seen, of this nation, which had been called forth by the singular loss which, under the dispensation of Providence, they had suffered, and their admiration of the glorious reign and splendid character of the sovereign they had lost. Being a constitutional monarch, with restricted powers, she had reigned by sheer force of character, by the loyalteness of her disposition, and by her hold on the hearts of her subjects. The example which she set of governing by esteem and love would never be forgotten, nor how much she assisted in the elevation of her people by their simple contemplation of her brilliant qualities as wife, mother and woman.

Wonderful Acuteness.

Her wonderful powers of observing with absolute strictness the limits of her powers as a constitutional sovereign, and at the same time maintaining steady and persistent influence of the actions of her Ministers, inspired the greatest admiration. She always maintained a rigorous supervision over public affairs, giving her Ministers the benefit of her advice and warning them of dangers. No Minister could disregard her views, or press her to disregard them, without feeling he had incurred a great danger. She had brought the country peacefully thru a great change, from old to new England. She possessed extraordinary knowledge of what people would think. He had always said that when he knew what the Queen thought he knew for a certainty what her subjects would think, especially the middle class.

Tribute to the King.

The King came to the throne with the one great advantage of having before him the greatest example possible. He had been familiar for a generation with political and social life. He enjoyed enormous popularity, and was almost as much beloved in foreign courts and countries. Congratulations could be tendered him with earnest sincerity, and in the belief that he will adorn the throne and be no unworthy successor to the Queen.

Leading Liberal Lord's Remarks.

Lord Kimberley, the Liberal leader in the House of Lords, and the Archbishop of Canterbury seconded the address.

Lord Kimberley said he desired to echo every word of the noble Marquis. His access to the sovereign dated back to an even earlier period than the Marquis. He had always been struck with the extraordinary consideration and kindness which marked Her Majesty's conduct towards all who came in contact with her. He was simply amazed at the sound, real knowledge she possessed of all important affairs.

The Archbishop of Canterbury said the Queen's influence as a truly religious woman was far greater than anything exercised by the wisest statesman or cleverest administrator.

The House then adjourned.

Salisbury Will Remain Premier.

London, Jan. 25.—"There is no truth in the rumor that change in the Premiership is contemplated," says The Daily Mail. "Mr. Balfour's presence at Osborne House is due to the King's kindly desire to spare Lord Salisbury fatigue and trouble."

Reply to President McKinley.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Following is the text of the reply which the President received from King Edward VII., in answer to his message of condolence on the death of the Queen:

Osborne, Jan. 24, 1901.

The President, White House, Washington, D.C.:

Am most grateful for your kind sympathy in the irreparable loss which the nation and I have sustained. I felt convinced that it would be shared by you and the American people.

(Signed) Edward R.

AS TO "PRINCE OF WALES."

The statement that the Duke of York is to be named Duke of Cornwall seems to throw light upon the much-debated question of the heir apparent's title. It was supposed that the title Prince of Wales, which belongs only to a son born of the King, would be conferred upon the Duke of York by Royal patent, but yesterday's Gazette announcement seems to indicate that this will not be done.

Titles of Prince of Wales and Duke of Cornwall are peculiar to the eldest son of a British Sovereign when he is the heir apparent to the throne.

"Prince of Wales," as title, is conferred by individual patent and investment at the Sovereign's pleasure.

While there is a general impression that the Duke of Cornwall and York may later receive the title with due formality, yet it has been asserted by some constitutional authorities that in the case of the decease of a King's eldest son, no second son, tho he becomes heir apparent, can bear the title of Prince of Wales. The present instance is a case in point, the Duke of York being a second son.

"Duke of Cornwall," as a title, according to constitutional authorities, goes by birth, the eldest son of the sovereign being born Duke of Cornwall.

There have been six princes Dukes of Cornwall who were never created Prince of Wales. They included King Henry VI. and King Edward VI.

Sir Edward Coke, indeed, laid it down that no second son, tho he become heir apparent, can become Duke of Cornwall.

There has now been a departure with regard to the title of Duke of Cornwall. But the monarch, as the "fountain of honor," can create a precedent.

When the Prince of Wales was married, in 1863, the House of Commons settled on His Royal Highness £100,000 ($500,000) per annum, of which £60,000 ($300,000) was to be drawn from the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall.

This sum in all probability will be allotted to the new Duke of Cornwall and York.

"Take it lad, take it; it's better than tea." "Clan Mackenzie" Whiskey—guaranteed. ed7

Mignonette.

No more pleasing combination than this old fashioned bloom with carnations. See them displayed at Dunlop's, 5 King West and 445 Yonge-street.

Monuments.

Finest work and best designs at lowest prices. The McIntosh Granite and Marble Company, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street, Toronto (terminal Yonge-street car route).

**Have lunch in new d