

## The Toronto World

FOUNDED 1880.  
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WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 28, 1912

### A GIGANTIC CORPORATION

The Canadian Pacific Railway Com-  
pany, by its latest annual report, dis-  
closes assets to the amount of \$228,  
199,545, and a surplus of \$72,855,898.  
That these are conservative esti-  
mates may be gathered from the fact  
that the gross receipts of the company  
for the year ending June 30 amount  
to \$148,000,000. Of this sum the rail-  
way, steamship and other earnings of  
the company account for \$123,319,541,  
from which after paying all operating  
expenses, fixed charges and dividends,  
there resulted a cash surplus of \$17,  
550,515. Land sales brought into the  
company \$10,710,148; dividends on  
bonds of other railway companies,  
yielded \$7,860,790. The company paid  
to its holders of common stock a di-  
vidend for the year of 10 per cent. There  
can be little doubt but that the assets  
of the company are worth at least one  
billion dollars and that its surplus is not  
less than \$300,000,000, largely made up  
of money in bank, government securities  
and other liquid assets.

This great corporation besides the  
country like a colossus. It is in the  
railway business, the steamship busi-  
ness and the hotel business, the ex-  
press business, the telegraph business,  
the irrigation business and the busi-  
ness of colonization. It is said that  
one-twelfth of our population are di-  
rectly or indirectly dependent upon the  
Canadian Pacific Railway Company  
for income, employment or subsistence.

The company received land grants  
and other grants from the government  
of Canada under a contract by whose  
terms it was intended that the annual  
profits of the company over and above  
10 per cent. of the cost of construction  
of the railway, should be devoted to  
improving its system and lowering its  
rates. The western people are com-  
plaining that the vast profits of the  
company are being invested for and  
distributed among its stockholders;  
that its freight service is inadequate  
and its freight rates extortionate and  
discriminatory.

The company has more money than  
it knows what to do with, and yet it  
is proposing to increase its capital by  
issuing \$80,000,000 in new stock, thus  
adding \$60,000,000 per year to the burden  
laid upon those who must pay passen-  
ger and freight rates. No argument  
can change the essential fact that the  
stock will be worth in the market  
\$155,000,000, and that \$60,000,000 of this  
sum will go to the stockholders as a  
take-off or bonus.

The company is not hard up. It does  
not have to stand a shave of \$3.1 per  
cent. in order to raise ready money.  
It certainly will not suffer if the gov-  
ernment does not act upon this applica-  
tion for permission to increase its  
capital, and until the matter has been  
referred to and discussed by parlia-  
ment. We cannot agree with The Fin-  
ancial Post that this subject is too  
high and sacred to be "banded about  
in parliament."

### THE LIFE BLOOD OF THE EMPIRE

In its July and August numbers The  
British Review of Reviews discussed  
the Imperial organization of Imperial  
emigration under the caption of "The  
Life Blood of the Empire." It makes  
a strong plea for systematized emigra-  
tion from the congested mother country  
to the overseas dominions under such  
supervision as will prevent misunder-  
standing of their conditions and se-  
cure that only those who are fit,  
capable and adaptable shall be moved  
to the places offering more favorable  
opportunities than are afforded in the  
United Kingdom. Particular stress is  
laid on the number of children in Bri-  
tain now under charge of the boards of  
guardians and the benefit that would  
follow if these boys and girls were  
prepared for emigration. Properly  
educated for their task, these children  
would prove invaluable assets to the  
new British nations and would later  
become worthy and useful citizens.

No doubt can exist that under proper  
safeguards the emigration of young  
people of suitable age would be of  
great advantage to the mother country  
and the overseas dominions. With the  
necessary preliminary education and  
training they much more easily adapt  
themselves to their new environment.  
Sir John Taverner, agent-general for  
the Australian State of Victoria, sug-  
gests that a farm near London of  
about a thousand acres might be se-  
cured and established as a preparatory  
agricultural school, where boys could  
have a couple of years' training. He  
says the various governments would  
be only too glad to take whatever num-  
ber of boys this farm could send out,  
and says that hundreds of farmers in

his own state would be only too glad  
to take boys on the lines of policy car-  
ried out by the Victoria Government.  
The system inaugurated by him some  
three years ago, he testifies, has work-  
ed remarkably well.  
Most of the Australian states have  
now adopted a very advanced immigra-  
tion policy and have been very suc-  
cessful in securing old country emi-  
grants. In 1903 only 4866 persons left  
Great Britain for the Australian Com-  
monwealth; in 1911, the total immigra-  
tion was 55,758. So marked has been  
the increase this year that it has at-  
tracted serious attention, and all the  
more because a superior class of emi-  
grant has been secured. The Aus-  
tralian states are paying the passage  
prices for approved persons and some  
have established training farms where  
nine months' free residence can be had  
and facilities provided and instruction  
given in the specialties of Australian  
agriculture. New Zealand is also ac-  
tive, and it is evident Canada will have  
much more formidable competition for  
the most desirable class of British emi-  
grant than has yet been encountered.

### STANDARD OIL ASSASSINATION

There is a strong odor of kerosene  
all around the bi-partisan attempt to  
breck the political fortunes of Theo-  
dore Roosevelt. First, Senator Penrose  
of Pennsylvania makes a violent assault  
upon Col. Roosevelt and his charges  
are hurriedly sent for investigation to  
the committee on privileges and elec-  
tions. Before this committee appears,  
like magic, John D. Archbold, whose  
business is handling politics and politi-  
cians for the benefit of the Standard  
Oil. Archbold testifies that he contri-  
buted \$100,000 to the Roosevelt cam-  
paign of 1904, with the understanding  
that it would be gratefully remembered  
by the president. Archbold and  
Penrose attempt to belittle the ex-  
president, then Archbold sails for  
Europe, and the committee diebeards  
until Oct. 1. We are told that it is im-  
possible to reassemble the committee  
and thus afford Col. Roosevelt an op-  
portunity to testify in his own defence.  
The members of the committee, who  
were much in evidence on Saturday,  
could not be located on the following  
Monday, or for that matter on the  
previous day, although the senate was  
in session all Saturday night and for  
many hours Sunday morning. Only the  
vaguest information as to the where-  
abouts of the senators is vouchsafed  
to the public. Thus, for example, we  
are told that "Senator Oliver has gone  
to Canada."

The Republican and Democratic  
stand-patters have combined to de-  
stroy Theodore Roosevelt and the new  
progressive party. That they used and  
were used by the Standard Oil Com-  
pany did not appear to them as ob-  
jectionable. The scheme was to make a  
sensational charge against Col. Roose-  
velt and prevent his answering the  
same for six weeks during which he  
must rest under a cloud of charges, in-  
sultations and misrepresentations.

But why should the Standard Oil  
Company, which has always delighted  
in secrecy, suddenly come out in the  
open and proclaiming its own infamy,  
endeavor to brand Theodore Roosevelt  
as its ally, tool and confederate? Why  
should Penrose risk his political exist-  
ence by denouncing Roosevelt as being  
in the same category with himself, the  
recipient of Standard Oil money for  
which a return was to be made by some  
official misconduct? Is it not plain  
that the great trusts of the country,  
which control the two old parties, are  
fairly frightened by the rise of a new  
party, which appeals to the people and  
purposes to make any compromise with  
the malefactors of great wealth. The  
Standard Oil conspiracy will fall in its  
purpose as completely as did the Beck-  
er conspiracy to stifle disclosures by  
the killing of Rosenthal. The investi-  
gation into the Standard Oil methods  
will go on; it may destroy many men  
now prominent in public life, but it  
will not hurt the progressive party.

Meanwhile, Theodore Roosevelt is more  
than fortunate in having the country  
understand that while the Standard  
Oil Trust is indifferent as between  
Taft and Wilson, it is determined at  
whatever cost, even the risk of ruin,  
to keep him out of the White House.

### HYDRO DEMONSTRATION

Electric Thrashing Machine Will Be  
Operated Today Near Cooksville

The Hydro-Electric Commission has  
purchased two thrashing outfits, for  
the purpose of demonstrating the ex-  
tra utility of hydroelectric power on the  
farms. One of these machines will be  
operated on J. W. Wright's farm in  
Pettit north of Cooksville, today. It  
will be taken to Blair and Deon, in  
Waterloo, next week. Demonstrations  
will also be given during the autumn  
in various districts, including Norwell,  
St. Thomas, London, Stratford and  
Clinton.

### Where to Buy Victoria Records

Buy your Victrola Records from Ye  
Olde Firme of Heintzman & Co., Lim-  
ited, 193-195-197 Yonge-street. Their  
handsome Victrola, demonstrating par-  
lors and record hall are the largest  
and finest on the continent and you  
are welcome to visit them at any time.  
A complete assortment of all new  
records will always be found on hand.

### Take Steps to Stop Epidemic

BUFFALO, Aug. 27.—(Can. Press).—  
The steady increase in the number of  
cases of infantile paralysis in this city  
resulted today in the establishment  
of a rigid quarantine over every home  
in which the disease has appeared.



**"Yes Madam, Keefer's Pilsener Lager"**  
**"The Light Beer in The Light Bottle"**  
(Registered)  
**Really Is The Home Beer**

## PROPER METHODS EMPLOYED IN IRELAND

Prof. W. R. Graham of the O.A.  
C. Found That Co-Operation  
and Care in Packing and  
Marketing Are the Reasons  
For the Success of the Poul-  
try and Dairy Business.

Prof. W. R. Graham of the poultry  
department attached to the Ontario  
Agricultural College, has returned from  
a visit to Europe, where he has been  
studying the methods of poultry rais-  
ing, egg marketing, packing, etc. He  
gave a great deal of attention to the  
co-operative systems brought into  
operation in Ireland and Denmark. He  
witnessed a large state of efficiency in  
every phase of agriculture made in  
Ireland will eventually give that coun-  
try first place in the market. Dr.  
Graham speaks very highly of the co-  
operational system employed in Ireland  
and makes special mention of the fact  
that the authorities pay a great deal  
of attention to the small communi-  
ties, which is having a decided effect  
on the quality of the produce supplied  
to the local markets.

Prof. Graham attended the Interna-  
tional Poultry Experts' Association's  
convention in London, which is held  
for the purpose of collecting all data  
procureable for the further develop-  
ment of improved poultry.

When discussing the relative returns  
to the producers on both sides of the  
Atlantic, the professor stated that the  
Irish farmer, who is a co-operative  
farmer, is getting very fair returns, but  
where the Irish farmers succeed is the  
fact that the local co-operative soci-  
eties have large distributing centres in  
all the large towns and cities throught  
the country. They also give a great  
deal of attention to the methods of  
packing as well as to the quality of  
eggs sent to market, and the sequence  
of the extra care taken in the selecting  
and packing.

While in Ireland Dr. Graham held an  
investigation into the local milk sup-  
ply, and in one section of the country,  
within a radius of eight miles, he saw  
3000 cows of the milking shorthorn  
type. These animals were producing  
an average of 6500 pounds of milk per  
year each for the co-operative society,  
which owned them.

**GET GLASSES**  
from our Competent Optician  
when you are in the city. He  
will fit you properly, so that you  
will see well. Our glasses look  
well, too.

**Wanless & Co.**  
Toronto's Oldest Jewellers.  
402 Yonge Street  
TORONTO

## WANT TENDERS ON BRICK AND STONE

School Board Will Aim at Beau-  
tification When Erecting New  
Technical School—Architect  
Says Stone Will Cost 25  
Per Cent. More—Estimated  
Cost to Be \$700,000.

The advisory industrial committee of  
the school board have decided to ask  
for alternate tenders calling for both  
brick and stone walls in the building  
of the new technical school. When  
the revised structure plans were pre-  
sented before the committee by the  
firm of Ross & McFarlane, the archi-  
tects, yesterday afternoon, several  
members of the committee raised the  
objection that a building with brick  
walls would look too much like the  
average run of school buildings, and  
would not be distinctive enough in ap-  
pearance.

Mr. Ross, the senior member of the  
firm of architects, who appeared be-  
fore the committee, stated that the  
building of the exterior walls of stone  
would cost twenty-five per cent. more  
than brick but considered it would be  
worth the difference, and it was on his  
suggestion that the committee decided  
to ask for alternate tenders calling for  
both brick and stone.

R. D. Fairbairn considered it would  
pay the city to expend an additional  
one hundred thousand or a hundred and  
fifty thousand dollars more if it meant  
the difference between an ordinary  
building and a structure that would be  
beautiful and credit to Toronto.

With the proviso that they would  
ask for alternate tenders, the plans as  
set out by the architects were adopted.  
This is with the understanding that  
minor changes can be made at a later  
date if so desired. The plans, which  
have already been published, call for a  
building to be erected at a cost of  
\$700,000.

## USE HYDRO ON GRAND VALLEY RY.

Negotiations Now Proceeding  
For 200 Horse Power—Peti-  
tions Urging Electrification  
of Galt-Elmira Branch.

GALT, Aug. 27.—(Special).—It is  
quite probable that within a short time  
cars on the Grand Valley Railway, at  
least as far as Paris, will be propelled  
by hydro electricity carried from Ni-  
agara Falls over Ontario Government  
wires. Negotiations are now pending  
between the railway company and the  
hydro-electric department of the town  
for a supply of 200 h.p. The class of  
current is the only obstacle. The prac-  
ticability of hydro-electric power for  
street lighting purposes has been ef-  
fectively demonstrated by G. P. and H.  
and Preston and Berlin Railway, the  
first in the province to utilize the new  
energy.

Petitions largely signed urging the  
electrification of the Galt and Elmi-  
ra branch of the G. T. R. have been for-  
warded to the railway company's head-  
quarters. The advantage of electricity  
over steam on short lines has been  
amply proven in scores of experiments.  
President Chamberlain will investigate  
the question.

### MR. ARMITAGE RETURNS

Rector of St. Mark's Church Welcomed  
by Large Congregations.

The Rev. W. Leslie Armitage, rector  
of St. Mark's Church, Parkdale, who  
has recently returned from his vaca-  
tion, is being welcomed by his usual  
large congregation. It is needless to  
mention that he has lost nothing of  
his eloquence on his vacation, as any-  
one who heard his tribute to the late  
General Booth on Sunday evening last  
must have fully appreciated it.

### HYDRO IN YORK

Provincial Commission Will Finance  
Extension, Civic Department Plans

## You May Depend Upon EDDY'S MATCHES

BECAUSE they are Safe,  
Sure, and Silent.  
Light easily at first stroke,  
burn steadily and evenly, with-  
out the head dropping off.

COUNT THEM FOR QUANTITY  
EXAMINE THEM FOR QUALITY

### EDUCATIONAL EDUCATIONAL

## Upper Canada College TORONTO

FOUNDED 1829  
Examinations for Entrance Scholar-  
ships, Saturday, Sept. 14th.  
Courses for University, Royal Mil-  
itary College, etc.  
Senior and Preparatory  
Schools in separate build-  
ings. Every modern equip-  
ment.  
Successful in 1911: Honor  
Matriculation, 11; Pass  
Matriculation, 22; Royal  
Military College, all passed.  
Autumn Term Begins on Thursday, Sept. 12th, at 10 a.m.  
Boards Return on the 15th. H. W. AUDEN, M.A., Principal.

### MUSIC MASTER St. Alban's School

A male teacher of vocal music is  
needed for the North Bay Normal  
School, salary \$1200. Duties to begin  
Sept. 24. Applications with testimonials  
and references to be made to  
A. H. T. COLQUHOUN,  
Deputy Minister of Education,  
Department of Education,  
Toronto, August 28th, 1912.

### At Osgoode Hall

Divisional Court, Aug. 27, 1912.  
Before Falconbridge, C.J.; Britton, J.;  
Kelly, J.  
Pearson v. Adams—J. H. Cooke for  
plaintiff; J. M. Godfrey for defend-  
ant. Appeal by the plaintiff from the  
judgment of Middleton, J., dismissing  
with costs plaintiff's action brought to  
restrain the defendant from erecting  
an apartment house on Maynard place,  
Toronto, in all the blocks of a lot  
containing the defendant's house. The  
defendant's predecessor in title, which  
stipulated that the lands were "to be  
used only as a site for a detached  
house or houses, and for no other pur-  
pose." Appeal allowed with costs and  
injunction granted perpetually restrain-  
ing the defendant, Britton, J., dissent-  
ing.

### LETTER BLOWN FORTY MILES

On his farm two miles east of Leas-  
boro, Ill., a farmer the other day found  
a letter which it is believed had been  
blown from Bush, Ill., a distance of 40  
miles, during a tornado which almost  
destroyed that town in April. The let-  
ter is post-marked Pittsburgh, Pa., and  
bears the return card of a savings  
bank. The contents consisted of a let-  
ter and four drafts, aggregating \$18.10.  
Italian stamps worth \$3.50 and United  
States stamps worth 33 cents. The let-  
ter and drafts were written in Italian.

### YOUR VISIT TO THE EXHIBITION WILL ENABLE YOU TO CALL AND EXAMINE MY BELT. I CHARGE YOU NOTHING FOR CONSULTATION.

## Pumps Vim Into The Weak and Debilitated

IF YOU ARE WEAK OR LACK THE  
HEALTH AND STRENGTH OF THE  
BODY THAT YOU SHOULD HAVE MY  
FREE BOOK CONTAINING GOOD NEWS  
FOR YOU.  
My book explains why it is probably  
your own fault that you remain weak,  
and why you are becoming weaker each  
day. It tells you how I have cured cases  
which have been given up as hopeless,  
and wherein you may gain wonderful ben-  
efits from the very outset. It is a book  
for men and women of any age. It shows  
you how Nature is patiently waiting for  
you to give her a chance to help you.  
This book is worth its WEIGHT IN  
GOLD TO YOU, yet it will cost you  
nothing but a post-card or a stamp in  
writing for it. Now, do not pass this by  
and say, "It is like the rest of them;  
I am disappointed and discouraged," but  
get this book now and be surprised,  
joyous, at the prospect of a  
SURE, PERMANENT, HOME CURE.  
I do not offer you any makeshift ap-  
pliance. I am not content to give you  
merely a brief period of relief.  
Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt  
WILL CURE YOU PERMANENTLY.

To men who are run down, weak and puny, and who have lost the force  
of vitality, who feel gloomy, despondent and unable to battle with the ar-  
rairs of life, who have Rheumatism, Back Pain, Weak Stomach and Kid-  
neys, and feel generally as if they needed to be made over. If that means  
you, come to me now.

### WEAK BACK CURED.

Dr. McLaughlin:  
Dear Sir, I have worn your Belt for three months, and am pleased to  
say that the improvement has been most gratifying. My back is no longer  
troubling me. The Belt did its work well.  
Yours truly,  
10 Ranelagh Ave., Bedford Park.

### DR. M. C. McLAUGHLIN, 237 Yonge St., Toronto

Please send me  
your book free. Name..... Address.....  
Office Hours—9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Wed. and Sat. until 8.30 p.m.  
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