JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS

Canada's governments place a high priority on training as part of an all-out effort to build a highly skilled workforce. In 1992-93, federal spending on employment programs and services totalled some \$3.55 billion.

Programs offer significant financial assistance for companies wishing to train workers. Developed in consultation with both the private sector and provincial governments, this strategy means that private sector employers can receive the financial support necessary for both classroom and on-the-job training and retraining.

For example, the Labour Market Adjustment Program provides negotiated contributions to help employers meet current or future skill needs, to train or retrain workers whose skills have become redundant, or to encourage training for certain designated groups, such as the disabled.

A program component called Work Sharing provides income support to enable employers to retain their workers and avoid layoffs during temporary work slowdowns. The Industrial Adjustment Service can provide firms and communities with up to 50 per cent of the cost of a labour adjustment situation, to a maximum of \$200,000.

Under the Community Development Program, financial contributions are available to employers for trainingrelated costs, wage subsidies and other specified costs associated with local job development and job creation projects.

Additional training assistance to employers is also offered by provincial governments.