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The Official Organ of The Canadian Freight Association. The Canadian Roadmasters Association.

PUBLICATION OFFICE, 33 MELINDA STREET, TORONTO, CANADA. Bell Telephone, 8201.

EUROPEAN OFFICE, 44 Fleet St., London, E.C., England, W. H. Boffey, Resident Agent.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, postage prepaid, to Canada & the United States, \$1 a year; to Great Britain & other countries in the Postal Union, \$1.25 (5 shillings sterling). The best & safest way to remit is by express or post office money order payable at Toronto. ADVERTISING RATES furnished on application.

TORONTO, CANADA, AUGUST, 1900.

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Creek summit at mile 30.2. This is the highest elevation attained by the railway. From mile 30.2 to mile 30.4 is level. At mile 30.4 a continuous downward grade to the Kettle River commences. From 30.4 to 32.6 the maximum downward grade, compensated for curvature, is 1.8 per 100. From 32.6 to Kettle River at mile 53.2, the downward grade, compensated for curvature, is uniformly 2.2 per 100. From mile 53.2 to mile 53.6 the grade rises at the rate of 0.26 per 100. From mile 53.6 to Cascade City at mile 55, the grade, compensated for curvature, rises uniformly at the rate of 2.2 per 100. From mile 55 to mile 59.3 grades undulate, the maximum being 0.5 per 100. From mile 59.3 to Grand Forks at mile 67.2, grades undulate, the maximum being 1.5 per 100. All grades over 1.5 per 100 are compensated for curvature at the rate of 4 one-hundredths of a foot in each 100 ft. for each degree of curvature, that is to say, that in a 14degree curve, having a tangential grade of 2.2 per 100, the grade on the curve is reduced 56 one-hundredths of a foot, which subtracted from the original grade of 2.2 per 100, leaves 1.66 per 100 as the compensated grade on the curve. The total rise of the railway from West Robson to McRae Creek summit is 2,-590 ft., the total fall from McRae Creek summit to Kettle River is 2,440 ft., & the total rise from Kettle River to Grand Forks is 136 ft.

All embankments at formation level are 14 ft. in width, with side slopes of $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in earth, sand & gravel, & 1 to 1 in loose rock. On side-hill these slopes reach the flats below in most cases. In a few instances, however, the vertical nature of the side-hill has rendered it necessary to retain embankments by cribwork or dry stone walls. The toes of all embankments are well above the high-water mark of the waters adjacent to them, except at miles 56 & 57, where well-executed rip-rap has been added as a protection.

All excavations are 18 ft. wide at formation level with side slopes in earth & sand of 1 to 1, & in rock of 1/4 to 1. In hard-pan cuts the slopes have been executed to suit the stability of the material. All excavations have been excellently made & present a thoroughly finished appearance, except where ballasting material has been borrowed.

There are two places only at which timber crib-work has been erected for the purpose of retaining embankments. The rock in the immediate vicinity is decayed, & this is the reason given for their construction. They occur at mile 47 & are of excellent design. They are each 60 ft. long & from 12 to 15 ft. high. The plan of these structures shows inside & outside batter of walls to be 1/4 to 1. Each crib is 7 by 7 ft. inside horizontal measurement, & consists of 12 in. round logs dovetailed & box-jointed, & secured with tree-nails 2 in. diam. & 20 ins. long, & with wrought iron drift-bolts 3/4 in. diam. & 22 ins. long. Each drift-bolt penetrates through one log & at least 6 ins. into the log below.

Rock slopes occur on the steep side-hills of Arrow Lake, Bull-Dog Creek, McRae Creek, & Christina Lake. There are 29 in all, vary-ing from 30 to 270 ft. in length, & from 10 to 40 ft. in height. Combined they cover a total length of 2,640 ft. The rear wall is vertical, & the front wall batters at the rate of 1 in 3. The top of the wall is 3 ft. wide. The filling behind the wall is broken rock. In all cases the foundations are on solid rock. The stones

comprising the walls are of large size & are roughly shaped into rectangular blocks; a very solid & permanent dry rock wall has thus been obtained.

Excellent provision for the passage of streams & surface drainage across the track has been made by means of log culverts, ballast boxes, rock & log drains. The total number of log culverts is 156. They are of the usual log culvert pattern, having solid cedar or fir walls & covering, secured by tree-nails & drift-bolts, the whole resting on round sills in pairs from 5 to 8 ft. apart, the spaces between the sills being filled flush with broken rock. The workmanship on these structures is excellent. Rock drains, log drains, & ballast boxes are of the usual de-

sign. The road-bed from West Robson to Grand Forks has been three-quarters ballasted with material either hauled considerable distances or borrowed from the faces of adjacent excavations & embankments. For a new railway the ballasting so far done is very much superior to, & greatly in excess of, that usually found. Much more, however, will require to be done to place the road-bed in standard condition. The hauled ballast is excellent, being either coarse gravel or broken rock, but the greater portion of that obtained from slope faces is not ballast but merely earth filling.

There are five tunnels. All have been carefully pierced, & present unusually uniform sur-The design & specified dimensions faces. have been closely adhered to, & are as follows : width at formation level & at spring of roof, 16 ft.; clear centre height above formation level, 23 ft. 2¼ ins.; & above rail level, 21 ft. 6 ins., ballast being 9 ins. deep. The nature of the rock theorem of the rock theorem. nature of the rock through which the tunnels pass is granitic, & is of such solidity that but little timbering, 200 ft. in all, has been required. On curves from 8 to 14 degrees, the centre lines of the tunnels have been placed 7 ins. off the centre line of the road-bed; on 6 degree curves, 5 ins.; & on 4 degree curves, 3 ins. Following is a list of tunnels:

Mile 51, 194 ft. from portal to portal.

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" 22 3,004 " " 36 329 "

Combined these tunnels cover a total distance of 4,004 ft.

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No safety switchbacks have as yet been constructed. In a railway having so many miles of grades exceeding 2 per 100, safety switch backs are a necessity & should be built with out delay. Owing to the length of time required to construct the long tunnel at mile 22, & the desire of the railway company to open the railway for traffic, a temporary switchback was constructed over the mountain at that point. It consisted of 10 switches, 5 on the east slope & 5 on the west slope. The total rise from the cost r_{10} rise from the east portal of the tunnel was 507 ft., & from the west portal 403 ft. The grade both ascending & descending was uniformly per 100, & curves varied up to 22 degrees 4 per 100, & curves varied up to 22 degran line to main line was 5.12 miles, & the time occupied in traversing it by trains was one hour. The stars hour. The steep grade, & the temporary character of the work, necessitated extreme care on the part of the care on the part of the officials operating it.

From West Robson to mile 5.4 & from mile 50.5 to mile 67 at Grand Forks there are no trestles. Between miles 5.4 & 50.5 trestles have been constructed to a most unusual extent. The location of the line in this respect has been made with an undue regard to economy, & should the railway become a trunk line many of these states line many of these structures must be eliminated. ated. Every trestle is an element of danger, & the only excuse in the present instance is the immense cost of obtaining a more solid road-bed by throwing the star road-bed by throwing the alignment further into the side hill. There are in all 49 timber trestles, covering a distance of a or 5/2 trestles, covering a distance of 13, 140 ft. or 51/2