

The Weekly Monitor

VOL. 44

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, MAY 17, 1916

NO 6

Always the Same
PURITY FLOUR



Day in and Day out.
Week in and Week out.
Year in and Year out.
Always the same.

THE MONITOR VOTING CONTEST ATTRACTS PROMINENT WORKERS

Enterprising Ladies From All Sections of County Enter Competition with Enthusiasm—Contest May End Week Earlier than Date Named

NAMES OF CONTESTANTS

Up to the time of going to press with this issue of the Monitor the following named ladies have been nominated as participants in The Monitor's big \$700 Voting Contest:

| | |
|--|------------|
| Miss Nellie Marshall, Hampton | 1000 votes |
| Miss Mary Reid, Bear River | 1000 votes |
| Miss Lillian Hicks, Clementsport | 1000 votes |
| Miss Odessa Shipp, Dalhousie | 1000 votes |
| Miss Lillian Crosscup, Granville Ferry | 1000 votes |
| Miss Marguerite West, Lawrencetown | 1000 votes |
| Miss Lela Nelly, Middleton | 1000 votes |
| Miss Ethel Miller, Annapolis Royal | 1000 votes |
| Miss Grace Healy, Bridgetown | 1000 votes |
| Miss Mary Buckler, Bridgetown | 1000 votes |
| Miss Mabel Stuart, Bridgetown | 1000 votes |
| Miss Gertrude Hartnett, Bridgetown | 1000 votes |
| Miss Flossie Troop, Bridgetown | 1000 votes |

Last week's announcement of The Monitor's Voting Contest, in which \$700 worth of beautiful and useful prizes will be distributed among the successful contestants, has created surprising interest throughout the County, and already a number of ambitious and enterprising ladies in various parts of the County have entered the contest and have started in getting subscriptions and votes. The Monitor is highly gratified at the exceptionally high class of contestants in its prize distribution competition, and there can be no doubt that many of these ladies will accomplish more than creditable results during the next five or six weeks.

To those who expect to place themselves among the prize winners in The Monitor Contest, it can do no harm to say that they have not a moment to lose. The Contest is now well under way, and instead of continuing until June 24, which is the date fixed for the close of the contest, it is highly probable that the contest will close a week earlier than that date. If the weather should continue as favorable as it has been for the past week, it may be assumed that the Contest will close on June 17 or 19. This gives contestants but a little more than four weeks from next Monday in which to see their friends and acquaintances, and leaves little if any time for dallying on the part of any contestant—that is any contestant who hopes to win a prize. And there are undoubtedly several contestants, at least, who really do want to win a prize.

Four or five weeks from Monday, May 15th, \$700 in prizes of the highest quality will be distributed among the ladies taking part in the Monitor Voting Campaign.

It has been the purpose of the campaign management to select prizes which would make a strong appeal to the love of the beautiful and artistic, which is inherent in the heart of almost every woman. This purpose, it is felt, has been most pleasingly accomplished and the Monitor feels a marked degree of pride in announcing the full list of prizes which will be awarded the winners in the contest, June 17th or 24th.

First Prize
The first prize, as announced will be a beautiful \$400 Lonsdale piano, which is fully guaranteed by the manufacturers, the Lonsdale Piano Co., Toronto, and the winner of this prize will have the satisfaction of knowing that she has come into possession of an instrument which will always afford her the highest pleasure, in itself, and which will also be the source of considerable pride in its possession.

Second Prize
The second prize will be perhaps the most beautiful cabinet of fine flat silverware ever shown in Bridgetown. This silverware is the famous genuine Roger brand, which for decades has served as the standard of value and merit in table silverware and the winning of this prize cannot fail to make any lady extremely happy. This particular cabinet is a handsome oak case richly lined, and contains more than a hundred pieces of the very finest plated silverware. Every piece is sectional plated, which affords extra and adequate protection against wear at the most used parts, thus assuring uniform wear of each piece, and giving more service than can be obtained from silverware plated in the ordinary style.

Third Prize
In point of value, usefulness and beauty there will not be a great difference between the second and third prizes. The latter will consist of an exceptionally attractive silver tea service of six pieces, mounted with silver-onyx. The pieces will be: Tea urn, coffee pot with burner, spoon holder sugar bowl, cream pitcher, and tray. Each and every one of these articles also bears the famous Wm. A. Rogers trademark which is an absolute guarantee of quality so that the winner of this prize will not have to content herself in believing, but will know that she has won a prize of surpassing beauty and usefulness, whose value cannot for a moment be questioned. Not only during her life time but for generations thereafter this tea service can be used and exhibited with perfect knowledge of its worth, and pride in the possession of a collection of most beautiful table ware.

Fourth Prize
While of a different nature the fourth prize will harmonize with the other prizes and will fittingly complete a wonderfully attractive prize list. Genuine cut glass, in a new and exceptionally pretty pattern will make up the fourth prize. This is a "Made-in-Canada" product, being manufactured at Wallaceburg, Ont. Nothing prettier for table use, could be found, and nothing more useful, as the various articles in the collection have been carefully selected with a view to the service to which they may be put. This prize will be worth \$50.

Each day that passes marks the passing of rich opportunities for voting-getting that cannot occur again. Today conditions are virtually equal for all contestants, and one contestant now has as fair a chance to win as another. Day by day conditions will change and those who hesitate will be out-distanced within a short time, and thus a golden opportunity to share in the rich rewards which will go to the winners on the last day of the contest will be lost. Procrastination is not only the thief of time—it is the arch enemy of success. Putting off

until tomorrow the thing that should be done to-day is a habit that has done more to rob men and women of the success that their abilities and intelligence seemed to warrant than any other weakness in human nature. Any lady who wishes to share in the Monitor great prize distribution, now has a perfectly fair chance to do so, if she enters the contest now, and loses no time in starting her campaign for votes. To-morrow or the next day may be too late. While you, lady, sit now, this minute, and wish for the beautiful \$400 Lonsdale piano, the rich cabinet of silverware, worth \$150; the magnificent \$100 tea service or the pretty collection of cut glass, some other girl or woman may be making up her mind to work for these prizes and within a day or perhaps an hour, even, may have secured enough subscriptions to give her the slight advantage that will make her the winner. Again, another lady, may spend another day or hour "considering" the question of whether or not she will enter the contest and by so delaying her decision may leave you an open field, and while she waits you may secure the slight advantage which will carry you through to victory and the possession of a prize which no woman can fail to appreciate. Which will you be, a wisher or a worker? To-day, now, this hour, this minute, opportunity knocks at your door with rare persistence, and invites you to bestir yourself, and gain for yourself, and your home and your family something that your woman's heart and intelligence tells you you should have. Will you heed the knock, and accept the opportunity which in all probability will not be extended again within your lifetime.

Do It Now
If you would be among the prize winners in the Monitor voting campaign, see or write, or telephone the Campaign Director now. It costs nothing to enter the campaign. All supplies required for use by contestants are furnished free of charge, and full instructions are given as to how to make the best use of your time.

Guaranteed Reward
Remember: Every contestant who falls to win a prize is guaranteed a good commission on all the money she collects so no one can work for nothing. Every worker will be a sure winner.

RECRUITING
The following overseas units at the present time recruiting in Nova Scotia:

- 4th Pioneer Battalion.
- Headquarters Co., 4th Division Train Army Service Corps.
- 4th Divisional Ammunition Column.
- 14th Field Artillery Howitzer Brigade, Ammunition Column.
- 106th, 112th, 185th, 193rd, 219th, Overseas Battalions.

Overseas Companies of the Composite Battalion and 63rd Regiment, Divisional Signalling Corps, Canadian Engineers.

Particular attention is called to the Pioneer Battalion. The class of men required are men accustomed to rough engineering, road construction, bridge building, ax-men, laborers.

For the 4th Division Train A. S. C. and the Ammunition Columns, teamsters, men experienced in the care and handling of horses, are required.

HOME SERVICE
Infantry men are required for the following on Home Garrison duty at Halifax: 63rd Regiment, Composite Battalion.

Artillery men are wanted for garrison duty in the R. C. G. A. and in the First C. G. S. A.

Engineers, about 50 mechanics, carpenters, and other tradesmen are required at Halifax for the Royal Canadian Engineers.

For further information and enlistment apply to any recruiting officer or to
REV. E. UNDERWOOD,
Bridgetown.

Have you seen the program of the Women's Short Course to be held in Lawrencetown the week commencing May 22nd? If not then send to Mrs. W. P. Morse, Lawrencetown or to the Agricultural College, Truro, for one. Perhaps there is some particular subject you may be particularly interested in or you may wish to attend all the Course. You are very welcome to do either as the Course is absolutely free to any woman or girl. Be sure and provide yourself with a sensible note book and several pencils.

Herring are being put up in North Sydney on a large scale by the Scotch cure method. The company expect to handle from 2,500 to 3,000 barrels this season and have a market for all they can put up.

THE EUROPEAN WAR

Heavy Attacks on British Positions

LONDON, May 15.—The British official statement on the campaign in France and Belgium reads: Last (Saturday) night, after a heavy bombardment by guns of all natures, the enemy attacked our lines about the Ploegsteert wood in three parties. One party succeeded in entering our trenches, but was immediately rejected, leaving 10 dead. The other parties were met on the parapet by Scottish troops and dispersed. Early this morning one of our patrols entered the enemy trenches south of La Basse canal. Our artillery bombarded enemy positions north of Monchy-au-Bois and east of Vermeles. Hostile artillery and trench mortars were active about Maricourt, Loos, Souchez, Cambrai and St. Eloi. There has been some activity about Souchez, the Hohenzollern redoubt, Givenchy and St. Eloi.

LONDON, May 15.—The British official statement of the campaign in the Western zone, issued tonight, reads: After a heavy bombardment last night against our trenches between the River Somme and Maricourt the enemy made three attacks, one of which succeeded in getting into our trenches, but was at once driven out. Some dead Germans were observed on our wire entanglements and one prisoner was taken. We lost one prisoner. On the rest of the front there have been artillery and trench mortar actions at various points, the heaviest being taking place about Hebuterne, Souchez, Carency, the Hohenzollern redoubt and the area about St. Eloi. There has been mining activity on the part of the enemy near Maquissait and northwest of Wytschaete.

Considerable Activity on British Front

LONDON, May 15.—The following official communication was issued this evening:

"Yesterday evening and during the night there was considerable activity on our front between Loos and Bethune and La Basse Canal. Immediately east of the former place the enemy bombarded heavily a small section of our trenches, and a raiding party succeeded in entering them, but only for a few minutes. Meanwhile, further north, we subjected the German positions near the Hohenzollern redoubt to a heavy effective bombardment. Further north still, just south of the canal, the enemy exploded a mine 23 yards in front of our trenches and seized the crater. After a sharp bombardment with trench-mortars, our infantry seized the lip of the crater, capturing one prisoner and finding several dead Germans in the crater. Today both sides exploded mines northwest of Hulluch, but no infantry fighting took place. We carried out successful bombardment of the enemy's positions opposite Faquissart. Our artillery silenced enemy trench-mortars in the neighborhood of St. Eloi."

French Successfully Repulse German Attacks

PARIS, May 15.—The official communication issued by the War Office tonight reads:

"In Champagne a bombardment carried out this morning by the enemy in the region called Le Mesnil-Les-Maisons de Champagne was followed by severe, simultaneous attacks by small effectives at divers points on this front. All these attacks, arrested by our curtain of fire, or repulsed by counter-attacks of our first and second lines west of the Meuse. On the heights of the Meuse a sudden attack, for which preparation had been made by our artillery, was entirely successful. Our patrols cleared the enemy trenches on a front of about 200 metres, and brought back prisoners. Our artillery shelled enemy detachments on the road between Essey and Pannes, southwest of Thiaucourt."

No Peace for France Until Victory

PARIS, May 15.—The speech of President Poincaré at Nancy on Sunday, in which he declared that France did not want Germany to offer peace but desired that she should ask peace of France, is widely commented on today by the newspapers as the final and authoritative announcement of the French policy on the subject of peace. The Temps says:

"The discourse of the President of the Republic is more than an impressive oratorical manifestation, and there is no need for deception, either at Berlin or in the capitals of neutral countries, where the idea of eventual mediation is entertained among those without authority and without responsibility. The President's address expresses the sentiments profoundly rooted in the hearts of all good Frenchmen, and against which no questionable manoeuvre will ever prevail. The entire French people are resolved to fight until they obtain a peace re-establishing vested rights and giving guarantees of equilibrium and stability."

WAR BRIEFS

Forty-two out of sixty theologues of the class of 1916, in Victoria College are with the colors.

Twelve hundred Canadians paraded to the service at Westminster, London, on April 16th.

Of 55,800 students enrolled in German Universities last winter, 38,000 are in military service of some kind. The people of Rheims always have their gasmasks on hand, ready for use, so frequently do German aviators drop bombs on the city.

Mr. Henry Birks, the well-known jeweller, has contributed \$10,000 to the army work of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Count Von Hessler, the General called by the Crown Prince to assist in taking Verdun is more than eighty years of age. He never touches alcohol or tobacco.

Sir Thomas White has announced that new orders for munitions have been placed in Canada to the value of \$80,000. For this the Canadian Banks have authorized a credit of \$75,000.

Tons of old paper and rags were collected by school children and others in Hamilton, Ont., under the direction of the Rotary Club, which brought in more than \$2,000 to the Red Cross.

Spotted fever prevails in the Turkish army. Gen. Von Der Goltz, sent by the Kaiser to direct the operations of the Turkish army died from this disease. He was one of Germany's greatest strategists.

Dr. Alfred Thompson, M. P. for the Yukon, who has been made Lieut.-Col., and assigned to the Military Hospital, Commission which has charge of all soldiers Convalescent Homes and Hospitals in Canada, is a native of Hants County, N. S.

Irish Captain to soldier, "You're gun barrel is disgracefully dirty. I've a mind to—"

Private Flannigan—"Sure, sorr, I niver—"

Irish Captain—"Silence, sir, when you speak to an officer."

ANOTHER BRIDGETOWN BOY KILLED IN ACTION

Guy M. Todd, Son of Mrs. James Todd Makes the Supreme Sacrifice For King and Country

The following telegram was received by Mrs. James Todd, on May 12th, from the Military Office, Ottawa:

Ottawa, May 11.
"Regret to inform you that number 414140, private Guy Todd was officially reported killed in action on May 5th.

OFFICER RECORD OFFICE.

Guy Mitchell Todd was born at Dalhousie thirty-four years ago, where he spent his boyhood days. The past five years he has resided in town. He enlisted on September 9th, 1914, for home guard, where he served for one year. After which he joined an overseas battalion, sailed for England in October last, and went to the front in March. A letter was received by his mother last Saturday in which he stated that he had been in the first line trenches for eight days, and was back for a rest. His position in the trench was only forty yards from the Germans. On his way back after dark a shot at him went through the gloves he held in his hand. He intimated that the boys were getting restless and that an action would take place before long in which he would likely be one of the foremost. But he cheerfully looked forward to victory. The wire to his widowed mother was the result and she weeps over her hero son who has laid down his life for his King and Country. Guy was a genial and popular young man and the town mourns the loss of another of her sons. His father died last October. There remain a mother, three sisters and two brothers.—Miss Kate and Margaret at home, and Grace in Boston; Craig with the 3rd C. G. A. at Halifax, and Joseph of the 219th Battalion at Bridgetown.

OBITUARY

MRS. JOHN HALL

It was with pained surprise that our community learned of the death of Mrs. John Hall at her residence in Lawrencetown on Monday, the 8th inst. Mrs. Hall was taken ill with pneumonia, and despite all the love and skill which were bestowed upon her, gradually became weaker until she passed away.

Mrs. Hall was deeply respected and will be greatly missed. Her home was one where generous hospitality was dispensed. She was kindness itself, and many will always remember her for her goodness to them. She also took a warm interest in the Methodist Church and was always willing to help. The late Mrs. Hall was in her 75th year, and leaves to mourn their irreparable loss, her husband of more than half a century, and three sons and two daughters.—Mrs. Arthur Marshall and Mrs. E. B. Miller of Bridgetown, Mr. S. B. Hall, Mr. S. E. Hall and Mr. W. E. Hall. They all have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community.

The funeral took place on Wednesday last from her late residence. A large number of people gathered to pay their tribute of respect. An impressive service was conducted by the Rev. S. J. Boyce, assisted by the Revs. H. G. Mellick, Joseph Gaetz and A. R. Reynolds.

LETTER WRITING WEEK

This is "Letter Writing Week" in the Annapolis Valley from May 15 to May 20. As an incentive for letter writing, Mr. Graham, Manager of the D. A. R. has offered prizes of \$25 to the school teacher and \$25 to the Red Cross Society which causes the largest number of letters to be written and sent in to the nearest Board of Trade.

Every reader of the Monitor is asked to co-operate in the movement and write a personal letter to any and all friends in the United States whom they think would be likely to visit us here this year.

If 50,000 letters are written, and but 10 per cent. bear fruit approximately 5,000 more people will come, spend on an average of \$60 each, which means an additional \$300,000.

You can help by writing your friends and relatives in the United States to make Nova Scotia their 1916 vacation ground.

There is a revival of interest in wooden shipbuilding in the Maritime Provinces. There are already a number of large schooners in process of construction at Nova Scotian points.

REPRESENTATIVES OF VALLEY NEWSPAPERS ENTERTAINED AT KENTVILLE

On the invitation of Mr. Geo. Graham, Manager of the Dominion Atlantic Railway, the following representatives of the newspapers of Western Nova Scotia journeyed to Kentville last Friday: J. Murray Lawson, Yarmouth Times; O. S. Dunham, Digby Courier; F. E. Bath, Bridgetown Monitor; P. F. Lawson, Berwick Register; Geo. E. Herman, Western Chronicle; H. G. Harris, Kentville Advertiser.

Autos were provided and the party visited the Experimental Farm and then proceeded via Port Williams to Starr's Point, where the farm and orchard of Mr. A. C. Starr and others were examined, thence to Hillcrest Orchards and the Provincial Sanatorium where the main buildings and pavilions were visited. They then proceeded to the residence of Mr. Geo. Graham where they were received by Mrs. Graham and Miss Graham and luncheon was served.

At seven o'clock, two Studebakers were again placed in action and Mr. Graham and Mr. Parker took the pressmen to Wolfville via White Rock, Gaspereau and Grand Pre. At Acadia Villa Hotel Mayor Fitch, J. E. Hales, President of the Board of Trade and Prof. A. E. Caldwell joined the party and an elaborate supper was provided by Mr. Rockwell. Mr. Graham occupied the head of the table. At the close of the supper and the toast to the King had been made, Mr. Graham expressed his pleasure at the gathering together of the publishers of the Valley or their representatives, and spoke in part as follows:

"For the individual, community, country, or nation, to accomplish real good and attain their highest destiny, their aim, ambition, or ideal, must be of the highest order.

With this idea in mind, the present time and place seemed opportune for a social gathering and conference of the representatives, in the Annapolis Valley, of the greatest influence for the general good the world has ever seen. No power enters so intimately into the very being of the individual community, or nation, as that of the press, and there is not other power whereby the people of the Annapolis Valley can be brought to a clearer and more concise realization of the wonderful possibilities of the country in which they live.

It is a fact beyond dispute, that we Nova Scotians do not demonstrate our faith in our country as we should.

Individually we may have unbounded confidence in the land of our birth or adoption, but collectively we do not sound its praises, or raise our voices as to its manifold advantages, in a manner sufficiently impressive.

By the judicious use of the Press, our Valley, already well and favorably known, can be made in reality the vacation ground of America. Our climate, our geographical location, our historical association, form a combination beyond comparison. We cannot afford to ignore nature's beneficence in this respect, and permit latent energy to remain undeveloped. If we possessed the right form of faith in our heritage, we would not rest content until we had started, and had the courage to maintain, a steady flow of Nova Scotians and their descendants back to their own land. We need the offspring of the old sturdy stock to assist in the development of our varied natural resources to take an active part in the building up of our home and foreign trade, and to lend their aid in the conduct of our country's affairs. The Press is the only medium through which such a condition of affairs can be brought about.

While individual effort is always to be commended, yet the events of the days bring to our minds, more than ever before, that fact, that in order to attain a definite object of any magnitude, united action on the part of every interest is necessary.

As our discussion tonight is to be of a more or less general nature, I will not at this time refer to the many other matters of mutual interest, but conclude by saying that the Dominion Atlantic stands ready to co-operate in the heartiest sense, with any interest having for its object the upbuilding of our fair Province.

Farm life is spoken of as monotonous, but is there any reason why it should be? The environment of farming is more varied, more interesting and attractive than city life. Those who must sit at a desk in a shower of dust and endure heat during the summer and dreary weather in winter for from eight to twelve hours a day may find life monotonous, not the farmer surrounded by nature in all her charms.