

The Herald

Wednesday, Nov. 27, 1918

Through Fire and Water

The Herald of this issue extends over a period of two weeks. The first second and fourth pages were made up for last week, and the third page was almost complete; but just at that stage fire swept down on the building, and then the water, and between the fire and the water the Herald plant was left in a deplorable condition. Type, presses, paper, fittings, office furniture and everything in connection with the business was affected by the raging fire or deluged by water. The plant and premises were left in a condition of utter demoralization and chaos. The damage and consequent delay and dislocation of business constitute a very serious loss.

The building was badly damaged by the fire; the top story where the Herald composing and press rooms were located suffered the most. The windows were completely broken and the rooms for the present, rendered altogether untenable. A start has been made by the proprietors towards temporary repairs at least, but it will of necessity be a considerable time before we get our work going with any degree of facility. In the meantime we are doing the best we can, under much inconvenience, in cramped improvised rooms.

We are in hopes of being able to issue some kind of a paper each week, until our regular rooms are ready. How long this may be, is involved in uncertainty, in consequence of the liability of unfavorable weather for operations on buildings at this season.

We must ask our readers to be indulgent towards us at this time as of transition. Our paper will have many short comings, and will be far from what we desire; but, confident in the hope that, by Christmas, we shall have so far recovered from our misfortune as to furnish our subscribers with a good, readable paper, such as we have always endeavored to supply.

In order to be in every way successful in regaining our wanted position, we must ask for the assistance and co-operation of our friends. Our loss by this fire, is very considerable, and unfortunately our plant was simultaneously illuminated. Myriads of sirens blew off, creating an awful sound. Hundreds of searchlights played fantastically. Fireworks and star shells were lighted. The celebrations, after lasting an hour, ceased as suddenly as they began.

VICTORY LOAN—The Victory Loan was a marvelous success. So far as this Province is concerned the objective was far over subscribed. The objective for the whole Province was \$2,500,000 and the amount subscribed is 3,014,850. \$600,000 was the amount Charlottetown was asked to raise, but the amount subscribed is \$1,237,450, over twice the objective. These results speak well for our city and Province. The eminent success of the loan as a whole bears ample testimony to Canadian wealth and patriotism.

On Thursday 14th, the Island was visited by the first snowstorm of the season; and it was a fierce one for a start, almost a blizzard. The tide was the highest recorded for the last three years and did considerable damage. All wharves were overflowed. At Summerside both the Town and the Railway Wharf suffered severely, and the other wharves and abutments are considerably damaged. Many wharves suffered in other places. Much damage has also been done throughout the country to telegraph and telephone wires. Telegraph wires on the Mainland were so badly damaged that no telegraph messages crossed to or from this Province from Thursday forenoon, till Tuesday 19th.

Local and Other Items

Sir Thomas White is acting Prime Minister of Canada, during Sir Robert Borden's absence in England.

It is probable that the first meeting of the peace conference will be held after Dec. 15th, the date of the British Parliamentary elections. The peace Conference will most likely meet at Versailles, near Paris.

The announcement is made that the Thorndyke Trenchholm Company of Seattle has been appointed operating agents for all vessels under construction in British Columbia, for the French government, approximately 50 in number.

An official despatch from Rome, Nov. 13 states: Caproni airplanes are being used by the Italian supreme command to transport emergency refugees to the famished citizens of the liberated cities of Italy and also of Pola and Fiume.

A general election for the British House of Commons is now on. Nomination will be made on Dec. 4, and polling will take place on Dec. 14. It is thought probable that the counting of ballots will not take place before Dec. 23.

During the first week of November, twenty vessels totalling 101,000 dead weight tons, were delivered to the United States Shipping Board from American ship yards. This is the greatest number of completed ships delivered in any week and brings the grand total of complete vessels to 507.

Ottawa advices state: Demobilization was under consideration Thursday, Nov. 14, at a conference between the reconstruction and development committee of the cabinet and representatives of the militia department, the department of soldiers' civilian service re-establishment and other government departments affected. The idea of the conference was to draft a general policy of demobilization.

A marvelous night scene was witnessed off the Scottish coast when the Grand Fleet celebrated the armistice, states a Canadian Press despatch, Nov. 13. On a thirty mile line, warships of every description were simultaneously illuminated. Myriads of sirens blew off, creating an awful sound. Hundreds of searchlights played fantastically. Fireworks and star shells were lighted. The celebrations, after lasting an hour, ceased as suddenly as they began.

News of the sinking of the Audacious was published in the United States shortly after the disaster. The British Press printed an account of the warships lost about two months later, but the Imperial government withheld confirmation. After striking a mine, the ship remained afloat for twelve hours, during which the entire crew was rescued by the White Star Line Olympic.

THANKSGIVING—On Sunday 17th, thanksgiving services for the return of peace were held in the churches throughout Canada. In St. Dunstan's Cathedral, at all Masses, appropriate discourses were delivered by his Lordship the Bishop, and different officiating priests. At 11 o'clock Solemn High Mass was celebrated, his Lordship, the Bishop occupying his seat in the Sanctuary.

An Amsterdam despatch of Nov. 13, states: The independent Social democrats in the new German Government have demanded the arrest of Admiral Von Tirpitz, former minister of the navy, Major General Kaim, president of the German army league, Dr. Wolfgang Kapp, president of the fatherland party, Admiral Von Holtzendorff, former chief of the navy general staff, and others, and the establishment of a tribunal to try all persons primarily responsible for the continuation of the war and hindering peace. This information is contained in a Berlin despatch to the Telegraph.

Local and Other Items

Twenty seven minesweeping vessels were interned in Dutch waters Friday.

King Albert, triumphantly, entered his capital on the 22nd. His Queen and children were present.

German Submarines, in batches, of twenties and fifties, are surrendering to the British Navy, from day today.

Admiral Beatty's historic signal, after the German fleet had been moored at the appointed place was "The German flag is to be hauled down at 8.57, and is not to be hoisted again without permission."

The following is the concluding sentence of the message sent by wireless to Germany by Commander Prause, commanding the first flotilla of submarines surrendered to the British navy. The message was picked up by British warships: "The English ships, as regards condition of discipline, were faultless."

The grandest, most memorable and most humiliating naval demonstration took place, on Thursday 21st inst, when four hundred ships of Britain's great navy received the surrender of 71 German warships, the greater part of her once vaunted navy. The British ships were drawn up in a double line, and the enemy craft struck their colors as they passed through. The surrender was concluded at the Frith of Forth Scotland.

The preliminaries to the peace negotiations will begin about January 1, the Echo De Paris declares, and the protocol will be signed about the end of February. The paper adds that Premier Clemenceau will go to London on December 4. Marshal Foch's refusal to accede to the protestations of the German delegates, according to the Matin, will apply to all proposals.

Paris advices state: Admiral Sir Roelyn Wemyss, who was appointed to notify the German envoys of the naval conditions of the armistice, is credited by Figaro with a phrase which admirably reflects the respective positions of the two fleets. "It is inadmissible," the Germans protested "that our fleet should be given up without having been beaten." Facing the envoys with his monocle, Admiral Wemyss retorted: "It had only to come out."

London advices state: In addition to General Botha, the South African Premier, the forthcoming meetings of the imperial cabinet preparatory to the peace conference, Canada will be represented by Sir Robert Borden, prime minister, and a large number of his colleagues and advisers; Australia, by Premier Hughes, and Sir Joseph Cook, minister of the navy; New Zealand by her prime minister, Mr. Massey and Sir Joseph Ward, and Newfoundland by Premier Lloyd.

Right Hon. Bonar Law stated in the House of Commons Friday Nov. 15th, that His Majesty had intimated that he wished to send a message to the Empire by addressing both houses of parliament and the official representatives of the Dominions and India in England. It was decided that the best way of doing this would be that both houses of parliament should present an address to His Majesty. The address was moved in both houses, and on November 19 both houses proceeded to the Royal Gallery and received His Majesty's reply.

An Amsterdam despatch of Nov. 13, states: The independent Social democrats in the new German Government have demanded the arrest of Admiral Von Tirpitz, former minister of the navy, Major General Kaim, president of the German army league, Dr. Wolfgang Kapp, president of the fatherland party, Admiral Von Holtzendorff, former chief of the navy general staff, and others, and the establishment of a tribunal to try all persons primarily responsible for the continuation of the war and hindering peace. This information is contained in a Berlin despatch to the Telegraph.

Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island.

Rules Relating to Private Bills. 36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the session exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the suitors for such Bill and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated The Private Bills Committee to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Committee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are suitors for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees be paid for the same into the hands of the Clerk of the House.

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

H. E. DAWSON, Clerk Legislative Assembly, November 27, 1918. 4th

Local and Other Items

The general scheme of demobilization has been the subject of exhaustive study for some months past and definite conclusions have been reached. Demobilization of troops, whether in Canada or overseas, cannot be undertaken until specific information warranting such action has been received from the overseas minister.

Canadian troops are preparing for their triumphant entry into Germany. Every battalion unit to participate will march in with flying colors and bands playing. Consequently there has been a general reassembling of all the regimental colors which were left in various churches and cathedrals in the British Isles since the beginning of the war when various battalions committed their sacred regiments to the safe-keeping of the church until they came back from the war.

DIED

MACWILLIAMS—At Eidon, on Sept. 17th, Jessie, aged 88 years; also Nov. 15th, Mary, in the 92nd year of her age.

MITCHELL—At Napa, California, October 30, 1918, of Influenza, complicated with Pneumonia, William Henry Mitchell, aged 52 years, only son of the late Wm. Mitchell of Charlottetown, P. E. Island, leaving a wife and four sons to mourn their loss.

MCALRAY—At 71 Bayfield St., on Nov. 21st, Mrs. John D. McAlray, aged 82. R. I. P.

YOUNG—At High Bank, on Nov. 6th, Martha Young, in the 70th year of her age.

Mail Contract



SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 27th December, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week.

Over Rural Mail Route No. 1 from Newton Cross, P. E. Island, from the 1st January 1919.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Newton Cross, P. E. Island, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

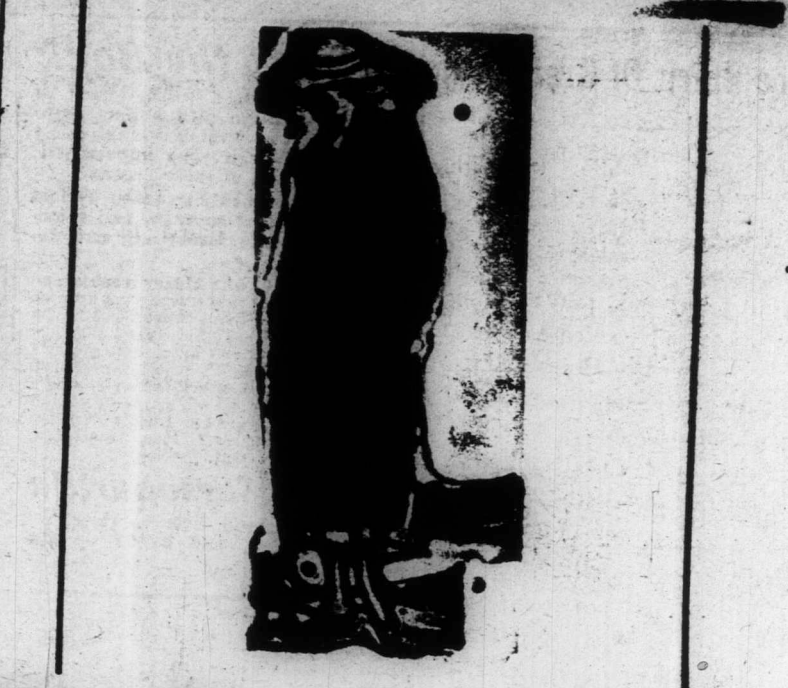
LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

St. John LIME

In Barrels and Casks. CLYONS & Co.

The New Coats, Suits and Dresses in every desirable model



Whether the coat is to be of the long or short model, whether trimmed with fur or with large collar and belt, whether the suit is to be of average length or a long-coated model with the long, narrow skirt, whether the dress is to be of satin, serge or other material and will show various manners of trimming to bring out the silhouette effect, you may be sure of finding any style desired in our very extensive collection.

From information at hand, we believe we serve the best interests of our customers by advising early choice.

New Fall Coats.....\$18.00 to \$35.00
New Fall Suits.....\$25.00 to \$50.00

MOORE & McLEOD Limited Charlottetown

Your Soldier Boy Wants HICKEY'S TWIST

No matter where he is, or what other tobacco he can get, the Island soldier who chews tobacco is never satisfied with anything but HICKEY'S TWIST.

In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, France, England and the training camps, they ask for HICKEY'S TWIST—and the tough took along 20,000 figs with them.

Send your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S TWIST the next parcel.

Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd CHARLOTTETOWN.

FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST TO MAKE GOOD BREAD You must have Good Yeast

GOOD BREAD is, without question, the most important article of food in the catalog of man's diet; surely, it is the "staff of life." Good bread is obtainable only by using the Best Yeast, the best flour, and adopting the best method of combining the two. Compressed Yeast is in all respects the best commercial Yeast yet discovered, and Fleischmann's Yeast is indisputably the most successful and best leaven known to the world. It is uniform in quality and strength. It saves time and labor, and relieves the housewife of the vexation and worryment she necessarily suffers from the use of an inferior or unreliable leaven. It is, moreover, a fact that with the use of Fleischmann's Yeast, more loaves of bread of the same weight can be produced from a given quantity of flour than can be produced with the use of any other kind of Yeast.

This is explained by the more thorough fermentation and expansion which the minute particles of flour undergo, thereby increasing the size of the mass and at the same time adding to the nutritive properties of the bread. This fact may be clearly and easily demonstrated by any who doubt that there is economy in using Fleischmann's Yeast.

If you have never used this Yeast give it a trial! Ask your Grocer for a "Fleischmann's" Recipe Book. R. F. MADDIGAN & Co. Agents for P. E. Island.

CARTER'S .. Feed and Grain Store

Oats, Pressed Hay, Pressed Straw Feed Wheat for poultry, Chicken Feed, Scratch Feed, Ground Oyster Shells, Cotton Seed Meal, Sugar Beet Meal, Cracked Grain, Milk Mash and Egg Mash for laying hens, Flax Seed, Pure Linseed Meal, Charcoal for poultry, Alfalfa Meal, Bird Seed, Bird Gravel, Ground Poultry Bone, Beef & Bone Scraps, Leg Bands Wire Hen's Nests, Drinking Fountains, &c., &c., all at

LOWEST PRICES

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Carter & Co., Ltd Seed Warehouse, Queen Street

Live Stock Breeders.

List of Pure Bred Live Stock for Sale.

Table with columns: NAME, ADDRESS, BREED, AGE. Lists various livestock including Ayrshire bull calves, Ayrshire Bulls, Shorthorn Bull, and various sows.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 3rd January 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, over rural mail route No. 2 from Kensington, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Kensington, French River, Long River and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, Nov. 22, 1918, Nov. 27, 1918—31

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 3rd January, 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mail on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, over rural mail route No. 1 from Albany, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Albany and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, Nov. 22, 1918, Nov. 27, 1918—31

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 3rd January, 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, over rural mail route No. 4, from Montague, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Montague, St. Mary's Road, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, Nov. 22, 1918, Nov. 27, 1918—31