

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1901.

Vol. XXX, No. 19

## Calendar for May, 1901.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
Full Moon, 2d, 2h. 19m. evg.  
Last Quarter, 11th, 10h. 38m. m.  
New Moon, 18th, 1h. 38m. m.  
First Quarter, 25th, 1h. 40m. m.

Day of Week.	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
1 Wednesday	4 46	7 9	53	22	23			
2 Thursday	45	8 10	25	13				
3 Friday	43	10 10	52	23	30			
4 Saturday	42	11 11	13					
5 Sunday	40	12 0	26	11	33			
6 Monday	39	13 1	01	11	38			
7 Tuesday	38	15 1	37	12	32			
8 Wednesday	37	16 2	17	13	12			
9 Thursday	35	17 3	03	14	01			
10 Friday	34	18 3	46	14	59			
11 Saturday	32	19 4	7	15	22			
12 Sunday	32	2 5	17	52				
13 Monday	31	22 6	57	19	12			
14 Tuesday	29	23 7	53	20	24			
15 Wednesday	28	24 8	46	21	30			
16 Thursday	27	25 9	35	22	29			
17 Friday	26	26 10	17	23	23			
18 Saturday	24	27 11	53					
19 Sunday	23	29 0	16	11	26			
20 Monday	23	30 1	05	12	01			
21 Tuesday	22	31 1	53	12	43			
22 Wednesday	21	32 2	40	13	32			
23 Thursday	20	33 3	28	14	30			
24 Friday	20	34 4	18	15	35			
25 Saturday	19	35 5	10	16	52			
26 Sunday	18	36 6	03	18	15			
27 Monday	18	37 6	54	19	30			
28 Tuesday	17	38 7	41	20	31			
29 Wednesday	17	38 8	25	21	23			
30 Thursday	16	39 9	08	22	09			
31 Friday	14	4 10	40	9	42			

## "Imitation is the Sincerest Form of Flattery."

The best proof that MINARD'S LINIMENT has extraordinary merit, and is in good repute with the public, is that it is EXTENSIVELY Imitated. The imitations resemble the genuine article in appearance only. They lack the general excellence of the Genuine.

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They all Sell on the Merits and advertising of MINARD'S.

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FOR SALE. The House and Lot at Head of St. Peter's Bay, lately occupied by Charles McLean, and adjoining the premises of Lesock Anderson, Esq.

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A rare chance. No deception. We speak nothing but the truth. You can get a full size decorated Dinner and Tea Set (100 pieces) and 48 pieces of Silverware (48 pieces) for the price of 100 pieces of Dinner and Tea Set. The Dinner and Tea Set consists of 100 pieces of Dinner and Tea Set. The Silverware consists of 48 pieces of Silverware. The Dinner and Tea Set is made of the finest porcelain. The Silverware is made of the finest silver. The Dinner and Tea Set is decorated with the most beautiful designs. The Silverware is of the highest quality. The Dinner and Tea Set is a real bargain. The Silverware is a real treasure. The Dinner and Tea Set is a real delight. The Silverware is a real joy. The Dinner and Tea Set is a real gem. The Silverware is a real crown. The Dinner and Tea Set is a real jewel. The Silverware is a real treasure. The Dinner and Tea Set is a real delight. The Silverware is a real joy. The Dinner and Tea Set is a real gem. The Silverware is a real crown. The Dinner and Tea Set is a real jewel. The Silverware is a real treasure.

## Going Out of the Crockery - - Business.

We will close out our entire stock of Crockery, Glassware and General Merchandise At Great Clearance Sale Prices.

Bargains in Tea Sets, Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Lemonade Sets, Table Sets, Cups and Saucers, Parlor Lamps, Hall Lamps, Fancy Goods, Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons, &c. Many lines at half price. All at sweeping reductions. Stock must be sold at once as I am going out of the Crockery business. Book accounts must be settled at once. All the above goods will be sold for spot cash, therefore you can depend on getting bargains.

## R. MONAGHAN, Queen Street.

### We Are Specialists In Our Line of Business.

We make a complete study of what men should wear and how they should be dressed.

### Our Tailoring Department,

Under the management of Mr. Sixtus McLellan, has an established reputation for first-class workmanship and perfect fit second to none in the low provinces. Every garment made here is a walking fashion plate for us. In

## Our Men's Furnishing Department WE LEAD THE VAN.

In Shirts—if you are looking for any later style, quality or price, in sizes from 12 to 17 1/2 inch, you will find them here. Our Neckwear—patterns exclusively our own. New stock of Waterproof Coats and Umbrellas.

## GORDON & McLELLAN Men's Outfitters.

## WE ARE Manufacturers and Importers OF Monuments AND Headstones

In all kinds of Marble, All kinds of Granite, All kinds of Freestone.

We have a nice assortment of finished work on hand. See us or write us before you place your order.

## CAIRNS & McFADYEN,

Cairns & McLean's Old Stand, Kent Street, Charlottetown.

### Dominion Parliament.

(Mr. Borden's speech continued from last issue.)

And then we shall have great questions with regard to the relations in which the railways of the country stand to the development of the country. We see only as through a glass dimly now what the future shall be. We cannot deal with all these things and have a finished policy upon them at once. We must watch and look on and learn as we may with respect to all these things, but we will deal and set upon the lines and upon the principles upon which we proceeded from 1878 to 1896. (Hear, hear.)

### TRIBUTE TO SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

So much for the past, and so much for certain prospects in regard to the future. With regard to our own prospects as a party in future, I do not observe upon looking around me to-night, and I do not think it is necessary to your speeches to-night any token, any evidence of that dejection which our opponents sometimes say is rooted so deeply amongst us—(laughter)—and although we number only 75 or 80 good men and true in the House of Commons of Canada today, we have as fine a representation, as fine a minority in the House, and I will say it, although I am not as well qualified to speak as older men, as fine a representation in the house today as ever sat on the Opposition benches of that House. (Hear, hear.) I am not insensible of the great loss we have sustained in the absence of certain of our leaders. I would like to say a few words, in the first place, in regard to Sir Charles Tupper—(applause)—the only Liberal-Conservative leader in the House of Commons under whom I ever had a seat there. I went into the House of Commons having an admiration for Sir Charles Tupper as a statesman, and a man from my own province, but by the end of the session of 1900 I entertained a very much higher admiration for him. (Hear, hear.) He had the courage of his convictions. In conflict he struck hard blows, and he was ready to receive them. One thing about his policy from first to last, it should never be forgotten, and will never be forgotten by those who knew him best, and I know him pretty well during the period that I sat in the House with him, he was always prepared to set the interests of his country above those of his party. (Applause.) This is what struck me, that he was always anxious while in Opposition, to do something which he could accomplish something when he got into power. And I think that is a very good policy for the Liberal-Conservative party or any party out of power. (Hear, hear.) One incident I remember particularly. I have never forgotten it. About two years ago, when the Government were about to make a certain announcement with regard to the policy they would pursue towards a great industry, involving great industrial development in this country, I was present one afternoon, I was engaged in conversation with him, when a gentleman entered, who said that the Government of this country, the Liberal Government, had made up their minds to deal with that question in the way in which Sir Charles Tupper himself would have been prepared to deal with it. He was then 78 or 79 years of age, a man of power, not so much for the mere sake of power as for the sake of what he might accomplish, but when he heard what the Government proposed to do he said: "I hope that they will carry out that policy, even if it gives them five years longer in power." (Applause.) I had thought that for a man of his age, a man who could not hope to lead the Opposition for five years longer, that that was a great and magnanimous thing to say, and I believe when he said it he felt it from the bottom of his heart. I mention that as characteristic of what Sir Charles Tupper was as a statesman, and I could not better describe his policy to you than by relating that simple incident.

### MR. FOSTER COMPLIMENTED.

There were many others in the late Parliament of whom I would like to speak, but I must content myself with referring to one, my friend Mr. Foster, whom I am proud to see here to-night. (Loud cheers.) I sat during five years in the House of Commons, with Mr. Foster, and I never truly realized the untiring the indefatigable the effective work which he did in the House, until I came to sit there with him. (Hear, hear.) I did not realize the strain that must have been upon him as financial orator of this Government, sitting there night after night, until I came to attempt to do something of the same thing myself. (Laughter.) I think I may say to the new members of the House that it would be impossible for them to realize the work which Mr. Foster accomplished for the

party in Opposition from 1896 to 1900 without having been in the House of Commons with him. (Cheers.) It is needless for me to remark that we all hope he will soon be with us in the House again. (Cheers.) Every one of you will rejoice when that is an accomplished fact, but no one will rejoice half so much as myself.

### PARTY DISCIPLINE.

I will not detain you much longer. (Cries of "Go on.") My friend Mr. Haggart has given me some excellent advice, and no doubt he is not the only one from whom I have received some advice since I have been in the position of leader. (Laughter.) I have endeavored to assimilate all this advice as far as my constitution would bear it (laughter), and up to the present I have not broken down under the strain (laughter). With reference to his suggestion that I should put a stop to discussions, I do not think it will be required, but if it is I shall have to call upon him for the method upon which I shall proceed. I do not know whether he alludes to the method of Bret Hart's miner whom you may recollect in his account of the funeral ceremonies of Mr. Bush Henshaw, I think it was, represents the clergyman asking the miner whether the deceased was a peaceable man. The miner replied, "Peaceable? Well, I should think he was. When half a dozen miners got into a fight he took off his coat and knocked them all out before they could begin fighting." (Laughter.)

### THE SESSIONS WORK.

With respect to our work this session and the prospects of the future, some criticism was indulged in by the press as to whether we would be able to do justice to the interests of the country as an Opposition. I think that the gentlemen who have sat on the opposition side during this session have to some little extent at least shown themselves capable of effectively criticizing proposals brought down by the Government, which invited criticism. (Hear, hear.) At all events I have not heard any member of the Government make any complaint that they were not effectively criticized. (Laughter.) Possibly they may not have had occasion to make any complaint of that kind, but I have not seen in the press of the country since the session has opened and since the members, and particularly the new members, have had opportunity showing their metal. I have not seen so much of that criticism as prevailed before the session. (Hear, hear.) I think that on the whole, although we have not unduly taken up the time of the House, we have given a pretty fair and effectual criticism of the proposals the Government have brought down. I am not taking credit to myself for this, but I am proud on your behalf of the very good work done by members without which my own effort in attempting to lead could not be effectual.

In conclusion, from all my colleagues in the House of Commons, from men much older and more experienced than I am in public life, from men to whom I should look up as leaders rather than to me, I have received not only kindly consideration, but friendly advice and sympathy and support. (Hear, hear.) I have not always perhaps expressed at the time to these men who have given me that sympathy and advice and support, how greatly I appreciated it. Permit me now to do so and permit me also to say that, however great our leaders may have been in the past, and no more than myself realizes how sadly behind them I am in every attribute that can go to elevate a public man before the country, that however great these men may have been, I do not believe that any leader of the Liberal-Conservative party has received more hearty, more cordial and more generous support than I have received from the Conservative members of the House of Commons. (Applause.) I also desire, before I close, to thank you Sir Mackenzie Bowell, and the members of the Senate for their presence here to-night. I have received very kindly words from all of them with whom I have been brought into contact. It is desirable that we should work in harmony. I know there are no party lines in the Senate, but nevertheless I realize that there are certain gentlemen in the Senate who have a very kindly feeling for my self and for the gentleman I have

## Royal Baking Powder

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Hot-breads, hot biscuits, cakes, muffins, puddings and crusts made with Royal Baking Powder are wholesome, delicious, quickly made, always light, never sour, and most economical. Royal Baking Powder is specially refined, and equally valuable for the preparation of the finest, most delicate cookery, and substantial, everyday food. In the easy, expeditious and economical preparation of wholesome and appetizing food it is indispensable.

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There are imitations of baking powder, made from alum and sold cheaply, which it is prudent to avoid. Alum in food is poisonous.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

### A Few Words With Careless Catholics.

"Then shall the Kingdom of Heaven be likened to ten virgins who taking their lamps, went out to meet the bridegroom and the bride. And five of them were foolish and five were wise. But the five foolish, having taken their lamps, did not take oil with them. But the wise took oil in their vessels with the lamps. And the bridegroom tarrying, they all slumbered and slept." (St. Matt. 25: 1-13.)

The Holy Spirit, who knows what eternity is, describes man as living a short time. But to us it does not seem so; life appears to be long, and we imagine that we have time in abundance to do all the work given to us, and over and above, plenty of leisure to spare. A few, such as the holy spirits, are persuaded that they want all their time to do well the one thing necessary; but the great majority of men, and even of Christians, look on these painstaking saints as men of exaggeration. Their notion is, that if they give a little time morning and evening to the care of their souls, all will go well, and they can then have very ample leisure for other things.

This is only another way of saying that for a large part of their lives they slumber and sleep. They live in a dream, busy about many things, spell-bound by what the Holy Spirit calls the bewitching of trifling (Wisdom IV.) and not applying their minds earnestly to the one thing necessary, which is "to praise, reverence and serve God."

In baptism we each receive our lamp. It was lighted by faith; and this light of faith is not a light without warmth, but a light thoroughly mixed and blended with the fire of charity. While the bridegroom tarrying, however, that is, while we are sojourning in this world, it is our business to keep the fire of charity alight. For this we want our supply of oil. By prayer, by almsgiving, by sacrifices, we have to keep the fire of charity and love burning. If charity is extinguished, faith becomes a cold and spectral light that profits nothing.

Stay here a little while and examine carefully. Is my lamp lighted? or is it extinguished? If lighted, have I oil ready to keep it alight? If extinguished, how long has it been so? How soon do I mean to have it again with that fire which our Saviour came to cast on the

earth and so, much longer to see unkindled? In other words, how soon do I mean to seek for a good abolition, that my soul may be raised from death to life?

Observe St. Peter's words: "Wherefore, brethren, labour the more; that by your good works you may make sure your calling and election." (2, Peter 1.)

Make sure your election. Run no risks. How soon will you confess your sin? Soon, you say. But how soon? Tomorrow. But why not today? Why not at once? To-morrow! Where will you be spending your to-morrow?

He intended to sign his will to-morrow; but he did not live to do it. He intended to alter his will, and to make it a Christian, more charitable, but he did not do it. Poor dear man! "We promise you solemnly," an Anglican clergyman and his wife said, "to come back in six months to be received into the Church, as soon as ever we have paid some debts." We have not a single doubt about the true Otrab. But my wife insists that I must wait six months to earn wherewith to pay our debts. Alas! ere the six months were expired, Eve, who kept her husband back by her persuasion, was called away to the house of her sterility.

Make your election sure; run no risks. And at midnight there was a cry made: Behold the bridegroom cometh, go ye forth to meet him. (verse 6.) At midnight. For then the first deep sleep has completely mastered weary man. Our Lord wishes us to understand that many men, very many, will be heavily asleep, neither watching nor praying, when death comes, and entirely given up to their dream about the bewitching trifles of this earth, its politics, its news, its scandals.

We must always remember that our loving Redeemer has so wish at all to take us by surprise. If He had, He would not urge us, as earnestly and as often as He does, to watch and be ready; if the good man of the house knew at what hour the thief would come, he would certainly watch. Wherefore, be you also ready. (St. Matt. 24.) Our Lord's one desire is that we be always ready, not slumbering and sleeping, but watching and expecting the coming of our Master.

Take heed to yourselves, lest perhaps your hearts be overcharged with surfeiting and drunkenness and the cares of this life, and that day come upon you suddenly. (St. Luke 21.)

If we forebore that we had still forty years to spend on earth, the father of lies would easily persuade many of us to give up thirty-five of them to sensuality, to bitter resentments, to pride. If now, when we are not certain of one day, we so often induce us to put off repentance, how few, how very few would take the trouble to live chastely and charitably, if they were sure that they had time before them! They would live in sin for twenty, thirty, forty years, under the idea that they can easily repent in the last five years of life. But who has promised them grace after twenty, thirty, or forty years of sin! After twenty years of sin, the soul is nothing but a mass of corrupt and putrid death. Can we, at any moment we please, raise ourselves to life out of such a death? Only the Divine voice can say the word, Lazarus, come forth! God promises to forgive if we repent; but He nowhere has promised to give us grace to repent tomorrow, or twenty years hence, if we harden our hearts and refuse to hear His voice today. —Callaway, Watchers of the Passion.

## King's Evil

That is Scrofula.

No disease is more common than King's Evil. It is really responsible for a larger mortality. Consumption is commonly its outgrowth. There is no excuse for neglecting it, it makes its presence known by so many signs, such as glandular tumors, cutaneous eruptions, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, necks, etc., etc., wasting and general debility. Children of J. W. McLean, Woodstock, Ont., had scrofula since so bad they could not attend school for three months. When different kinds of medicines had been used to no purpose whatever, their sufferings were cured, according to Mr. McLean's voluntary testimony, by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla which has effected the most wonderful, radical and permanent cures of scrofula in old and young.