

THE FREDERICTON HERALD

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THE HERALD.

FREDERICTON, JULY 24, 1888.

BETTER BE WARNED.

The general public put so little confidence in the utterances of the Ottawa ministers that doubt is expressed whether the promised session of parliament will be held before a general election. Evidently Hon. Mr. Angers, one of their own number, did not take any stock in the pledges of Bowell, Foster & Co., for he resigned his seat in the cabinet, the salary of which he very much needs, because remedial legislation was only promised, and not put through.

The death of Dr. Atkinson's daughter at Bristol, Carleton county, Friday, gave rise to the report that the M.P.P. himself was dead, and the daily papers Saturday published lengthy sketches of his public career. The doctor, however, while still in the flesh, had the satisfaction of knowing what the public opinion of him was from various standpoints. Although alive, Dr. Atkinson is in a precarious condition and the news of his death any day would not be a surprise.

So much has been said and written recently about the remedial order sent to Manitoba on the school question, and upon the lines of which the Dominion government propose legislating in January next, that we reproduce the chief features of the order as follows:

It orders the re-establishment of separate schools, under the control, management, and inspection of the Roman Catholic church, as the following extract from it shows:

"The committee therefore recommend that the appeal be allowed, and that Your Excellency in Council do adjudge and decide that by the two acts passed the legislature of the province of Manitoba on the 1st day of May, 1880, entitled respectively, 'An Act respecting the Department of Education' and 'An Act respecting the Public Schools,' the rights and privileges of the Roman Catholic minority of the said province in relation to education, prior to May 1, 1880, have been affected by depriving the Roman Catholic minority of the following rights and privileges, which previous to and until May 1, 1880, such minority had, viz.:

(a) The right to build, maintain, equip, manage, conduct, and support Roman Catholic schools in the manner provided for by the said statute, which were repealed by the two acts of 1880, aforesaid.

(b) The right to share proportionately in any grant made out of the public funds for the purposes of education.

(c) The right of exemption of such Roman Catholic as contribute to Roman Catholic schools from all payment or contribution to the support of any other schools.

"And the committee also recommend that Your Excellency in Council do further declare and decide that for the due execution of the provisions of section 22 of 'The Manitoba Act,' it seems requisite that the system of education embodied in the two Acts of 1880, aforesaid, should be supplemented by a Provincial Act or Acts which would restore to the Roman Catholic minority the said rights and privileges of which such minority has been so deprived as aforesaid, and which would modify the said Acts of 1880 so far, and so far only, as may be necessary to give effect to the provisions restoring the rights and privileges in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), heretofore mentioned."

In the Senate July 8th, Sir McKenzie Bowell, premier, announced the policy of the government as follows:

A session of the present parliament will be called together to meet not later than the first Thursday of January next. If at that time the Manitoba government fails to make a satisfactory arrangement to remedy the grievance of the minority, the Dominion government will be prepared, at the next session of parliament to be called by the aforesaid, to introduce and press to a conclusion such legislation as will afford an adequate measure of relief to the said minority, based upon the lines of the judgment of the Privy Council and the remedial order of the 21st March, 1885.

THE BISLEY MEETING. In the contest at Bisley for the Daily Graphic cup Thursday, seven shots at 600 yards, Capt. Russell scored 35. In shooting of the tie, he made 14 out of a possible 15. Skeddell and Boville each scored 14. The Canadian team has won so far \$550 in money prizes. Canada won a great victory Friday when Private Hayburn, of the 13th bat., Hamilton, Ont., captured the Queen's prize, £250 sterling, the first time it has ever been won by a Canadian marksman. A smoking concert was given at the camp Thursday evening, and Sir Charles Tupper in presenting the Canadian cup to Major Markham, who had given it to the highest Canadian score at the end of the meeting, said that the Canadians had taken such a position in the contests as showed that if the time ever should come when the Canadian forces were required to stand side by side with their fellow-countrymen of the United Kingdom and the colonies, they would be found worthy of those who had carried the prowess of England to every quarter of the globe. Major Markham made a brief response in which he thanked Sir Charles for the cup, and expressed his pleasure at the views he had set forth of the importance of the Canadian soldier. Major Markham also gave a garden party.

The late senator Burns, of Bathurst, left all his property, valued at \$3,122, his four daughters. The Bathurst Courier says there was \$34,000 life insurance on deceased, but it was hypothesized. The report in St. John that the life insurance was \$46,000, and that \$30,000 was hypothesized.

A SMALL PIECE OF BUSINESS.

The mean attempt of the Dominion government to freeze out a Quebec postmaster, who is a brother of Hon. Mr. Laurier, leader of the Opposition, was exposed in parliament the other day.

St. Lin is a village in the county of L'Assomption, distinguished as having been the birthplace of the Liberal leader, whose brother is the postmaster, keeping the post office in St. Lin, which is situated in the centre of the place and readily accessible to everybody. The government pays nothing for light or fuel, yet they have decided to take the post office away and place it in a building in a distant quarter of the community, for which they have agreed to pay a rental of \$300 a year. The building has never been rented for a larger sum than \$60 a year, and is assessed for \$1,000. In thriving villages in western Ontario, where the postal revenue is double what it is in St. Lin—\$785—the rental paid for the building where the post office is placed varies from \$40 to \$60 per annum.

Not a shred of justification was offered by the government for the removal of the post office, and it is clear that the only object was to wound the feelings of the Liberal party by forcing his brother to resign the position of postmaster in his native shire. That men in public life should stoop so low as to treat a distinguished political opponent with such vindictiveness, and engage in such a petty attempt to injure the family of an opponent, is the longest possible testimony, says the Toronto Globe, as to the calibre of the men now engaged administering the government of Canada. As if it was not bad enough to squeeze Mr. Laurier's brother out of his office in which he has given every satisfaction, it has been done by the perpetration of a job. So defenceless did the government find themselves when threatened with a motion of censure that Mr. Foster asked the Opposition to withdraw the motion, but the Opposition very properly refused, and the motion was voted down.

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PARLIAMENT CLOSES.

Conservative, moved the three months' hoist.

Senator Scott said it was reported, but he would not believe truly, that the proposed loan of \$2,500,000 was to have been shared by the government for election purposes.

Premier Bowell sprang up and indignantly repudiated any such boodling, and characterized Senator Scott strongly for daring to mention it.

At 5.30, the hour his excellency had set for proroguing parliament, the debate was still in progress, and ministers from the house of commons came over and a sort of cabinet council was held in the cloak room.

A message was sent to Rideau hall asking the Governor-General not to come up until 6 o'clock.

The military officers, aides, guard of honor, the general public, and all the accessories of prorogation were on hand at 6 o'clock, when Premier Bowell, who was very much put out, announced that the government had decided not to prorogue, and soldiers and citizens went away feeling that they had been fooled.

Never before has prorogation been deferred after it was once officially announced.

The senate met again in the evening and after further debate, McInnis' hoist was defeated 11 to 7.

The motion for the first reading was carried, and the senate adjourned till Monday at 10 a. m.

Parliament met at 10 a. m. Monday, and after the senate had agreed to the Hudson Bay railway bill in amended form, the Governor-General came down and prorogation took place.

AROUND THE WORLD.

The News of the World in Brief—The Cream of our Exchanges.

President Cleveland's third baby has been named Marion.

Stambuloff, ex-premier of Bulgaria, was the victim of assassination at Sofia last week.

The directors of the defunct Union bank at St. John's, Newfoundland, have been placed under arrest.

The ratepayers of Woodstock will vote Aug. 1st on the question of sewerage. The proposition is to expend \$25,000 in the work.

Hon. M. B. Daly has been reappointed Governor of Nova Scotia. He is a brother-in-law of T. E. Kenny, one of the M.P.'s for Halifax, and a popular governor.

The estate of the late Mrs. Vernon, of St. John, is worth \$25,000 and goes almost entirely to her nephew, Fred V. Wedderburn, eldest son of Judge Wedderburn.

Dalton McCarthy's motion in parliament on the Manitoba school question, as given in THE HERALD last week, had only two supporters, himself and Col. O'Brien.

Four men were instantly killed while crossing the Fitchburg railroad track near Willingham, Mass., Sunday afternoon. They were riding in a two-seated double carriage, and were struck by a west-bound express.

Two men were killed, one fatally injured, and two others frightfully maimed by a cave-in of four hundred feet of earth in a sewer excavation at Harrison, N. J. Friday. Eleven men were saved from death by a self formed by timbers.

The widow of the late Sir Francis Turville died at Market Harborough, England, Friday. Previous to her marriage in 1879 to Sir Francis, she was Lady Lisgar, widow of Baron Lisgar, who was Governor General of Canada from 1868 to 1872, and who died in 1878.

Admiral Curtis of the British navy whose wife was Miss Drury, of St. John, niece of Sir John Allen, died very suddenly on the 10th inst., at Spithead, while returning from a dinner on board the warship Repulse, in honor of the arrival of the Italian navy.

An accumulation of gas in the blast furnace of the Londonderry iron mines Sunday night caused the furnace to kick, hitting the top off. Flames burst out fiercely. Three men who were on the top of the furnace feeding it were badly injured, and one of them, David Eaton, died the following day.

The oldest clergyman in Canada in the active ministry is probably Rev. Mr. Coleman, Lutheran minister, of Lunenburg, N.S. He was born in 1806, ordained in 1834, 61 years ago; arrived in Lunenburg, 1835; has baptised 3,066; married 922 couples; buried 1,041; has preached 11,000 sermons, and travelled 290,000 miles.

The great ship railway office at Amherst is in the close of its career. The immense big hydraulic machinery and the monstrous engines are to be sold and shipped away. The collapse of this enterprise is to be regretted, and it seems a pity that the four millions of dollars already expended should thus be thrown away.

Fears are entertained for the safety of Alex. McCallum, who sailed from New York June 23 for Europe, in the Richard K. Fox, a 19-foot sloop, the smallest boat that ever started across the ocean. The steamer Fuesel Bismarck, which arrived Friday, reports passing the fore part of a small vessel on July 18, which they feared was the wreck of the sloop.

While James Gibbons, postmaster of Collins, Kings county, accompanied by councillor Jacob L. Kierstead, were driving from Sussex to Collins on Saturday evening, the horse stumbled on the hill near the summit of Mount Middle, and both were thrown out of the carriage. Gibbons was instantly killed, his neck broken. He leaves a wife and five children.

Acting Chief Conlin was called up by telephone from the office of the New York Herald last Wednesday afternoon and notified that an employee of the Herald, Charles Gore, who had left the office more than an hour before, had cash a check of \$10,000 for the use of the bank, but had not returned. The police went on the trail but have not yet captured Gore.

A party of French capitalists have gone to Anticosti, and it is their intention to purchase the island and stock it with fur-bearing animals and game for sporting purposes. They will also work the fisheries on a large scale. It is understood that the Quebec government encourages the scheme. The party is expected to return in a few weeks, when an offer for the island will be made to the Dominion government.

Aged, tagless, and homeless dogs will no longer be shot by the Bradford, Ont., police. The dog duly and legally condemned to death hereafter will be electrocuted. The victim is fitted with four leather boots, with metallic soles; a piece of wet sponge is fitted in the interior of the boot, and a copper wire connecting with the street lighting system is attached to the metal sole. The policeman holds the dog by a rope around his neck, and a freeman acts as executioner. A switch in the fire hall is turned on, giving a current of 1,700 volts.

SOME LIVELY PASSAGES IN COMMONS AND SENATE.

The Hudson Bay Railway Bill badly mutilated.

How the Senators Balked Prorogation on Saturday.

In the House of Commons Thursday, Sir Richard Cartwright drew attention to the proposal of the government to hold a sixth session, a thing unprecedented, and if the session was of ordinary length, the life of the parliament would have expired. A junior member of the administration, Hon. Clarke Wallace, the Comptroller of Customs, had from his place dissented from and denounced the policy of the government. It was utterly unknown in British practice that he should continue to remain a member of the ministry. This was a crucial test of the sincerity of the government and they had a right to enquire of the leader of the House who represents the Premier, as to what course he intended to pursue. What would be thought of a junior Lord of the Treasury or an Under Secretary of State if he dissented from the policy of the Minister of State, the First Minister in England, after the government had announced an important policy from which the junior member dissented. The government were fain of quoting British precedents and Sir Richard Cartwright challenged them to quote any precedent as to this grave constitutional question.

Sir Hibbert Tupper said the school question may possibly be decided without the introduction of legislation by the government. Should it be necessary, and necessary it would be if Manitoba did not act then, the Comptroller of Customs would have to support it or retire from the administration.

Mr. Mills said Wallace was exactly in the same position as if a bill had been brought down because the policy of the government had been clearly announced and adopted. The respect of the Comptroller and of his chief made it necessary for the Comptroller to retire.

Mr. Martin, of Winnipeg, said no ground for the expectation of a settlement of the question in the direction indicated by the Dominion government existed. There was no hope of it. The action of Manitoba had been deliberate and was found in the reply to the remedial order. He was mistaken if he thought the legislature of Manitoba would recede from their attitude. It instead of ordering Manitoba to restore the system of schools in vogue prior to 1880, Manitoba had been differently approached, he believed the province would have been prepared to go into the question and give to the minority such a measure of relief, if the minority were reasonable in their demands, as would have been satisfactory to the Dominion at large. Unfortunately the Dominion government did not adopt the course but an opposite one. The government of Manitoba would not be allowed by the people, if they desired, and he was sure they did not desire, to recede from their position.

Mr. McCarthy held that it was not in accordance with administrative unity that one section of the administration should be pressing one way and another pressing another way.

A thing unprecedented in Canada happened Saturday afternoon. Both houses of parliament were called together at 5.30 that afternoon and prorogue parliament, but, after all, parliament was not prorogued.

Every preparation was made. All the officials were in their best, and those who had uniforms put them on. An escort of dragoons went down to Rideau Hall. A guard of honor from the governor general's foot guards, headed by the band, marched up to the main entrance. The general, quiet and collected, with his master general, and other military officers gathered about the senate chamber to receive his excellency. Sir Adolphe Caron donned his court uniform in honor of the expected presence of vice-royalty. A dozen Dominion policemen were stationed at all the doors and the public galleries filled with spectators. But all this time the senate was sitting in ordinary session, and the only way prorogation could take place was by his excellency to walk in on the old gentlemen and stop all proceedings.

At 5.30 to prevent this being done, a messenger was hurried off to government house asking his excellency not to come down for half an hour.

At 6 o'clock the senate was in the first stage of a discussion on an important bill, and prorogation was indefinitely postponed. The cause of all this strangeness and excitement was blundering of the government, which having been unable since its formation to do anything, was unable to prorogue parliament.

The government decided to prorogue on Saturday, yet introduced an important bill on Saturday and asked the two houses to pass it through its several stages between 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon. It was a bill respecting the Winnipeg Great Northern Railway Company, formerly the Hudson Bay Railway Company.

Mr. Laurier had been enquiring ever since the beginning of the session what the government's intentions were in respect to this enterprise, and was put off from week to week until a few weeks ago, when Mr. Foster announced that all business of the session was on the order paper.

"Including the Hudson Bay Railway?" asked Mr. Martin.

"I think my statement was sufficiently inclusive," replied the leader of the house.

Now, after all the members save a score had gone home, and on the day set for prorogation, the government actually introduced a bill changing the route and changing the contract and conditions of the public aid and the time for completion.

White, Conservative, of Cardwell, brought up the question of the operation of the road during the 20 years the subsidy ran, and contended that the \$40,000 should be made contingent on the operation of the road for 20 years. He expressed a fear that both in this and the Regina and Long Lake road the government would have an experience and the government of Canada might be paying out \$40,000 a year and the road not in operation. He thought the subsidy too large any way for a colonization road.

This left the bill authorizing the dividing up of the subsidy aid of \$80,000 a year for twenty years into two halves, one for each half of the road and extending the time for the completion until 1898, three years from now.

Mr. Laurier offered an amendment depriving the company of the subsidy if this was lost, and the bill passed and went to the senate at 4.15 o'clock, and a Hon. Senator McInnis, Hamilton, a

CHERRY RIPE.

This is made from the juice of sound, ripe cherries, and is only one of the many delicious syrups that we are serving at our Soda Fountain this season.

They say we have the best Soda Water in the city. Our drugs are as good as our soda.

C. FRED CHESTNUT, APOTHECARY, 2 doors above Barker House, Queen street, Fredericton.

GRAND SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES AT REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH AT LOTTIMER'S SHOE STORE.

In the following kinds: Lots in which we have only a few pairs left. Lots in which we have only some sizes. All kinds of Tan Colored Goods.

Above Sale to continue for 3 days, commencing THURSDAY, 1st of AUGUST.

A. LOTTIMER, 210 Queen Street, P.ton.

A VOICE FROM MANITOBA.

Winnipeg Tribune.

We predict that the present law will remain on the statute book, that notwithstanding Mr. Foster's promise as to a January session, there will never again be a serious suggestion of Dominion interference, and that the school question, which has troubled this people so long, will cease to be a disturbing factor. It will be settled as it ought to be settled, by a determination on the part of the members of the House of Commons to let Manitoba severely alone. We can manage our own educational affairs without help from Quebec or any other province, and propose to continue to do so. If there is anything wrong with the law we want to argue the point out ourselves, and to settle it to suit ourselves. That is the position of the people of Manitoba, and we think that now it is pretty clearly understood. With this session of parliament safely prorogued we are prepared to face the remote and daily lessening dangers of a January session with cheerfulness and unabated confidence.

For Sale.

FURNITURE. Bedroom Sets, Extension Tables, Centre Tables, 300 Chairs. Cheaper than ever at Lemont & Sons, The Furniture Men.

Sheriff's Sale.

Willard Kitchen & Co. Saturday, the 12th day of October, next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

STYLISH GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

ANDERSON & WALKER. REMEMBER THE PLACE.

WOOL TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR CLOTH.

Keeping up.

And increasing our stock. That is what we are doing. We have just received and opened up a Carload of

Bedroom Sets, Sideboards, Extension Tables, Desks, etc.

Also 8 crates of CROCKERY and GLASSWARE.

Seasonable goods in all lines.

WILLARD KITCHEN & CO.

JUST OPENED.

July 17th.

New BERLIN ZEPHER ANDALUSION WOOLS

In the Newest Colorings.

JOHN J. WEDDALL.

THE BEST

Place in the City to buy Clothing for Men or Boys if you want

GOOD GOODS, At Low Prices is at . . .

OAK HALL.

See our BLUE SERGE SUITS, All Wool, Only \$5.00

OAK HALL. REMNANT

Big SALE,

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31st.

You will find ends of Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons, Table Linens, Towellings, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Lawns, Hamburgs, Boys' Tweeds and Shaker Flannels, and a variety of other ends of goods at great bargain prices.

DEVER BROTHERS.

JOHN G. ADAMS.

OPP. COUNTY UNDERTAKER COURT HOUSE.

The Largest Stock of FUNERAL FURNISHINGS In the City.

Also Cabinet Work Made to Order, such as Wardrobes, Bookcases, Office Desks, etc.

Telephone 26. FIRST-CLASS WORKMANSHIP. Residence over Warerooms.

Fine Job Printing.

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Orders From the Country, Promptly Attended to.

Don't be Bashful; Send it Along to the

HERALD OFFICE, CORNER QUEEN AND ROBERT STREETS.

Patent Carpet Lining.

Leather Belting.

SCOTCH FIRE BRICK AND CLAY.

Money to Loan.

TO LOAN.

ASH BARRELS.

Nails! Nails!

Just Opened.

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