left Futtehghur for this; they were all the non-military residents of the place. On arrival at Bhitoor (near Cawnpore), the Nana Sahib fired on them with the artillery the Government allowed him to keep.—One round shot struck poor Mrs. ——, and killed her on the spot. The boats were then boarded, and the inmates landed and dragged to the parade ground at Cawnpore, where they were first fired at, and then *literally hacked to pieces with tulwars*," or axe like swords.

July 1.—To-day news has reached us of the whole of the native troops having risen at Bareilly, the largest station in Rohileund. They first of all took possession of the guns, and then set at liberty 3000 prisoners in the jail, who laid the station in ruins.—Many of the British officers and other residents, it is supposed, made their escape.

Indeed it may be added, that from every station where as yet there has not been actual mutiny, the handful of Europeans who have not been able to escape are living in hourly expectation of an attack.

July 2.—At an early period of this deplorable rebellion I was led—from the analogy of the Vellore mutiny, as well as various minute circumstances which had come within my own cognizance—to infer that the cartridge affair and its alleged caste-breaking tendencies were a mere shallow but plausible pretext in the hands of evil-minded, designing men, and that the real originating cause of the whole mischief would be found of a *purely political* character. To this persuasion I gave free expression at a time when few were prepared to entertain it. Every disclosure, however, which of late has been made, goes to demonstrate that it has been the result of a long concocted Mohammedan conspiracy against the supremacy and rule of Great Britain in India.

Information received from arrested spies and papers found in their possession serves to implicate the ex-King of Oude, and especially his Prime Minister the Nawab Ali Nukhi Khan—one of the cleverest and wiliest of Asiatic intriguers. Indeed, it is said that since his imprisonment in Fort-William the latter openly avows that he has had a principal share in contriving and working out the deeply-laid plot, and that he glories in having done so, adding that he has woven a web around the British Government which it will not disentangle for many a day.

To all appearance the titular Emperor of Delhi and members of his family have also been deeply implicated in the dark and foul conspiracy. In time the whole truth may gradually be unfolded. Meanwhile gleams of light like the following shoot out upon the subject. An officer who escaped from Fyzabad states that, in a conversation with the sabadar of his own regiment, the latter said "As you are going away for ever, I will tell you all about our plans. We halt at Fyzabad five days, and march *via* Darriabad upon Lucknow, where we expect to be joined by the people of the city. Proclamations have been received from the King of Delhi, informing all that he is once more on the throne of his fathers, and calling on the whole army to join his standard. Rajah Maun Sing has been appointed Commander-in-Chief in Oude." The sabadar further added,—"You English have been a long time in India, but you know little of us. We have nothing to do with Wajid Ali (the ex-king of Oude) or any of his relations. The kings of Lucknow were made by you; the only ruler in India empowered to give sunnud (titles to kingship) is the Emperor of Delhi; he never made a King of Oude, and it is from him only that we shall receive our orders."

July 3.—For the last two or three weeks, no communication has reached this Government from the Governor of Agra. Already some of the fugitives from the north-west have arrived in Calcutta; and their oral accounts more than confirm the distressing accounts which from time to time have appeared in our public journals. The condition of the north-west is, according to the testimony of these respectable eye-witnesses, beyond measure deplorable. It seems to be one universal scene of violence, depredation, and plunder,—no Government, with its wholesome restraint, anywhere,—no administration of justice,—no control of police authority,—no collection of revenue,—no traffic,—no buying or selling,—every man's hand uplifted against his neighbour,—might being right, the strongest is for the moment the sovereign power! Oh! what need of humiliation before God! What need of the prayers of God's people! Oh for the penitential spirit of Nehemiah and Daniel of old, and their gift of copious and appropriate utterance! Truly the floods of the ungodly "have lifted up their voice; the floods have lifted up their waves." What, then, can be our consolation? What but that of the Psalmist.—"The Lord on high is mightier than the noise of many waters, yea, than the mighty waves of the sea."

Under much pressure and sorrow of spirit, I remain, yours very affectionately,

ALEXANDER DUFF.

THE LATE SIR HENRY BARNARD.

Lieutenant-General Sir Henry William Barnard, K. C. B., whose death by dysentery before the walls of Delhi is reported by the telegraphic despatch from the East, which appeared in our columns last week, was son of the late Rev. William Barnard, L.L.B., of Water Stratford, Bucks, by the daughter of the late Mr. Moore Disney, of Churchtown, county of Waterford. He was born at Wedbury, Oxfordshire, 1799, and received his early education at Westminster School and at the Military College of Sandhurst. He entered the army in 1814 as ensign, and served for many years in the Grenadier Guards. In 1815 he became attached to the staff of his uncle, the late Sir Andrew Barnard, while he held the command of the British forces in Paris; and in 1819-20 we find him acting as aide-de-camp to Sir John (afterwards Lord) Keane, during his command in the West Indies. From 1847 to 1852 he was employed as Assistant Adjutant-General in the northern district, and commanded the South Wales district from 1852 to 1854. In the latter year he was sent out to the Crimea as Major-General commanding one of the Brigades. He subsequently became Chief of the Staff in the Crimea under General Simpson, and held that post up to the date of the appointment of General Windham. He also commanded a brigade for a short time before the close of the late war. In 1856 he was made a Knight Commander of the Bath, and was appointed to the command successively of the troops at Corfu, and of a division at Shorncliffe and Dover; he was finally placed as Major-General on the staff of the Bengal army in November last, when he proceeded to India. He succeeded to the command of the troops before Delhi in June last, on the sudden death of General Anson, whom he has followed to the grave, after an interval of scarcely four weeks' duration. General Barnard married in 1828 a daughter of the late Brigadier James C. Craufurd.

THE LATE SIR HENRY LAWRENCE, K.C.B.

Sir Henry Montgomery Lawrence, whose death in a sortie beneath the walls of Lucknow was announced in our columns last week among the Indian intelligence, was a very distinguished officer, of Irish blood and extraction, and one of whom the sister island may feel justly proud. He was the elder brother of Sir John Laird Muir Lawrence, K. C. B., at present Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, being the eldest son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander William Lawrence, sometime governor of Upnor Castle, who distinguished himself by his gallantry at Seringapatam. His mother was a daughter of the late Captain Knox, of the county of Donegal. He was born in 1806 at Matture, in Ceylon, and married (in 1837) Honorie, youngest daughter of the Rev. George Marshall, of Cardonagh, Ireland, but was left a widower in 1854. Having received his early education at the Royal Military College, Addiscombe, he entered the military service of the Hon. East India Company in 1821, having obtained a commission as a cadet in the Bengal Artillery. He soon acquired the reputation of one of the most able and intelligent officers in the service, and, having seen some active service in the Cabul campaign under Sir G. Pollock in 1843, he was raised to the rank of Major. In the same year he became British Resident at Nepaul. He afterwards played a distinguished part in the campaigns on the Sutlej, soon after which he was made a Military Companion of the Bath, and at the same time promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. In 1845 he was appointed Resident at Lahore and agent for the Governor-General on the north-western frontier. It was for his able services in the administration of this important office that he was made a K. C. B. (civil) in 1848. In the following year he was appointed by Lord Dalhousie President of the Board for the Reduction and Government of the recently annexed province of the Punjab, where he increased the high opinion already entertained of his administrative talents by his friends and by the Government. In 1854 he obtained the rank of full colonel, and was also further nominated an honorary Aide-de-Camp to her Majesty, as a further recognition of his merits. He was the author of an interesting volume, entitled "Adventures of an Officer in the Service of Runjeet Singh." The ability and firmness which he had shown in checking the progress of the recent mutiny must be too fresh in the memory of our readers to need repeating here. We will only add that in Sir Henry Lawrence the Indian service and the country have lost an officer whose head and hand they could ill afford to spare in the present important crisis. But it is not only as a soldier or as an eminent civilian that Sir Henry Lawrence will be missed hereafter, high as his character stood in both capacities. As a frank, open, honourable, and straightforward man, and as a generous and unselfish friend, he had few equals and no superior, so that his loss will fall quite as heavily upon private society in India as it will upon the public service. As an instance of his generosity, it deserves to be recorded that for many years, while drawing a handsome revenue from his official employments, he devoted all that he could spare of his yearly salary to the foundation of an asylum for the orphan children of European soldiers, which bears his name, and will long stand as a memorial of his good deeds on the hills between Simla and Umballah.

CRIME AND THE CONFESSIONAL.—The following anecdote of the sacredness of the Confessional, is another sample of the purity of Popery:—"A man, named Boisson, of Rosny in La Vendee, was in 1856, tried by the Court of Assizes, at Rennes, for the manslaughter of one Gireaudeau, but the Abbe Guichteau, who was priest of the parish, swore positively that another person had, in confession, declared himself to be the criminal, and accordingly Boisson also produced a man, named Gaudin, who confessed that it was he who had killed Gireaudeau by accident. This man, however, being pressed with questions, admitted that his statement was false, and that he had been induced to make it on the prayer of the cure, who had promised him a reward, and assured him that it would only subject him to a trifling imprisonment. Boisson, on his part confessed, that he had killed Gireaudeau, and that he had done so owing to his gun having gone off by accident, whilst they were out shooting. He was condemned to a lengthened term of imprisonment. The Priest and the two Gaudins, were then arrested and tried, the former, on the charge of having given false evidence, and of having induced the two persons to swear falsely; and those two persons as his accomplices, in the latter part of the offence. The Jury acquitted the Gaudins, but convicted the priest, and the Court sentenced him to four years' imprisonment."

Sick Headache and Debility. The Oxygenated Bitters are worthy the attention of all who are afflicted with these or any other symptoms arising from a weakened and deranged state of the digestive system.

The sinking of artesian wells in Algeria, and especially in the Sahara, is taking place on rather an extensive scale. The operation of boring only occupies a few days, owing to water being found at a depth of from one hundred and fifty to two hundred feet.

NEWS BY THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

The Royal Mail Steamer Persia from Liverpool, arrived at this port at 8 o'clock this morning.

The London Underwriters on the Atlantic Cable offer to pay 36 1-2 per cent. and give up all claims of salvage.

Eleven more regiments are under orders for India.

The Paris Pays denies the reported occupation of Formossa by the United States.

The Court of Assizes of Paris has condemned Ledru Rollin, Mazzini and others, to transportation.

Spanish papers deny the existence of a secret treaty between the United States and Mexico.

It is stated that diplomatic relations with Naples are shortly to be resumed by France and England.

Russian troops were concentrating on the Austrian frontier to prevent interference with the affairs of the Principalities.

Advices from Constantinople state that the Porte still insists that England shall evacuate the Isle of Porion, and restore it to Turkey.

The steamer Ripon has arrived at Southampton from Calcutta with a number of fugitives from the massacre of Meerut, including the American Missionary, Mr. Hay, and family.

MARKETS.—Cotton advanced 1 1-6th on the week, with sales at 65,000 bales.

Flour unchanged. Wheat and corn have advanced. Beef 5d a 10d lower. Pork easier. Sugar dull and 1s lower. Tea buoyant and dearer.

Money rates unchanged. Consols 90 3-8 and 90 1-4.

SHIP NEWS.—Perseverance at Clayhole; Mansanito at Queenstown; Rescue at Ayr; Saranac at Liverpool; ship Bryant at Sunderland; C. Morrison in Clyde; Herald at Dublin; Alarm, Emma Jane, Titania, Witch of the Wave, at Gravesend.

DESERTIONS FROM THE ARMY IN CANADA continue and increase so as to cause much trouble. The 9th Reg. stationed at Kingston has already lost a considerable number of men. On Thursday night 27 more deserted. The 39th at Montreal has also lost a great number, especially since they were ordered for Quebec. It is said that although they were confined to barracks, on Thursday upwards of 40 got away. Much insubordination has been manifested by them, even to breaking of windows and barrack tables.

An officer named Tryon in an attempt to search for deserters in Griffen town, was assailed and pursued for some distance, although he threatened to shoot his pursuers. After firing two barrels of his revolver to show them it was loaded with shot he was knocked down and in falling another barrel was fired, it is believed accidentally, and shot a man named Dempsey. Lieutenant Tryon immediately ran and gave himself up to a policeman. An inquest was held concerning the affair. A Telegraphic message to the News-Room on Monday, states that Lieutenant Tryon had been acquitted—the jury bringing in a verdict of justifiable homicide.

The races in proximity to the city, at St. John, N. B., produced a more than usual result of the disorderly conduct which so often attends such occasions. A feud, it appears, exists between the inhabitants of York Point and Portland and the Marsh Road;—on the race ground, on Sept. 14th, some trifling incident aroused the latent fury, and a kind of faction fight took place. Several persons were seriously injured in the affray. The police force interfered. Fights occurred subsequently near York Point,—and threats of vengeance against the Marsh Road people were uttered. The "Leader" suggested the possible propriety of obtaining military aid for suppression of the rowdyism.—*Halifax Sun.*

The outrage at Barney's river, in reference to the disinterment so much spoken of, continues to excite much public attention, and to meet with the denunciation it deserves. We have not seen any direct denial of any of the charges made relative to the disgraceful and lawless act,—and are not aware whether remedy is to be sought in a court of justice.—*Ib.*

KING'S COLLEGE, FREDERICTON.—A convocation was held at the University on Tuesday the 8th inst., when the degree of Doctor in Divinity was conferred on the Rev. J. H. Read, B. D., 1852.

LOCAL ITEMS.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE.—On Thursday last, as the crews of a number of fishing boats were pursuing their avocation, off the harbors of New Glasgow and Rustico, a squall of wind and rain suddenly came on, which caused them to make for the shore. One of these boats belonging, we understand, to W. B. Dean, Esq., manned by four men, and having on board 2000 mackerel, unfortunately upset, and, melancholy to relate, three out of the four men perished. The boat was found the next morning, but when near the shore, another squall coming on, it was found necessary to abandon her. One of the young men lost, named Hewett, had gone into the cuddy of the boat for shelter previous to the accident. His body is supposed to be still in the boat. Hewett is the third son of a poor widow residing at Cascumpec, and is the third son she has lost by drowning within the last five years. The young man saved is named Howden, formerly of this city.—*Men.*

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—We are sorry to record another accident by drowning. A contemporary says:—"On the night of Thursday last, John Stewart, jun., son of Mr. John Stewart, of Brackly Point, who had been a few weeks on trial as apprentice with Mr. Jabez Barnard, jun., carpenter, of this City, went to a vessel at the Pownal-street wharf to return a rope which had been borrowed from said vessel; he remained conversing with the hands in the cabin of the vessel till about nine o'clock, and left to proceed home, as they thought. The night was very dark and windy, and it is supposed that, on his suddenly emerging from the lighted cabin to the darkness outside, he had missed his footing between the vessel and the wharf, and falling, must have struck himself a stunning blow, as no noise was heard from him, not even his falling into the water. He was found on Saturday last, in the dock, between the above wharf and that of Hon. W. W. Lord's." We sincerely condole with the afflicted parents in their bereavement.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Sept. 17, Bee, Oulton, Bay Verte, deals Elizabeth, Scott, Pictou, coal.

18th, Annabella, Le Lacheur, Arichat, ballast.

21st, Sophia, Deloray, Pictou, 440 bbls. flour. Unicorn, Lutes, Pugwash, deals. Lively Lass, Robinson, Pictou, coal. Venus, Beaton, do. do. Swallow, M'Lean, do. do. Reward, Macintosh, do, do. Messenger, Siteman, Halifax, goods. Caroline, Anderson, Boston, goods. Ocean Queen, Smith, fishing voyage.

22d, Sea Star, Webb, fishing voyage. Foam, Malone, do. do. Mary Louisa, Rodgers, Sydney, coal. Hope, Roberts, Pictou, coal. Blossom, Mason, Pictou, do.

CLEARED.

Sept. 16, Schr. Mayflower, Gerroir, Halifax, oats. Lucy Warren, fishing voyage. Reward, M'Intosh, Pictou, ballast. Trusty, Webster, Shediac, do.

18th, Elizabeth, Scott, do. do. Bee, Oulton, Bay Verte, do. Mary Ann, Nicholson. Pictou, do. Lady Jane Grey, Paul, do. do.

19th, Odessa, Mutch, Sydney, ballast. Brigt. Scylla, Priaula, Plymouth, deals. Schr. Elizabeth, M'Lean, Pictou, ballast.

21st, Unicorn, Lutes, Sydney, ballast. Brigt. Active, Morrison, Falmouth, timber, by Keel & Roberts.

22d, Virgin, Martel, Halifax, oats. Eglantine, Elridge, Boston, whale oil, fish, skins, &c. by W. B. Dean, value £2287.

☞ Our shipping list, in future, will be from the Custom House Books, up to the hour of publication.

Passengers,

Via Shediac, 18th September, per *Westmorland*, J. F. Brennan, Esq., his sister Mrs. Myers, with their niece, Miss Bessie Macgowan, for Louisville, Ky.

Married,

On the 26th ult., by the Rev. A. Sutherland, Mr. William Macintosh, Mill River, to Miss Barbara M'Kay, Wigmore's Road.

On the 1st inst., by the same, Mr. Norman Gillis to Miss Catharine M'Lean, both of Scotch Settlement.

On the 10th inst., by the same, Mr. Richard Murray, Town Road, to Miss Ann M'Kay, of New London.

At the residence of Charles F. Allison, Esq., Sackville, New Brunswick, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. James R. Narraway, Mr. R. A. Strong, Merchant, of this City, to Sarah B. youngest daughter of Mr. John Trueman, of Point de Bute.

At St. James's Church, Port Hill, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. H. B. Swabey, Mr. Neil Ellis, to Hannah, second daughter of Mr. Edward Williams, both of New Bideford, Lot 12.

In Georgetown, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. T. Roach, B. A., Mr. Alexander Burke, of Bay Fortune, to Miss Mary Jane Kendall, of East Boston, Mass.

Died,

On the 8th ult., at the head of Brudenell River, Mr. Richard Blisset, aged 78 years, formerly of Kensington, Parish of Stoker, Worcester, England—for 36 years an inhabitant of this Island—much and deservedly respected.

At Summerside, on the 14th inst., George Giles, third son of Mr. Thomas Crabb, aged 7 years.

At Little York, on the 2d inst., after a painful illness of eight months, which he bore with resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. Henry Swan, aged 77 years.

On the 17th inst., at the residence of her son-in-law, W. W. Irving, Esq., Janet, the widow of the late Peter Forrest, Esq., of London, in her 75th year.

☞ The Rev. Mr. Davis will preach on Wednesday evening, at 7 p. m.; also, on the Lord's Day, morning and evening, at the usual hours, in the Baptist Chapel.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, have a cosmopolitan reputation. In every land, Christian or savage, to which commerce has carried them, they have become standard remedies for the most painful and dangerous complaints to which humanity is liable. The Ointment is an acknowledged specific for all eruptive tumours, and ulcerous disorders, and there is no disease of the stomach, and liver or the bowels, that may not be subdued by a persistent use of the Pills.

Oxygenated Bitters.

(Letter from Rev. W. C. Denison.)

Boston, June 6, 1854.

Gentlemen,—Having suffered considerably from Dyspepsia, in consequence of close confinement to my duties on ship-board, during a recent voyage to and from the Pacific coast, I was induced by the advice of a friend, to try a bottle of your Oxygenated Bitters.

I must frankly say, that the effect thus far has been highly favorable. Mrs. Denison has also been an invalid from a Chronic Pleurisy, arising from Dyspepsia, and has experienced great relief from the use of the Bitters. I feel a real pleasure in recommending them to the public.

C. W. DENISON.

SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 138 Washington Street, Boston. Proprietors. Sold by their agents everywhere.

Agent for P. E. Island, W. R. WATSON, and sold by dealers generally.

Charlottetown Markets, Sept. 19, 1857.

Beef, (small)	lb. 3d a 6d	Fowls,	7d a 1s 6d
Do. by quarter,	3d a 5d	Partridges each,	8d a 1s
Pork,	4½d a 6d	Turkeys each,	4s a 7s 6d
Do. (small),	7d a 9d	Eggs dozen	8d a 10d
Ham,	8d a 10d	Oats, bush.	2s a 2s 6d
Mutton,	3d a 6d	Barley,	5s a 5s 6d
Veal	2½d a 5d	Potatoes, bus.	1s 6d a 2s
Butter (fresh),	16d a 18d	Turnips,	15d a 18d
Do. by Tub,	1s 2d	Homespun yd.,	3s 6d a 5s
Tallow,	10d a 1s	Hay, ton,	70s a 80s
Lard,	11d a 1s	Straw, Cwt.,	1s a 1s 3d
Flour,	23d a 31d	Hides per lb.	5½d a 6d
Pearl Barley,	2½d a 2¾d	Calf Skins,	9d a 10d
Oatmeal,	2d a 2½d	Lamb,	3d a 6d

HEADACHE.

HUTCHINS' HEADACHE PILLS,

For

BILIOUS, NERVOUS, AND SICK HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

The only reliable and positive cure.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

For sale by Druggists generally.

M. S. BURR & CO., General Agents for New England and the British Provinces, No. 1, Cornhill, Boston.

Sold wholesale and retail, by W. R. WATSON, Druggist and Apothecary, and Agent for Perry's Celebrated Hungarian Balm, for the Hair. Sept. 23, 1857.

MISSIONARY APPOINTMENTS.

THE REV. MR. HALL, MISSIONARY of the Board of Baptist Domestic Missions, of Nova Scotia, will preach (D. V.)—

Sept. 24th, At Lot 49, Thursday and Friday evenings.
27th, Do. Lord's Day morning and afternoon.
Oct. 1st. Three Rivers, Thursday and Friday, at 7, p. m.
4th, Belfast, Lord's Day.
West River, Thursday, at 7, p. m.
11th, Do. Lord's Day, morning and afternoon.

Collections will be taken at the above-named places in behalf of the Board. The families in the respective settlements will be visited and Tracts distributed.

ORDERS FOR BOOKS.

GEORGE T. HASZARD WILL receive orders for Books to be immediately despatched by steamer to Halifax. First order will be sent on Wednesday, the 9th inst. The last orders will be despatched on the 20th of October. Customers will please bear in mind the above dates, to prevent disappointment. sept 2.

NEW BOOK.

HISTORY OF THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY, and part of the NINETEENTH, by F. C. SCHLOSSER, Professor of History in the University of Heidelberg, in 8 vols. Published at £4 15s. sterling, offered at half-price. aug. 26. G. T. HASZARD.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE upwards of 300 acres of Land on Lot 48, the greater part of which is freehold; and a freehold of 50 acres on Lot 49, fronting on Pownal Bay; and 16 acres in the settlement of Birch Hill, Lot 49, with the Buildings thereon.

Also, the subscriber's present residence, consisting of one acre of Land and the Dwelling House, Barns and Workshop thereon. Belonging to this property is an excellent Garden, well stocked with Fruit Trees.

The subscriber also offers for sale an excellent article of Mill-stones and Sifters complete, for manufacturing Oatmeal, and two or three Circular Saws and Benches ready for use.

If the above property is not disposed of in 7 or 8 months from this time, it will then be offered for sale by public auction, of which due notice will be given.

ELISHA WEATHERBE.

Aug. 19, 1857. 4mlic Isl

PIANO FORTES & MELODEONS.

FOR SALE, TWO OF CHICKERING & SON'S renowned PIANO FORTES. These Instruments have never been used, and the makers are pronounced by judges, to be the best.

ALSO—Two superior MELODEONS, made by Mason & Hamblin. The above Instruments can be seen by applying to

SAMUEL A. FOWLE.

Charlottetown, Feb. 25, 1857. tf

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!

ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY the Subscriber,—Rough boards, Scantling, Shingles and Birch Bark, Studding and Edging, Juniper Posts, Fence Rails and Longers; Pine Lumber, 1 and 2 and 3 inches thick.

Also,—A quantity of superior FIREWOOD.

BERTRAM MOORE,

August 5. North-east end of the Wesleyan Chapel.

Keep your Money on the Island!

DIXON'S CLOTH MILL.

THIS MILL BEING NOW IN first-rate order—several recent improvements having been made—the proprietor is enabled to turn out Cloth with despatch, and equal in finish to any Establishment in the Provinces. Cloth left with the Agents will be forwarded weekly by mail, and quickly returned.

JOHN DIXON.

AGENTS:

Charlottetown, George T. Haszard
Georgetown, Messrs. Owen & Moore
St. Andrew's, Patrick Griffin
St. Peter's, William Sterns.

ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S CATTLE SHOW, FOR 1857.

THE QUEEN'S COUNTY Cattle Show will be held in Charlottetown on *Wednesday* the 30th SEPTEMBER next.

PREMIUMS:

Best Entire Blood Colt, foaled in 1855,		£2 0 0
2d	do do	1 0 0
3d	do do	0 10 0
Best blood Filly,	do	1 10 0
2d	do do	1 0 0
3d	do do	0 10 0
Best Entire Colt, for agricultural purposes,	do.	2 0 0
2d	do do	1 0 0
3d	do do	0 10 0
Best Filly	do	1 10 0
2d	do do	1 0 0
3d	do do	0 10 0
CATTLE.		
Best Bull, dropped since 1st Jan. 1855		2 0 0
2d	do do	1 10 0
3d	do do	1 0 0
4th	do do	0 10 0
Best Bull of any age		1 10 0
2d	do do	1 0 0
3d	do do	0 10 0
Best Cow of any age, giving milk		1 10 0
2d	do do do	1 0 0
3d	do do do	0 10 0
Best Heifer, dropped since 1st Jan. 1855		1 10 0
2d	do do do	1 0 0
3d	do do do	0 10 0
SHEEP.		
Best pen of 3 Ewe Tegs (Leicester breed)		2 0 0
2d	do do do	1 0 0
3d	do do do	0 10 0
Best pen of 3 Ewes of any age,		1 10 0
2d	do do	1 0 0
3d	do do	0 10 0
Best pen of 3 Ewe Lambs of any age		1 0 0
2d	do do do	0 15 0
3d	do do do	0 10 0
Best Ram under 3 years, (Lambs excluded),		2 0 0
2d	do do do	1 0 0
3d	do do do	0 10 0
Best Ram Lamb		1 10 0
2d	do	1 0 0
3d	do	0 10 0
Best Ram of any age, (over 2 years).		1 0 0
PIGS.		
Best sow, having reared a litter this season,		1 10 0
2d	do do do	1 0 0
3d	do do do	0 10 0
Best Boar		1 10 0
2d	do	1 0 0
3d	do	0 10 0

Competition for prizes this season will be open to all parts of P. E. I., without distinction of Counties.

REGULATIONS.

No imported Stock, of any description, will be allowed to compete.—No person will be allowed to exhibit Stock in competition unless he be a Subscriber to the Society, or to one of its Branches.—All Animals must be *bona fide* the property of the exhibitor.—No prize will be awarded, unless there be, in the opinion of the Judges, sufficient competition.—No animal allowed to compete in more than one class.—All animals intended for competition, must be entered and on the ground before 12 o'clock, otherwise, *they will positively be excluded.*

Ordered, that the Society's Store, from this date, be open only between the hours of ten and three o'clock, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

S. WESTACOTT, Acting Secretary.

Committee Room, Aug. 26, 1857.

NEW BOOKS.

GEORGE T. HASZARD HAS just received from New York the following BOOKS:—

M'Cheyne's Works, Luther's Commentary on Gallatians,
Bridge's Christian Ministry,
" Exposition of Proverbs,
" on the cxix. Psalm,
Fleetwood's History of the Bible,
" Life of Christ,
The Scotts' Worthies,
Brown's sufferings and glories of the Messiah,
" on the 1st Epistle of Peter,
M'Cosh on Divine Government,
" typical form, and special ends in Creation,
Dick on the Acts, Dick's lectures on Theology,
Select Works of James, Venn, Wilson and Philips,
Foxes' acts and monuments of the Church,
Theological Sketch Book, Pulpit Cyclopædia,
Five hundred Skeletons, Burns' Cyclopædia Sermons,
Autobiography of the Rev Wm. Jay,
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When the various passages become clogged, and do not act in perfect harmony with the different functions of the body, the blood loses its action, becomes thick, corrupt and diseased; thus causing all pains, sickness and distress of every name; our strength is exhausted, our health we are deprived of, and if nature is not assisted in throwing off the stagnant humors, the blood will become chocked and cease to act, and thus our light of life will forever be blown out. How important then that we should keep the various passages of the body free and open. And how pleasant to us that we have it in our power to put a medicine in your reach, namely, Morse's Indian Root Pills, manufactured from plants and roots which grow around the mountainous cliffs in Nature's garden, for the health and recovery of diseased men. One of the roots from which these Pills are made is a Sudorific, which opens the pores of the skin, and assists nature in throwing out the finer parts of the corruption within. The second is a plant which is an Expectorant, that opens and unclogs the passage to the lungs, and thus, in a soothing manner, performs its duty by throwing off phlegm, and other humors from the lungs by copious spitting. The third is a Diuretic, which gives ease and double strength to the kidneys; thus encouraged, they draw large amounts of impurity from the blood, which is then thrown out bountifully by the urinary or water passage, and which could not have been discharged in any other way. The fourth is a Cathartic, and accompanies the other properties of the Pills while engaged in purifying the blood; the coarser particles of impurity which cannot pass by the other outlets, are thus taken up and conveyed off in great quantities by the bowels.

From the above, it is shown that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills not only enter the stomach, but become united with the blood, for they find way to every part, and completely rout out and cleanse the system from all impurity, and the life of the body, which is the blood, becomes perfectly healthy; consequently all sickness and pain is driven from the system, for they cannot remain when the body becomes so pure and clear.

The reason why people are so distressed when sick, and why so many die, is because they do not get a medicine which will pass to the afflicted part, and which will open the natural passages for the disease to be cast out; hence, a large quantity of food and other matter is lodged, and stomach and entestines are literally overflowing with the corrupted mass; thus undergoing disagreeable fermentation, constantly mixing with the blood, which throws the corrupted matter through every vein and artery, until life is taken from the body by disease. Dr. Morse's PILLS have added to themselves victory upon victory, by restoring millions of the sick to blooming health and happiness. Yes, thousands who have been racked or tormented with sickness, pain and anguish, and whose feeble frames have been scorched by the burning elements of raging fever, and who have been brought, as it were, within a step of the silent grave, now stand ready to testify that they would have been numbered with the dead, had it not been for this great and wonderful medicine, Morse's Indian Root Pills. After one or two doses had been taken, they were astonished, and absolutely surprised, in witnessing their charming effects. Not only do they give immediate ease and strength, and take away all sickness, pain and anguish, but they at once go to work at the foundation of the disease, which is the blood. Therefore, it will be shown, especially by those who use these Pills, that they will so cleanse and purify, that disease—that deadly enemy—will take its flight, and the flush of youth and beauty will again return, and the prospect of a long and happy life will cherish and brighten your days.

For Sale at the Apothecaries' Hall, and at all the Drug Stores of W. R. Watson and M. W. Skinner, and sold at all the Stores throughout the Island. Persons wishing supplies of the above Medicines, can be furnished at Proprietor's prices at the Drug Store of

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