HASZARD'S GAZETTE, MAY 5.

wonderful tales told of Alim; how he faced slone the ten or twelve occupants of a dilligence; how he made them all tumble out, one after the other, and give up their all; and how, instead of taking all himself, he took from those why had plenty, and gave to those who had none, reserving to himself a per-centage, as it were, on the transac-tion. He was not knows to have wounded or killed any one; but every one full afraid to leave the shelter of his own roof, while he was abroad. He always rode on horseback; and on one occa-sion, his horse was killed by a shot from a travel-ler, he was going to rob, and he himself wounded. After this, his health began to give way, and he could no longer pursue his avocation; so he wandered about from sheepfold to sheepfold, till at last a shepherd, with whom he had taken refuge, betrayed him to the authorities. He was taken into coustedy, punished with the *knowt*, and ent to Siberia."

eent to Siberia." THE QUEEN'S MOTHER.—The Duchess of Kent' Queen Victoria's mother, being left a widow when her daughter was eight months old, devoted hersölf to the great purpose of training her to be worthy of the crown. She nursed her infant at her own bosum—always attending to its bathing and dressing ; and as soon as the little girl could sit alone, she was placed at a small table beside her mother at her meals ; yet never indulged in any, except the prescribed simple kinds of. food ; thus early being taught obedience, temperance and self-control. Her father having died in debt, her mother encouraged her to lay the money which might have been expended in the purchase of toys, as a fund to pay the demands against him, thus calivating the virtues of justice, fortitide, fi-delity, prudence, and filial devotion. Thus, through the whole period of her education, the counsels and example of her faithful mother, who was her e of her faithful mother, who was her and example of her faithful mother, who was her sole guardian, were constantly directed towards fitting her daughter to become what ahe is, the best sovereign, morally speaking, that ever sat on the throne of England—perhaps the best in the world world

GLEANINGS FROM LATE PAPERS.

COMMODORE M'CAULEY'S ORDERS-WILL

of.

COMMODORE M'CAULEY'S ORDERS-WILL THERE BE WAR. They who imagine that Commodore M'Cauley has been sent to Cuba upon another Greytown expedition are very much mistaken. One of our Wall Street contemporaries, with the air of an outsider speaking by authority, says :--The orders that have been given to Capt. M'Cauley are of the most explicit and prudent character. He is not authorized to make any demanda upon the Cuban covernment, nor to

character. He is not authorized to make any demands upon the Cuban government, nor to ask for any explanations with reference to the past; and even if he shall hear (not having himself witnessed the fact) that a vessel of the United States has been fired into, his instruc-tions do not allow him to resent the affront, nor to take any notice of it whatsoever. It is his duty, however to use indefatigable vigilance in protecting American commerce, and, if possible, to prevent outrage from occurring under his own immediate observation. A higher bounty, than has ever been paid in our Navy, is offered to seamen, in order that Cap-tain M'Cauley's squadron may be reinforced as rapidly as possible; but only in the case, that a vessel under his command shall witness an attack upon one of our merchantmen, is he at liberty to resent it. If so wanton and gratuattack upon one of our merchantmen, is he at liberty to resent it. If so wanton and gratu-itous an insult to this country should be offered, as firing upon an unarmod vessel of the United States, in presence of one of our men-of-war, Capt. M'Cauley is instructed to chas-tise, and, if possible, to sink the aggressor, no matter what disparity of force may exist against him, what armed witnesses favorable to Spain may be present, or what the risk to himself may be.

bimself may be. This confirms our views of these notable instructions. It is likely, that any Spanish vessel of war will fire into an American mer-chantman with an American war-steamer in chantman with an American war-steamer in sight? Very "prudent" instructions indeed. Under them, Mr. Pierce himself might have gone out in the San Jacinto without fear of any cause for fainting. Old Hickory would have ordered the Commodore to bring home the first Spanish cruiser that might fall in his way, so as to transfer all explanations from Cuba to Washington, and bring the whole im-brogie to a focus. But Mr. Pierce's instruc-tions are of the "most prudent character." tions are of the "most prudent character." What a public blessing are these old grannies in time of war? What a virtue is bravery at Greytown and prudence at Havana! Don't be

HASZARD'S GAZETTE, MAY 5.Inving inside minal staturance leading to the
battlements. Besides there, there are four
other towers on the four principal corners?
in apires. On the vesters and will be plane in an and. She immediately vest down
in apires. On the vesters and will be plane of the island, her husband being over on
min apires. On the vesters and will be plane of the island, her husband being over of
her down hat regards the interior arrangement, there
will be a baptismal font of fort long by 25 hier
feet long by eight feet wide, will be nother of the same size,
besides numerous other rooms for vertous
purpose. Around the outside of the build.
More the outside of the build is a promenade from 11 to 22 feet wide.If the same size
the short must here outside the vertice of the reging essmen clinging to the
riging of the vertice. Just at nightfall the
other will be another of the same size,
the short of the Court House since Saturds.
The LIQUON minit for the data where the sate who was on the
reging and run their chance. He leaped
voide the first floor, a large hall, 120
the short of the court House since Saturds.
The LIQUON minit for the state, who was on the
riging of the wreek. Just at nightfall the
voide the flow of the court House since Saturds.
The total number of arrests made are for
the short of the court House since Saturds.
The solut was to the state, sho we so other riging and run their chance. He leaped
voide the wreak of the state, who was on the
reging and run their chance. He leaped
voide the wreak of the state who was on the
was in the state who was on the
was and the was been downed, the rest could
was the the state who was on the
riging of the wreak of the state who was on the
was the the state who was on the<b

A special initially is a still sta-citizens, with the State arms, has been organ-ized. Nine o'clock, P. M. The city is quiet. The military is still sta-tioned in front of the court house, and con-siderable excitement exists yet. Very, little is required to draw out an immense erowd. Eight or ten fires have occurred in different parts of the city since Saturday. The license suits are progressing, and a multitude of belli-gerent rumors are afloat, but they will probably amount to nothing. Didensing Railroad Casualties, one man killed

Distressing Railroad Casualties, one man killed and two others wounded. Rochester, April 23, 1855. As the locomotivo was backing down the track in Canandaigua village this afternoon it ran over and instantly killed J. L. Hall, Eaq., a lawyer—evering his head from his body, Judge Phelps and another person, stand-ing on the track, were also seriously injured, of. and exhibited the requisite number of tim

A PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE FROM DEATH. BOUNTY FOR SAILORS .- The secretary of the

A PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE FROM DEATH. Baltimore, April 23, 1855. The eleven o'clock train from this city met with a serious accident to-day. While cross-ing Gunpowder Creek, a part of the bridge gave way, and the engine, baggage and express cars ran into the river. The passengers cars would have followed suit, but the coupling breaking saved them. The engineer was badly injured. and the fireman slightly. Some twenty yards of the track was torn away. Much fright were injured. The trains coming this way were detained in consequence of the accident. SEMINARIES.—A most liberal offer has been

is said

A GIANTESS.—The Portland Argus gives the following account of a giantess named Silvia Harday: She is a native of Wilton, Maine—is seven feet six inches in height—is rather lean than fleshy, yet weighs three hundred and thirty pounds. is nearly thirty years of age, and is still growing. She has heretofore maintain-e dherself chiefly by service in the capacity of a nurse, having the reputation of being a most excellent one. Her complexion is fair, her eyes blue, and the very modest expression of her countenages said to be a true index to her charactes. She herer, as nurse, takes an infant in hervarms, but always holds it in her fingers, its feet extend toward the wrist, and with the thumb and little finger elevated, she forms an ample and admirable cradle—the length of her hand being quite equal to, the vhole length of an infant. She is unable to pass ordinary doors without stooping a good her day have or set on any circles, it has been the sole topic of conversation.—Popular feeling here is the discustion. —Popular feeling here is the state and other little attends upon the casing over the door, instead of upon any lower object, as a table or desk. An amusing incident is told of her, which runs in this wise, and which is said to be existly true. While she was passing through the

NEWS BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL A letter in the Panama Herald, dated Lima

A letter in the Panama Herald, dated Lima, March 11, says.— A vessel said to be Russian, but under Ar-gentine colors, was seized by the Russian Admiral i t is also reported that a number of Russian sailors have volunteered to sorre on board the British ships of war bound for Pp-tropoloski.

A resolution has been adopted in the Massa-chusetts Senkte, with but one dissectiont, that no foreign-born eitisen shall be eligible to office under the state government. The force of such a resolve depends upon the terms of the state constitution.

constitution. The French frigate La Forte, sixty guns, arrived at Callao on the 6th of March, having on board the body of Admiral Des Pointe, the commander of the French squadron in the Pa-cific, who died on board about 30 hours before the vessel reached port. The funeral took place on the 10th of March, with great cers-mony.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, April 9. Coal from the British Provinces can now be bought for six dollars per ton. Last fall, free dollars and fifty cents per chaldron was freely paid for freight on the article to Boston. We continue to have the best accounts of the

We continue to have the best accounts of the coming wheat crop. From lows, Illineis, Wis-consin, Indiana and Michigan, all reports are cheering—the wheat fields never looked better.

It was seventeen years, on Monday, since the first Atlantic steamer arrived at New York. The Sirius, Capt. Roberts, who was subsequently lost in the President, arrived early in the morning, and a few hours afterwards the Great Western.

MONTREAL, April 24.-Nearly the whole of the town of Vienca, between Hamilton and Beanford Canada West, has been laid in ruins by an extensive fire.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN New BRUNSWICK.—On Saturday, at 1, p. m., the sawmill belonging to James Smith, Eeq., at Courtenay Bay, caught fire. The wind blowing at the time from N. W., the fire was soon communicated to the new ship in the yard, 1900 tons, nearly ready for launching. The large dwelling house and other buildings together with a large quantity of ship timber, were all totally destroyed. Mr; Smith's loss is estimated at £14.000—the only insurance on any wart of the promises being Smith's loss is estimated at £14.000—the only insurance on any part of the premises being £500 on the saw mill. The fire originated from the furnace door being left open when the men-went to dinner. The new ship belonging to Messra. Wright was in eminent danger, and was only saved by the exertions of the Bremen. About 5, p. m., another fire occurred in Alma street, destroying one house and injuring others. There were altogether five alarms of fire on Saturday, mostly supposed the work of incendiaries.—Westmorland Times.

incendiaries.— Westmorana zoner. Holloway's Ointment and Pills, the most cele-brated Remedies for the Cure of Sore Arma.— Samuel Wentworth, of Cape Breten, was for five years afficted with sore arms; there were four diff-rent ulcers on them, and the trying nature of his business, (a bootmaker) made him so mach worse, that despite of his wishes he was compelled to relia-quish it; he tried various remedies and they failed to benefit him; however about thirteen weaks ugo, at the recommendation of friends, he had recurse to Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which very soon made him better, and in eight weeks, his arms were quite well and with scarcely the scars perceptible.

and the freeman of the frack was born as an of the scale of the scale amount to passengers, but more a denianced in consequence of the scale of the track of the members of the Order as well as of all Te ance Societies, come to a resolution to at at Elections only men who are in favor of principles, they but act consistently. The corn-law-league was got up for a part purpose, and was persevered in, until it b at the last triumphant over all opposition supporters of the Maine Liquor Law are mined to agitate, until it becomes the lay land, and who shall say, that they are is ing constitutionally ? Were Mr. Coles than a brewer and distiller, he woul coussive, that the opposition of the St intemparanea involved a personal appendix is, they must necessarily gooupy antage the is i of the

vanited in events imagine is would persons in the v United Kingdom If there be one pa-sively beneficial t may the world at particular portion is now engaged, o it a subject of all quietly and une fibourais of teum ever, for by all se country, the re-courate investigs Guinare will be more highly pri-Bayfield's ohart half a country h That the exertion looked upon with are of limited en-it is with the vu-dir Coles's ohe weight. We he harbour of Char-tion of the sur-command of Cap fortunate socurry The gentlemen large smout of large amount of vicinity, in the way, that their performed. Bu ing those whose to possess, and risk losing by a praise, however

To Q

To G Sir; I perceive the made use of the the Sons of The tell us, what the "his speech i answer for it gular way;" version of the s the author.

the author.] public of Prim mot to perceive most unsatisfi to. No! No! the most to be course at the s meither of you is not obliged heads of the are taken, s memory, and submit your your paper, 4 livered, to th Howe is. Et paid by them a right to co should know to have said, said better have no dot before Mr. O regular way, regulation of

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English Ma we hope to

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D. Hatt

OPENING OF THE TRADE WITH JAPAN .- AD OPENING OF THE TRADE WITH JAPAN.—An enterprising firm of this city have put up the brig Samuel Churchman, with dispatch for Japan. According to the treaty negotiated with that country by Commodore Perry, the ports of Samoda and Hakopadi were to be open-ed to American commerce at the expiration of one year from the date of the treaty, which would fix the time about the end of this month. These neutra will would fix the time about the end of this month. These ports will, therefore, be freely opened to the Samuel Churchman by the time she can reach the islands, and we doubt not a highly profitable commerce may at once be established with the millions of inhabitants who compose the Japanese nation. They are represented to be a refined people—far in advance of the Chinese in civilization—luxurious in their tastes and mode of life, conversions in their tastes and mode of life and represented in their tastes which would find a very ready sale among them, and we doubt not the enterprise of Mears. Green, Heath & Allon will be rishly repaid by this, the pioneer advanture to the Islands. ioneer adventure to

cames Monuos Tauras which the ilding at the city of Salt Lake is somising to be & wonderful ag an area of 21,850 square 1 on which it is located is forty rea