Poetry.

KING AUTUMN.

BY M. G. WATKINS.

Come not with sudden rage,
With dying leaves from straining woodlands hurled,
Nor windy conflicts rage,
Rather with clouds in fleecy phalanx curled,
Come deeply-musing, sage,
To reign, rich Autumn, o'er a peaceful world.

Come like the friend we love,
Like sleep, like evening from the unknown west
Our eyes are raised above,
Far off we see thy skirts in splendor drest;
Watch where thy footsteps rove,
What forest depths or glades will please thee best.

Lo! deep in yonder wood,
A throne of gold, th' umbrageous linden shines;
And, drenched in summer's blood,
The chesnut blazes next the dark tall pines,
This first thy onset stood;
So won its crimson stains, its gorgeous lines.

Adown this vale thy breath
Flushes my cheek, I hear thy soft faint sigh:
Is it for Summer's death
Thy sorrow, dove-like, thus would make its cry?
Or that thy purple heath
Ere long itself 'neath winter's snow must lie.

The wheat fields shake their spears
Where uplands redden in the sunset glow:
The valley far below
Red as a mighty battle field appears,
Where thick the poppies blow:
Glitter o'er yellow furze some joyful tears.

What stream of amber light
Pierces my dreams and leads the reapers home?
'Tis harvest moon to-night!
The starry horse rides high in Heaven's blue dome,
Earth kindles at the sight,
Now know I, Autumn and its joys are come.

King of a peaceful land,
We linger charm'd where thy corn-crops wave,
Or by the brooklet stand
And hail the scatt'ring o'er the year's ripe grave
Fruits with a lavish hand,
The last red rose thy loving care could save.

Past hours return once more,
Old voices haunt us by the forest's side,
And from the Eternal Shore
Dear forms and faces to remembrance glide;
We love those days of yore:
Best dost thou to their buried treasures guide.

Ask then, 'neath Autumn's spell,
What fruits our lives bear as the years grow old?
Else harvest rings our knell,
Base metal we when all around is gold;
Yon dead leaf, as it fell,
Warns us how soon our working days are told!

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TRUE WITNESS.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P, E. I., Sept. 10, 1867.

MR. EDITOR:—It is a common practice with newspaper writers, at this season of the year, to apologise for the dulness of their remarks by very considerately reminding their readers of the excessive heat of the weather, and the consequent depression of man's physical and intellectual faculties. For my part, I feel that, as a devotee to the Truth, I am not in a position to plead any such excuse, for, thanks to the continually bracing nature of our Island air, there is never absolutely a single day so very hot as to forbid mental exertion. The only thing which surprises me in connection with the climate of this Island, is that so little advantage is taken of it by those who, breathing for ten months the pestilential atmosphere of a closely-packed city—an atmosphere which is fed with the multifarious smells of tanneries, soap factories, and steam engines—rush into the country with the strong determination of inhaling a few months of pure air, and find themselves, by a strangely inconsistent act of their own will, safely escorted for the remaining two months in a country town which is scarcely less of a city than Montreal itself. It is surely a matter for surprise that persons who act thus—and there are hundreds of such in the principal cities of Canada—never reflect that they might be as well in their counting houses, or at their professional desks as to pass their holidays in places like Richard or St. Ann's *Bout de l'Isle*. The writer of these lines has had occasion more than once the 'order of the day' pursued at these and many other favorite resorts of pleasure-seekers, and he assures the uninitiated that to dignify that with the name of healthy recreation, is one of the most arrant pieces of Tom foolery to be met with on this side of the Juggernaut of India. Far be it from me to wish to depreciate the great watering places of Canada, or to insinuate that they are not among the best in America. What I say, I say not to those who frequent Caccuna, Rivière du Loup, or Ha! Ha! Bay, but to that large class of pleasure-seekers and health seekers who think that they are doing something really beneficial to themselves, if they take up their abode a few weeks in some bustling little town, and bring with them all the state formality of city life—their three or four servants, their champagne, their six o'clock dinners, their inevitable evening parties, and their little bill of four dollars a day and twenty a night. If any person can see in this course of life an avenue to health and comfort he deserves to be eternally remembered. He will belong indeed to a very numerous class, but his powers of discernment must certainly be more than ordinary. I am well aware that there is a large number of persons who look upon this species of pleasure as little more than down-right humbug, but who in the absence of a better and cheaper mode of healthy recreation, content themselves with doing as others do. For the benefit of such persons, as well as of those whom the present state of things prevent from enjoying a single week in the country at all, I would state that there are scarcely any better water-places to be found in British America than in this Prince Edward Island of ours. The invigorating salt water which surrounds the Island is accessible at all points, whilst we are never visited with these dull, heavy days, with the thermometer in the neighborhood of 95°, which, as often as they come, completely prostrate every Montrealer. In addition to this, the "gude folk" of P. E. I. are exceedingly modest in their charges, and hotel-keepers are fully as attentive here as anywhere else, considering what they ask for their attention. 'For other particulars,' inquire of Lovell's Geography and your family physician.

Whilst you of the New Dominion are passing through one of the most furious Election contests on the record of British American annals, the inhabitants of this little Island 'left out in the cold', as some Confederates very charitably put it, are pursuing in peace and contentment their happy avocations of sturdy, independent farmers. The harvest which has just been secured, is, on the whole, a very abundant one—the oat crop, which is always good here, has turned out remarkably well, whilst the wheat, which is generally considered here a very precarious crop, has yielded beyond expectation. The other cereals too, are abundant as usual, and, on the whole, the tillers of the earth amongst us (and they are by far our most numerous class) have every reason to thank a bountiful Providence for the success which has crowned their honest labors.

I have lately visited several settlements in this flourishing little Colony, and I have been highly pleased to observe that not the least attractive feature in many of them is a large Church, which would be a credit to the wealthiest country parish in Canada. On my enquiring to what denomination the largest and handsomest Churches belonged, I was invariably told that they were Catholic Churches and that they owed their existence mainly to the untiring zeal of the present energetic Bishop of Charlottetown, Rt. Rev. Dr. McIntyre. I think that I spoke to you before of our Chatholic educational establishments—our St. Dunstan's College, and our Convents, as well as, if I remember rightly, of the fostering care and encouragement given to these institutions by the same devoted Prelate. To what I may have already said on this subject, I have great pleasure in adding the testimony of a distinguished and impartial witness. His Honor Mr. Justice Peters, a member of the Church of England, lately said in a public speech that, of all the promoters of education in these Lower Provinces, His Lordship the Bishop of Charlottetown is the most energetic and successful. Such a testimony coming from such a witness, speaks volumes for the untiring zeal of this Rt. Rev. Prelate, and relieves me from the difficult task of endeavoring to detail at any length his many great efforts in the cause of education.

PISCATOR.

BULWER, CARLYLE AND DICKENS.

In a late German work, "Werter and Weirter," appears the following interesting gossip on several literary celebrities of England.

Bulwer lives in his beautiful villa in Fulham, a quiet, lonely village above London. A tranquility disturbed by nothing, reigns in the house. Notwithstanding the warm spring day, Bulwer sits near the fire-place, where a bright coal fire is burning. Outside, the branches of a cherry tree, covered with an exuberance of blossoms, hang down on the window, and the low, chirping notes of the birds penetrate into the room.

The celebrated author—a tall, slender form, wrapped in a sky-blue, soft-lined, silken morning gown, which is fastened with a strong cord around his waist—sits at his large empty table, and has before him only a blank book, in which he writes his new novels. His large, light blue eyes cast longing glances out of the window; his auburn hair flows in ringlets down on his high narrow forehead; the large, slender nose hangs over his small mouth, and his red whiskers fall from his long and narrow chin on his breast. He has a sickly appearance, and is abstracted. His family affairs are at the bottom of his melancholy, which no one can fail to perceive. His little daughter died; his son, the heir to his baronetcy, is estranged from him; and his wife, lady Bulwer, has long since been separated from him, and lives in the city.

Let us enter her room. She sits at her writing table, for she is likewise at work upon a novel. Her corpulent form, her round face, her radiant, deep blue eyes, her raven hair, everything forms a striking contrast with the appearance of her husband. She contemplates the portrait of her son; she charges her husband with being another Lovelace, and refusing to pay her debts. Her large eyes look at us languidly; her full cheeks contain a number of dimples, such as Rubens liked to paint; her lips are still as swelling, fresh, and red as Titan's daughters, and yet she is much over forty. On thinking of this our suspicions are aroused; the crimson on her cheeks is too fragrant; her manners are decidedly too kind and polite, and cannot be sincere—we escape from her, bearing in mind the bleeding heart of her husband, and the mournful tone of his novels.

But let us pass on. We reach another quiet village, Chelsea. On the lawn, in one of the small gardens sits Scotland's author, Thomas Carlyle. He has a book on his knee, and gazes thoughtfully into vacancy. His is a dry guant form; he wears a morning gown and cap, and draws heavy clouds of smoke from his short clay pipe: he is the Diogenes of Chelsea. If you converse with him, he is at first dry and laconic. He conducts you then to the pretty sitting room of his wife.

Mrs. Carlyle is a lively, pleasant creature, and a world of thought beams from her dark eyes. She has learned a great deal; her father gave her a most profound education, and she is possessed of a keen yet mild judgment, of which her husband himself is afraid. But there she sits now, sewing with her handsome fingers a new cravet for her Diogenes. She wears an elegant morning costume.

In these surroundings we begin to feel at ease. The portraits of Goethe, young and old, and Jean Paul are looking down upon us. Carlyle becomes talkative and witty, and displays his own famous eloquence. But he is decidedly one-sided. You like to listen to him, but you must beware of interrupting him, and, above all, of contradicting him. He resembles a clear sounding bell; you touch it and it resounds, but only to itself. Nevertheless we Germans are always well at ease in Carlyle's presence, for if there is an Englishman who esteems or reveres our poets it is Carlyle.

Let us go now to Charles Dickens. There are several aristocratic carriages and plain hacks in front of his elegant residence, where a numerous party is assembled. The celebrated romancist has recently returned from an extended trip to Switzerland and Genoa, and gives a soiree, such as are the order of the day, at his hospitable house. He is blond, his eyes are light-blue, his face flushed with wine, neither meagre nor round, but brimful of good humor and kind heartedness. He is conversing with two ladies, who cannot refrain from bursting into loud laughter. You can tell at once, by looking at his face, which is by no means expressive in itself, when Dickens describes, recites, or satarizes. Dickens is precisely as he writes—lively, sanguine, a *bon vivant*, now in a political mood, now observing all seemingly superficially, and yet what a deep heart is concealed under this less surface!

It is said that the currents of the world are injurious to genius. Dickens' example proves the contrary; for his creations spring from the observations of life; he would be nothing without seeing, observing, and living with what he beholds.

In former times his wife, a stately lady, was to be seen on such occasions. Her black eyes, her full form, her measured conduct were in striking contrast with those of her husband, and we regret to say that the quarrel which disturbed their relations and their happiness after a blissful wedded life of many years has not yet been settled. They are not yet reconciled. The husband drowns his cares in his literary activity and in the noisy bustle of the world.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review, (Whig.)
The Westminster Review. (Radical.)
The North British Review, (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

THESE foreign periodicals are regularly republished by us in the same style as heretofore. Those who know them and who have long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those whom the civil war of the last few years has deprived of their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again within their reach; and those who may never yet have met with them, will assuredly be well pleased to receive accredited reports of the progress of European science and literature.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1866, inclusive; the "Edinburgh" and the "Westminster" from April, 1864, to December, 1866, inclusive, and the "London Quarterly" for the years 1865 and 1866, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood fo 1866, for $2.50.

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38 *Walker Street, New York.*

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FARMERS' GUIDE,

By HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 page and numerous Engravings.

PRICE $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

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P. E. ISLAND
STEAM NAVIGATION COS.
STEAMERS
"PRINCESS OF WALES"
AND
HEATHER BELLE

The Steamer
"Princess of Wales"

WILL Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every TUESDAY and THURSDAY mornings at 6 a. m., in time for the morning Train for Halifax.

Leaves Pictou for Charlottetown every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evenings, after arrival of Train from Halifax.

Leaves Pictou for Port Hood and Plaster Cove, Gut of Canso, every THURSDAY morning at noon, immediately after arrival of train from Halifax, returning to Pictou the following morning.

Leaves Charlottetown every TUESDAY and FRIDAY night for Summerside and Shediac, at 7 p. m. Will connect with Wednesday and Saturday morning's Train.

Leaves Shediac for Summerside and Charlottetown, town, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY afternoons, immediately after arrival of Train from St. John.

THE STEAMER
"HEATHER BELLE"

Leaves Charlottetown at 3 a. m. every SATURDAY morning for Pictou.

Leaves Pictou at 9 a.m., same day, for Murray Harbor, Georgetown and Souris, remaining at either Souris or Georgetown over Sunday.

Leaves Pictou every MONDAY for Charlottetown, after arrival of Train from Halifax.

F. W. HALES,
June 12, 1867. Secretary

STELLA COLAS

Rimmel's Stella Colas Bouquet dedicated by permission to this talented Artist.

Alexandra,	Guards,	Fragobane,
Princess of Wales,	Rimmel's,	Lilly of the Valley
Jockey Club,	Wood Violet,	Millefleur,
Essence Bouquet,	Patchouly,	Violet.
West End	New Mown Hay,	Loves Myrtle.

The Bard of Avon's Perfume, in a neat Box; Sydenham Eau de Cologne, Treble Lavender Water, Extract of Lavender Flowers, Verbena Water, Tercentenary Sachet, Perfumed Tercentenary Souvenir, Shakespear Golden Scented Locken Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, for making the Hair soft and glossy; Rose Leaf Powder, an improvement oil Violet Powder; Bloom of Ninion, for the Complexion. Depilatory Powder for removing superfluous hairs without injury to the skin; Napoleon Pommade, for fixing the Mustaches, and instantaneous Hair Dye, for giving the Hair and Whiskers a natural and permanent shade without trouble and danger.

Rimmel's Rose Water Crackers, a new and amusing device for evening parties.

W. R. WATSON.
Drug Store, Dec. 22, 1864.

NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL,

KENT-STREET, - - - CHARLOTTETOWN

THIS HOTEL, formerly known as the "GLOBE HOTEL," is the largest in the City and centrally situated; it is now opened for the reception of permanent and transient Boarders. The subscriber trests, by strict attention to the wants and comfort of his friends and the public generally, to merit a share of public patronage.

☞ The Best of Liquors always on hand. Good stabling for any number of horses, with a careful hostler in attendance.

JOHN MURPHY, Proprietor.
Charlottetown, P.E. I.
Nov. 28, 1866.

A FINE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS
—AND—
ENTERPRISING MEN!

THE unersigned has been instructed by the Owners to offer for SALE or to RENT several valuable FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES and FARMS in BELFAST and other parts of the Island in good cultivatio well wooded and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid t tles and immediate possession can be given.

Also four LTS being the residue of thirteen Building Lots (the other nine having been sold the present Proprietor) in that most advantageous mercantile situation known as SUMMER HILL" adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE and miles from Georgetown where close to 150000 bushels of Produce are annually shipped and hundreds of barrels of Americans and other speculators purchase here and ship for Great Britain the United States &c.

A number of Stores, Wharfs, a Meeting House Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established in the time; with many Grist and Saw and Cloth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of Lumber may be had n trade at low rates. SUMMER HILL is "the only *Freehold Property* for sale in the place which renders it eligible for the above class of artizans now so much wanted in this rising town.

A STORE and DWELLING on it capable of holding 15000 bushels pro duce with a double Wharf and site for a Lime Kiln, will be sold or leased on reasonable terms.

Plans, particulars or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messrs. BALL & SON, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from W. SANDERSON, F. P. NORTON, THOS. ANNEAR Georgetown; JAS. BRODERICK, Campbelton, Lot 4; F. W. HUGHES, *Examiner* Office, Charlottetown, and to the subscriber at Orwell, who is also Agent for the sale of **Manny's Mowing Machine**, the celebrated Yarmouth COOKING STOVE, and also for the Fulling Mills of Messrs. BOURKE, Mill View, the Hon. Jas. McLAREN, New Perth, FINLAY W. McDONALD, Pinette; where CLOTH is received and returned with despatch.

RICHARD J. CLARKE.
Orwell Store, Aug. 10, 1864.

A. HERMANS,
GUN-SMITH,
BELL-HANGER AND TIN-SMITH.

BEGS to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has again commenced Busines on Dorchester Street, next door to the Reading Room Building, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line with neatness and despatch.

ON HAND,

A neat assortment of Tinware, Kitchen Utensils, &c. &c.

including the patent BON TON COFFEE POT, which received the Gold *Medal* Prize, at the Paris Exposition of 1867. Also, BON TON LANTERNS, which will surpass everything in the *Market*, and suitable for either Farm use or on board Vessels.

A few WATER COOLERS on hand, which together with a large variety of other Stock will be sold cheap for Cash.

Mr. HERMANS is Agent for SAWYER'S CRYSTAL BLUE, a new, economical and superior article used in washing, whereby a saving of fifty per cent is guaranteed, and for which he begs to solicit the patronage of Laundry Maids, &c.

Ch'town, July 24, 1867. i e

Prince Edward Island.

IN CHANCERY.

Re Mark Nathaniel Wright, George Dudley Wright, Margaret Theodocia Wright, Matilda Ann Wright, Martha Maria Wright, and Isabel Christiana Wright, their Guardian.

IN pursuance of a Decretal Order, made by His Honor the Master of Rolls in this cause, bearing date the 20th day of August last, there will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, at Dunk River, in Prince County, in this Island, on WEDNESDAY, the Sixth day of NOVEMBER next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, all that valuable FREEHOLD FARM, or Tract of Land, situate on Township No. 26, containing 125 acres, a little more or less, with the Messuage, Mills, Buildings, and appurtenances to the same belonging, of which GEORGE M. WRIGHT, the father of the above-named infants, lately died siezed and possessed.

The FARM and PREMISES above mentioned are situated on the Main Road, between Somerset (formerly South-West Settlement) and Freetown, Bedeque; having a frontage of 125 chains on said Road, and being 10 chains in breadth, a little more or less.

The LAND is of superior quality, about Sixty Acres of which are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation, the residue being covered with a fine growth of Hard and Soft Wood. The principal Dwelling House, a 1½ storey Building, is 36 by 28 feet, with kitchen in the rear, 25 by 18 feet, contiguous to which are Woodhouse, Carriage House, Stables, Workshop and Barn, the latter 45 by 30 feet. The Mills, comprising a very superior Grist Mill, (with 3 pair runners) Shingle, Saw, and Carding Mills, are propelled by a powerful stream; and their situation for business purposes is considered to be unequalled in the Island. The property will be offered in three lots or sections. One lot comprising the MILLS, with a COTTAGE, 20 by 18 feet, and a WORKSHOP, 18 by 15 feet for the use of a Miller, with 25 acres of LAND attached. The second lot will comprise of the FARM proper, consisting of about 75 acres, with the DWELLING HOUSE and other buildings above described; and the remaining 25 acres, being the Northern Section of the tract, and all cleared, will form the third Lot.

Should intending purchasers prefer it, the whole property will be sold in one lot.

TERMS.—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of Sale, and the residue of one-third of the purchase money, 23½ per cent, upon the Execution of the Deeds. The remaining two thirds to be secured by Mortgage on the premises, in manner more definitely to be expressed on the conditions of Sale.

Dated at Charlottetown, this 10th day of September, 1867.

J. LONGWORTH,
HODGSON, Solicitor. Master in Chancery.

JOHN BELL,
MANUFACTURER OF CLOTHING

IN all its branches, thankful to his Friends and Patrons for past favors, begs leave to inform them and the public generally, that he is still to be found at his

OLD STAND,
Queen Street,

and is prepared to make up all kinds of garments entrusted to him in the latest style and improvement of fashion.

Terms Cash.

☞ Entrance at side Door.
Queen Street, July 18, 1866.

UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE

THE "WAVERLY HOUSE,"
78 King St. - - - t John, N. B.

THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN PATRONIZED BY
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
H. R. H. PRINCE ALFRED,
By all the British American Governors, and by the English Nobility and Gentry, as well as by the most distinguished Americans, whom business or pleasure may have brought to St. John, who have joined in pronouncing it
THE FAVORITE HOUSE OF THE PROVINCE.

☞ The Proprietor, thankful for past favors, would respectfully intimate to the travelling Public that he will spare no pains or expense to render the House still further deserving their patronage.—Every attention paid to the comfort of guests.

JOHN GUTHRIE, Proprietor.
St. John, N. B., Oct. 31, 1866.

COPPER PAINT

THE SUBSCRIBER keeps constantly on hand a full supply of

Tarr & Wenson's Copper Paint

an article which has given the greatest satisfaction to all who have used it. It possesses superior qualities for effectually preventing the accummulation of all foul matter, such as Worms, Barnacles, Grass, &c., on the bottoms of Vessels or Boats, when properly applied.

I. C. HALL.
Charlottetown, May 29, 1867.

THE CHEAPEST AND SAFEST DOCTOR.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

THIS great household Medicine ranks among the leading necessaries of life. It is well known to the world that it cures many complaints other remedies cannot reach, this fact is so well established as that the sun lights the world.

Disorders of the Liver and Stomach.

Most persons will, at some period of their lives, suffer from indigestion, derangement of the liver, stomach or bowels, which if not quickly removed, frequently settle into a dangerous illness. It is well known in India, and other tropical climates, that Holloway's Pills are the only remedy that can be relied on in such cases. Almost every soldier abroad carries a box of them in his knapsack. In England most persons know that these Pills will cure them whenever the liver, stomach or bowels are out of order, and that they need no physician.

Weakness and Debility.

Such as suffer from weakness, or debility, and those who feel want of energy, should at once have recourse to these Pills, as they immediately purify the blood, and acting upon the main-spring of life, give strength and vigor to the system. To young persons entering into womanhood, with a derangement of the functions, and to mothers at the turn of life, these Pills will be most efficacious in correcting the tide of life that may be on the turn. Young and elderly men suffer in a similar manner at the same periods, when there is always danger; they should therefore undergo a course of his purifying medicine, which insures lasting health.

Disorders of Children.

If these Pills be used according to the printed direction and the Ointment rubbed over the region of the kidneys, at least once a day as salt is forced into meat, it will penetrate the kidneys and correct any derangement of their organs. Should the affliction be stone or gravel, then the Ointment should be rubbed into the neck of the bladder, and a few days will convince the sufferer that the effect of these two remedies is astonishing.

Disorders of the Stomach

Are the sources of the deadliest maladies. Their effect is to vitiate all the fluids of the body, and to send a poisoned stream through all the channels of circulation. Now what is the operation of the Pills? They cleanse the bowels, regulate the liver, bring the relaxed or irritated stomach into a natural condition, and acting through the secretive organs upon the blood itself, change the state of the system from sickness to health, by exercising a simultaneous and wholesome effect upon all its parts and functions

Complaints of Females.

The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and surest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages.

Bilious Affections.

All young children should have administered to them, from time to time, a few doses of these Pills, which will purify their blood, and enable them to pass safely through the different disorders incidental to children, such as measles, hooping-cough, cowpock, and other infantile diseases. These Pills are so harmless in their nature as not to injure the most delicate constitution, and are therefore more peculiarly adapted as corrective of the humors affecting them.

Dropsey.

Hundreds are cured yearly by the use of these Pills used jointly with the Ointment, which should be rubbed very bonutifully into the parts affected.

Derangement of the Kidneys.

The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secretes the fluid so necessary for digestion, the Pills operate specifically infallibly rectifying its irregularities and effectually curing jaundice, bilious remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of hat organ.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known for the following diseases:—

Ague	Debility	Jaundice	Secondary symptoms
Asthma	Dropsy	Liver Complaints	Tic-Douloureux
Biliousc'mplaints	Dysentery	Lumbago	Tumors
Blotches on the skin	Erysipelas	Piles	Ulcers
Bowel complaints	Females Irregularities	Rheumatism	Venereal Affections
Colics	Fevers of all kinds	Retention of Urine	Worms of all kinds
constipation of the bowels.	Fits	Scrofula or King's Evil	Weakness, from whatever cause &c., &c.
Consumption.	Gouts	Sore Throats	
	Head-ache	Stone and Gravel	
	Indigestion		
	Inflammation		

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, at the following prices: 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s. each Box.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size.

N B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder affixed to each Pot. dec. 5 1

West India House.
Upper Great George Street.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale at his Store, the following.

11 Hhds. Strong Demrara SPIRITS,
Hhds. Holland GIN,
Casks Port and Sherry Wine,
Casks Hennessey's Dark & Pale BRANDY,
Casks Scotch Whiskey (Prime)
Casks Irish WHISKEY,
50 Doz. Edinburgh ALE, 6 Cases CHAMPAGNE,
40 " Wood's x x x Porter,
Cases CLARET,
40 boxes RAISINS, 2 Bbls CURRANTS,
25½ do RAISINS, Bags RICE,
60 do FIGS, Bags PEPPER,
Chests superior TEA,
Bbls Crushed SUGAR, Casks Washing SODA,
Hhds and Bbls. P. R. MOLASSES, Hhds and Bbls P. R. SUGAR,
6 Bbls Kerosene OIL, 6 Bbls. Red ONIONS,
20 Doz. Am. BROOMS, 20 Doz. Am. BUCKETS

—ALSO—

A large stock of Spices, Pickles, Fruit, &c., &c., suitable for the season.

The above articles are of the very best description, and will be sold cheap for Cash.

LEMUEL McKAY.
Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

DONALD M'RAE,
Merchant Tailor,
And Dealer in
Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Queen Street,
Charlottetown, P.E. Island, Aug. 8, 1866