The Man who tries, and fails, succeeds.

The Acadian.

The man who succeeds without trying, fails.

HONEST, INDEPENDENT, FEARLESS.

VOL. XXXVI. WOLFVILLE, KINGS COUNTY, N. S., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1916. NO. 9

THE ACADIAN.

Published every FRIDAY morning by the Proprietors,

DAVISON BROS.,

WOLFVILLE, N. S.

Subscription price is $1.00 a year in advance. If sent to the United States, $1.50.

Newsy communications from all parts of the county, or articles upon the topics of the day, are cordially solicited.

ADVERTISING RATES.

$1.00 per square (2 inches) for first insertion, 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Contract rates for yearly advertisements furnished on application.

Reading notices ten cents per line first insertion, two and a half cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

RULES.

Copy for new advertisements will be received up to Thursday noon. Copy for changes in contract advertisements must be in the office by Wednesday noon.

Advertisements in which the number of insertions is not specified will be continued and charged for until otherwise ordered.

This paper is mailed regularly to subscribers until a definite order to discontinue is received and all arrears are paid in full.

Job Printing is executed at this office in the latest styles and at moderate prices.

All postmasters and news agents are authorized agents of the ACADIAN for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, but receipts for same are only given from the office of publication.

TOWN OF WOLFVILLE.

C. S. FITCH, Mayor.
W. M. BLACK, Town Clerk.

OFFICE HOURS:
9.00 to 12.30 a. m.
1.30 to 3.00 p. m.

Close on Saturday at 12 o'clock

POST OFFICE, WOLFVILLE.

OFFICE HOURS, 8.00 a. m. to 8.00 p. m. On Saturdays open until 8.30 P. M. Mails are made up as follows:

For Halifax and Windsor close at 6.05 a. m.
Express west close at 9.35 a. m.
Express east close at 4.00 p. m.
Kentville close at 5.45 p. m.
Reg letters 15 minutes earlier.

E. S. CRAWLEY, Post Master

CHURCHES.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. N. A. Harkness, Pastor. Sunday Services: Public Worship at 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p.m. Mid-week prayer-meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30. Women's Missionary Aid Society meets on Wednesday following the first Sunday in the month, at 3.30 p. m. The Social and Benevolent Society meets the third Thursday of each month at 3.30 p. m. The Mission Band meets on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at 3.45 p. m. All seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. G. W. Miller, Pastor. Public Worship every Sunday at 11 a.m., and at 7 p.m. Sunday School at 9.45 a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Services at Port Williams and Lower Horton as announced. W.F.M.S. meets on the second Tuesday of each month at 3.30. p. m. Senior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Monday at 7.00 p.m. Junior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Sunday at 3.00 p.m.

METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. F. J. Armitage, Pastor. Services on the Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 o'clock, a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.45. All the seats are free and strangers welcomed at all the services. At Greenwich, preaching at 3 p. m. on the Sabbath.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

ST. JOHN'S PARISH CHURCH, OF HORTON.—Services: Holy Communion every Sunday, 8 a. m.; first and third Sundays at 11 a. m. Matins every Sunday 11 a. m. Evensong 7.00 p. m. Wednesday Evensong, 7.30 p. m. Special services in Advent, Lent, etc., by notice in church. Sunday School, 10 a. m.; Superintendent and teacher of Bible Class, the Rector.

All seats free. Strangers heartily welcome.

REV. R. F. DIXON, Rector.

A. G. Cowie } Wardens.
T. L. Harvey }

ST. FRANCIS (Catholic)—Rev. Father Donahue, P. P.—Mass 9 a.m. the second Sunday of each month.

THE TABERNACLE.—During Summer months open air gospel services:—Sunday at 7 p.m., Tuesday at 7.30 p.m. Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Splendid class rooms, efficient teachers, men's bible class.

MASONIC.

ST. GEORGE'S LODGE, A. F. & A. M., meets at their Hall on the third Monday of each month at 7.30 o'clock.

H. A. PECK, Secretary.

ODDFELLOWS.

ORPHEUS LODGE, No. 92, meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in their hall in Harris' Block. Visiting brethren always welcomed.

H. M. WATSON, Secretary

TEMPERANCE.

WOLFVILLE DIVISION S. of T. meets every Monday evening in their Hall at 30 o'clock.

FORESTERS.

Court Blomidon, I. O. F., meets in Temperance Hall on the third Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m.

COAL!

Acadia Lump,
Albion Nut,
Springhill,
Inverness.

A. M. WHEATON

Safety First

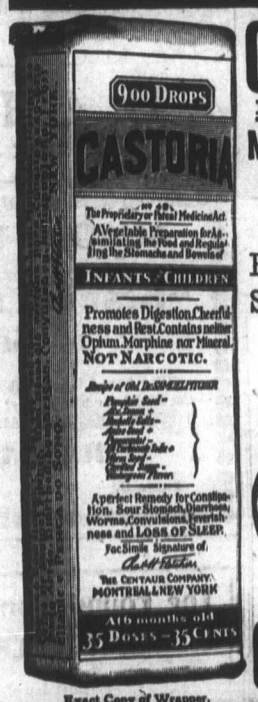
Nothing is more important to the Fur Shipper then doing business with an Honest—Reliable—Responsible—Safe Fur House.

"Ship to Shubert"

the largest house in the World dealing exclusively in American Raw Furs, where you will always receive an Accurate and Liberal Assortment, the Highest Market Price and the usual "Shubert" Efficient, Speedy, Courteous service.

Write for the latest edition of "The Shubert Shipper" containing valuable Market information you must have.

A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. Dept. C 87, 25-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. CHICAGO, U.S.A.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

For Sale

The fine farm of Mr. VanZoost, twenty eight acres of land, cut twenty tons hay, yields one hundred barrels apples, and a young orchard just commencing to bear. House is in fine condition. Pasture next to barn. Good hen-house. Horse and Cow and machinery goes with the farm

Owner has enlisted. $2000 may remain on mortgage if desired

MRS. VANZOOST

Even If War Is On You Must Have Clothes

And we are well prepared to serve you in this line.

Our work in

MEN'S CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

Is winning us a reputation. We use the best materials, employ the best workmanship and our styles are always right.

We guarantee every garment and shall be pleased to show goods and quote prices.

A. E. Regan, Wolfville

E. B. SHAW

Repairing of Boots and Shoes of all Kinds

Has resumed business at the old stand in his new building.

Orders Solicited and Carefully Executed

Yarmouth Line

Steamship Prince Arthur

Leaves Yarmouth Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 P. M. Return, leave Central Wharf, Boston, Tuesday and Friday, at 1 P. M.

Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf Office.

A. H. Williams, Agent, Yarmouth, N. S.

BOSTON & YARMOUTH STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.

NOTICE.

IN THE ESTATE OF SELINA R. CLEVELAND, DECEASED.

All claims against the above Estate are requested to be rendered, duly attested, within twelve months of the date of this notice. All accounts due must be paid at once to the undersigned.

B. W. CLEVELAND,
SOLE ADMINISTRATOR.

Sept. 29th, 1916.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

As to the Word 'Blighty.'

When the word 'blighty' is used by the boys at the front few stop to seek its origin. It is a newly coined word and one that has come into general use not only in the army but in civilian circles. The word 'blighty' for 'home' sounds somewhat of a mystery. There are many opinions as to how the British Tommy picked it up, but the most accepted theory is that the word is of Indian origin. Britain, or the land far distant from India, is 'Bilat' and 'Bilati' meaning British. When a soldier is leaving India for home he says he is off to Bilati land. And if Bilati is said quickly enough it becomes 'blighty.' The word, then, is Indian and the Tommies have picked it up from their Indian comrades in France and Flanders.

A brand new millionaire insisted upon his wife wearing all her diamonds to have her portrait painted and was delighted with the result, but delicately hinted that he would like a little more glitter upon the diamonds. 'Isn't it possible to use some sort of shiny paint?' he asked.—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

Thorough mixing is what makes cake delicate and tender

Lantic Sugar

makes the best cake because it creams quickly and thoroughly with the butter which is the hardest part of the mixing. Its purity and extra "fine" granulation make it dissolve at once.

2 and 5-lb. Cartons
10 and 20-lb. Bags

"The All-Purpose Sugar"

F. J. PORTER

Licensed Auctioneer for towns of Kentville and Wolfville, N. S.

Behind the Cloud the Sun is Still Shining; You Bet it is.

A bunch of Canadian soldiers were talking on an English railway carriage on their way home.

They were only on their way home, you may be sure, because they were no longer fit for service at the front. One had lost an arm, a few had been disabled by various wounds, and several suffered from rheumatism aggravated by the combination of weather and war.

Were they talking about their ailments, then? Not a bit of it. They left that sort of fashionable conversation to comfortable people who had never been under fire.

No, they were talking about songs and song tunes. You would think they were a lot of musical critics.

'Tipperary was a good one,' observed Pte. Blank, but what it has got to do with the war, blamed if I can see.'

'That was the beauty of it,' said Corp. Dash.

''Keep the Home Fires Burning' was alright anyway,' put in Pte. Blank.

'Too sentimental for my taste,' replied the Corporal.

'I don't mind a bit of sentiment,' said Pte. Blank, but I don't think much of the tune. The words do not seem to matter, if you can let 'em off with real good music.'

'You're too mighty particular, you number one musicians,' said the one-armed sergeant. 'Any old tune's good enough for me, if the words have some sense in them. 'Keep the Home Fires Burning' is all right. And they're doing it too. Do you know that the Patriotic Fund has paid out $9,000,000 this year to our wives and families, and going to raise $13,500,000 next year?'

'That's all right,' said the Corporal, 'while we're away, 'but when we get back we'll have to keep the home fires burning ourselves.'

'There's a lot of wood where you came from,' put in Pte. Blank.

Corporal Dash ignored the remark. 'All I want to know is, how am I to make a living?' said he.

'Don't worry, my boy,' said the sergeant, 'you remember old Jack Bates—him that got it in both legs at once, when we were clearing out that 30-foot rat-hole full of Huns? Didn't I show you his letter? He'd never got more than laborer's pay before, and now he's getting half as much again, all along of the classes they had in the convalescent hospital where they took him. He was feeling blue enough about what was going to happen to him and his home fires, at the start, and he was inclined to kick because he had to do this and that and 'tother thing by 'doctor's orders.' Well, he bucked up, and now he'd kick himself if he'd got a leg fit to do it with, to think what a softy he'd been.

'Did you ever hear of the 'Follies,' boys? There was a song they used to get off that just fills the bill, and I heard a London boy sing it in a trench half full of mud, and the rain coming down like cats and dogs:

'Behind the cloud the sun's still shining;
Every cloud has its silver lining.'

'Only it's no use just to 'Wait till the clouds roll by,' or till somebody rolls it by for us. However much they help we've got to help roll it by for ourselves, and no man that is a man will want it any other way. If I haven't got two arms to do it with, I'll learn to do it with one.'

'That's the ticket,' said Pte. Blank

'Guess you're right,' said Corp. Dash.

And the rest of them joined in the old Cutknife chorus, 'You can bet your boots on that!'

Sleepless Nights With Eczema.

Mrs. Link, 12 Walker St., Halifax, N. S., states:—'After three years of miserable torture and sleepless nights with terrible eczema, and after trying over a dozen remedies without obtaining anything but slight temporary relief, I have been perfectly and entirely cured by using Dr. Chase's Ointment. After the third or fourth application of this grand ointment I obtained relief, and a few boxes were sufficient to make a thorough cure.'

Splendid Outlook for Russia.

Not only are the infinite possibilities yet untouched in our own country, but also in most of the other countries of the earth as well. For instance Russia, that land for which nature has done so much, endowing it with food-producing possibilities such as few other countries possess, has a wheat yield of only ten bushels to the acre.

When the day comes, as come it certainly will, that Russia produces as much per acre as Germany and England, and when the untold millions of acres of undeveloped land are opened up and settled, as they are to be, alone she can supply the world's present needs in cerials except rice and corn.

Must Know Laws of Life.

The word 'sanitation' is used in many cases when 'hygiene' would be more applicable and more nearly correct. A noted authority on matters pertaining to health and disease has said that if we but had a perfect knowledge of the laws of life, and could practically apply this knowledge, disease would be impossible.

The word 'hygiene' is derived from Hygeia, daughter of the mythological goddess of health. According to legend, Hygeia was the daughter of Aesculapius, who appears in Homer as the 'blameless physician' and the god of the healing art.

Dr. Edmund Alexander Parks, one of modern hygiene, has defined it as the art of preserving health. He says further: It aims at rendering growth more perfect, decay less rapid, life more vigorous and death more remote.

'It is apparent that if we but had this perfect knowledge of the laws of life and could make the best possible use of it, that we would all ultimately die of senility and not of disease. Although great advancements are being made in this direction yet we can scarcely expect that in this generation we shall get very far on the road to the coveted goal.—Geo. H. Glover, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Col.

The Community Plan.

It will be interesting to watch the experiment which the government of New Brunswick is preparing to make along the lines of the community plan of farm settlement. It is proposed to select a tract of land of four square miles, and divide it into farms of varying extent, from ten acres up. On each the government will clear ten acres and erect a house and barn and these will be sold at actual cost, on easy terms with a small initial payment, the balance to be paid in instalments covering perhaps twenty years. It is proposed to have in the centre of the settlement a demonstration farm in charge of an expert, for purposes of general instruction. Agricultural implements would also be kept there for [illegible] required. Co-operative buying and marketing would also be part of the general plan. A school house and public hall would be provided. There would be from 100 to 115 families in a community, and it is proposed to establish a number of such settlements in different parts os the province.—Maritime Merchant.

Specific For Bronchitis.

The turpentine used in Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is not the ordinary commercial article, which is little used because of the unpleasantness of taste, but is specially extracted from tamarac and spruce gum and so combined with other valuable ingredients as to be at the same time pleasant to use and wonderfully effective in the cure of affections of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs.

She took a course of first aid to the injured, and after long and anxious waiting, the street accident she had earnestly wished for took place.

It was a bicycle accident; the man had broken his leg; she confiscated the walking stick of a passer by and broke it in three pieces for splints; she blushingly took off her underskirt for bandages and she was enthusiastically cheered by the crowd. When all was completed she summoned a cab and took her patient to the hospital.

'Who bandaged the limb so creditably?' inquired the surgeon.

'I did,' she blushingly replied.

'Well,' it is most cautifully done,' said the surgeon, 'but you have, I see, made one little mistake.'

She felt terribly self conscious.

'You have bandaged the wrong leg,' he said quietly.

Mother—Have you practiced Chopin's 'Ballad in A'?

Gertrude—Yes, mother.

'Have you translated your page of Homer?'

'Yes, mother.'

'Have you learned your five problems in Euclid?'

'Yes, mother.'

'And have you worked out the binomial theorem?'

'Yes, mother'

'Then go and dust the dining-room.'

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Farm Hand (excitedly)—Farmer, farmer, your Mary has had a fit and is frothing at the mouth!

Farmer—What is it?

Farm Hand—Your Mary, your wife!

Farmer (relieved)—Great Jupiter, man, you did give me a shock. I thought you said mare.

Made from Cream of Tartar Derived from Grapes

The quality of cake, biscuits and other flour foods is very largely determined by the ingredients of the baking powder with which they are made.

The most eminent scientists and food authorities are on record to the effect that a cream of tartar baking powder is the most satisfactory because of its healthful properties. It adds none but wholesome qualities to the food and renders biscuits, cake, muffins, etc., light, appetizing and digestible.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from Grapes
Contains No Alum

BY LEONARD GRAY.

It is intended that man should make a success of life and not a failure, that he should do some work which is for the betterment of humanity. Carlyle teaches that work is duty. God has endowed nearly every individual with the capacity to obtain success. Notwithstanding this obvious fact, few do. The colleges are emitting graduates annually who enlist in that multitudinous army of failures. Not infrequently many such students graduate, with honors too. In many colleges only one out of twenty graduates makes a success in life. How many failures in the clerical, legal, medical and agricultural professions? Failures everywhere in this enlightened age—in this age of opportunity.

Now let us look into this rarest element of civilization and endeavor to discover the clue to it. Is success due to riches? True, money will hasten educational advantages, supply all the necessities of life and furnish ample means for acquiring experience. Nevertheless, the answer is in the negative with but few exceptions. Money presents no impediments to success, but rather aids to it. But it is not a resistance to the weds that choke it out, namely carelessness, dependence and self-indulgence.

Few of the world's great men were rich in boyhood, and not a few in extreme poverty. Martin Luther, the founder of Protestantism, Charles Dickens, the greatest of novelists, and Abraham Lincoln, the greatest president of the United States, are only a few of the many eminent men who have sprung from the depths of poverty.

Thurlaw Weed, the greatest journalist, was so poor in his boyhood that he was compelled to go barefooted in winter. Thus he walked three miles on a cold winter day to borrow a copy of the French Revolution from his nearest neighbor, warming his feet on rails by the wayside as he went.

Riches are generally an impediment—though unnecessarily so—to success, while poverty is not seldom an impetus.

Is success due to circumstances? This question is closely allied to the former, for circumstances depend to a great extent on money. However, it can better be treated separately. Circumstances are oftimes conducive to success, and ofttimes too great impediments; but by no means are they the governing factors.

From places where one would deem it almost impossible to produce success it has emerged. It has come in the persons of statesmen, preachers, orators, bards and reformers. From the hovel, hut and cabin of the back woods—from lofty ambitions, flaming ideals and burning zeal—men who strike fire in the haunts of sin, who remodel institutions and frame laws for our land. All through history nature has found her Davids, and a Moses in the desert and lonely places; her Shakespeares in the hut; and her Lincolns, Garfields and Mark Twains in the cabins of the far back country places. She has need of such men; for they are the chief architects of civilization.

Is success due to natural ability? Partly, but not chiefly. There are many people who, in boyhood, manifested unusual ability and skill in some particular pursuit such as mechanics, drawing, music or literature, but yet they have not made a success of it; oftimes they have not pursued their natural inclination. Others have been particularly characterized for negligence and stupidity in their early life, but have attained to great eminence in life.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan was wont to be called a dunce by his school master, and his verdict of him was almost confirmed when in years afterwards his pupil attempted to speak in Parliament and utterly failed. But Sheridan eventually became one of England's greatest statesmen, as well as a writer of note.

Demosthenes, the greatest orator in history, was almost unable to speak on account of his stuttering. Often he was jeered and ridiculed by the crowds whom he attempted to address.

From the dying embers of unnatural ability and failure success has often been snatched. History and daily experience verify this most astonishing fact.

Riches, circumstances, and natural talents, lofty ambitions, flaming ideals and burning zeal; men who strike fire in the haunts of sin, who remodel institutions and frame laws for our land. All through history nature has found her Davids, and a Moses in the desert and lonely places; her Shakespeares in the hut; and her Lincolns, Garfields and Mark Twains in the cabins of the far back country places. She has need of such men; for they are the chief architects of civilization.

Is success due to natural ability? Partly, but not chiefly. There are many people who, in boyhood, manifested unusual ability and skill in some particular pursuit such as mechanics, drawing, music or literature, but yet they have not made a success of it; oftimes they have not pursued their natural inclination. Others have been particularly characterized for negligence and stupidity in their early life, but have attained to great eminence in life.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan was wont to be called a dunce by his school master, and his verdict of him was almost confirmed when in years afterwards his pupil attempted to speak in Parliament and utterly failed. But Sheridan eventually became one of England's greatest statesmen, as well as a writer of note.

Demosthenes, the greatest orator in history, was almost unable to speak on account of his stuttering. Often he was jeered and ridiculed by the crowds whom he attempted to address.

From the dying embers of unnatural ability and failure success has often been snatched. History and daily experience verify this most astonishing fact.

Riches, circumstances, and natural

what, then, is success due? Simply this. The existence of a force that impels one through difficulties, impediments and discouragements. This force is will power. What caused the dull boy to succeed, while the gifted boy failed? The existence of will power in the former instance—the non-existence of it in the latter.

Natural ability, coupled with will power, as in the cases of Sir Isaac Newton, Patti, Paderewski and many others, make it less difficult to succeed. But it is of no avail otherwise.

Do not be afraid of difficulties. They are the things that develop our character and mould our lives. The greatest men have had the greatest difficulties.

Do not be discouraged on account of your failures in your first attempts. Strive on. Success is sure to eventually crown your efforts. Success will not come your way without toil on your part. Strive for it, work for it, struggle for it. Longfellow says:

"Heights of great men reached and kept,
Were not attained by single flight,
But they, while their companions slept,
Were toiling upwards in the night."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

'O, please, Miss Jeannel' begged the youth earnestly, do not call me Mr. Durand.'

'O, but our acquaintance is so short, you know?' she said coyly. But why should I not call you that?'

'Well,' the young man hesitated, principally because my name is Du Paint.'

Forced to Leave School, Had St. Vitus' Dance

Astonishing Cure of This Nervous Trouble Effected by Use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Here is a case where life-long gratitude will be felt for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. As a school girl and in later life Dr. Chase's Nerve Food came to the rescue when the nerves gave out. Now a healthy, robust woman happily gives the credit to this great food cure for restoring her to health and strength.

Miss Sadie M. White, 38 Waterloo street, Fredericton, N. B., writes:—

"When ten years of age a friend of mine had St. Vitus' Dance and she had to leave school and go under a doctor's care. Instead of benefiting by the treatment she appeared to get worse. Her tonsils and tongue became so swollen than she could scarcely take any nourishment. For two weeks she was this way and then took convulsions and nearly choked to death. She was ordered to the hospital, but soon got worse again. I recommended Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to her and she used nine boxes, steadily growing better. Three years later a severe fright brought on the nervous trouble again, and she suffered everything a human being could endure. Her mother bought a dozen boxes of the Nerve Food, and with this treatment she was fully restored. I wish you could see her now, a strong, healthy, robust woman with two lovely babies. She still uses the Nerve Food when she feels out of sorts, but has had no return of the old nervous trouble."

For weak, puny, nervous children there is nothing like Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to enrich the blood, restore the starved nerves and start them on the way to health. When they fail to get proper nourishment from the food they eat, this food cure presents the necessary ingredients in condensed and easily assimilated form, and strength and vigor is restored. 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Company, Limited, Toronto.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"