

CITIZENS' MEETING

Held in the Board of Trade Rooms Yesterday Evening.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE IS RECEIVED.

Mass Meeting Will Be Held Early Next Week.

INCORPORATION DISCUSSED.

Dissatisfaction Expressed if Charter Provides That Only Those on Tax Roll May Vote.

From Saturday and Monday's Daily.

The adjourned meeting called yesterday evening for the purpose of hearing the report of the committee appointed at a previous meeting to wait upon Commissioner Ross and ascertain that gentleman's views relative to the terms of the proposed incorporation ordinance and whether or not aliens in the coming municipal election were to be granted the privilege of voting, was held in the Board of Trade rooms. A much larger crowd was present than was on hand at the first meeting held and it might be said was truly representative of the city. British subjects preponderated in numbers, but there was a fair sprinkling of aliens, several of whom probably pay taxes in a greater sum than all the others combined. There were big ratepayers, little ratepayers, and those who pay no rates at all, and it was a noticeable fact that those who had the most to say contributed the least toward the support of the government. The meeting received several resolutions, one of which was so amended, contorted, passages stricken out and others added, and then re-amended again that the mover of it upon its final passage failed to recognize his own child. One thing developed during the evening, notwithstanding the persistent efforts of the professional agitators to jolly the crowd into the belief that the only salvation of the city lay in immediate incorporation, and that is, there is a very large and important element in the city which until they have seen the terms upon which it is proposed the city shall be incorporated will not commit themselves upon the subject. As was stated by one gentleman, it was folly to resolve for or against the proposed steps until it was known just what was to be handed around in the way of privileges. To those who do not own a taxable property and probably never have it is a matter of no consequence whether the rate of assessment be 5 or 50 mills on the dollar, but with him who is called upon yearly to dig up from \$100 to \$5000 it is a different proposition and one that requires serious consideration.

When the meeting was called to order by Jas. F. Macdonald, the rooms were comfortably filled, among whom were A. B. Palmer, George Murphy, James Gandolfo, George DeLion, D. C. Mackenzie, J. F. Sugrue, M. Giroux, D. H. Matheson, Councilmen Arthur Wilson and A. J. Prudhomme, M. H. Boulais, J. F. Macdonald, William Thurnburn, Col. Heichenbach, Alex. Macfarlane, Dan Stewart, S. M. Graff, Frank Clayton, Thomas McGowan, E. B. Condon, Thos. Adair, Frank Slavin, C. P. McLennan, A. D. Field, George Butler, and Chas. Bosworth. Alex. Macfarlane was made secretary and the chairman explained the purpose of the meeting, asking for the report of the committee which had waited upon Governor Ross. In the absence of both Mr. Adair and Dr. Thompson, E. C. Stahl was called upon to state the result of the interview. The conversation had with the commissioner upon the subjects at issue was briefly outlined by Mr. Stahl, his remarks being supplemented by Dr. Thompson who had arrived in the meantime. The gist of the report was that the commissioner favored incorporation but was unalterably opposed to extending the franchise to aliens. In support of the former it was pointed out that the expense of the schools would still be borne by the Dominion; there is an excellent fire department which would be turned over to the city unincumbered by any debt; there would be no need of municipal buildings as quarters required could be secured in the new administration building; taxes already collected for the present year would not be refunded, but a portion would undoubtedly be set apart for the use of the municipality which would start the city in excellent shape financially. The report of the committee was ordered adopted.

Shortly afterward, J. F. Sugrue offered a resolution which after much carving, pruning and receiving many amendments read as follows: "Whereas, The names of many owners of property, real and personal, do not appear upon the last assessment roll; and

Whereas, No action of the assess-

ment should disqualify any voter or candidate for office if such candidate or voter now or before election day possesses the requisite amount of property, especially in view of the fact that over the actions of the assessor the electors of Dawson have no control;

Therefore this meeting of citizens hereby notifies the secretary to notify the commissioner in council of the desire of this meeting that the proposed charter of the city of Dawson should contain a provision that candidates and voters who now own property, freehold, leasehold, or personal, and who may have for any reason omitted from the assessment roll, may register their names and titles prior to nomination day and thereby acquire all rights and titles of a candidate or voter within the municipality."

The resolution provoked a great deal of comment and at one time it looked as though it would die a horrible death on the table, a victim of too much hot air. Councilman Prudhomme was asked for an opinion and said:

"I can assure you of this, gentlemen, that in the approaching election every man who is entitled to a vote will get it if I have anything to say about it. If only those whose names appear on the assessment roll are given the franchise, a great number entitled to vote will be omitted, which I think would be manifestly unfair and I as a member of the council shall protest against the assessment roll being taken as the basis from which the list of voters is made up. I know of many here who are occupying property assessed in the name of the owner instead of the tenant. Outside the tenant voters in municipal affairs and the same rule should be applied here."

Councilman Wilcox: "My worthy colleague has fully expressed my sentiments and has left nothing for me to say. I shall use all my influence to see that everyone entitled to a vote can vote. We may be of some use to the voters in that respect, notwithstanding the statements made in the Daily News to the effect that the influence of the elective members of the council is nil."

James H. McKinnon stated that it was true, as had been stated, that he was left off the assessment roll, and accordingly as matters stand now would not be entitled to vote, but he thought a great deal of "hot air" was being exhausted upon the subject, surely everyone entitled to vote would be permitted to do so. Then the speaker digressed, depicting the way the present and the previous meeting had been held; there was not enough publicity given to them and many people who would have attended knew nothing about it, and—

But the chair declared the speaker out of order and the peroration was abruptly terminated. Others indulged in oratorical flights and raving digressions and the resolution finally carried.

No sooner was the resolution disposed of than another one of the seemingly inevitable concomitants of public meetings was shot forward. Its tendency was to railroad the opinion of the meeting as to the absolute necessity of incorporating and doing nothing else, but fortunately the purposes attempted were nipped in the bud. The resolution read:

"That having heard the public discussion relative to the merits of incorporation by mayor and council for civil government, or by appointed or elected commissioners, this meeting hereby resolve that we endorse the proposition to incorporate the city of Dawson at once, with a mayor and aldermen governing the same, for the reason that this form of municipal government is the one with which the majority of the citizens are most familiar and more adapted to our experience."

Opinions were asked for by the chair and again Mr. McKinnon ventilated his mind about the star chamber proceedings. Said he:

"I feel a distrust about these private caucuses; there is too much of the star chamber privilege about them. It is being talked of on the streets. Regarding the motion, I should say 'if it evolved itself down to a question of a mayor and board of aldermen or a commission of three, I would look as though we were incapable of governing ourselves in the event of incorporation being voted down. Here we have been kicking for a year or more for representation in the Dominion parliament and a wholly elective council and what greater check could be placed on our desires if it were said Dawson was offered self-government and refused it?"

Then followed Thos. McGowan who hit the nail squarely on the head and brought the meeting to a sudden and amicable termination. He said he did not think that in dealing with such a weighty question as incorporation it was fair or right for 30 or 40 people as was there assembled to take it upon themselves to voice the sentiments of the entire community. The meeting in that respect was not representative, as many doubtless knew nothing of it and as such any resolutions which might be passed or any action taken would have little or no weight with the Yukon council. A public meeting, duly advertised, was what was needed, at which time the proposed charter would probably be available and it could be seen what it is the intention of the council to offer the city. As matters now stand one can not vote intelligently on the resolution on the table as we know nothing about the proposed charter and

the provisions it contains. If a meeting of the nature of the present is to be of any service it should be held in a public place, where everyone could be present who desired. The number at the present meeting could not be taken as representative of 8000 people.

"It is wrong," continued Mr. McGowan, "to take any action as to whether the city is to be incorporated or not until we have seen the proposed charter and become fully cognizant of what we are going to do."

The idea met with almost unanimous approval and motion was made and carried deferring further action on the matter until a public meeting has been called for its more complete discussion. A committee of three, consisting of Messrs. D. H. Matheson, J. F. Sugrue and M. H. Boulais was appointed by the chair to wait upon Governor Ross today and request that final action by the council upon the incorporation bill be deferred for one week, or until a public meeting could be held and the voters made fully acquainted with the provisions of the proposed charter.

The King's Stables.

It is only fitting that the horses of a king should be lodged in an equine palace and should lead lives of dignity and luxury worthy of their high station. That "all the King's horses" have, comparatively speaking, as good a time of it as "all the King's men" cannot be doubted by anyone who has seen the Royal stables at Buckingham Palace and Windsor and has seen the conditions under which they live.

The stables at Buckingham Palace, which lie barely screened from the beautiful gardens, are a small palace in themselves, forming with the coach-houses stately rows of buildings, arranged in the form of a large quadrangle, approached from Buckingham Road by an imposing gateway.

The side of the quadrangle opposite to the entrance gate is the home of the beautiful cream and black horses familiar to the spectator of Royal State processions. Here, in spotless clean, perfectly appointed stables, with stately columns and vaulted roofs, are stabled some of the most valuable and beautiful horses in Europe.

Seen apart from their rich trappings, the cream horses, with their uncommon "complexion," almost colourless eyes and pink noses, looking like equine Albinoes, lose something of their staidness and picturesqueness. They are, however, magnificent animals, perfect in form and ageing, and standing on an average nearly sixteen hands high.

The creams, like the blacks, are of Continental extraction, although for many years both have lived long, reaching an average age of over twenty years; and curiously enough, nearly all of them bear Royal names, such as Emperor and Monarch, Sovereign and King George, names peculiarly appropriate to their high rank and duties.

The blacks, which are of Dutch origin, are still larger and finer, many of them being between seventeen and eighteen hands high.

The Palace Road side of the quadrangle is devoted to the carriage horses, about thirty in number, nearly all magnificent bays averaging about seventeen hands, and all equal to fourteen miles in the hour in double harness. Five hundred guineas a pair may be set down as the average value of these splendid animals.

The utmost care is taken in training these horses, which are warranted to maintain their equanimity under any disturbing conditions, from a German band to the discharge of an 81-ton gun.

In the coach-houses on the east side of the quadrangle are to be seen some of the most costly and magnificent carriages in Europe, including the gorgeous State-coach which, after forty years of disuse, was seen as the opening of parliament some months ago by King Edward VII.

It is interesting to note that this "glass coach" is eight yards long, 12 feet in height, and weighs no less than four tons. The carving on it cost over \$2,500, the gilding nearly \$1,075, and coachmaker's bill was \$1,075.—Tit-Bits.

Sweet Evenings Come and Go.

Sweet evenings come and go, love, They came and went of yore. This evening of our life, love, Shall go and come no more.

When we have passed away, love, All things will keep their name, But yet no life on earth, love, With ours will be the same.

The daisies will be there, love, The stars in heaven will shine; I shall not feel thy wish, love, Nor thou my hand in thine.

A better time will come, love, And better souls be born; I would not be the best, love, To leave thee now forlorn.

—George Eliot.

INCORPORATION CHARTER

Digest of Ordinance which Is a Most Voluminous Document—Election to Determine Whether Incorporation Is Desired Will First Be Held—Commissioners May Be Appointed.

At a late hour yesterday the typewriting of the ordinance providing for the incorporation of the city of Dawson was completed and today the Nugget is enabled to present the same to its readers in a compact form and somewhat shorn of its legal verbiage. As was stated in yesterday's issue, the bill is a voluminous document covering 73 closely typewritten pages and seems to be most comprehensive in every detail.

There are three parts to the bill, the first providing for the incorporation, the proclamation, election, duties of officers, powers, etc., etc. Part 2 provides for the submission to the electors of the city of the question: "Shall Dawson become incorporated under part one of the Dawson city charter?" Part 3 provides for the appointment of a commission by the commissioner of the territory, who shall govern the city in the event of the electors declaring by election that it is not their wish that the city should be incorporated under the provisions of part 1.

A summary of the provisions of part 1 is as follows: It provides for the enactment of the bill by the commissioner of the Yukon territory by and with the consent and advice of the council of said territory.

The ordinance is entitled "The Dawson City Charter." The application of the bill covers that area as shown by the plan of survey of the limits of the Dawson and Klondike townships attached at Dawson, August 20, 1901, by A. J. MacPherson, D. L. S. (The area is described by metes and bounds and may be roughly stated to embrace only that portion of the townsite from the summit of the bluff east of the city, to the Klondike on the south, the Yukon on the west, and the bluff on the north.)

The city shall be governed by a council consisting of a mayor and six aldermen.

Qualifications of mayor are: Must be male British subject, 21 years of age or upward; resident and ratepayer at least six months prior to nomination; rated upon real property assessed at not less than \$2,000 on the last assessment roll.

Qualifications for aldermen are the same as for mayor except that the rating upon property is placed at \$1000 instead of \$2000.

The mayor and aldermen hold office for one year.

Disqualifications for the office of mayor or aldermen are: Those who have been adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent; have made general assignment for benefit of creditors; or, suffered an order of commitment to have been made against him. The sheriff of the territory is not entitled to be mayor, neither is any person who is manager or possesses a controlling interest in any concern which secures contracts from the city. Convicted criminals are also barred.

British subjects who are tax payers and who have paid the same are entitled to vote. All others are excluded.

When the proclamation of incorporation is issued, the commissioner will appoint a returning officer and he must post notices calling for the election within ten days thereafter. All nominations must be filed a week before the election.

Parties who have been left off the voters' list by error may apply to the council to have their names placed thereon. The council will sit each year to finally revise the voters' list.

Nominations signed by two voters and bearing the written statement of the candidate that he is willing to serve, must be filed with the secretary-treasurer of the city.

The elective officers are a mayor and six aldermen.

A large portion of the ordinance is taken up with the procedure on election day, providing for the establishment and location of election booths and the other necessary details.

Several sections deal with the matter of bribery and of the use of undue influence in securing support for candidates. Any candidate who promises an office, or city patronage, or who hires a carriage on election day to take voters to the polls may be considered guilty of bribery. Candidates are permitted certain legitimate campaign expenses.

WHEN MIRANDY GOT A BEAU

Her Mother Consulted the Carrier of Uncle Sam's Mail

Who, Being a Representative of a Great Government, Gave Her Some Sensible Advice.

Just as I reached Farmer Riker's on my trip the other day my cart broke down, and Mrs. Riker came out and said:

"Now, Abe, I'm glad to. If I've seen like a stroke of Providence. I've been wanting to have a talk with you for a week past, but you was in a hurry or Benjamin was around."

"What's on your mind, Aunt Sally?" I asks as I works away at the repairs.

"It's about our Mirandy, Abe. You know she's 27 years old and never had an offer of marriage, but it do really look as if things was coming her way at last. What you got in that box up there?"

"A pocous plaster for Uncle Tobie Brown, a box of pills for Jim Hobson, a bottle of liniment for Mrs. Dawson's rheumatism, and pims, thread, needles, hairpins, cough drops, shirt buttons and shingle nails for various other folks."

"What a kind hearted, accommodating man. But about Mirandy, she's in the house cutting over carpet rags and singing the 'Sweet By and By,' and I don't know when I've seen her look so happy. Say, Abe, I want—"

"Hold on, Aunt Sally, I says—"

"Hold right on till I know whether what you've got to say is an international question for the state department to handle or only a confidential communication between you and me. Don't never forget that I'm representing the United States of America through the postoffice department. It's a powerful burden on a man's back, but I'm trying to bear it without busting my overcoat."

"You needn't worry, Abe," she replies. "Mirandy hasn't been walking around on the Monroe doctrine or sticking up her nose at our colonial policy. She's got a beau at last, and I don't reckon that has anything to do with Uncle Sam. He rather encourages such things, as you as an old friend and not as the feller who carries the American eagle under his arm."

"Then go ahead and tell me all about it, and I'll do my best to encourage the match. Who wants Mirandy?"

"It's a feller what come along a few days ago with a new sort of wire clothesline. He puts up 200 feet for a dollar, and if you ain't satisfied after six months' trial he takes it down and leaves you a corn sheller or a parlor organ in its place for nothing. He come along here the other week when Benjamin was gone to town and I was busy with the churning, and I sent Mirandy to the door to tell him to move on or take the end of the broomstick."

"It was so long about it that I finally followed after, and I was never so astonished in my whole life. There that fellow stood smiling at Mirandy, and there Mirandy stood smiling at him, and you'd thought he'd been her beau for the last six months."

"Case of love at first sight," says I. "It was, Abe, it was, and they was bold as brass about it. When I started to box Mirandy's ears, she turned on me, and when I laid the fellow we didn't want to windmills, patent gears, washing machines, pianos,

Clothing cleaned, pressed, dyed and repaired—both men and women's—K. I. GOLDBERG, tailor for Hershberg.

The Nugget's facilities for turning out first-class job work cannot be excelled this side of San Francisco.

beartraps or lightning rods he almost winced at me as he enters the house and takes a cheer and says he has at last met the angel of his dreams. If Mirandy hadn't put her finger in her mouth and run up stairs, I believe he'd have propped in her then and there. Do men fall in love that way, Abe—good men?"

"Are you asking me as representing the postoffice department, the present administration and the United States of America at large, Aunt Sally?"

"Of course not. The postmaster general and the United States can go to hellback if we can get Mirandy married off to some good man. Don't you try to make out that this has anything to do with the Alaska boundary or the Nicaragua canal."

"Well, then, giving you my private opinion, which needs't go no further, a feller is sometimes hit with love the same as with a crowbar, and maybe a woman is too. What's the chap's name?"

"Hawkins, and Mirandy says it's awfully romantic."

"What does he look like?"

"Like a bean plop with clothes on, but Mirandy says that all the cavaliers and knights she has ever read of looked just that way. She sorter thinks this feller is a cavalier in disguise; and she goes around purring like a kitten after supper."

"Has the feller declared his love for her?" I asks as my job is almost finished.

"Has he?" shouts Aunt Sally as she throws up her arms. "Well I should say that he had—more'n a hundred times. He don't do nothing from morning till night but eat three square meals and declare his love for Mirandy. Law me, but he ain't a bit afraid of me or Benjamin. He goes right on talking about his love the same as anybody else would about turnips, and Mirandy sits and hitches around on her chair and giggles. I'm sometimes almost afraid the Lord will bring some awful punishment on me for allowing of it. It's for Benjamin to do something, but he won't move hand or foot. He won't even ask the feller if he's able to support Mirandy in luxury. Abe, I wish you'd let go the American eagle and the star spangled banner long enough to tell me what to do."

"There ain't nothing to be said, Aunt Sally."

"But there must be. When a gal falls in love with a wire clothesline man, shouldn't it be found out whether he's worth the clothes on his back, what denomination he belongs to, whether he's a hand to stay out nights or stay home with his family? I'm free to say that Mirandy ain't no great shakes as a gal and that if she loses her feller she may never have another chance, but I don't want her to be took in by a pirate. What would you do if you was me, Abe?"

"I shouldn't worry. It's no good to worry about gals, Aunt Sally, especially old gals like Mirandy. When they fall in love, it's all over with 'em, and they've got no sense left. She wouldn't listen to me, knowing that I represent this glorious American republic and that to stop me on the highway is unlawfully detaining the United States mail. They've fell in love, and they are to marry, and you've just got to let things slide. You ain't no right in the case."

"But don't I even get 200 feet of wire clothesline out of it? He ain't put up a single inch yet, and it don't look as if he meant to."

"You might insist that the wire go up before the marriage takes place, but if he hangs off about it continue to spread your washing on the currant bushes and the grass. It appears as if Providence had brought 'em together, and nobody ought to fly in the face of Providence. That's the way of Aunt Sally, and whom the Lord hath joined together let no man put asunder, and I'm half an hour behind time and have got to rattle on."

Were Too Soon.

As the stage drove into Deadwood in the anteroom days we noticed the body of a man hanging from the limb of a tree near the hotel, but no one expressed surprise or asked questions. It was an hour after our arrival when a little old man came along a-foot and began making a fuss about the hanging. He said so much and said it in such loud tones that the man who had hosed the job finally turned on him with:

"See yere, old man, what's all this row about anyway?"

"About that hanging!" shouted the old man.



On Tuesday evening Mrs. Warren entertained the members of the Y. P. S. C. E. society of St. Andrew's church at her residence on the island in the mouth of the Klondike. About twenty of the young people were present and passed a very pleasant evening with games and music.

On Monday afternoon Mrs. F. T. Congdon and Mrs. Ward Smith gave an afternoon tea to the Ladies' Aid Society and their friends of St. Paul's Episcopal church in the Guild room. Among those present were: Mrs. F. T. Congdon, Mrs. Ward Smith, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Davey, Mrs. Chetaway, Miss Thomas, Miss Freeman, Messrs. Congdon, Herbert, Finnan and Boyle.

One of the largest and most enjoyable events of the week was the skating party given at the Barracks rink on Tuesday evening. The weather was mild and the ice was in excellent condition for skating. A large bonfire was kept blazing around which the skaters gathered, after enjoying the exhilarating exercise. In the later part of the evening the company adjourned to the officers mess where refreshments were served, making the evening in its entirety one of exceptional pleasure. Those present were: Capt. and Mrs. Starnes, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ridley, Mr. and Mrs. Davey, Mr. and Mrs. Davies-Colley, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Macaulay, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McLennan, Mr. and Mrs. Ward Smith, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Congdon, Mr. and Mrs. White Fraser, Dr. and Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. French, Miss Handwell, Miss Chisholm, Miss Richardson, R. P. McLennan, Mr. Handwell, Sam. Marks, P. C. Stevenson, Capt. Cooby, H. E. A. Robertson, Dr. Barrett, C. W. S. Barwell, Mr. Crisp.

The Driving Club met this afternoon at the Barracks for its regular Saturday afternoon drive, with the largest turnout of the season. Among those having teams were: R. P. McLennan, Capt. Starnes, Capt. Wroughton, Capt. Cooby, F. T. Congdon, H. C. Macaulay, E. C. Senkler and Joe Barrett. After a short drive they will return to the new club rooms of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, where they will be entertained.

The Wednesday evening whist club met at the parlors of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie at the electric light power house on Wednesday evening. The game of drive whist was played during the early part of the evening and after a luncheon dancing was enjoyed.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. Frame of 33 below Bonanza gave a social dance to a number of her friends from the creek and city. The evening was most enjoyably spent with dancing and at midnight an excellent luncheon was served. Among those present were: Mesdames Frame, Davis, Kern, Faulkner, Gilbert, Thompson, Christensen, Bense, McConnell and Gardner; Misses Savage, Herald, Henry, Bense, Faulkner, Mamma Hartman, Coffee, Bense, Thomson, Cameron, Kern, Bense, Debra, Moore, Moore, Hall, Kennedy, Brook, Marston, Mills, Callaghan, Franklin, Geer, Foley, McDade, Harp, Gilbert, Moore, Christensen and Berry.

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The Dawson Literary and Debating Society is now well established and gives promise of being one of the most interesting societies during the winter. The membership now numbers about fifty and includes many of the best known literary gentlemen and ladies of Dawson. The first social session will be held on next Friday evening, at which a musical and literary program will be given.

The public library held another of its very interesting entertainments on Monday evening and as usual the building was crowded with an interested and appreciative audience.

The building formerly occupied by the Canadian Bank of Commerce next to the Barracks has been remodeled and made into a modern club house for the employees of the bank. The club, which has just been completed and elegantly furnished will be formally opened this evening, when the members will provide entertainment for the members of the Driving Club on their return from their drive. An orchestra has been engaged for the occasion and a sumptuous banquet has been prepared, which will make the occasion one of pleasure to all who attend.

The second Arctic Brotherhood hall which will be held on next Friday evening is looked forward to by all with anticipation of having an excellent time.

The annual police ball will be held on Friday, the 27th of this month, and promises to be one of the best of the year.

On last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stingle entertained a number of their friends, the occasion being the celebration of their tin wedding. The house was very prettily decorated for the occasion and an excellent wedding supper was served by the hostess. A number of handsome presents were received by Mr. and Mrs. Stingle commemorative of the occasion. The evening was pleasantly passed with music, dancing and games, and was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Those present were: Mr. and

WILL BE TAKEN UP

Matter of Appointing Outside Commissioners for Yukon.

A matter which will be taken up by the Yukon council during its meetings next week and which will result in the passage of an ordinance now ready to be presented is that of providing for the appointment by the commissioner of any person or persons he may so desire residing outside the territory before whom oaths and affidavits pertaining to matters within the territory may be taken, the same to be of like force and effect as those taken or sworn to before a duly appointed commissioner of the Yukon territory. The ordinance will read as follows:

1. The commissioner may by a commission or commissions under his hand and the seal of the Yukon Territory from time to time empower such and so many persons as he thinks fit and necessary to administer oaths and to take and receive affidavits, declarations and affirmations without the Yukon territory, or in concerning any cause, matter or thing depending or in any way concerning any of the proceedings in the territorial court of the Yukon territory, and every oath, affidavit, declaration or affirmation taken or made as aforesaid shall be as valid and effectual and shall be of the like force and effect to all intents and purposes as if such oaths, affidavits, declarations or affirmations had been administered, taken, sworn, made or affirmed before a commissioner of the Yukon territory or other competent authority of the like nature.

2. The commissioners so appointed shall be styled "commissioners" and shall take affidavits in and for the territorial court of the Yukon territory.

Small Debts Court.

Police Magistrate Macaulay was engaged yesterday in hearing a number of small debts proceedings, and accumulated of the past month. Practically the entire list was disposed of.