nversion of Timothy-" Thou, () may 1.—follow after righteousness, godliaith, love, patience, meekness. Fight od fight of faith, lay hold on eternal hereunto thou art also called, and proa good profession before many wit-" (1 Tim. vi. 11, 12.)

is the character of those who should d to this office left in uncertainty. It cribed with great clearness. " The that thou hast heard of me among witnesses, the same commit thou to il (nistois) men, who shall be able noi) to teach others also." (2 Tim. 11. 2.) men were to be faithful, believing tion men; men of experience, acted with the things of God, and for eason, that they might be able, com-, qualified, to teach others the way of

is leads us to another observation t our Lord Jesus Christ died for the ion of sinners, to secure for them, in fe, pardon, peace, a renewal and boliof heart, the Ministry, as an instrudity, is designed to lead sinners to the l enjoyment of these blessings. For urpose they require to be taught-obs have to be removed—the way to t clearly pointed out-encouragements applied-and Christ himself as the our, in all his fullness, in all his ability willingness to save, exhibited. Hence sters are required to be competent or fied to teach others these necessary s. But how can one, himself ignorant vation, as well as of the way to Christ, rt this instruction, and lead the souls of s to Christ for that salvation? Our has decided this question :- " If the lead the blind, both shall fall into the

or want of just views on this subject, teeping this necessary qualification vibefore the mind, the Ministry has considered by some in the light only of rofession," and, regardless of the state he heart, and the call of God, youth been trained for its sacred duties, as a vecation, as others have been for the is of law, and the practice of medicine. 3 an unconverted Ministry has been for rries obtruded upon the Church, inflictupon her irreparable evils, from which has not yet fully recovered; and hereby nomaly has been perpetuated, alike rechful to the Ministry and injurious to Church and the world. Unconverted isters,-not the truly pious, and the calif God, though not in the line of an imary and fabulous succession,-are the intruders into the sacred office, tending hism and the scattering of Christ's .. When this positive and great evil

I have been removed, then, and not till . may we reasonably expect the Church ie living God, in its various branches, orrespond to the state, implied in the stion-" Who is she that looketh forth he morning, fair as the moon, clear as sun, and terrible as an army with ban-

" BEVIYAL MEETINGS."

VE perceive our cotemporary, who has a fling at " Protracted Meetings," has in an extract from "The Church in nest," by the Rev. J. A. Janes, of mingham, headed, "Revival Meetings." to the best means of accomplishing d, or in what manner, or under what ciristances, these means should be employthere may be some diversity of opinion. that, in the time of spiritual lukewarms and abounding iniquity, some special and Members of the Church, to revive the Wesleyan, or at the "revivals we are every work of God in believers, and to convert the souls of sinners, is generally admitted by those who take a scriptural view of the subject, and who are free from the shackles of invincible prejudice. All that we essentially contended for in our recent articles on this subject is conceded by the Author of "the Church in Earnest." "There is," says that neither the Wesleyan, nor any Methohe, "another kind of special services, which, for the purpose of conversion, might be resorted to with great advantage, if conducted remarks were quoted with a design to reflect with propriety: I mean continuous preach- upon us or our Ministers, they fall wide of ing, carried on for several successive days, the mark—they do not apply. As to the and accompanied by earnest prayer on the propriety or non-propriety of an "anxious part of the members of the Church."-"When seat" or "penitent bench," a difference of a minister perceives that little good seems to result from his preaching, that souls are not infallible, though his advice is entitled to not converted, and that professors are luke-respect. Experience here is our best and consonant with the strictest decorum, with the most refined spiritual sensibility?"-"As one minister, the pastor, may not have strength enough for such segvices, another, or more than one, may be called on to assist him. During all this while, much prayer should ascend from the Church for the divine blessing to come down upon such efforts. What can be objected to in such a scheme Who has ever tried it without a blessed result? What, in fact, were the labours of Whitefield and Wesley, yea, what were the labours of apostles, but such continuous services as these? It is said of the blessed Pael, he disputed, or as it signifies by a better translation, discoursed, daily in the school of Tyrannus."

PECEMBER 15.

Here then are clearly, distinctly, and emphatically stated the rationale, the justificadid the writer of these extracts know, when be challenged objection to this scheme, and demanded, if there were any thing in it "contrary to sobricty, to reason, to revelution, to the laws of propriety, or to the mental economy of man"? that there would be found the whole " mechanical process of getting up these meetings," as "unsound in theology," "savouring of an attempt to control the agency of the Spirit," as "unwarranted in Scripture as well as by the whole history of well accredited Revivals," "we nowhere in Scripture or in the page of history reading of Revivals taking place, save by the Divine blessing attending the use of the ordinary means laid down in the Bible," and "as dangerous in their consequences," being "calculated to operate upon the physical frame in such a way, as to delude the subjects into the notion that they have undergone a thorough and radical change of heart, when all that has been passed through is nothing forth by external circumstances!"

ness point blank opposed, not to the Wesleyon only, but to the Rev. JOHN ANGEL JAMES, of Birmingham, England, who, by a strange fatuity, has been summoned into Court by our cotemporary to bear important testimony! How is this? We will inform our Here then is a chance of having conceded as a boon, which would not impover- the civil government in the manner afore aid as to be soldered up, when used. On Sunday a

day hearing about as taking place in these Provinces." Rather than let it pass, Mr. James's savings must be quoted, though his proposed "scheme" of promoting a revival highly deserving, class of fellow men; and we of religion contradicts on all essential points the theory advocated by the Witness! Now we respectfully inform our consistent friend of families, to their appreciation of knowledge as dist Minister, pleads for or justifies "extravagance" or "rant;" so that if Mr. James's opinion may lawfully exist. Mr. James is warm and worldly, is there any thing contra- safest guide. They are not to be condemned ry to sobriety of reason, to revelation, to the | who use it not; nor are they to be condemnlaws of propriety, or to the mental economy ed or taunted who deem it prudent to use it. of man, in determining by a continuous series In numberless instances, we doubt not, it of services, sustained through the evenings has been of signal service after a revival has of a whole week, to keep religion before the been commenced. We leave every one free minds of the people, and rouse their slumber- in this matter to be governed by his own ing attention to its high import? Is not this judgment. But we cannot consent to allow pious, zealous, and Inborious Ministers, whose great object is to promote God's glory in the salvation of souls, to be held up to contempt and ridicule even by a professed "evangelical advocate," without administering to him a severe and just rebuke; and we advise him to seek some employment more befitting his high pretensions than pursuing a course calculated to excite the honest indignation of every sincere desirer of genuine revivals of religion in the land, and to bring all religion into contempt in the view of those who are yet "without" the pale of the Church. ************

EARLY CLOSING.

THE attention of the mercantile community guilty. There is enough of human toil, and and becoming.

means should be employed by the Ministers what may be supposed a good hit at the ish the donor, but would materially enrich the infringing on the rights of conscience, or unjust interfere with the management of other people's affairs, or even seem to dictate the course they make our appeal to the understandings of their employers as men, to their love of home as heads men of intelligence, and to their supposed or real desires to advance the best interests of those who faithfully serve them as philanthropists: and if we have not greatly mistaken the force of these motives, we think they will find in them sufficient to warrant the expectation generally cherished, that the MERCHANTS of this City will not be behind those of the Mother Country and of some of the neighbouring Colonies, in the truly benevolent movement of early-closing.

..... DAY OF GENERAL THANKSGIVING.

In our last, we intimated our approval of the appointment or recommendation of a day of general Thanksgiving. The inducements are so obvious as to require no lengthened or elaborate arguments to commend them to pious minds, or even to those who make no particular professions of religion. The generality of persons are accessible to motives of gratitude for either mercies received or calamities averted. We are ready to assume that the general feeling of the population of the Province is in favour of the devout observance of a day of grateful acknowledgment to the Supreme Governor of the nations. As far as we have had an opportunity of the propriety of this recommendation; at least we have perceived no general hostility to it. At this we rejoice: but we regret that any, who yield so powerful an instrument for good or evil should be found arraying themselves against it, The next step was to break open the door of this we rejoice: but we regret that any, who on account of what we cannot but regard as an over fastidiousness on the subject of State interference with religion.

Were the State to prohibit individual Churches from observing a day of thankegiving, this would form a proper subject of resistance. But has been of late more than ordinarily directed where the State recommends what every christo the subject of closing their places of business tian tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing their places of business tian to the subject of closing the subje at an early hour in the evenings. The great to be a bounden duty, we confess we cannot see sults of "Protracted Meetings." Ah! little and commanding reason assigned for the pro- in this any just ground for opposition or refusal. priety of this movement, is, that, were it gener- If a day of general thanksgiving is either desiraally carried out, greater facilities would be afforded to persons engaged as clerks for healthful who think it is-in no other way so casy of atrelaxation, mental improvement, and conserva- tainment can this object be secured as by the tion of morals. On each of these grounds a recommendation of the Supreme Magistrate, strong plea might be urged in favour of adopting who, in this particular, must be presumed to feel the plan suggested. No considerate employer a paternal regard for the welfare of the whole in this city an "evangelical advocate" who can fail to per cive the advantages which would people. Individual Churches, whether right or would "witness" against him, and object to thus accrue to the parties interested. The late- wrong, we need not say, are jealous of each hour system necessarily abridges opportunities other's assumption of authority or dictation. for reading and study, and for suitable exercise Hope could scarcely be entertained, in the prein the open air; and thus fosters ignorance in sent state of religious society, of obtaining unathe one case, and injures health in the other, mimity of action, from proposals emanating from It also tends to induce individuals to seek grati- any one religious denomination. The State must fication in forbidden circles, and first to weaken either recommend, or we must despair of ever havand then destroy a relish for family reunions, ing a general day of humiliation or thanksgiving: which constitute one of the most prolific sources and, in our judgment, there must be something of innocent pleasure and high-toned morality, radically unsound in the principle which necess Philanthropic individuals have deplored the cx- sarily conducts to the latter issue. If as a nation istence of these evils, and have proposed an easy or a province, we receive blessings from God, or and safe remedy in the system of early-closing, are mercifully delivered from desolating calami-An objection has been urged, that the privilege ties, then we hold it to be sound, as well in divimight be abused. Possibly it might, by some nity as in reason, that our thanksgiving should regardless of self-improvement, and who would distinctly partake of a national or provincispend the hours thus taken from the activities of character. Every just objection is, in our views business, in debasing and enervating indulgen- removed, when it is admitted that there is nothces. It is to be hoped the number of this class ing offensive in the terms of the proclamation, more than a few natural emotions, called is comparatively small; but were it even greater and that, though the State appoints the day. than it is, it would neither be just nor commend- each denomination is lest perfectly free to ob-Now here we have the Presbyterian Wit- able to punish the innocent for the sake of the serve it in matter and form as it deems most fit

scenes of every-day business, under the most overt connexion between the State and the extend the whole length of the apparatus room, favourable circumstances, to satisfy all reasonable Church; and yet we find all class - of the pro- and appear on nearly every step of the stairs favourable circumstances, to satisfy all reasonable Church; and yet we find all classes of the people leading from the room down into the laboratory, demands. Whatever can be safely abstracted ple orderly and devoatly observing days for the Webster's official duties as a Professor refrom the over-amount of labour and confine- thanksgiving and humiliation appointed or re- quired of him no handling of bodies, nor was it ment, and added to the short period of time al- commended by the general government, or the allowable to have subjects in that part of the readers. Mr. James says some strong things | ment, and added to the short period of time as commended by the general government, of the building. Early last week, Dr. Webster order-location, improvement of Governors of individual States; showing us od a tip box three feet long one foot wide, and

recipient. It is far from our wish improperly to tifiably interfering with the things of God. Entertaining the views we have expressed, we therefore sincerely hope that the twentieth day should pursue. But we plead the cause, we do of this month will be religiously observed, for the not say of a wronged or oppressed, but of a purpose announced, throughout the length and breadth of the Province.

Dr. Parkman-Dr. Webster.

The announcement on Saturday, that the body of Geo Parkman had been found in a vault under the chemical laboratory in the Medical College, North Grove Street, and that Dr. John White Webster, professor of chemistry, had been arrested at Cambridge for the murder of Dr. Parkman, created a tremendous sensation throughout the city and vicinity. Friday, Nov. 28, about one o'clock, Dr. P. made some small purchases at Mr. Holland's grocery, corner of Vine Street; when he went out he said that he would return in a few minutes to take the articles. Next be was seen by many witnesses going into the MedicalCollege. There Dr. Webster said he saw him and pald him \$483 on a mortgage. Dr. Webster said that, upon receiving the money, Dr. Parkman left the lecture room by the upper door. the common entrance. Here all clue to his movements ceased.

While large rewards were being offered to any person who should find the dector, dead or alive, elsewhere, the college building was kept under surveillance. But I'r. Webster's peculiar premises remained unexamined, and also the space between the inferior foundation walls under his laboratory, forming in fact, a very large vault, with no opening into it except through Dr. Web ster's water closet in the laboratory.

The question of searching the premises under the special control of Dr. Webster, was submitted to Dr. Bigelow, who decided that an attempt to get into the vault under them should be m first. On Friday afternoon, Mr. Littlefield descended through a trap among the foundation judging, the Press generally has acquiesced in walls, and dug away several hours and at last made an opening through, and saw limbs directly under the spot occupied by the water-closet above. They consisted of the lower part of the

the laboratory, where another extraordinary discovery was made. In a furnace were found calcined fragments of a skull, mineral teeth fused into a lump, half-melted fragments of coat button frames and small portions of melted gold and

After a short consultation, officers Clapp, Starkweather and Spurr, were despatched to Dr. Webster's residence in Cambridge, with instructions to arrest him. Dr. Webster staggered backwards, as if struck to the heart, and uttered various exclamations about his family and children. and also saying : " The villain! I am ruined :" or, "The villain! He has ruined me."
His excitement was interse, and he exhibited

evantoms of couvulsions. Water was handed him, but he could not reach it to his mouth, nor could be get any down when the glass was bekl to his lips. When asked if he was willing to go to the college and view the remains, he consented, and wagearried rather than led to the carriage. At the hospital he was taken to the laboratory, where he saw the remains, but made no remark whatever in regard to them. After he returned to jail the prisoner became

omewhat more calm

Saturday morning brought with it still further liscoveries. Officer Rice, in arranging things in the laboratory, found in a recess formed by the brick work of the furnace and chimney, a tea chest, apparently filled with specimens of minerals, but emitting a strange odor. He at once upset the chest, and found in the bottom, bedded in hemlock bark, the left thigh and the halfroasted trunk of the body. The skin had been wholly beent er stripped off from the trunk The thigh was only stained with the bark All the parts found are such in size that they may very well have belonged to Dr. P.'s body.

Among the secondary facts, it may be stated that four bloody towels were found in the vault; a very large clasp knife, with hunting figures on the blade, was found with the trunk in the tea chest; some grapples, made of cod-hooks, with lines and lead sinkers attached, were found in Dr. Webster's apparatus room.

This room is in the rear of the lecture room. and connected with it by a door. On the inner side of the apparatus room is a large closet with several hundred bottles of chenicals arranged on shelves. Near the door of this closet, on the fatigue, and waste, in the constantly recurring In the neighbouring STATES there exists no floor, commence a attered marks of blood, which ed a tin box, three feet long, one foot wide, and against "extravagance" and "rant," and the mind, and the cultivation of domestic ties that there should be no "anxious and social endearments, should be checkfelly gion, the people do not consider the action of Court Street. The cover was to be fitted so as