#### THE GRAIN MARKETS.

WHEAT: Wheat fluctuated daily last week with a heavy drop at the close, in sympathy with events in diplomatic circles. President Wilson's address on foreign relations threw the market into a nervous condition last Monday, but greater firmness was apparent on Thursday when British official utterances were construed as adverse to an early peace. Gors'r concerning the peace terms on which Germany was prepared to negociate and Petrograd advises that peace without victory was not wholly disfa ored in Russia added to the weakness that developed in the market on Friday.

Many other factors entered into the situation last work, among which the most influential was the lack of export buying. Export buyers state that they are naving too much difficulty in arranging for transportation of wheat purchased on old contracts to care to make new purchases at present. It appears that at present the action in grain values from now on will be more dependent on the transportation development; than on any other group of factory. Embargoes on many railway lines in the U.S. and Canada are reported owing to heavy snow falls. Liberal export clearances had a hardening effect last Wesnerday, although the commandeering by the Fre act. Government of the Trans-Atlantic Company backs for freight purposes is significant. Shipments of American wheat so far this season have been 206,-000, 90 bushels, of which a little more than half is understood to have been United States wheat, the balance being Canadian. A revision in the Canadian crops of both last season and of 1915, adding 60,-000,000 bushels to last year's yield and 50,000,000 to the previous crop, proved rather disconcering to the bulls, however, especially as the Winning market was weak with evident pressure. In the form of liquidation.

COARSE GRAINS: Corn has hold up well in the face of the severe decline in wheat prices. An enormous export business is reported, the quantity being limited only by the scarcity of cars to move this grain to scaboard. Reports from Argentina State that 75 per cent, of the corn crop has received irreparable damage. Oats have also shown unexpected strength. A large business is reported for export with indications that much more could be disposed of if transportation problems were normal. Barley like maize has not dropped very much. The demand for this cereal is good but little business can be put through on account of the scarcity of tonnage. The outstanding feature in the past week's hay market was the advice from the Dominion Government that no hay will be required for February. Prices are unchanged but they will likely work down in the absence of demand.

Closing wheat prices are for Chicago, \$1.711/4 for May and \$1.681/4 for July as compared with \$1.867/8 and \$1.531/4 last Monday. Winnipeg reports \$1.713/4 for May, \$1.45% for July and \$1.35 for September,

as compared with \$1.86% for May and \$1.831/4 for July last week.

Grains:	per	per bushet.	
Spring Wheat Manitoba, No. 1 Northern	4114	1.85 1.82 1.78 1.58	
Winter Wheat Ontario, No. 2	1.78	1.80	
Oats: No. 2 C. W	0.68½ 0.66½ 0.66½ 0.67½ 0.66½ 1.14 1.03		

#### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

EGGS: Supplies of Canadian storage eggs are practically exhausted, a number of dealers being already out of supplies. Fortunately there are some storage eggs in Western Canada and a number of cars are on their way East from points such as Edmonton, Calgary, Moose Jaw and Winnipeg. It is expected that some Chinese eggs will come on to this market, but not for two or three weeks. The price is not known as yet. The market for eggs at Chicago is fluctuating, storage being quoted on Saturday at 34c to 35c as compared with 37c to 38c the week before. The first lot of new laids is reported to have arrived from the United States, the quality being satisfactory. It is purely a question of supply, demand and weather. Canadian new laids are increasing in supply, but dealers are still paying 55c less express, but it is intimated that a shade lower prices will shortly prevail.

POTATOES: The only potatoes on the market just now are those that have been carried over from last fall. No further stocks are coming in on account of the scarcity of empty cars and the very cold weather, and the result is that what potatoes are in store have gone up considerably. Owing to embargoes and storms no relief is in sight until the first of the month. The American enquiry for potatoes in the Provinces of Quebec and New Brunswick is good at top prices. Very few potatoes are now being shipped from St. John and Halifax owing to the difficult of trans-shipping in the cold

weather.	
Eggs:— Special New Laid	0.60
Extras	$0.45 \\ 0.42$
Potatoes:	0.12
New Brunswick, Delawares, 90-lb.	2.75
Ontario, 90-lb. bags	2.50
Gan. hand-picked car lots	7.30
Three-lb. pickers	$\frac{7.20}{6.75}$
Six to seven-lb. pickers 5.00	5.90

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#### 17 PASSENGERS PTTT ON CANADIAN RAILWAYS.

According to the annual report of the Railway Commission, tabled at Ottawa, seventeen, of all the passengers carried by Canadian railways were killed last year, and 40 were injured. This is a small number of casualties when compared with the total passenger traffic of 41,551,031 persons. Of the total number of railway employees, 124,142, in the Canadian railway services, some 120 were killed and 788 were injured. By far the greatest number to suffer from railroad accidents were trespassers on the right of way. Of such persons 143 were killed, or 42 per cent of all that class who figured in accidents. As a result of the large number of such fatalities the Railway Commission has been cooperating with the attorneys-general of the different provinces for the strict prosecuting of trespassers on railway tracks.

### TORONTO RAILWAY SHAREHOLDERS.

The control of the Toronto Railway Company rests with the shareholders in Montreal and the province of Quebec.

Out of the total of 119,978 shares represented in the division, Montreal and the province of Quebec represents 80,030 shares as compared with 28,213 shares held in Toronto and the rest of Ontario.

The number of shareholders in this province is 1.546, compared with 901 throughout Ontario.

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## DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

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Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

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For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA OCTOBER 7th, 1916.