HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

McGill Won Against Queen's Mainly Through Great Playing of George Laing

MONTREAL SLUMPED

Argos Beaten in First Three Quarters of Game, Come Back Strong in Last Session and Defeat Winged Wheelers.

When old football fans of the intercollegiate chapter of the loyal lodge of fans are talking over "great plays we have seen," they will have to class George Laing with the great Casey Baldwin, who made the run that won the Dominion championship for 'Varsity against Ottawa. While George's sprint on Saturday in Kingston had less depending on it, it was just as spectacular as that which made the name of Baldwin on that will never be forgotten. Catching the ball on McGill's dead line Saturday Laing ran the full length of the field through his own team, avoiding innumerable Queen's tackles, placing the ball directly between the Presbyterians' goal posts. He followed this up with strong punting, which gave his team the lead again after Queens had run ahead in the scoring. Second in individual brilliancy was the work of "Monty" Montgomery, who secured a loose ball which McQuay failed to gather in and plunged over for the final touch, which gave the red and white the victory by 18 to 6.

McGill did not seem to be much weaker as a result of the shaking up resulting from the absence of Lemay and Waterous, except that they were a trifle slow in starting their plays. This will soon be rectified and the local team should beat 'Varsity on their field just as easily as they did last season. That was no walk-over, however, and the boys are not likely to forget that the Toronto crew are hard to beat in their own back yard.

The school boys will soon be demanding a handicap from that Lower Canada College team. Not satisfied with merely winning their games, the L.C.C. scoring machine keep on piling up points even when they are thirty or forty to the good. Saturday they beat St. Albans 63 to 0, which was almost decisive.

After outplaying Argonauts for three-quarters of the game Saturday the winged wheelers went to pieces in the final session and allowed the Toronto fourteen to beat them 22 to 13. Now there is a three-cornered tie in the Interprovincial with Ottawa out of it.

"The game was rough all the way through and both teams were guilty of dirty tactics,"—from account of St. Patrick's and Hamilton Rowing Club game. "The match was a gruelling affair with more rough play than has been seen for some time," from the account of the Montreal-Argonaut game.

"Throughout the game rough play was conspicuous by its absence,"—from account of Queens-McGill game.

Added to these comments the facts that on the whole the Intercollegiate plays far better football and is it any wonder that the university organization is rapidly replacing the inter-city organization in popularity?

The drastic change in playing tactics in American college football is evidently favoring the smaller colleges this year. Saturday Yale was beaten by Washington and Jefferson. Penn. State held Harvard to a tie and in spite of the inspiration of playing in their brand new Stadium, Princeton just nosed out Dartmouth. While the last mentioned is not so significant, as Dartmouth is always a strong football college, the Yale and Harvard experience will open the eyes of the wise ones.

Boxing is securing a good foothold in Montreal. Next Monday "Black Bill," a negro fighter who is credited with good fights against Jeannette, Langford and Johnston, is scheduled to meet Clive Hawkins, a fighter who is well known locally, before the members of the Montreal Sporting Club in Prince Arthur Hall.

Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America signed an agreement with the receivers for the National Electric Signalling Company of Pittsburg, ending the expensive patent litigation, providing that each company may use the other's patents on a royalty basis.

NOTES ON PUBLIC UTILITIES

The Midway Gas Company, the pioneer corporation organized in California for the purpose of buying gas from the field producers and transporting it through pipe lines for sale to distributing corporations, is to be reorganized. The committee in charge of the reorganization is composed of Cyrus Peirce, Ferdinand Reis, Jr., S. Waldo Coleman, W. G. Kerchoff and H. R. Tobey, with Jared How as counsel. The rate at which the gas has been sold to the distributing companies has been cut nearly 50 per cent. by the State Railroad Commission, and it is found impossible to pay the high prices for gas called for in the contracts. The reorganization plan provides for the issuance of $1,500,000 fifteen year 6 per cent. bonds, secured by a first mortgage on all properties of the company to be exchanged for the present serial bonds. It is further provided that all earnings after operating expenses, taxes, interest and preferred dividends shall be paid into a fund for the redemption of the outstanding bonds in the order designated by the present indenture. In addition it is planned to adjust the contracts and prices for gas in the fields so that it can be sold to the distributing companies at a profit.

The Wisconsin Edison Company, Inc., reports that the operating revenues for the month ended September 30, 1914, were $697,341; a decrease of 4.3 per cent. from the revenues in the corresponding period of the preceding year. Operating expenses were $426,441.05, an increase of 1.17 per cent.; net earnings, $270,900, a decrease of 11.8 per cent.; balance available for the Wisconsin Edison Company, Inc., and depreciation of subsidiary companies, $133,998.10, a decrease of 24.2 per cent. For the twelve months ended September 30, 1914, operating revenues amounted to $8,625,622, an increase of 3.51 per cent. over the preceding year; operating expenses, $5,209,086, an increase of 3.58; net earnings, $3,486,536, an increase of 3.41 per cent.; balance available for the Wisconsin Edison Company, Inc., and depreciation of subsidiary companies, $1,895,473, an increase of 49 per cent. The appropriation for depreciation during the twelve months acmunted to $804,970 an increase of 8.8 per cent. over the preceding year.

All Eylesby electric properties for the week ended October 10 showed net connected load gains of 765 customers, with 403 kilowatts lighting load and 897 horse-power in motors. New business contracted for included 1,275 customers, with 594 kilowatts lighting load and 725 horse-power in motors, 7 signs with 2,116 lamps and orders for wiring seventy-five already built houses. The output of the properties for the week was 7,826,951 kilowatt hours, an increase of 11.1 per cent., over the corresponding week of 1913. Manufactured gas output increased 5.8 per cent. over same week of last year.

N. W. Halsey & Co., and Harris, Forbes & Co., announce that the progress of the affairs of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company enables that company, even under present conditions, to redeem immediately $2,500,000 of its 5 per cent. notes, due March, 1915. The total issue of notes is $7,000,000. The company is advertising for sealed offerings.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM NOV. 16th.

Secretary McAdoo estimates that the new reserve requirement for National Banks as prescribed by law, will release more than $400,000,000. Comptroller of the Currency estimated that amount to be $274,000,000 based upon National Bank figures of September 12th.

Washington, October 26.—Secretary McAdoo announces that the Federal Reserve System will be put into operation on November 16. Recently the directors of Federal Reserve Banks by vote of 37 to 35 indicated that their choice was November 30th.

WHEAT EXPORTS.

Chicago, October 26.—Last week's export sales of breadstuffs in North America averaged nearly 2,000,000 bushels daily, or new high record. Experienced traders say Europe will need all we can spare.

Eastman Kodak Co. has purchased factory of Eastern Chemical Co. at Elwood, Conn. The company is only one in America which has manufactured photodrapsic acids, most of which have come from Germany.

A single deposit of $1,000,000 was made with a big New York trust company by a foreign buyer. One of the large banks in the financial district received an order to pay a bill of $1,000,000 for woollen cloth purchased for a foreign army.

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COLLEGE BOYS CHEER MONTREAL'S BRAVE POLICEMEN

Constables Called to Search House on University St. For Burglars.—McGill Boys Proclaim Them Heroes.

People living on University street, just above Sherbrooke street, the other night might well have thought that the riot act was being read or that the Russian army had entered Berlin, from the shouts and cheers which proceeded from hundreds of lusty lungs.

Nothing of the kind, however, had taken place, nevertheless the crowd was there. It occupied the entire lower part of the street and was composed mostly of McGill students, some of them in their street clothes, many in dressing gowns and all stood apparently gazing toward the heavens, like the modern sentinel waiting the appearance of some hostile air craft. A closer examination proved that their gaze was directed towards the upper windows of an apparently vacant house on the east side of the street. As each new arrival came up there was the same question asked: What's up? What's the game? There was always some one ready to answer, although there was no similarity in their replies. Only one thing did they agree upon, that four policemen armed with revolvers had been seen to creep around to the rear of the house and enter by the back door. The very fact of seeing two policemen at one time on University street was sufficient excuse for a large crowd assembling but four policemen, there was no need to say more.

The general idea was that there was a gang of Austrian or German plotters seeking shelter in the house and someone said that an explosion would soon occur similar to the one which wrecked the houses on Frontenac street, so the crowd wisely kept their distance and watched with awe the flickering light of the policemen's lanterns as they moved from window to window.

At last after even the most patient had become restless out from behind the rear of the building marched the four brave constables, on coming out into the light and safety of the street they replaced their weapons in their hip pocket. The action, however, was one which drew the admiration of the crowd who were then certain the mission they had been engaged on had been a most dangerous one, and when the four officers sprang into an empty motor car which was darting up the street and drove off, some lusty freshmen shouted three cheers for the policemen, which was taken up by all around and drew still larger crowds. The crowd then gave the McGill yell and dispersed to spread the story of plotting Germans and bomb-making Austrians. One small boy, however, who had been standing on the spot from the beginning of the affair had the true facts. "I don't know much about history nor Germany, nor plots," said he, "but I knew all along that there was no burglars in that house. Them lights that they thought was in the rooms was only the reflection of the street lamps on the windows."

TRADE INQUIRIES

The following were among the enquiries relating to Canadian trade received at the Office of the High Commissioner for Canada, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., during the week ending October 12th, 1914.

A London firm wish to negotiate with Canadian exporters of apples with a view to selling such produce on commission.

A North of England firm make enquiry for names of Canadian importers of cotton yarns.

A Manchester correspondent asks for names of Canadian importers of cotton piece goods (grey, white, dyed, or printed), and fancy woven goods, etc., also wooddens, requiring a buying agent in Great Britain.

A Manchester firm manufacturing pattern cards wishes to correspond with wholesale dry goods houses and others in Canada who have previously purchased from Germany and other countries.

A correspondent in Spain reports a demand in that country for Canadian wood pulp, in consequence of the suspension of Swedish supplies.

A London firm desire to get into touch with a firm in the Dominion willing to co-operate with them in introducing to the Canadian market a line of bottled Harrogate spring waters, to take the place of the German and Austrian waters, the supply of which is now suspended.

A correspondent at Havre, France, makes enquiry for names of Canadian exporters or U. K. importers of Canadian beans.

Enquiry is made by a London firm for names of Canadian firms able to manufacture aniline dyes.

A Yorkshire firm of belting manufacturers and general mill furnishers desires to appoint an agent in Canada.

A Canadian company operating a chain of co-operative stores in Ontario desire to receive quotations from U. K. manufacturers of pickles, sauces, jams, marmalades, powder jellies, corn starch, biscuits and other packed provisions.

Enquiry is made by a firm of engineers at Ottawa for names of English colliery owners requiring supplies of pit props.

A firm in the province of Ontario manufacturing high-grade carriages desire to correspond with parties open to assist them in securing a market in Great Britain.

A firm in the province of Ontario manufacturing kitchen cabinets desire to get into touch with parties open to assist them in securing a market in Great Britain.

Catalogues are desired from United Kingdom firms able to supply machinery for the manufacture of lead pencils.

A Montreal wholesale jeweller asks for names of United Kingdom manufacturers of velvet and leatherette jewel cases, for which he states there is a large market due to the suspension of German supplies.

A MEXICAN QUESTION.

New York, October 26.—In a recent state examination in Georgia for public school teachers, the following question under the head of "Geography" was propounded.

"Locate Mexico, give its climate, principal imports, exports and form of government."

To this question one of the applicants answered: "Mexico is located southwest of the United States. Its climate has been very unhealthy for some years past. Its chief imports are powder and lead. Its chief exports are dead Americans. Nobody but God and Bill Bryan knows its form of government."

Cosden Refining Co. has doubled its authorized common stock from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000. Of new capital, $200,000 will be used to pay for half interest in producing company, $200,000 will be held in treasury for redemption of similar amount of preferred stock, and part of remaining $60,000 will be used to pay off floating debt.

GLEANED FROM MANY SOURCES

The Prince of Wales National Relief Fund amounts to $16,930,000.

Between 10,000,000 and 12,000,000 bushels of wheat were taken for export last week.

It is semi-officially announced that Germany will take measures to check the exportation of sugar.

John Redmond says 26,000 men from all parts of Ireland have joined the army since the war started.

The Swiss Government will issue $10,000,000 five per cent. loan at par in November.

Lippencott's Magazine has been sold by J. P. Lippencott and Company to McBride, Mast and Company.

Prussian Diet has passed war bills, including one for new credit of $375,000,000.

Rosario and Salvatore di Giorgia, formerly with Atlantic Fruit Co., have organized Tropical Fruit Co.

Northern Pacific has asked for bids on 100 all steel passenger, baggage and mail cars. The value is $2,000,000.

Mexican Coal & Coke Co. of Jersey City has decreased its capital stock as a New Jersey corporation from $5,000,000 to $50,000.

The New York Subway will be ten years old on Tuesday, the first train having been operated on October 27, 1904.

Anthony J. Drexel has left London for Paris, intending to join his son, J. Armstrong Drexel, at the front as a chauffeur.

The Paris Figaro says that the Bourse will not open at the end of October as rumored, but after the London Stock Exchange opens on November 18th.

Contribution by Canadian Pacific employes of one day's pay to the Canadian Patriotic Fund amounted to $141,738.

The theatrical season in New York is bad, financially, and the managers throughout the country report this as the worst season they have ever known.

Toledo, Peoria & Western has ordered 1,000 tons of standard section rail, and the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton has also ordered 1,000 tons.

Figures made public by German trade unions place the number of unemployed in Germany at 500,000 with two to six applicants for every position offered.

The Berlin Tageblatt publishes a telegram from Vienna saying that the Belgian Government suspended payment of coupons on Belgian consols on October 1st.

Aemriacn Hardware Manufacturers Association, representing invested capital of over $2,000,000,000, will hold its convention at Atlantic City, October 28, 29 and 30.

The Russian Government is planning an income tax to compensate for the loss of 400,000,000 sustained through the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of Vodka.

Berlin reports the number of prisoners of war confined in German camps on October 21st as 5,401 officers and 291,468 men, including six French, 13 Russian and 3 Belgian generals.

Thomas A. Edison has perfected battery for submarines to replace old lead battery, which latter gives off chlorine fumes when flooded with salt water, weakening lungs of the crew.

Giulio Ulivi, inventor of the "F-Rays," supposed to explode torpedoes, shells and dynamite at a distance, said in Milan new apparatus would be used in the war. It is believed Germany was the buyer.

William A. Clark ,owner of United Verde copper mine: "As copper has practically become a conditional contraband of war, I have issued orders to my companies to export no copper until the war is over."

Official announcement is made that a German submarine has been rammed and sunk by the British destroyer Badger, Commander Charles Freemantle, off the Dutch coast. The Badger's bow was somewhat damaged.

New York Tribune says that in one of the best known Wall Street banks it was estimated that purchases of commodities in the United States recently on behalf of the belligerent powers had amounted to not less than $50,000,000 or $60,000,000.

James M. Beck, former assistant attorney-general of the United States, reviewing evidence submitted in the Orange, White and Gray papers, and taking into consideration the various treaties, lays the blame for the present war in Europe wholly on Germany and Austria, in an article in the Sunday Times.

Smith & Wesson factory at Springfield, Mass., is working night and day in three shifts, turning out revolvers. It is said that the supply of 45 calibre revolvers has run out and that there is also a dearth of .45 calibre ammunition.

E. C. O'Brien, former United States Minister to Uruguay, proposes nation-wide conference of American bankers with prominent South Americans to devise means of extending to South America banking credit needed to establish trade with the United States.

Standard Oil Co., of New Jersey, in statement regarding seizure of three of its tankers, says cargoes of the three vessels represent normal shipments of illuminating oil to old established clients who have large distributing organizations for supplying the local trade.

Milwaukee special says Pfister & Vogel Leather Co. is working day and night filling orders for leather to be used for 4,000,000 pairs of shoes for armies of the allies. Extra men are being put on in many departments. Several shoe manufacturers have been asked to bid on a large order for shoes.

Sir George Paish is quoted by Washington despatches as stating that he does not believe the London Stock Exchange will re-open for business until after the Christmas holidays. His personal opinion is that it would be perfectly safe to resume operations in securities much earlier than that. No explanation is given for the difference between his own and his official view.

NEWS OF WORLD TOLD IN BRIEF

Carman Jury Disagrees After Thirteen Hours Deliberation---Ten for Acquital

MAJOR RIVERS-BULKELEY DEAD

Former Comptroller of Gov. General's Household Killed in Action—More Anti-German Riots in London.

After deliberating for thirteen hours and fourteen minutes, the jury which had listened for the last six days to the evidence of the Carman murder trial filed wearily into the court room at 10.58 o'clock Sunday morning, and the foreman announced that it was impossible to come to any agreement. A tired justice of the Supreme Court and the tired attorneys for the opposing sides, showed themselves to be greatly disappointed at the failure of the nerve-racking week to produce any but a negative result. Mrs. Florence C. Carman, careworn and with deep lines of anxiety marking her pale face, broke down completely and had to be assisted from the room. She had spent a sleepless night while the jury was trying to decide what her fate should be, and the suspense had told on the woman who had amazed all who saw her by her remarkable self-composure in court. Here nerves were at last completely unstrung.

General Sir Chas. Whittingham Horsley Douglas, chief of the Imperial General Staff and First Military Member of the Army Council, died yesterday.

General Sir Charles Douglas was appointed chief of staff of the British Army on April 1 last, following the resignation of Sir John French, the present commander of the British expeditionary force on the Continent. Sir Charles was born in 1850 and had served in all Great Britain's wars since the Afghan campaign of 1879. He had been Inspector-General of the home forces since 1912, when he was made chief of the General Staff.

Italy, although constantly proclaiming neutrality, is gradually preparing to be able to face, military and financial, any event to which the development of war or the necessity to protect her supreme interests may drive her.

News has been received at Government House of the death in action of Major Rivers-Bulkeley, formerly comptroller of the household to H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught. Major Rivers-Bulkeley left to rejoin his regiment, the Scots Guards, shortly after the outbreak of the war.

The news was received with keen regret in Ottawa, where the deceased officer was well known in social and official circles. His marriage took place last year to the Hon. Miss Pelly, lady-in-waiting to H. R. H. the Princess Patricia.

Anti-German riots occurred early Sunday morning in the Clapham district of London. A German baker's shop was wrecked, and police reserves were called out and dispersed the rioters, who numbered several hundred.

The German Athenaeum Club, one of the finest clubs in London, the membership of which includes all the most prominent Germans in England, closed its doors voluntarily on Saturday night. A statement was issued to the effect that the staff had been dismissed, as it was impossible to continue the club on account of the opposition to everything German in London.

A Pretoria despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company says that the Government of the Union of South Africa publishes the text of a treaty concluded between the rebel Colonel Martiz and the Governor of German South-west Africa, whereby the centre of the Orange River was to be the boundary between German South-west Africa and Cape Province.

It is also stated that Germany had no objection to the proposed new South Africa republic taking possession of Delagoa Bay.

Hon. C. W. Cross, attorney-general of Alberta, who is at the Ritz-Carlton on his way home from Washington, where he represented the Alberta bar at the recent meeting of the American Bar Association stated yesterday during an interview that the government of that province would have a very progressive immigration policy. He said that they would like to have a million Belgians in the country as there are already a great number of King Albert's subjects there and as they are splendid workers, thrifty and contented and he is of the opinion that many more will come to Canada at the end of the present war.

Adelina Patti, after her long retirement, re-appeared Saturday at the patriotic concert given in Albert Hall, with the King, the Queen and other members of the Royal Family present. Her pure vocalization of Mozart's aria, "Voi che Capete" from "The Marriage of Figaro," delighted the critics, many of whom had not heard her for almost a generation. Encores are contrary to etiquette when royalty is present, but the rule was stretched, thus permitting Mme. Patti to sing "Home, Sweet Home," her rendition arousing the same furore with which it was always greeted when she was the reigning queen of song. The diva, now in her seventy-second year, was given an unprecedentedly enthusiastic ovation by the audience of 8,000 persons, and she wiped away tears of appreciation as she responded to the demand for the familiar melody of "Home, Sweet Home."

Germany's right to land troops in Canada, if possible, and thus secure at least a temporary foothold on the American continent, has been upheld by Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador here, who declared this would not be a violation of the Monroe Doctrine. The ambassador suggested that, as Canada was sending soldiers to Europe to fight against his country, the United States should not consider it in any sense an infringement on the Monroe Doctrine if Germany should land an armed force on Canadian soil.

Discussing his now much-talked-of note of September 3 to the State Department here explaining the attitude of the German Government towards the Monroe Doctrine, and giving assurances that Germany was not contemplating any South American colonization scheme in event of victory over the Allies, the ambassador said only South America was referred to at that time because there had never been any question raised as to possible German attempts to seek colonization in any other part of the American hemisphere.

WEATHER: COOL

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WAR SUMMARY.

Berlin says that the British fleet co-operating with the land forces off the coast of Belgium has been driven to sea by German artillery fire.

Vienna is the source of a report that an Anglo-French-Russian naval agreement has been made under which the Russian, Baltic and Black Sea fleets are placed under the command of British Admirals.

Brussels cable says nearly 7,000,000 persons in Belgium face famine.

London says the situation on the Allies left is satisfactory, and that Germans are being forced to give ground.

Along a front of 66 miles, a great battle is being fought on a line about 50 miles southwest of Warsaw.

Austrian resistance in Galicia is said by Russians to be weakening.

Major-General Hughes, Canadian Minister for Defence, says fully 2,000 Americans have come to Canada to enlist in the Canadian forces.

A dispatch from Athens says Germany is transporting submarines to Turkey by rail, parts of the first to arrive are being put together at Smyrna.

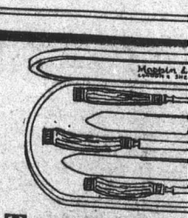
French government has bought foodstuffs and war material in the United States amounting to $30,000,000 since the war started.

A Copenhagen despatch says the Germans are building a new type of large submarine to be used for transportation of troops. Boats can be used also as pontoons on the surface.

The British Government will pay the White Aeroplane Company $375,000 for the use of its patents for military purposes in settlement of suit brought by the Wright Company for the infringement of patents.

The Swedish diplomat reports that the Germans occupying Brussels have mined the King's Palace Hotel de Ville, together with other prominent buildings and Central Boulevard Anspach, with the view of dynamiting the city if forced to evacuate it.

It is reported that German troops are being hurried westward through Ghent while the big guns are pounded south from Antwerp which indications point to a great concentration of troops in the Ostend region in attempt to hold that city.



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