EMMŁ RSON **TESTIFIES**

Opening of Criminal Libel Suit Against the Gleaner at Fredericton.

Ex-Minister of Railways Tells of Incident at St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, Upon Which Alleged Libel Was Based.

(Special to The Daily News)
Ottawa, May 30.—Emmerson gave vidence in his own case at Frederic-on today. He told about taking a rip from Montreal to Ottawa in 1906 le said he went to the St. Lawrence all at 7:30 in the evening to look for eters, a friend. Glancing over the egister, he noticed the name of the ife of a constituent and her friend. le went to their room, and not havg had supper, invited them out to a estaurant with him. They had their pper together at the Oxford restauant, and he afterwards returned to the otel with them. Their room was in he front of the hovel. His was in the extreme rear. After bidding them good bye he returned to his room and oked a short time and then went to d been asleep before he heard a on the door, and, opening it und the ladies there. He first dressed imself, and then admitted them. Une as very much agitated, and stated at they had been insulted by a porr. and were bound to leave the hotel de tried to quiet her, but did not meet with much success. Her lady friend, hom he had known since girlhood. as not anxious to leave at that hour e inquired into the trouble and earned from the porters that there as no occasion for the ladies to leave The porters partly apologized for the conduct of the other porter. He drove the ladies to another hotel, as they would not remain. Next morning he vent to Ottawa with Lemieux and at-

Emmerson said one of the ladies was friend he had known since childhood. he was a woman of irreproachable character and moved in good society. The other lady he had casually met at Moncton with her friend. He had no idea that the libel referred to these women being of ill-repute. He was women being of ill-repute. He was never ejected from a hotel in Monreal in his life. Mrs. Allen, of Monon, whose father was a friend of the family, and Mrs. Bethune, of Levis, were the two women who were regis-tered at the St. Lawrence and whom he removed to the Albion hotel. Mrs. en's husband was a friend of his.

e working expenses of the 20,000 club, far with gratifying results. A meeting the advertising committee was held st evening and a program was considered Whether the program can be adhered pends entirely upon the response of the

CREE ROYAL GROWN SOAP WRAPPERS

2019 Westminster Road, Vancouver. B.. C. Drop us a post card asking for a cata

FOR SALE

Hotel Hume, 2 lots and furniture .. \$60,000 Block V., Balfour ,12 lots Lot 3 and E 1-2 2, block 1, with buildings, partly rented, \$45 month . 10,000-7 lots block 44D., bearing fruit trees 2,500-Lots 7 and 8, w half 9, block 14, with

 8-room dwelling
 4,000

 8 lots, town of Silverton
 1,000

 Half interest 200 acres Slocan Lake
 750

 Quarter interest Trout Lake City.. 2,500;

160 acres Pass valley Half interest 70 acres, 3 miles up Cottonwood Creek.. 250

J. FRED HUME

M. J. HENRY'S

NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSES

Headquarters for Pacific Coast grown Carden, Field and Flower See Large stock of HOME-GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Trees now matured

future planting. No expense, loss or delay of fumigation or inspection.

BEE SUPPLIES, Spray Pumps, Spray-

ing Material, Greenhouse Plants, Cut

We do business on our own grounds -no rent to pay and are prepared tomeet all competition. Catalogue free.

M. J. HENRY

THE WEEKLY NEWS

VOL. 6

NELSON. B. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1907

FXHIBITION

First International Show Held in England a Big Success.

Hackney Stallion, Owned by Pabst of Milwauker, Carries Of Sir John Kerr's Championsulp Gold Cup.

London, June 7 horse show held of horses simil respects to
Garden,
competithose held in Ma with the added interest . tors come from many countries, was opened at Olympia oday and will last a week The building was not large enough to house all the horses in in the various classes and all the stabling in the neighborhood had to ge utilized. The seatcapacity also promised to be taxed to the utmos, and all the boxes were taken

The Ame of horness received much attention, the the in which they were comfortably housed, being surrounded by continental horsemen. The morning events w one American horse in the running, Sir Humphrey, a Hackney stallion, the property of F. Pabst of Milwaukee. He arried every hing before him, taking the

years old and over, foaled in or before 19.3 and standing over 15.2 hands, Sir Humphrey also carried off a greater hon r, the champion gold cup, presented by si John Kerr, for the best Hackney stallion in the show. This victory, by far the most important of the morning, was loudly apauded. The winner easily outchassed his compeditors, among which were horses from Engand, Feland, Holland and Belgium, many of them prize winners at con-

ed by Lewrence Jones of Lou'svil e, Ky. ok the first prize for ladies' hacks, not under 14.2 and not exceeding 15.2 hands, ridden by a ledy, beati g several entries Alfred Vanderbilt and Walter Winans, American resident of England.

DR. LAB: U'S RANCH SOLD

MOST IMPORTANT FRUIT LAND DEAL IS CLOSED

PRICE IS SAID TO APPROXIMATE \$80,000

Probably the most important sale of fruit lands ever made in this city was finally closed out last night, the final incident being a champagne dinner at tne Strathcona.

The property disposed of is Dr. La-Bau's well-known Cold Springs ranch, on the west arm of Kootenay lake, just west of Procter, and some 16 miles east of this city. The deal is said to have been brought about by several parties, out Mr. Gordon, an Englishman and a part owner of the ranch, is said to have played an important part. The purchasers of the property are understood to be Arthur B. Francis and R. Saviile Francis, two Englishmen, who reached Nelson some little time ago by way of nonton, where they had o look over the country. Mr. Gordon is said to have a third interest with the Francis brothers, The consideration paid for the property, and indeed most of the facts connected with the deed, are withheld for the present, but it is clear that from \$70,000 to \$80,000 was the amount obtained. The documents were signed and the money paid over ast evening and the new purchasers will

take possession at once.

The Cold Springs ranch is the largest on the south side of the Arm, covering 600 acres, and is one of the best imp.oved of any in the vicinity of Nelson. It is understood that the purchasers will cultivate this land themselves and will grow fruit for the English market,

which is today asking for more than this district can at present supply.

It was stated last night that another and still larger land deal was on the verge of consummation, but all details were withheld.

B. C. COPPER CO.'S SMELTER

Two Furnaces Blown In-Machinery for

Sunset Mine. (Special to The Daily News)

Greenwood, June 4.-Colgate Hoyt, the president of the B. C. Copper company, limited, owning the Mother Lode nine, in Deadwood camp, the Oro Denoro mine, in Summit camp, and the melter at Greenwood, came to town last evening on a special train from New York. He will spend a few days specting the properties of the company and will then return to New York. The B. C. Copper company blew in wo of their furnaces at the smelter

last evening about 6 o'clock. The machinery at the Sunset mine is ing placed in position as fast as posing to the Dominion Copper company, which was shipping about 800 tons per week previous to the coal miners'

provincial force, who will act in that cured by the city council. The contractor for the installation of the new sewage system will begin op-erations on Monday next and will be pushed with all speed, and it is hoped the work will be completed before Sep-

HENDERSON FOR THE YUKON

(Special to The Daily News) Vancouver, June 7.—It was announced here today that ex-county court judge Henderson had received the proffer of the position of commissioner of the Yukon and that he had accepted the post. He leaves for Ottawa tomorrow

Fowler, M.P., of King Albert, in an interview here stated that Emmerson was out of politics, no matter what the final result of the Gleaner libel suit might be. He also stated that two other cabinet ministers would resign as a result of the insurance commission

NELSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

Fred vine, George Johnstone and A. W. Dyer heave on Monday night as lay de egates to the Anglican synod meeting held this year at Vernon on the 12th and

At the mining recorder's office on June 3 a certificate of work was issued to R. Blundell on the Athlone. Henry Riser recorded the location of the Mertice near Duck creek, and C. Olson, the Gideon on Hall creek.

George Bourgeois has applied for a fi ouild at Crescent Valley, two miles nor west of Slocan Junction, on the Socan river. The application will come before the commissioners on June 15.

The annual shareholders' meeting of the Yale-Kootenay Ice, Fruit, Fuel and Poultry company, was held at the company's office here yes erday afternoon. Owing to the large expenditure made during the pist year an capital account, the yearly of lend was passed. The old board of di-

After 16 years residence here Al. Gray is leaving on Saturday night for Hazetton where he will sette down as a fruit grower. Mrs. Gray w.ll remain in Spokane until her husband gets a home ready. Mr. Gray says her grets leavi. g Kooten y and only hopes to meet as good tries and neighbors as he has whilst living

H. E. Donglas local agent of the G.N.R. received word yes erday that the midnight schedule on the S. F. and N. going into force next Sunday, will be as follows: The train from the south will reach here at 1:55 a.m., and will leave here for Spokane at 12:30 a.m., arriving in Spokane a.m., and leaving that city at 4:25 p.m. for Nelson.

According to the Spokesman-Review Joe Carter will assume his new duties at Spo-kane as agent there for the Spokane-In-ternational and the C.P.R. on Monday next The first through rains from Spokane and St. Paul will start on June 17. Mr. Carter's new ticket office will be at the corof Riverside and Stevens street, in

A local building boom is wanted. Peo ple desirous of taking up their resilence here say that they cannot purchase or rent a modern residence of the size required. There is a general inc ination to come to this city for residential purposes, openly expressed by certain dwellers in more than one nearby town, if homes can be got this season.

The level of the lake is rising steadily but boatmen say that high water this season will cause no moonvenience along the city waterfront, whatever it may do at some of the ranches. Yesterday the level was nine feet below the high water mark of 1904, the record ou side of that in 1894. Three years ago the high water mark was

A protest, as appended, has been signed by 37 residents of Erie and neighborhood and forwarded to the manager of the Spokane Falls and Northern railway company: "We, the undersigned, strong y pro-test against the proposed change of time in the passenger train service between Neison and Spokane, as it will cause great in convenience to travel between Nelson and local stations and also loss of busi-

N. Wolverton, father of A. N. Wolver ton, real estate agent, of this city, and formerly superintendent of the dominion xperimental farm at Brandon, arrived last night and will take up his residence here, his wife and the rest of the family oming here in the fall. Mr. Wolverion bonate street. Mr. come addition to the ranks of local rib-

At the mining recorder's office on June 4, certificates of work were issued to W. Waldie on the Bullion; to Alex Long on the Copper Butle; to John F. Harbottle on the He ena, and to Archie McDougall on the Republic, Meadow Lark and Empire, the last two to apply on the R public. Martha Davis recorded the location of the Homestake on he south fork of the Salmon river and W. Connol y the Last Chance, also on the south fork of the

FERNIE'S CHIEF OF POLICE Fernie, June 7 .- For some weeks this city has been without the services of a chief of police, owing to the resignation of chief Walker. The position, however, has been filled temporarily by the ap-

ADD TO ORCHARD'S RECORD OF CRIME

Cross-Examination Elicits Confession That He was a Confirmed Gambler. a Bigamist, a Thief and a Liar---He Married Widow With Three Children in 1903 at Cripple Creek and Deserted Her---Entered Into Employ of Mine Owners' Detectives After Vindicator Affair.

Idaho, June 7.—Counsel for William D. Haywood continued their attack on the testimony of Harry Orchard at both sessions of the trial today. They made their strongest assault on the witness in connection with the events beginning with the explosion at the Vindicator mine and ending with the earlier meetings between him and the leaders of the Western Feder on Miners in Driver. To the extent that traffic with the "other side" in the side of the between the side of the

bet in labor and capital in Colo mo was stablished, they succeeded in dis-crediting his evidence. Taking up the admission that Orchard was in the direct examination that he was treacterous to his comrades in Cripple Creek by disclosing a trainwrecking plot, they developed the fact that Orchard entered the employ of D. C. Scott, who has charge of the railway detectives in the employ of the Western Association of Mine Owners and that Scott paid his expenses and accompanied him to Den; ver on the trip when he first met Moyer and Haywood. He said that he had agreed to report to him and never did

The defense also tried to show that because he stood well with the mine owners Orchard was never molested i Cripple Creek by the militia during the strike. Orchard admitted that Scott had told him that if the militia interfered with him he was to send for him, and that the militia did not interfere with him or search his house.

Orchard said he went to Scott urst because he had not been paid for his work at the Vindicator mine and he was jealous because he was given hard work like the Vindicator mine job, whereas other men were assigned the simple job of train wrecking by dis-placing rails. Crimes great and small were added to Orchards record today The Cripple Creek woman with whom he had committed bigamy had three sons. Orchard stole high-grade ore from a messmate; he stole two cases of pow-der from the Vindicator mine; he stole powder to make one of the bombs

and he lied. The defense endeavored in various ways to throw doubt and improbabilitie around Orchard's whole Vindicator min story and the alleged connection of W. affair and the circumstances under which Orchard testified that he met Moyer and Haywood and was paid for the commission of the crime. It also ried to discredit Oreahrd's story that he was sent back to Cripple Creek with unlimited orders to commit any act of violence that he cared to. They con fronted Orchard with Easterly and Barnes and pave dthe way for the con-

tradiction of the story by others.

Several times during the day they pay ed the way for the controversion of testimony on material points. Orchard stood the test and s rain very well and held to his story he related yesterday and the day before. Suddenly towards the end of the day the defense took up the trip Orchard made to southern Colorado with Moyer in the early part of 1904 and shower that Moyer feared to go south unguard-ed because "mine owners" official thugs" had beaten innocent men and that he sent Orchard to aid in protecting him. I was agreed that they should carry shot guns and put them in the center of the car so that if they were attacked they

Richardson, questioning the witness, nade it very clear that this was an en irely straightforward arrangement, free

from any fake.

Counsel for the state started up sevral times during the day and in the passage at arms Mr. Hawley said that Mr. Richardson told a falsehood when he intimated that Orchard was a fixed

cross-examination of Orchard, who has been on the stand for three days, will be

(Special to The Daily News) Boise, Idaho, June 7 .- The cross-ex amination of Harry Orchard was continued eoday by E. F. Richardson. The story told on direct examination was olowed down to the time that Orchard went to Ouray with Moyer as body-guard in 1904, some time after the Vindicator explosion. Both sides seem well satisfied with the result of the day's work. In some matters the ness was a little confused, but he stuck to his story very closely. In a general to his story very closely. In a general way the story told in response to Richardson's questions was to add to the bad record of the witness. Along these lines a great deal was brought out. Orchard admitted he gambled a great deal when he was at work for wages and generally went back to work after a few days in town without a dollar. He admitted town without a dollar. He admitted marrying at Victor, though he had one

wife living.

The principal feature of the day was
the amplification of his story of having
informed detectives of a plan to wreck a train at Cripple Creek, and the story followed on in a narrative of his having taken mony from the detectives to get information for them on other matters. He declared he did not divulge any-

nad helped him plan some of the outrages committed by him. One of the men was asked to stand up in court and was identified by Crohard. During the day the witness complained that Richardson did not give him an opportunity to answer, and Richardson was admonished by the court to give him time. The examination today began where it left off last evening, covering the Coeur d'Alene affair in 1899.

Richardson asked Orchard if it was not true that he had to give up the wood yard in Burke because he gambled his capital away.
Orchard admitted that he had gambled

a great deal, but declared he was not professional gambler.

Richardson then reverted to the raid on the Bunker Hill and Sullavan mine mill. He took the prisoner over the trip from Burke as he told about it on direct examination. He asked the to tell on what part of the

passenger coach. In answers to Richardson he named the coach.

Were you at Mullan playing poker at the time of the explosion? "I was not."

When the stop was made to get pow-der at the 'Frisco mill, Orchard could not name any of the men who went after the powder, but was able to give the names of several who remained on ne train with him. Orchard said when the left the depot at Wardner he helped to carry the powder toward the mill. There were 80 or 90, he said.

"Can you name any of the men in that crowd of 80 or 90?"

"Peterson was one."
"Anyone else?"
"I don't think I could name any of "Only one man out of 80 or 52"
"Peterson is the only one I remember. He was by my side helping me

with some powder."
Orchard said he had worked as a milkman in Salt Lake, had mined in Utah, Nevada and Arizona, and spent one winter getting out wood in Callornia. "How much of that three years did

"How much of that three years und you actually do physical labor?"
"I think," was the reply, "that I worked on an average of 10 or 11 months out of each year." months out of each year."

Richardson asked questions regarding the money earned. He learned that Orchard was often short of funds. The witness said he had beat his way from Colorado to Butte, Montana. While in Butte he had gambled and had not jost much if any

much, if any.

Hawley objected to this question, but judge Wood overruled the objection. Orchard replied that, often he lost.

Orchard said he arrived in Colorado. ust after the 4th of July in 1902. He said he went back to get to work.
There was no trouble in Cripple Creek then he got there. After being at work met for the first time the only man he knew, W. F. Davis. Davis had co to the mine to get him to join the union. Up to this time he had not got acquainted with either Moyer, Pettibone, Haywood or Steve Adams. He knew Moyer and Haywood were of-

"You said on direct examination that for a while after the strike you were nigh-grading at the Vindicator

"That means you were an ore thief?" 'You can call it what you wish; I

"And sold it?"
"Yes." Orchard said that while working for the Vindicator mine, and after he quit, "he high-graded" about \$150 worth of

ore altogether.

While in the Vindicator "high-graling," Orchard said he found that a carload of powder was secreted in the mine. He told Davis about the powder. Orchard said that Davis told him "he'd give him \$200 to blow up the powder, and would get Campbell to help him.

"How many men did you expect to kill by blowing up that powder?"
"We figured it would kill every man n the mine." "How many would that be " "Possibly fifty; perhaps more."

"And you were expecting to kill fifty men for \$200?" "Did you figure the job of killing those men worth about \$4 a head?" inquired Richardson.

Hawley objected to the question as

out of form and the objection was sus-They failed to find the powder, At about this time Charles Moyer

thing to them excepting that train plot.
Orchard denied any knowledge of the plot having been hatched by detectives to prejudice the miners. He narrated that W. B. Easterly and Owen Barnes Bull hill to experiment with giant caps and a six-shooter.

"You went up on an eminence from which" the whole town could see you, to experiment?" asked Richardson. "No sir." replied Orchard.
"We went where no one could see us. Easterly took us to an old blacksmith

shop located on a ridge on Bull hill; we were out of sight."

Orchard said in November that he and Easterly made the experiments. He said Easterly knew all about the experi-

"Why did not Easterly go into the mine to help arrange for the explosion to set this death trap?" asked Richard-

"He would not do so," was the reply "He said he could not afford to take the chance, being an officer of the union." Orchard testified on direct examination that he went down the Nellie shaft to set the Vindicator bomb. Richardson asked him today if he did

not know that the entrance was bulk-headed. He said he was mistaken; that he went down shaft No. 11. Richardson asked if McParland had not posted him on that point. He sai dno, but he admitted he had talked with McParland ten minutes since testifying.

Orchard said he married a widow by the name of Mrs. Toney in June, 1903 She lived at Altman. He lived there with her three children. He had mar-ried as Harry Orchard. He moved into her house to live. It was 500 yards from the vindicator property. It up the hill from shaft No. 11. ived with Mrs. Toney the rest of the ime he was in the district and left her when he went away. Orchard said that when he set the bomb in the Vindicator mine he was broke. After the explosion, when McCormick and Beck had been killed, he went and asked Davis and Parker for the money, but they stood him off for the time being. He was to

"Well, I thought I had some coming; needed it. Yes, I felt sore. I did not

take any chance. I rustled the powder for the job and furnished my own gun."
"Then it was that you went and told D. C. Scott of the plot to wreck the

"Were you sore because you had not been employed to wreck the train?"
"Yes," was the answer. "I think I
was somewhat jealous. I needed the

"You thought you should have been the one that should have had the train-wrecking job? asked Richardson. "I felt that way about it," was the

eply. "I was mad or sore because after had done one job for them for rather small pay they went and hired somebody else to do a less dangerous job for con-siderably more pay. I was broke and they kept putting me off. I was kind of provoked and made up my mind I'd of provoked and made up my mind I'd ell the railway officials."

"Don't you know that the Vindicator explosion occurred on the 21st of No-vember, and the first attempt to wreck the train occurred on the 14th, a week revious to that?" asked Richard "I do not remember the date," replie Orchard.

Orchard said he went to Denver with D. C. Scott, a railway detective and who worked with detective Sterling, who was tion. Scott, he said, paid his transpor tation to Denver.

"You constantly visited Scott and Sterling in those days "

"You reported to them regularly?" Orchard denied that he had told Scott and Sterling he would go to Denver and get information against Moyer and Haywood. But he said he told K. C. Sterling he would try and find out some things about Easterly.
"I really wanted to go to Denver to see Easterly, to see if he could get me

ome money from Moyer or Haywood, said Orehard. "Did you not try to avoid letting the miners know you were with Scott a

great deal "
"Yes, I didn't care to have them se me, but I told Parker and Davis, after Scott to get to Denver."
"Bid you lie to Scott when you promised to get all kinds of information

"Yes sir, I did." He said Haywood and Mover told him that Easterly had gone to Pueblo. He said he was there at the Federation headquarters about 20 minutes, and had

not asked for money at that time.
"I did not want any money just then At about this time Charles Moyer They offered me some before I left, made a speech at Clinical park. Hay though."

wood was there. Both spoke. Orchard "They did?"

heard the speeches. He said both men cautioned the strikers against disorder and violence; that violence would hunch the strikers at the end worse than the

from the city. Either on that visit op the next visit Moyer paid me \$20. He gave it to me in one bill."
"How much of Scott's money did you

"Not much; I had a few dollars." Orchard said that before he left Denver, in the presence of Easterly and Moyer, Haywood paid him \$280, making \$300 with the \$20 Moyer had paid him. Richardson tried to get Orchard to considerations of the said Richardson tried to get Orchard to confess that after he got back to Cripple Creek he saw Scott and told him all that had transpired in Denver, but did not succeed in getting such an admission. Orchard said he saw Scott and told him some things just to satisfy him. Neither Scott nor Sterling ever paid him any money after that.

In regard to conversations with Haywood and Moyer as to what he should do when he go thac kto Cripple Creek, Orchard said in answer to a question

Orchard said in answer to a question

from Richardson:

"Haywood told me that when I got back to Cripple Creek to tear things np all I pleased. I could not, he said, make things too hot to suit him. He said that some plan to kill all of the soldiers would be particularly agreeable to him." "Who heard Haywood say this?" de-

nanded the attorney, savagely.
"Moyer was there and so was Mr Easterly," replied Orchard.
Orchard told of Moyer having given him \$100 at one time while on a visit o Cripple Creek. He said Moyer handed him a \$100 bill on the way to the

Richardson then referred back to the attempts to wreck trains.

Orchard said Scott had never told him that he had himself pulled the spikes from the tracks so that he could charge the miners with the crime. He knew the men arrested on the charge had been acquitted and he had heard that man named McKinney had confe pulled the spikes.

Richardson then reverted back to the Denver conversation. Orchard said in the daytime he attended the convention. On one evening at least the Federation offices were open, and he was up there.

There he met Haywood, Moyer, Pettibone and quite a number of delegates to the convention. They talked politics

No acts of violence were discussed.

"On another occasion I met Moyer and Pettibone and Moyer wanted me to and Pettibone and Moyer wanted me to go down to Pettibone's store and get some Pettibone dope. He then told me about the stuff and how he mixed it up. Later I went over and got several cans of it, enough to make four gallons. "I took it to Oripple Creek to throw into cars filled with scabs. I buried the stuff in the yard near my house. I never used it."

"You left it there?"
"Yes."
"Is it there yet?"

"I don't think it is."

"You told McParland all about it, I suppose, and he went down and dug up the stuff?"

"I understand that he did." Richardson then took up the trip Or-chard took to Ouray with Moyer, as a bodyguard. Richardson asked a lot of questions regarding the two sawed-off shotguns Orchard claimed Moyer and himself took on the trip to Ouray. Or-

chard finally said he brought the guns back to Denver and left them at the Federation headquarters.
"You testified yesterday that you got one of these same guns and took it out and killed Lyte Gregory with it?" asked

"I think it was one of the same, guns," was the reply.

"As a matter of fact, do you know that you never saw those guns again?" queried Richardson. "Moyer right now has one of those guns. Yes, he has both

has one of those guns. Yes, he has both of them."

Orchard thought a moment and finality answered: "I am not certain that they are the same guns that I afterwards got; they looked alike. I always supposed that they were the same. They

posed that they were the same. They had three of four sawed-off shotguns about headquarters."
"But you testified yesterday that they were the same guns," suggested the de-"I may have said so," replied Orchard "I am not sure. I suposed they were he same guns, but I may have been

Court then adjourned. Cobourg. June 7.-Alfred Horsley, a cheese maker at a factory north of Brighton, left this part of the country about 1896. His name is that to which Orchard confesses, and though the pubiished picture is not a good likeness of Horsley, there is no doubt as to his

identity. Horsley was born of respectable parents, who kept a truck farm about two miles from Wooler, which is a small place some eight miles from Brighton. After working on the farm in his younger days. Horsley became a cheese maker at Wooler, going after wards to the Brighton factory. Up to this time his record had been good, but he is said to have left the factory after the occurrence of a fire. There was the occurrence of a fire. There was some investigation of the incident, but nothing was proved. Horsley was looked upon as a good cheese maker and is described as a hustler. He had a ly, but as one who knew him said, "He did not improve upon acquaintance."

Horsley left the country and not alone. It is said he went with a woman who later returned to her husband. His wife was left destitute and has lived at Wooler up to this spring, where she has supported herself by working in a factory and for farmers. He has one little girl. Horsley's parents are both dead. One brother lives at Wooler, where he is highly respected. that Horsley has a married sister living

there.
"Even as a boy," said a resident of Brighton, "Horsley showed the spirit 'f a gambier and he was always very fond of gambling. Wooler was quite a place

for playing cards, and Horsley was pas-sionately fond of them."
"It is said that the woman with whom Horsley disappeared belonged to Camp-bellford. She was away only a month.

ORCHARD RESIDED HERE

CAME TO NELSON WITH HATTIE SIMPSON IN 1896

THURMAN AND KELLEY RECALL

THE PAIR Further enquiry into the local history of Albert E.Horsley, alias Harry Orch-ard, alias Little, the last alias being the

one used in this city and at Pilot Bay one used in this city and at Pilot Bay reveals the fact that under the name of Little, the Boise witness did carry on a restaurant on Baker street here, which is the Griffin block. Mrs. Hattle Son, who posed here as Mrs. Little also been identified and the fact ascertained that in 1896 she left her home at Brighton, Ont., came to Horsley at Detroit, where he awaited her, and in his company came to this city in the fall of

company came to this city in the fall of months, the pair moved to Pilor where for a short time they ran a widing house, and later all traces of them discppeared. Horsley, as it is now known, went to Spokane, while the woman returned to her nome in On-

tario.

Dr. Arthur's services were requisitioned by Mrs. Simpson's eastern relatives to try and induce the woman to return home. The woman had, however decided to leave Horsley before she was communicated with at Pilot Bay by the doctor, and inquiry at the time developed the feet that she had.

w. A. Thurman remembers both Mr. and Mrs. "Little," and yesterday he quickly recognized a photograph of Mrs. Simpson shown him, as the Mrs. "Little"

J. A. Kelley, of Fairview, remembers Horsley at Brighton, near where he had a cheese manufactory. Mr. Kelley re-calls readily the fact that the cheese

place shortly afterwards, followed a little later by Mrs. Simpson.

Orchard's, or Horsley's, story as told in the dispatch from Boise, is confirmed locally so far as it relates to his coming here from Brighton via Detroit and his short stay in this city and at Pilot Bay with Mrs. Simpson, the only difference being in the date. According to the dispatch Horsley was here in 1895, whereas the Nelson people agree that it was in the latter part of 1896.

ORE TRAIN IS WRECKED

NORTHERN TRAFFIC TIED UP FOR A DAY

GRANBY SMELTER FORCED TO BANK FURNACES TEMPORARILY

(Special to The Daily News.)
Phoenix, June 7—An one train wreck ocrred yesterday morning on the Phoenix
anch of the Great Northern, which
opped air traffic on this end of the line r a day, and prevented the morning pas-nger train from getting out at all yes-rday, though the evening passenger train

on to get on to the main line again in the train in a mass right on the switch. The ore dumps used by the Great Northern are of the heavy steel type, built specially for service from the Granby mines, and when loaded with ore weigh about & tone each. Fortunately the company was able to build a track around the wreck by the contraction of the company was able to build a track around the wreck by evening and trafflo was resumed with one engine much needed in the service on account of general shortage of power, up in the woods at the top end of the detail sidetrack. As a result of the wreck the Granby smelter was forced to bank some furnaces temporarily, the C.P.R., with all the demands being made on it by the other

mines and smelters in the Boundary, not-being able to handle the additional tounage, needed on such short notice. (Special to The Daily News)
Ymir, June 5-Born, to the wife of O. J Handley, here this morning, a daughter.
With the inauguration here next Sunday
of the "tourist special" there is likely to
be a number of resignations of postmasof the "fourist special" there is likely to be a number of resignations of postmas-ters at Ymir. Salmo, Erie and Waneta. Those gentlemen do not relish having to sit up half the night walling for the mell, and unless the government makes some provision to pay extra for the night service, they will probably have to get other

Patsy Clark, Jr., and his expert was on the Dundee hill exemining the Yukon Fraction group, a few days ago.

CANADA CUP RACES

Rechester, June 7-Oliver E. Cromwell, of the New York yacht club, has accepted the invitation of the Rochester yacht club and the Royal Canadian yacht club, to act as neutral judge during the Canada cup races off Charlotte in August. The other judges are Charles VanVoorhees of the local club, and E. H. Ambrose of the Royal Hamilton yacht c'ub.