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PHONES, 425 AND 450.

MINERAL ACT.
(Form F.)
STATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Mineral Claim and "Mona"
Mineral Claim, situate in the
ing Division of Chemunus

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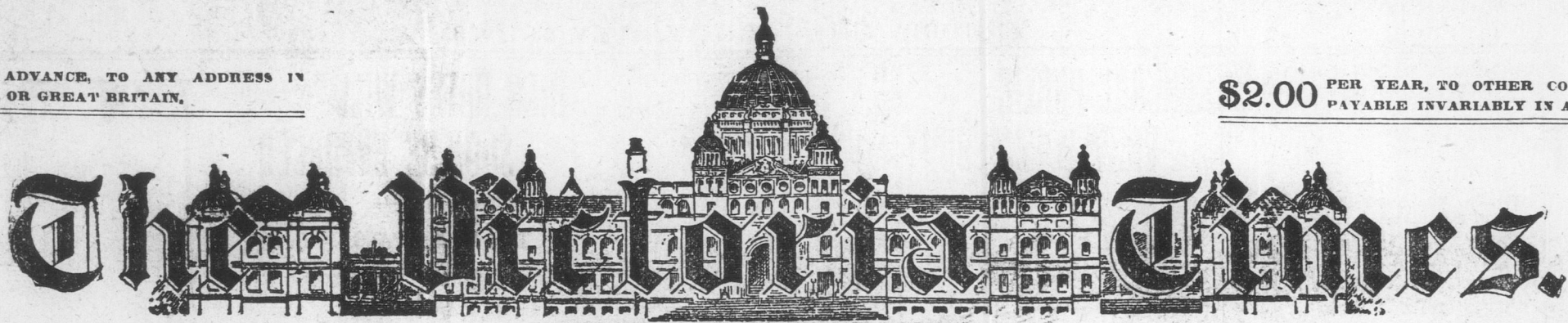
take notice that action, un-
er, must be commenced before
of such Certificate of Improve-

15th day of June, A.D., 1903.
ET MANLEY MELROSE,
Robt. H. Swinerton, Agent,
Y. VAN DYKE,
Robt. H. Swinerton, Agent.

PRESS FOR SALE.—The Cot-
on which the Daily Times was
several years. The bed is
and in every respect the
a first-class condition. Very
small daily or weekly order,
500, will be sold for \$500 cash.
Inquirer, Times Office.

A thoroughbred Holstein bull
months old. For particulars
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\$2.00 PER YEAR, TO OTHER COUNTRIES, POSTAGE PREPAID,
PAYABLE INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

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FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1903.

NO. 49.

THE CEREMONIES AT PAPAL PALACE

CARDINALS GATHER IN DEATH CHAMBER

Enlogistic References to the Late Pon-
tiff's Work—Conclave Expected to
Begin August 1st.

Rome, July 21.—This morning began the first of those grandiose union ceremonies which follow the demise of a Pope, and although private it was conducted with great pomp, and was most impressive. All the cardinals present in Rome, numbering 29, assembled at the Apostolic palace to view the remains of the late Leo XIII., and to officially pronounce him dead. Cardinal Oreglia, dean of the Sacred College and camerlengo of the Holy Roman church, had to put aside his cardinal robes as a sign of deep mourning, and was gowned entirely in violet. The other cardinals wore crimson robes with violet collars, indicative of mourning. Within the death chamber the body lay with its feet toward the face, on the bed surrounded by Franciscan Penitentiaries, while outside the noble guard maintained a solemn vigil. The profound silence was only broken by the chanting prayers for the dead. In this solemn presence came the mourning procession of cardinals, who kneeling silently prayed.

Then the prelates reverently looked upon the Cardinal Oreglia approached the remains. For this morning's function the Pope's bedroom had been transformed into a kind of mortuary chapel with the altar at one end, having in the centre a crucifix surrounded by six lighted candles with four candles at the bed corners. The white veil was then removed from the dead man's face, revealing the cameo features of the departed Pope, resting on a pillow, and surrounded by death. So life-like was the body that those present expected Leo to raise his hand in the familiar gesture of blessing.

Death Formally Announced.
A moment of breathless silence ensued and then Cardinal Camerlengo, taking the aspergillum, sprinkled the late Pontiff with holy water, and said in a firm voice "Gloachino," the Christian name of the deceased holy father.

When there was no answer the same word was repeated three times louder and louder. Then the kneeling cardinals the Camerlengo solemnly announced "Papal vete mortuis est" (the Pope is really dead). As the words were uttered there arose from the kneeling cardinals a sigh, like that of the winter in the trees at night, a tribute paid to the late Pontiff by these priests. After this in his voices trembling with emotion the ranking cardinals read the de profundis, gave absolution and sprinkled the body with holy water.

London Press Notices.
London, July 21.—Long biographical sketches, memoirs and editorials are called forth by the death of the Pope, and the English papers all teem with expressions of the warmest sympathy and deep respect on account of his simple saintly life and admiration for the statesmanlike qualities displayed by him throughout his pontificate. A contrast is drawn between the unique position the Papacy now holds in the international consideration compared with its shattered discredited position at the time of the death of Pius IX. His victory over Bismarck is everywhere recalled as the most brilliant example of his diplomatic sagacity, and the editorials praise the successful manner in which he reconciled himself to the spirit of modern times in his dealings with France, America and England.

This morning's last says: "The keys of St. Peter, that death of the pope, are now the symbols of a world-wide monarchy such as even Islam itself with its countless millions of devotees cannot boast."

The Daily News says: "History will not soon forget that little frail white figure who occupied the most striking position in the civilized world. Leo XIII. will be remembered as one of the greatest Popes and a humblest of Christians." The Catholic world mourns the loss of one of the holiest priests, most accomplished scholars and wisest statesman who has ever filled St. Peter's chair."

Paris Papers' References.
Paris, July 21.—The Figaro this morning in its article on Pope Leo describes him as one of the greatest of the political Popes. It says: "Pope Leo leaves the Roman church stronger, more alert and more closely allied with the life of the people than it was under any predecessor during the past century." The journal also emphasizes the late Pope's political ability, saying: "The church still needs diplomatists. May God's successor be another Leo." The Gaulois, which is published with a changing border, contains an article by Raymond Brunetiere, who declares that Leo's eternal honor for history will not be realized that the church's ac-

tion must be social and that democracy has need of the church.

The Matin says the Pontiff's reign was not sullied by a single word of hatred or threatening gesture. The Eclair and the Petit Journal both dwell especially on the efforts of Pope Leo to maintain good relations with the French government, the former reproaching his lack of firmness and combativity, and the latter declaring him to have been vanquished, adding that defeat came before his death.

Emperor Mourns Loss.
Vienna, July 21.—Emperor Francis Joseph has telegraphed to Cardinal Taliani, the papal nuncio at Vienna, as follows: "At the moment when the Catholic world is plunged into the deepest grief by the news of the death of the Supreme Shepherd, my heart urges me to express to your eminence all the pain which this cruel loss, so deeply felt in the whole world, has caused me. The filial loss and an adopted's longer than at first expected, even long enough to permit Cardinal Moran, of Sydney, N. S. W., to arrive in time to take part in the proceedings.

The Coming Conclave.
Rome, July 21.—According to a statement coming from high ecclesiastical sources, arrangements at the Vatican are being pressed forward which will enable the conclave of cardinals to begin sitting August 1st. However, it is now thought the session may last considerably longer than at first expected, even long enough to permit Cardinal Moran, of Sydney, N. S. W., to arrive in time to take part in the proceedings.

An ambassador accredited to the Vatican says the question of Pope Leo's successor is a peculiarly open one at the present moment. The personality of the candidate plays a much more important part than in any preceding conclave since the conditions prevailing in the past are now entirely changed. Formerly the sacred college was divided into several distinct parts. There was first that composed of the cardinals who were members of the great Roman families, nearly every one of which was represented in the college. These always exerted a very powerful influence in the election of a Pope. At the present time there is only one son of a great Roman house in the sacred college, namely, Cardinal Casali Deliaqua, who from the standpoint of the election of a new Pope is relatively unimportant. Then there are parties composed of cardinals appointed by the same Pope who usually ranged themselves into separate bodies.

In addition to the members of the sacred college appointed by a Pope who had then just passed away, there were usually considerable numbers chosen by his predecessor, and even a few nominated by the Pope preceding him.

In consequence of Leo XIII.'s long reign these parties have entirely disappeared. In the present conclave there will be only one cardinal, Cardinal Oreglia, who was not appointed by Pope Leo. As a result of these changes the approaching conclave will be much more under the influence of individual candidates than in the past, rendering it impossible to forecast the election with any degree of certainty. It is highly probable that the new Pope will be a man at present not thought of and not talked about.

Rome, July 21.—Following the ceremony of the recognition of the death of the Pope by the Sacred college, came another, shorter, but no less significant and symbolic one. On Pope Leo's finger was the famous fisherman's ring which the camerlengo with a whispered prayer drew gently off, and which, later, will in the presence of the cardinals be presented to the new Pope when he is elected. The ring is of very great antiquity. It is even said to have belonged to St. Peter himself. It is a stone of little value, cut with the scene of St. Peter drawing in fishing nets. It was first used about the year 1265, but for secret documents it was only used later. Officially, it is one of the symbols of office most prized by the church. Although lost two or three times it has always been recovered.

Hundreds of offers have come from Italy and abroad from doctors, druggists and specialists for the embalming of the remains of Pope Leo, but naturally, not one of them have been accepted. Assumes Office.
The government of the Catholic church has been officially assumed by Cardinal Oreglia, dean of the Sacred college and as dean of the cardinal bishops. He will be assisted by the deans of the other two orders of cardinal deacons and Cardinal Rampolla for the cardinal priests, the last, however, merely a substitute for Cardinal Nello, the patriarch of Lisbon, who, when he arrives, will take over his own duties.

A Short Conclave.
In an interview published in the Tribune, Cardinal Svampa says: "I believe that the conclave will be very short, at the latest two. At the utmost I think it may take one week, as now there does not exist in the Sacred college

the marked political differences of other times."

In regard to the policy of the new Pope, the Cardinal said: "It must not be forgotten that whoever is elected will bring something personal into the attitude of the Holy See regarding the Roman question."

King Edward's Regrets.
London, July 21.—King Edward has commanded Irish Secretary Wyndham to express to Cardinal Logue, the Archbishop of Armagh and Primate of all Ireland, His Majesty's deep regret at the death of the Pope, and to ask His Eminence to convey to the Sacred college His Majesty's sincere regrets.

Irish Party's Tribute.
London, July 21.—The Irish parliamentary party held a meeting at Westminster under the chairmanship of John Redmond and adopted resolutions extending condolence upon the death of the Pope and paying tribute to his noble character and plainly life. Sir Thomas Esmonds, member for North Wexford, and Capt. Donelan, member for Cork, were appointed a commission to represent the Irish party at the obsequies.

Rome, July 22.—Dr. Lapponi this morning presented to Cardinal Oreglia Dean of the Sacred college, the official report of the autopsy performed yesterday on the body of Leo XIII., which was conducted as far as possible in connection with the embalming. The report is chiefly important in disproving the presence of cancer or nephritis. The text of the report follows:

"Rome, July 22.—Yesterday evening from 4 to 8 the embalming of the body of His Holiness Leo XIII. occurred." After giving the names of those who assisted and those who were present at the autopsy, the report continues: "We began by injecting into the thigh over five litres of special preserving liquid, having opened the abdomen, the lower viscera were extracted and were found to be perfectly healthy. The spleen and kidneys were also absolutely normal. In the latter the cortical substance was well preserved and of a pale pink color. After opening the thorax it was found that the heart, the aorta, and the coronal arteries were healthy except that in the arch of the aorta was found an atheromatous excrescence. Nothing unusual was found in the pericardium. The pleura on the left side was quite normal, but on the right side the pleura was full of liquid of an orange yellow color above and bloody at the bottom with a large clot of fibrine floating. More fibrine was on the free surface of the pleura towards the ribs, with a slight scraping of fibrine easily detached, allowing a view of the surface serum. The upper superior part of the right lung was quite normal, but the upper lower part was somewhat hard, and cracked at the touch, and while cutting a whitish frothy liquid oozed out. The inferior lobe had partly adhered to the wall of the thorax, and when this was cut a dirty white abundant liquid, without gas, oozed out, showing complete hepatization. Afterwards the thorax was filled with medicated cotton and an antiseptic absorbing substance, after which the incision made for the examination was sewn up and the body put in order. The arrangement of the face was difficult. All the members of the august body were bandaged, as in the case of mummies, and the bandages were smeared with antiseptic varnish. (Signed) Giuseppe Lapponi."

This report was accompanied by an anatomic diagnosis made by all the doctors participating in the embalming, which says there was found a round gray hepatization of the right inferior pulmonary lobe with much pleuritic liquid of a serum fibrine character partly hemorrhagic, thus confirming the clinical diagnosis which are phenomena.

Rome, July 22.—The first of the great ceremonies of Pope Leo's funeral commenced to-day, when the body lay in state in the throne room of the Vatican from 9:20 a.m. until 1 p.m. All the diplomats accredited to the Vatican, the Roman princesses, dukes and barons and other representatives of ancient families remaining faithful to the Papacy, all the high dignitaries of the church, the archbishops, bishops, patriarchs and heads of religious orders, passed in solemn procession before the bier of the late Pontiff. The papal throne had been removed and in its place, under the famous red silk canopy on a small bed, lay the body of Leo XIII. Over the bed was thrown a red damask covering on which the body reposed, robed in white vestments with the red rochet and camuro hood, and on the feet slippers embroidered with gold. The thin hands clasped over the chest held tightly a small ivory crucifix. Around this was entwined a rosary of mother of pearl set in gold. On the third finger of the right hand the huge emerald Pontifical ring sparkled.

In striking contrast with the ghastly face was the purple hood drawn over the head almost to the eyebrows and over the ears. The sunken cheeks and jaws brought the nose and chin nearly together on the mouth, which was reduced almost to nothing, though no signs of agony were visible. It was the corpse of a man who might have been dead 50 years. On the other side near the shoulders stood a member of the noble guard, erect and motionless, only a faint quiver of the drawn swords giving any indication they were not mere statues. The ordeal of the soldiers in the heated chamber is so intense that they have to be constantly relieved. At the four corners of the bed stood lighted candles ten feet high. On the right of the body close to the bed was a small

table covered with white linen cloth on which there were two candles, throwing a glimmer of light on the crucifix between. At the foot of the cross was a crystal bowl filled with holy water. From each cardinal whenever he passed the body was sprinkled under a benediction. Besides this were the devotional books used by Pope Leo in his lifetime. The chanting of six Franciscan penitentiaries who kneeling, or standing at a bench at the foot of the bier, continued their supplications.

ROBLIN MINISTRY WAS SUSTAINED

RESULT OF ELECTIONS IN MANITOBA PROVINCE

Battle Goes Against the Liberals, Who Secure About Seven Seats in the New Legislature.

Winnipeg, July 21.—The Roblin government was sustained in yesterday's election. The Conservatives secured 26 seats, Liberals 7, doubtful 5, with 2 constituencies in which elections will be held next week.

Winnipeg, Man., July 21.—The result of yesterday's elections show that the government has made a clean sweep of the province. The figures are Conservatives 30, Liberals 4, doubtful 4, deferred elections (Swan River and Gimli) 2; total 40.

There has been a cyclone among the Liberal candidates, especially among the independent Liberals. Every conspicuous Liberal, with the exception of Mr. Greenway himself, has been turned down, including J. D. Cameron, at one time

attorney-general in Greenway's cabinet, who lost by a sweeping majority to T. J. Gordon; A. C. Fraser, at Brandon, who has been boomed as Greenway's successor; Edward Brown, mayor of Portage la Prairie; J. D. Hunt, in Norfolk, and Dr. J. D. McArthur, in Centre Winnipeg.

The returns are necessarily incomplete this morning, but even if the four seats, Carillon, Gilbert Plains, St. Andrew's and Kildonan and Vinde, where the result is at present doubtful, should all go to the Liberals, together with Gimli and Swan River, the government standing in the new legislature would be 30 to 10. As a matter of fact all six will probably go Conservative, leaving the standing of the parties 36 to 4.

Hon. Thos. Greenway was elected in Mountain, and three other Liberals in Birdie, Russell and Rhineland. These four seats are all that the Liberals have carried out of a total of 40, as far as shown by returns yet in. Straight Liberals fared better, however, than the pseudo-Liberal prohibitionists, and almost to nothing, though no signs of agony were visible. It was the corpse of a man who might have been dead 50 years. On the other side near the shoulders stood a member of the noble guard, erect and motionless, only a faint quiver of the drawn swords giving any indication they were not mere statues. The ordeal of the soldiers in the heated chamber is so intense that they have to be constantly relieved. At the four corners of the bed stood lighted candles ten feet high. On the right of the body close to the bed was a small



The Chamberlain Hen—"They may call this 'Protection' if they like, but what else is a mother to do." (Pall Mall Gazette.)

Laverriere—Lagimodiere, Lib., 12 majority.
Manitou—Rogers, Con., 33 majority.
Minnedosa—Waddell, Con., 88 majority.
Morien—Doddell, Con., 88 majority.
Morris—Campbell, Con., 114 majority.
Mountain—Greenway, L.B., 364 majority.
Norfolk—Lyons, Con., 188 majority.
Portage la Prairie—Armstrong, Con., 30 majority.
Reginald—Winkler, Lib., 71 majority.
Rockwood—In doubt.
Russell—Doigh, Lib.
St. Andrew's and Kildonan—In doubt.
Springfield—Corbett, Con., 117 majority.
St. Boniface—Bernier, Con., 1 majority.
Turtle Mountain—Johnson, Con., 268 majority.
Vinde—In doubt.
Winnipeg, North—Walker, Con., 49 majority.
Winnipeg, South—Gordon, Con., 128 majority.
Winnipeg, Centre—Taylor, Con.
Swan River and Gimli—Election yet to be held.

Latest returns give 26 Conservatives and 7 Liberals returned to the provincial legislature. Five seats still in doubt.

MANCHURIAN COMPLIANCE.
The Powers Interested Are Communicating With One Another As to Settlement.

London, July 21.—The Associated Press learns that Japan is not satisfied with the assurance Russia has given the United States in regard to Manchuria and has been actively urging Great Britain to join in a more energetic attitude towards Russia.

Japan is persistent in urging that additional ports be opened. Japan has informed the foreign office here that Russia has not ceased to press for Chinese acceptance of the conditions which she presented some time ago, and which Russia denied subsequently. If the ports are opened in compliance with the Japanese proposal Manchuria will be home-combed with trade routes.

The Manchurian ports suggested by Japan are Fushinchuan, Takustan, Suiyan, Liocyar, Semmufchin and Taulua. Pekin, July 21.—According to the foreign office, Russia has not informed China of the withdrawal of her proposition to the opening of the Manchurian ports, and according to the same presentations, negotiations between China and Russia have been suspended for the past month. United States Minister Conger to-day conferred with M. Lessar, the Russian minister, supposedly regarding Manchurian matters.

London, July 21.—The Standard's Odessa correspondent says that 128,000 troops are being mobilized from Central and Northern garrisons in Russia for immediate dispatch to the Far East in case of necessity. He reports that on the return of Gen. Kuropatkin, the Russian war minister, there will be an extraordinary meeting of the imperial council, at which will be attended by the Czar, and it will discuss the Manchurian and cognate questions.

JUST IN TIME.



The Chamberlain Hen—"They may call this 'Protection' if they like, but what else is a mother to do." (Pall Mall Gazette.)

A STEEL CONCERN
AT PORT COLBORNE

SCOTCH CAPITAL IS INTERESTED IN IT
Canadian Team's Success at the Bisley Rifle Matches—Other Dominion News.

Toronto, July 21.—An organization of capitalists who have secured the option for a site for a steel plant at Port Colborne have filed their application at Toronto for a provincial charter. Johnstone & Falconbridge appear as the solicitors, and the company is designated as the Steel Corporation of Canada. The paid-up capital is \$2,000,000, and the resources behind the scheme represent \$10,000,000. George MacBeth is financier of the concern in Toronto. Considerable Scotch capital is interested in the company. The terms of application to the government set forth that the plant, when completed, will turn out daily 1,200 tons of finished iron and steel for every working day in the year.

A Foundry Strike.
There was an exciting time this morning at the works of the Canada Foundry, Toronto Junction. The Scotch moulders who were brought out to take the places of strikers refused to work and attempted to leave the works. Three men got out and said the company had endeavored to prevent them leaving, and that they were struck at as they came out of the gates. They will interview Premier Ross this evening to lay complaints.

Canadians at Bisley.
Montreal, July 21.—A special Bisley cable tells of the failure of the Canadians to win the Bisley cup. The trophy went to the Australians with a score of 771; Mother Country scored with 730 and Canada third, with 752, Natal, 740, and Guernsey 735 allowed. The detailed scores were:

Hayhurst	250	500	800	71
King	34	25	31	99
McGregor	35	29	33	97
Simpson	34	34	26	94
Stuart	32	34	34	99
Stuarts	33	32	32	98
Stuadsen	30	32	26	88
White	34	31	26	91
	35	21	30	93

A cable from Bisley says that so far the event of the meeting, as far as Canadians are concerned, is the winning by Capt. Elliott, of the Canadian team, of the Kerstone Burgundy cup. In addition the following Canadians won prizes: Spearing, 2; Smith, Stuart, Jones, King and Bayles, £1 each. In the Montreal, Pennan, Stuart, Peddie, Naughton and Simpson won £1 each. In the Alexander Martin competition, Berlew and Smith won £2 each, and Elliott, O'Brien and Bayles, £2 each. In the Wales competition, Spearing won £10, and Simpson and Bayles, £2 each. In the Alexandra match, V. Room won fifth place and £10; Simpson and Elliott, £5; Spearing, £3, and Russell, Stuart, Stoen and Amund, £2 each. Geo. Gregor, of the Canadian team, won the shoot-off in the Alexandra competition, in which he tied three others. His aggregate was 68.

Request to McGill.
James Cooper, the wealthy manufacturer who died last week, left \$60,000 to McGill medical faculty, to found a chair of international medicine. He also left \$25,000 for children's hospital work. Sir Richard Cartwright III.
Kingston, July 21.—Sir Richard Cartwright is suffering from a cold, and will

not go to Ottawa for a few days unless urgent business requires his presence.
Broom Factory Burned.
Ottawa, July 21.—The official programme of the Dominion Rifle Association matches at Rockcliffe ranges was issued to-day. The prizes amount to \$7,334. The Gordon Highlander's trophy is a new match on the programme. This is a new cup commemorative of the relations between the Canadians and the Gordon Highlands in South Africa.

Railway Collision.
Galt, July 21.—A rear-end collision between two extra freights occurred on the C. P. R. at 12:35 this noon, causing the death of three cattle drovers, who occupied the caboose of the leading train, Hugh McMillan, Donald McPherson, and Thomas Pihale, of St. Thomas. McMillan and Pihale were killed instantly; McPherson was alive when found, but died shortly after being taken to the hospital.

Rowley Pleaded Guilty.
St. Thomas, July 21.—George Rowley, ex-manager of the Elgin Loan Company, pleaded guilty before Judge Erickson this morning to charges of theft, forgery and perjury, and was remanded for sentence to August 8th.

Stole Government Funds.
Windsor, July 21.—Mrs. Ellen McKee, formerly post mistress at Tubbermore, near Belfast, Ireland, was arrested here yesterday, charged with the embezzlement of government funds. She was taken to Ottawa last night, where she will remain until an officer comes for her from Ireland. She frankly admitted her guilt, but told a sad story of how she was driven to it by the brutal negligence of a drunken husband, who sold the last piece of furniture in the house for drink, leaving her and her children to starve. The woman's income was insufficient to support the family, and she took the money in hopes of paying it back.

Left Wealthy.
Hamilton, July 21.—H. Crawford, machinist of the Westinghouse Air Brake Co., has been left a fortune of about \$20,000 by an uncle in Belfast, Ireland.

Killed by Lightning.
Newmarket, July 21.—Arthur Wilson, son of Joshua Wilson, of Whitechurch, while ploughing in a field yesterday, was struck and instantly killed by lightning. His team of horses escaped injury.

Miscampbell Nominated.
Sault Ste. Marie, July 21.—At a largely attended meeting held here last night, Mr. Miscampbell was unanimously nominated as Conservative candidate in the forthcoming election.

HAVE NOT BEEN INVITED.
The Prince and Princess of Wales Have Not Been Asked to Come to America.

Oyster Bay, July 21.—The reported invitation to the Prince and Princess of Wales to visit this country and to be the guests of the President, if can be said, is without present foundation. In fact, it is said to be quite unlikely that any such visit is in contemplation by the Prince and Princess of Wales.

TO BE SHOT ON SIGHT.
Orders Given to Guards to Kill an Escaped Convict if Encountered.

Plattsburg, N. Y., July 21.—Warden Dero, of Clinton prison, has just forwarded the announcement that the \$250 reward offered for the capture of James, the "Hater," who escaped from the prison Saturday last, will be paid for him, dead or alive. It is understood that the prison guards, who are patrolling the highways for miles in every direction, have orders if they encounter the convict, to shoot to kill.