

# CABINET COMPLETE

### Premier Bowell's Followers Rally Around Him Again, for a Time at Least.

### The Ministers Take the Oath of Office, Col. Prior That of Privy Councillor.

### Caron's Laughable Reason for the House Why the Cats Consented to Come Back.

### THIS IS ALSO OFFICIAL.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The cabinet met today at 12 o'clock. There were only present six ministers who stood by Premier Bowell, Daly being absent. At 12:30 Mr. Foster came along, after him came Mr. Ives; Messrs. Haggart and Montague were next to arrive and following them came Wood and Dickey. The bolters joined in with Sir Mackenzie and his faithful band, and proceeded to the Governor-General's office. Alongside Sir Mackenzie was Sir Charles Tupper, sr. While they were entering Lord Aberdeen's office, Col. Prior came up and went in with them. The six bolters took the oath of office from Lord Aberdeen, and Col. Prior took the oath of privy councillor. Mr. Desjardins and Sir Charles Tupper also took the oath of office. So now Premier Bowell's cabinet is complete, all the portfolios being filled, which has not been the case before since Mr. Angers resigned. The solicitor-generalship, however, is still vacant. So ends the crisis for the present.

### Toronto, Jan. 15.—The Ontario legislature is called for February 15th.

## THE PARIS BLACKMAILERS.

### Police Are Making It Warm for Those Gentry.—Another Case.

Paris, Jan. 14.—The police continue making arrests in connection with the Lebaudy blackmail case. They have also been making domiciliary visits, and it is stated that the evidence thus obtained has involved some high personages, including a general.

According to Le Matin, Count Casti, disguised as a baker, was arrested here on January 7th, charged with having obtained one million francs by fraud from Lebaudy; and is also charged with having defrauded a club manager of 200,000 francs.

The Government offers to prove that Rosenthal, otherwise known as "Jacques St. Cyr, the writer for the Figaro, and correspondent here of a New York newspaper, received money from Berlin for bringing about the publication of certain inspired articles in the Figaro.

Le Matin also understands that the police are on the track of M. Balensi, Lebaudy's banker, who is charged with blackmailing the young consort, and who absconded, leaving liabilities amounting to 6,000,000 francs, of which 2,000,000 are said to have belonged to the Lebaudy estate.

## RECIPROCITY IN INSURANCE.

### America Will Do Her Insurance Business on a Reciprocal Line.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 16.—State Supt. of Insurance Pierce favors the bill introduced last night, allowing his department to cancel the permits of foreign insurance companies whose native countries debar American companies. He said that the bill is carrying out the reciprocal policy of President Cleveland, giving away the market for American insurance to the United States.

"If our companies cannot do business with foreign countries, we must not let them intrude here."

## THEY'RE QUITE THE THING.

### Boundary Line Disputes Fashionable—Chile and Argentine Have One.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The reports from Santiago de Chile, via Lima, Peru, to the effect that a division of the Chilean army had been sent to occupy a pass on the Andes bordering the Argentine republic, created surprise in diplomatic circles here to-day, and the authenticity of the rumors is questioned.

The boundary line dispute between Chile and Argentine is of long standing. At one time the Chilean government was disposed to claim some of the territory east of the Andes, but that stage of the dispute passed over when by a treaty between Chile and Argentine it was agreed that each country should appoint commissions to define the boundary, and in event of a final disagreement, to submit the disputed points to impartial arbitration. These commissions have been making their surveys and so far as known here no obstacles have arisen to an amicable adjustment.

## THE ALASKA BOUNDARY.

### Senate Committee Votes \$75,000 for Expenses—American Pacific Cable.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 16.—In the senate to-day Mr. Sherman presented two reports from the committee on foreign relations. The first was one adverse to the bill prohibiting citizens of the United States from accepting any titles, decorations, etc., from foreign nations. Mr. Sherman said there appeared to be no need for the proposed legislation, and the consideration of the bill was therefore indefinitely postponed.

The second report was one favorable to the passage of a joint resolution appropriating \$75,000 for the expenses of the commission engaged in fixing the boundary line between Alaska and Brit-

ish North America along the 141st meridian, west longitude. Some objections were made to the manifest consideration of the measure, but on Mr. Sherman's statement that the commission is now at work, and would have to suspend operations unless the appropriation was given, the resolution passed.

The committee granted a hearing to Representative McCormack, Admiral Irwin and others in favor of the proposition of the Pacific Cable Co., of New York, for the construction of a telegraphic cable from the Pacific coast to Hawaii.

A resolution, prepared by Senator Davis for the committee, defining by legislative action the attitude of this country towards foreign encroachments on the Western Hemisphere, in accordance with the Monroe doctrine, was reported to the committee. The resolution was discussed at some length, and its final consideration postponed until next Friday when a special meeting of the committee will be held to consider the resolution and the subject which it covers.

## REPORT OF A CUBAN BATTLE GIVING THE SPANIARDS THE USUAL VICTORY.

Havana, Jan. 16.—The cause of the heavy artillery firing heard yesterday in the direction of Bejuco, south of this city, half way between Havana and Batabano, remained a mystery until noon to-day. It now appears that Gen. Linares, commanding a strong force of Spanish troops, moved upon Bejuco when he heard that Gomez' forces had attacked that place and were repulsed by the garrison after five hours' fighting. The insurgents prepared to make a second attack upon Bejuco, but by that time not only had the garrison been reinforced, but the Spanish troops, commanded by Gen. Linares, had taken up, unknown to the insurgents, well chosen positions in the vicinity. As a result, when the insurgents moved upon the town they were allowed to approach within a short distance of Bejuco when the garrison opened fire upon them. This was the signal for the Spanish force to unmask its batteries, and a heavy artillery and rifle fire was poured into the insurgents' ranks. The enemy, taken completely by surprise, came to a halt and feebly returned the fire of the Spaniards, then wavered and eventually broke and fled.

The insurgents are said to have been commanded by General Maximo Gomez in person. General Linares was in personal command of the Spanish troops. The rout of the insurgents is reported to have been complete. Their loss is said to have been heavy as the artillery men kept up a fire upon the enemy as long as they were to be seen in any direction. This is semi-official.

It became known to-day that General Gomez had a narrow escape from being captured shortly after he executed his counter-march in the province of Havana. He was in the neighborhood of Las Manos, southwest of Artemis, at the head of a small escort of insurgent cavalrymen when he suddenly encountered a Spanish bivouac. Before the insurgent commander-in-chief recovered from his surprise, he was almost surrounded by Spanish infantrymen, but he spurred his horse forward, emptied his revolver's right and left, and drawing his machete, he literally cut his way through and out of a ring of Spanish soldiers, killing five men with his own hand, and getting away with his escort.

## PORT SIMPSON HOSPITAL.

### The Annual Meeting Discloses a Satisfactory State of Affairs.

Port Simpson, Jan. 10.—The annual public meeting in connection with the Port Simpson Hospital was held on January 2nd, Mr. C. W. D. Clifford presiding. Dr. Bolton read the report showing that 77 patients had been cared for during the year, two had died, 70 were discharged and five remained in. Surgical operations during the year numbered 23; all were successful, and they included amputations, neurectomies, excision of knee joint, operation for fistula, cataracts, diseased glands, etc. There were no deaths in the surgical cases, which numbered about one-half the total. In the medical cases fairly good results were shown, tuberculosis, which formed a considerable percentage, proving amenable to modern methods of treatment when taken in early stages.

The building and furnishings had been amplified and improved to the extent of over \$1300 cost, which added much to the efficiency of the institution. The nursing staff had also been increased, and the finances were in a good condition. Some donations of furniture, bedding, etc., had been received, and the thanks of the board were due to the public generally for sympathy and cooperation.

Several speakers referred to the good work done in the institution, and expressed the confidence of the staff, touching reference was made to the death of Mr. Williscroft, who had been a member of the board from the first. It was decided to increase the number of the board to twelve, four of whom would retire each year. The following gentlemen were duly elected: Messrs. J. M. L. Alexander, J. P. A. E. Bolton, M. D., C. W. D. Clifford, J. P., and Rev. T. Cropley, all of Port Simpson, to retire in January, 1897; Messrs. W. H. Dempsey, J. P. of Aberdeen; John Flewlin, government agent of Port Simpson; Captain John Irvitt, M. P. P., of Victoria, and Rev. D. Jennings, of Port Essington, to retire in January, 1898; Messrs. Gordon Lockerby, C. M., Richards and Rev. F. L. Stephenson, of Port Simpson, and M. C. Todd, Indian agent at Metlakathla, to retire in January, 1899.

At a subsequent meeting of the board the following officers were elected for 1896: President, Mr. C. W. D. Clifford; Vice-Presidents, Revs. T. Crosby and F. L. Stephenson; Secretary-Treasurer, Dr. Bolton; Assistant Secretary, Mr. Richards; Auditors, Messrs. Flewlin and Lockerby.

## DEAD FROM HIYOU WHISKEY.

### Manitoba Halfbreeds Can't Stand High Living and Elections Together.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 16.—As a result of too lavish a distribution of whiskey by one of the candidates in St. Boniface constituency, two halfbreeds got on a spree at the opening of the campaign and kept it up till the close yesterday, when one of them succumbed to the awful strain and the other is not expected to survive.

# GAVE WAY TO TUPPER

### Mr. McKee, of Cape Breton, Resigns His Seat for Sir Charles Tupper.

### The Election Will Be Ruined, but the Great Streeter May Have to Fight.

### Caron's Flimsy, Childish Explanation of the Bolting Naturally Displeased.

### Why Should Ontario Ministers Resign Because a Quebec Portfolio is Vacant?

### That is the Point the House Cannot See, Hence the Lacrimality Displayed.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Mr. McKee, M.P., resigned his seat for Cape Breton this morning. He did so to give a seat to Sir Charles Tupper, senior. The speaker has issued a warrant for a writ for the election, which will be held at once. The cabinet will issue an order-in-council this afternoon appointing a returning officer, and the clerk of the crown in chancery will immediately send out the writ. The general opinion is that Sir Charles Tupper will have strong opposition.

Nomination day in Cape Breton has been fixed for January 27th and the election for February 4. There is pretty certain to be a contest.

Premier Blair, of New Brunswick, is here to-day and had a long conference with Mr. Laurier.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—(Press dispatch)—On the orders of the present office of the commons yesterday, Sir Adolphe Caron said: "Before the orders of the day are called, I desire to make a statement to the house, and I wish to say that the statement I am about to make has been submitted to the Governor-General by the prime minister, and I am authorized to state that in his bearings the position of the crown in matters of this nature, it has His Excellency's approval."

Since reference has been made in this house to the retirement from office of certain members of the government, the prime minister has had an opportunity of carefully reviewing the circumstances connected with these resignations, and has satisfied himself that the best interests of the country would be served, notwithstanding any difference of opinion that exist respecting the importance of filling the portfolio made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Angers, by their return to their former positions in the cabinet or those which they held at the time of their resignation. He is of opinion that the importance of filling that vacancy, as a sufficient reason for the resignation of any member of the government, is removed, notwithstanding the fact that that position up to the very day when parliament met, and was disappointed that his efforts failed.

After the opening of parliament certain members of the government sent their resignations to the prime minister, giving, among other reasons, the fact that, having failed to fill the portfolio mentioned, and also that he evidently intended to go into public business, an incomplete cabinet, they thought this course was too great a departure from sound constitutional practice, (laughter) and so weak, (hear, hear) as a matter of policy, they thought it better to resign to remain members of an incomplete government. (Laughter.)

Mr. Mulock—And therefore to make it more incomplete—

Sir A. P. Caron—I think the hon. gentleman will permit me to continue the statement. (Cries of "Oh, certainly.")

Continuing, Sir Adolphe said: "Since the receipt of the resignations referred to, the objections put forward by the ministers who have resigned have been removed by the acceptance of a seat in the cabinet by Hon. Mr. Desjardins, a gentleman well known and highly esteemed in the province of Quebec for his ability and integrity of character, and by the admission to the cabinet of Sir Charles Tupper. (Ministerial Cheers.) Under the circumstances, and with these objections removed, the ministers who resigned have deemed it consistent with their duty to their country to resume the posts they respectively held in the government. (Ironical cheers and laughter.) It is gratifying, therefore, to be able to inform the house and country that a ministry has been formed which will command the support of a majority in parliament and enable us to proceed with the measures fore-shadowed in the speech from the throne.

The ministry is as follows: Premier and president of privy council, Sir Mackenzie Bowell; postmaster-general, Sir A. P. Caron; marine, Mr. Costigan; finance, Mr. Foster; railways, Mr. Haggart; public works, Mr. Oulmet; interior, Mr. Daly; justice, Mr. Dickey; secretary of state, Sir Charles Tupper, Bart.; agriculture, Dr. Montague; trade and commerce, Mr. Ives; controller of customs, Mr. Wood; controller of inland revenue, Col. Prior; militia, Mr. Desjardins; ministers without portfolios, Sir Frank Smith and Mr. Ferguson.

An Opposition member—And solicitor-general?

Sir A. P. Caron—There is no solicitor-general at present. I move this house do now adjourn.

Hon. Mr. Laurier followed and ridiculed the government for its acts of the past week. He said its conduct was not only disgraceful, but was base and demoralizing to Canadian politics. He doubted the assertions in Caron's statement, as the cabinet had been divided on matters of policy for months. Caron replied, defending the statement, and was followed by Sir Richard Cartwright, who kept the floor for some time making jokes at the expense of the government and the Conservative party generally.

Mr. Davin answered the member for South Oxford (Mr. Cartwright), and Mr. Davies followed in the same sarcastic strain as the other Liberals, denouncing the government in strong terms for its weakness, vacillation and baseness.

Hon. Mr. Foster then took the floor and defended the action of the bolting ministers. He said that the whole trouble was a disagreement as to strengthening the government, and that it had no reference to questions of policy, on which all were united. With Sir Charles Tupper in the cabinet the bolting ministers were satisfied, and he was glad to say that in a few days Sir Charles would occupy a seat in the commons. This was greeted with ministerial cheers.

Messrs. Hills, Hasen and Mulock followed. The latter read several extracts from Conservative newspapers reflecting on the Bowell administration, which he used to the best advantage in bolting the government.

Sir Hildebrand then said the action of the seven men who left the cabinet was fair and above board and had been made in the interest of the party, in the interests of the country, and in the fear that without a French representative in the cabinet the party could not unite on the remedial legislation. He had faith that the remedial legislation was now safe, and that the Conservative party was also now safe.

Mr. Peterson, of Brant, made the ministers feel ill at ease, and kept the opposition in good humor by quoting late campaign speeches by ministers, declaring that Premier Bowell was an able and capable man and that the cabinet was solidly united.

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### In Several Instances the Opposition Candidates Lost Their Deposits.

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## THE FAMILY BROKEN UP.

After Thirty Years of Peaceful Existence—Sad Spectacle.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 16.—Joe R. Dove, wife and seven grown up sons and daughters lived on a farm near Jonesboro. The man and wife lived together for thirty years peacefully until recently, when proceedings for divorce were entered by the woman. The court granted the divorce, but ordered the property divided equally between them. All the family were present when the commissioners arrived to divide the property. A fight started between two of the boys, and soon all were engaged, revolvers being used. A young daughter was killed, and the father and one son named Will, were fatally injured.

## REFORMS WANTED IN SAMOA.

### People Object to Their Taxes Being Paid Out in Salaries.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—The steamer Mariposa arrived from Apia this morning with news of an uprising of the business men of Samoa. The people strongly criticized the government, and the situation is talked over by the leading merchants. It is estimated that 85 per cent. of all the municipal and government revenues is being paid out in salaries. Meetings were held by prominent business men and resolutions unanimously adopted to the effect that after years of trial the different functions of the president, who receives a salary from the municipality of Apia of nearly \$5000 yearly, had proved to be either wholly unworkable, or that he was a failure and a burdensome expense to the community. The people are in earnest, and even if force is necessary, they will make a change in the existing order of things.

In Honolulu the volcano has broken out again and shows great activity. The outbreak began Friday night, January 3, and the lake rose about 200 feet. The lake is now about 200 feet wide and 250 feet long.

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The government members in the new house will number 32, the opposition 240 majority. Winnipeg South—Hon. J. D. Cameron, government, acclamation.

## TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—In the house to-day, Mr. Powell, Westmoreland, moved the address in reply to the speech from the throne, and Mr. McGillivray seconded it. Mr. Laurier replied. He said parliament was called for the grave purpose of settling the school question, and the way of settlement might have an effect on the permanency of confederation. This was no comfort, he said, to the government, in any of the bye-elections, except Victoria, and there Col. Prior had met with a landslide.

## THE FAMILY BROKEN UP.

After Thirty Years of Peaceful Existence—Sad Spectacle.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 16.—Joe R. Dove, wife and seven grown up sons and daughters lived on a farm near Jonesboro. The man and wife lived together for thirty years peacefully until recently, when proceedings for divorce were entered by the woman. The court granted the divorce, but ordered the property divided equally between them. All the family were present when the commissioners arrived to divide the property. A fight started between two of the boys, and soon all were engaged, revolvers being used. A young daughter was killed, and the father and one son named Will, were fatally injured.

## REFORMS WANTED IN SAMOA.

### People Object to Their Taxes Being Paid Out in Salaries.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—The steamer Mariposa arrived from Apia this morning with news of an uprising of the business men of Samoa. The people strongly criticized the government, and the situation is talked over by the leading merchants. It is estimated that 85 per cent. of all the municipal and government revenues is being paid out in salaries. Meetings were held by prominent business men and resolutions unanimously adopted to the effect that after years of trial the different functions of the president, who receives a salary from the municipality of Apia of nearly \$5000 yearly, had proved to be either wholly unworkable, or that he was a failure and a burdensome expense to the community. The people are in earnest, and even if force is necessary, they will make a change in the existing order of things.

In Honolulu the volcano has broken out again and shows great activity. The outbreak began Friday night, January 3, and the lake rose about 200 feet. The lake is now about 200 feet wide and 250 feet long.

## Spain's Generals are Baffled and Beat at Every Turn by the Wily Islanders.

### Spain's Generals are Baffled and Beat at Every Turn by the Wily Islanders.

Havana, Jan. 16.—Much confusion is manifest in the reports given out from this city of the movements of the insurgent leaders. Maximo Gomez seems to be everywhere according to the reports of his activity. General Suarez Valdez supplements the report that Gomez in person led the second attack on Bejuco, which was repulsed by General Linares, with another report that his own troops overtook Gomez yesterday at the head of 2000 insurgents, who made a stand and engaged Brigadier General Cornel, who led Valdez' vanguard. It seems that after an hour's hard fighting the main Spanish column coming up, the Cubans retreated, and their position was taken. The hot fire they had been pouring into the Spanish ranks was stopped by artillery of the Granada regiment. When the Cubans were dislodged their retreat is said to have been precipitate, and nine dead and five wounded were left on the field; many wounded were carried away. The troops lost one officer, and fifteen privates were wounded. What direction the insurgents took is not stated, but their movements after the attack on Bejuco seem to indicate a purpose to return to the province of

## AMERICA BROKE FAITH.

### So She Cannot Expect Britain to Trust Again to Arbitration.

London, Jan. 16.—The St. James Gazette, commenting on the speech of the first lord of the treasury, Mr. A. J. Balfour, made at Manchester last night, says this afternoon: "Mr. Balfour gives no encouragement to the diplomatic amateurs who are trying to get Americans to believe we are wrong and will by knocking down. Those who have been led to believe that the Marquis of Salisbury intends to apply to Washington, asking it to be good enough to arbitrate or conciliate, are much mistaken. We sincerely hope they have not been able to negotiate between us and the actual parties thereto, Great Britain and Venezuela. We have no quarrel with the old Monroism, but if the senate insists upon setting up the new Monroism, which will render the United States absolute arbitrator of the affairs of that continent, of which one-third belongs to Great Britain, we certainly cannot avert the consequences. The issue, peace or war, lies with the Americans. Nobody in England has discovered a patent method to escape the danger of a conflict, unless the Americans themselves are anxious to avoid it."

The Globe takes the same view of the arbitration propositions, and asks: "How could a court be constituted whose decisions would be sure to command equal respect on both sides. To this day the Americans have not carried out the Behring Sea award, and the arbitrators have no means of enforcing it. The foreign office has received a note from the United States ambassador, Thomas F. Bayard, saying he has been instructed by his