Dutch Miles of Delaware River; and on the other Side, ten English Miles to the Eastward of North-River, by Capitulation the 16th of September 1664 ||. This Province, which then obtained the Name of New-YORK. called by the Dutch, while in their Possession, The New Netherlands. Confirmed by was by the third Article of the Treaty of Breda, July 31, 1667, confirmed the Treaty of to the English, as Surinam was to the Dutch. This Article recites, 'That they should each respectively keep whatever Places they had taken by · Force of Arms or otherwise, and were in Possession of the 20th of May foregoing.**

French Treaty of Breda,

Breda 1667.

At the Time that this Treaty was made with the Dutch, another was executed with the French at the same Place. By the second Article a General Peace was established. By the fourth, a Freedom of Commerce. And by the twelfth, express Mention is made of the Places that should be reflored by the French to the Crown of England; that is, Antegoa and Montferat. And the English promised to restore whatever Places they had taken, and the French had been in Possession of, the 1st of January 1665+. This I esteem equivalent to a Treaty of Confirmation; because if Places taken Confirmation are to be reflored, those not lost are to be implied to be confirmed, or at least it amounts to an Acquiescence of the other Party. The 1st of 7anuary 1665, the English had been in Possession of New-York near four Months, and had affumed to fulfil with the Confederates whatever had been French Right engaged by the Dutch. And the French at the same Time had two or three considerable Townships on the South-east Side of St. Laurence River, and as many Sconces between Montreal and Riviere St. Francis. Upon this Point I found my Opinion of the French's extending thereabouts to this Side of St. Laurence. For those Parts have never been given to us by any subsequent Treaty. But Countries in the actual Possession of the French have been confirmed to them by the fourth Article of the Treaty of Ryswick, and the French have had Possession of those Parts above 130 Years.

equivalent to a Treaty of

to land Southcall of St. Laurence.

A fecret Treaty followed with France in 1670, for the Destruction of the Charles II. fecret Treaty. Dutch, and was put in Execution by a Declaration of War of King Charles II. against the States, March 27, 1672, while Lewis XIV. invaded the United Provinces with a vast Army and amazing Progress.

The first Ef-During this intimate Union of Purposes between the Crowns of England tablishment of and France, and while the French were in Amity with the Consederates, the French at Count Frontenac, Governor of Canada in 1672, prevailed with the Confe-

All the Dates here are reduced to the New Stile.

N. B. There are two Commas ["] prefixed to full Quotations, and one only to Extracts

derates

^{+ 12.} The most Christian King shall restore Antegoa and Montferat.' "And the King " of Great Britian shall reciprocally restore and give up to the most Christian King in the " Form already expressed, all the Islands, Countries, Fortresses and Colonies, in what Part " of the World soever they are situated, which he was in Possession of before the first of " January 1665, and which might have been taken from him by the Arms of the King of " Great Britain before or after the figning of the present Treaty."