

10. Speech by President Z.H. Batmunkh, 18 August 1989
11. There has been some confusion concerning Mongolia and the NPCSD. There appeared to be a consensus among the academics who participated in the April 1991 NPCSD Colloquium that Mongolia be included in NGO track activities. There has been no change in the definition of North Pacific countries for the purposes of the official track of the NPCSD.
12. Given at Australia National University, 12 August 1987.
13. There were also attempts to disassociate Australia from the term "CSCA", at times going so far as to repudiate the authenticity of the International Herald Tribune headline. A more convincing argument was that early references to the value of the guiding principles of the CSCE were misconstrued and misinterpreted as a suggestion to transfer, holus-bolus, the European experience to Asia-Pacific.
14. These events have provided regional governments with an "unofficial" forum for floating regional security initiatives. At the Malaysian ISIS-organized Fifth Asia-Pacific Roundtable, Vietnam proposed the establishment of a new Southeast Asia security relationship which would focus initially on confidence-building.
15. Individual ASEAN members have offered suggestions to enhance regional security. In June 1989, Malaysian Prime Minister Mahatir, in addressing the Malaysian ISIS-organized Third Asia-Pacific Roundtable, called for modest regional CSBMs such as prior notification of military exercises and transparency.
16. To preclude having to discuss this matter with the Dialogue Partners, Malaysia, as host country, invited the Soviet Union and China to observe the ASEAN Foreign Ministers Meeting (AMM) which immediately preceded the PMC.
17. Cited in conversations with the author and ASEAN diplomats.
18. Recommendations submitted by the ASEAN Institutes for Strategic and International Studies (ASEAN ISIS) to ASEAN Foreign Ministers at the 1991 AMM in Kuala Lumpur.
19. Much of this thinking was reflected in Yukio Satoh's impressive paper "Asian Pacific Process for Stability and Security" presented at the Fifth Asia-Pacific Roundtable: Confidence Building and Conflict Reduction in the Pacific, Kuala Lumpur, 10-14 June 1991.
20. The Nakayama initiative consists of two tiers: an enhanced political and security dialogue using all available fora; an ASEAN senior officials meeting on security, with participation by officials from Dialogue Partners.