

Chart 5a

International comparison of graduate engineering salaries

	Median Salary ^a \$US
United States	51 200
Western Europe	47 000
Canada	45 000
Mexico, Central and South America	32 000
Rest of World (Africa, Asia, Middle East, Australia)	29 500



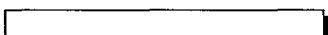

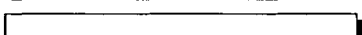
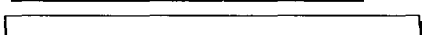
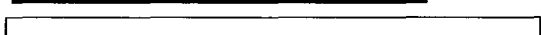




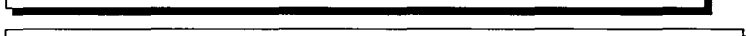
^a Based on results of 1990 survey.

Source: Chemical Engineering, June 1990.

Note: All Canadian employees enjoy guaranteed basic government health care plan benefits, and every Canadian employee may contribute up to 20% (to a maximum of \$3 500 of salary tax-free to private pension plans.

Chart 5b

Composite electrical costs index, 1988^a

Vancouver		79
Stockholm		98
Montreal		100
Atlanta		100
Toronto		111
Boston		130
London		168
Frankfurt		171
Paris		177
Milan		182
Tokyo		219
New York		232

Note: Based on service of 200 000 kWh per month at 600 v and 500 kW utilization.

^a Montreal is assigned an index of 100.

Source: Montreal Urban Community, Office of Economic Expansion, 1989

Chart 5c

Exchange rates between Canada and various countries

Year	Number of Canadian Dollars Per				
	US Dollar	German Deutsche Mark	Japanese Yen	French Franc	UK Pound
1985	1.365	0.468	0.00577	0.153	1.770
1986	1.389	0.643	0.00830	0.201	2.039
1987	1.326	0.738	0.00919	0.221	2.173
1988	1.231	0.703	0.00961	0.207	2.193
1989	1.184	0.630	0.00861	0.186	1.942
1990 (4 months)	1.170	0.697	0.00784	0.206	1.947

Source: Bank of Canada, May 1990