

# The Church.

and great numbers flocked along the streets, and the Royal Guards were seen with most enthusiastic demonstrations of loyalty.

## THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

I have called you together at this unusual period of the year, in order that by your assistance, I may take such measures as will enable me to prosecute the great war in which we are engaged with the utmost vigor and effect, and that assistance I know will be readily given, for I cannot doubt that you share my conviction of the necessity of sparing no effort to augment my forces now in the Crimea. The exertions they have made and the victories they have obtained will be recorded in the brightest pages of our history, and have filled me with admiration and gratitude. The hearty and efficient co-operation of the brave troops of my Empire, the loyal French, and the brave allied forces in common, cannot fail to cement still more closely the union which happily exists between the two nations. It is with satisfaction that I inform you that together with the Emperor of the French, I have concluded a treaty of alliance with the Emperor of Austria, from which I anticipate advantage to the common cause. I have also concluded a treaty with the United States of America, by which subjects of long and difficult discussion have been equitably adjusted. These treaties will be laid before you. Although the prosecution of the war will naturally engage your chief attention, I trust that other matters of great interest and importance to the general welfare, will not be neglected. I rejoice to observe that the general prosperity of my subjects remains uninterrupted. The state of the revenue affords me entire satisfaction, and I trust by your wisdom and prudence, will continue to promote the progress of agriculture and manufactures.

## Gentlemen of the House of Commons—

In the estimates which will be presented to you, I trust you will find that ample provision has been made for the exigencies of the public service.

## My Lords and Gentlemen—

I rely with confidence on your patriotism and public spirit. I feel assured that in the momentous contest in which we are engaged, you will be ready to the world the example of a united people. Thus united, we shall be enabled to overcome all our opponents, and may trust that by the blessing of God, we shall bring the war to a successful termination.

## The passage relative to the victories of the Crimea was delivered with graceful emotion.

Her Majesty having delivered her speech, rose, and giving her hand to Prince Albert, left the House. The assembly then dispersed.

## The Lords re-assembled at 5 o'clock, and an important debate ensued, in which the Earl of Derby took a prominent part. He was very severe on the conduct of the war, but threw no obstacle in the way of its vigorous prosecution.

## The Lord Chancellor having read the Royal speech,

The Duke of Leeds moved the address.

## Lord Aberdeen (in the absence of the Earl of Aberdeen) seconded the address.

The Earl of Derby disclaimed all intention of proposing an amendment to the address. He thought it more becoming, under present circumstances, to announce his intention, on the part of the Conservative party, that he should at an early day declare his views, and the course they were prepared to pursue at this momentous crisis. It was not the government that urged the country, but the country that urged the government, to the war, and compelled it to take that safe and most honorable course which was consistent with the principles of justice.

(Continued) After voting on the treaty with America, he paid a eloquent tribute to the valor of the army in the East. With regard to the conduct of the war, he would not cavil at the minor arrangements; but his complaint against the government was, that in the war they were lived from hand to mouth, and never anticipated or made provision in due time for the magnitude of the enterprise in which they were engaged. The fatal words, "too late," were applicable to all their undertakings. He then went into a lengthy detail respecting the expedition to the East, and strongly commended the Government for having secondly engaged in reserve to supply the losses of the army which was first sent out. He charged the Government with neglect generally, and alluded sarcastically to the omission of all allusion to the services of the Baltic fleet, and to the lack of organization on the part of the government in sending out a fleet, composed of a variety of vessels which rendered it incapable of doing service. In conclusion, the noble earl, after remarking upon the recent treaty with Austria, strongly urged the necessity of unanimity in the prosecution of the war, and sinking all party differences in carrying out to the uttermost what was originally undertaken. Loud cheering.

## The Duke of Newcastle said that he was too sensible of shortcomings in the administration of affairs connected with the army to attempt a defence of all that had been done since the commencement of the war. He maintained that the expedition to the East had not been frustrated, inasmuch as the fleets of Russia had been shut up and her trade off. He vindicated the government from charges of delay. In previous war had the same amount of energy been expended in sending out battering trains, ammunition, and other stores, which had arisen from the condition of the Turkish army, which had been made, but as regarded the disembarkation of the allied army in the Crimea, nothing more successful had been attempted on so great a scale.

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troops, left yesterday for the Crimea. Cherib Paacha has been named Minister of Finance.

## TRIALS, Dec. 13.—The packet which left Constantinople on the 4th has just arrived. The accounts from Sebastopol state that the allied armies were occupied in preparing their barracks to winter in the Crimea. On the 20th, 2000 English soldiers passed through the Bosphorus to reinforce the English army. The Duke of Cambridge was still ill, and confined to his bed.

## RATIFICATION OF THE TRIPLE TREATY.

A private despatch from Vienna, Thursday evening, says.—The ratifications of the treaty of alliance between Austria and the Western Powers were exchanged this afternoon, at the office of the Minister for Foreign Affairs, between the Plenipotentiaries of Austria, France, and England.

## RUSSIA.

An address, signed by 41 members, will be moved in the Prussian Chambers, which counsels the government to avoid a complete isolation from Europe. The Russian made frequent sorties, chiefly against the French, and were always repulsed, with considerable loss on both sides.

## THE AUSTRIAN TREATY—HANKS TO THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Lord John Russell having laid upon the table the treaty between her Majesty and the Emperor of the French and the Emperor of Austria, proceeded to move votes of thanks to the English and French military and naval forces in the Crimea and the Black Sea. He observed that the weather had been very bad, and much sickness prevailed. The Russian made frequent sorties, chiefly against the French, and were always repulsed, with considerable loss on both sides.

## ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

The steamship Asia arrived at Halifax at half past 9 o'clock A.M. Affairs here Sebastopol remain unchanged. The weather had been very bad, and much sickness prevailed. The Russian made frequent sorties, chiefly against the French, and were always repulsed, with considerable loss on both sides.

## Colonial.

The boys of the Classical school under the management of the Rev. John Butler, were examined on Monday and the three following days, in the work of the half-year. The result shows the following First in their respective classes.

Class	First
1st Class Latin, Case.	O'Reilly, M.
2nd. .... O'Reilly, M.	Butler, J.
3rd. .... Segram.	Mathews, Sr.
4th. .... Mathews, Sr.	Case.
Arithmetic. .... Armstrong.	
Geography. .... Butler.	
1st French. .... O'Reilly, M.	
2nd. .... Butler.	
3rd. .... Segram.	
German. .... Gunn.	
English Composition. .... Gunn.	
Themes. .... Butler.	
Attendance. .... Stennet and equal.	
English Dictation. .... Duggan.	
Latin Catechism. .... O'Reilly, M.	
Gospels. .... Armstrong.	
English Catechism. .... Austin, Jr.	

The examination was conducted by the master, assisted by Mr. Heise, the German Teacher, and, during a portion of the time, by the Rev. J. G. Geddes. It was partly on paper, and partly viva voce. The Rev. J. G. Geddes, kindly gave two valuable books as prizes, and signified his intention of continuing to do so yearly to the two best boys in the school. These fall to the lot of Masters O'Reilly, Sr. and Gunn, and a third was very considerably aided for the purpose of enabling the master to avoid any appearance of partiality in awarding a prize to his own son.

## MARRIED.

On Wednesday, the 3rd inst., at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Toronto, by the Rev. Henry Scadding, D.D., Wm. Wood, Esq., M.A., third Classical Master, of the Central Collegiate School, and Miss E. Mathews, daughter of the Rev. George Mathews, M.A., Mathematical Master.

## TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Jan. 3rd, 1855.

Flour—Millers' extra sup. per barrel	\$ 40	1/4	41
" do. do. do. do. do. do.	37	0	38
Wheat—Fall, per bushel, 60 lbs.	7	4	7
do. do. do. do. do. do.	7	4	7
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs.	4	9	4
do. do. do. do. do. do.	4	9	4
Oats, per bushel, 34 lbs. new	2	8	2
do. do. do. do. do. do.	2	8	2
Corn, per bushel, 48 lbs.	0	0	0
do. do. do. do. do. do.	0	0	0
Hay per ton. .... 40	0	140	0
Straw, per ton. .... 40	0	140	0
Butter—1/4 lb. per lb. .... 19	0	11	0
Fresh, per lb. .... 1	0	1	0
Beef, per 100 lbs. .... 23	0	27	0
Pork, per 100 lbs. .... 27	0	27	0
Eggs per dozen. .... 1	0	2	0
do. do. do. do. do. do.	2	0	2

## New Advertisements.

## SUPERB ILLUSTRATED WORK.

## Victoria Regia;

OR, THE GREAT WATER LILY OF AMERICA; With a brief account of its discovery and introductions into Cultivation. IMPERIAL FOLIO, WITH SIX SUPERB PLATES, BY WM. SHARP.

Colored to Nature, from Specimens grown at Salem, Mass.—By JOHN FISK ALLEN.

[THIS is one of the most splendid works of its class ever published in America, containing six Coloured Plates, Printed in Colors, each Plate on a sheet 30 by 24 inches. The work is a perfect description, printed on new Great Primer Type, 16 pages of the same size, giving the History of the Plant, and its mode of Cultivation. A few copies of this splendid work on sale, Price \$25 00, by

HENRY ROWSELL, Bookseller, Stationer and Printer, King Street, Toronto, 23-4t.

## EDUCATION.

MRS. COSENS has removed her Establishment for the Education of young Ladies from St. George's Square to Yonge Street, opposite Gerrard Street.

The studies will be resumed on Monday, January 15th, 1855. Toronto, January 1, 1855. 23-4in.

## MUSIC.

WANTED, in a School at Cobourg, a Lady fully competent to instruct in Music. She will also be required to assist in teaching the piano. HENRY ROWSELL, Bookseller, Stationer and Printer, King Street, Toronto, 23-4t.

## MRS. CROMBIE'S YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY,

GEORGE STREET, TORONTO.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT will be re-opened, after the winter recess, on Monday, the 5th of January, 1855. Reference kindly permitted to the Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto, the Rev. John McCall, L.L.D., President of the University of Toronto, the Rev. H. J. Grasset, B.D. Rector of Toronto, Rev. Edmund Baldwin, M.A., Assistant Minister of St. James's, Rev. G. D. McKenzie, M.A., Incumbent of St. Mark's, Toronto, Rev. R. T. Kennedy, Secretary of the Church Society.

Other noble lords followed in the same strain, when the votes were unanimously passed.

## CRIME.

A despatch from Balaklava, via Varna, received on the 14th at Vienna, states that the English were preparing to embark some heavy siege artillery, and it was thought there was an intention of attacking Odessa.

A letter has been received at Vienna from the Duke of Cambridge, who writes that Lord Raglan has given him few days leave of absence, at the end of which time he returns to his command in the Crimea.

## CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 4.—Six vessels, full of

troops, left yesterday for the Crimea. Cherib Paacha has been named Minister of Finance.