

consultin'. He's famous enough for her, if that is all," she added, by way of final consolation.

Mrs. Butterwell's prophecy proved so far correct that at a quarter of eleven the hospitable light still shone from Dr. Zay's parlor upon the acacia leaves and clovers, and the slender-throated honey-suckles, curious and dumb. It was with an emotion of exultance, for which he blamed and shamed himself with bitter helplessness, that Yorke heard, at ten minutes before eleven, the office-bell struck by what he knew was the imperious hand of a messenger in mortal need. He heard Doctor Zay come out quickly to the wagon which had brought the order. She did not wait for her own horse to be harnessed, but was driven rapidly and anxiously away. It seemed to him that he heard Jim Paisley's voice, and that Jim said something about Molly. Yorke was sorry for Molly, but he was not sorry for Doctor Penhallow, whose distinguished footsteps echoed down the lonely street, on their way back to the Sherman Hotel.

"I think, Doctor, if I was you,—which I ain't, goodness knows, I don't mean to set myself up,—I should go and look at Mr. Yorke before you go out," said Mrs. Butterwell, presenting herself at the office the next morning. "He has a dreadfully peaked look, and he's got just Sally Lunn for breakfast. As long as he took his Sally Lunn, I knew you'd found the remedy." (Mrs. Butterwell pronounced these two words with that accent of confiding reverence by which the truly devout homoeopathist may be instantly classified.) "But now I'm afraid you haven't. He never looked at a thing only his coffee, and he swore at that, too. He thought I'd gone, but I hadn't."

"I never heard Mr. Yorke swear," observed Doctor Zay dryly.

"Well, he did; he said he supposed the sooner he drank the infernal thing and done with it, the better. I was clear across the entry, but I heard him."

The doctor went as she was bidden, fortified by her hat and gloves and full professional demeanor. Yorke was on the lounge, glaring at his breakfast tray. He pushed it aside when he saw her, and held out his hand. She did not take it, but drew out her note-book and medicine case, and coldly asked for the symptoms.

"I owe you an apology," said the patient at once, drawing back his hand.

"You do indeed," she answered sternly.

"I can do no more than offer it," returned the young man with spirit. "If you had ever been a man, you would be less implacable."

"I am not implacable," she softened. "No one ever called me that."

"It is possible that no one ever called you several things that I shall have occasion to," observed the patient, running his white hand through his hair, and stupidly meeting her eyes, which seemed to overlook him with a fathomless, fatal calm, as if he were a being of another solar system, speaking in an unknown tongue.

"Mrs. Butterwell said you were worse."

"I have had no sleep and no breakfast; it does not signify."

"It does signify," returned Doctor Zay; "it is ridiculous."

"You use sympathetic language, Doctor Lloyd."

"I do not feel sympathetic." She looked deeply annoyed; she drew out her miniature vial with her tiny piners in frowning hesitation. "I have no symptoms. Give me some symptoms before I prescribe."

"Where is your friend?" asked Yorke abruptly. "Has he gone?"

She evinced neither surprise nor displeasure at the question, but laconically answered,—

"Yes."

"Then you will not be engaged with him. Will you take me to ride to-night?"

"What do you want to do that for?"

"I am going home next week. I want a ride before I go."

"Very well," said Doctor Zay, after a severe pause. "Have it as you will. Only remember that I did not invite you."

"I promise you to remember as much as that."

"Did you take that powder, last night?"

"No."

"Why not?"

"I did not want your sugar!" with rising fierceness. He quickly repented this outburst, and as she was leaving the room, he asked, with what he thought a masterly effort to be civil, if not natural, "What does *Charm*, 5 m. stand for, Doctor?"

"Champs Elysées, five miles," she said, without turning around.

"That is a long tramp for a man on crutches."

"Altogether too long," retorted the doctor. "He shouldn't try it."

The phaeton came to the door directly after an early tea, and Yorke went out, and got in without further invitation. Handy helped him. The doctor did not offer her shoulder. She came down the walk consulting her visiting list with an absorption which the vainest of men could not have interpreted as less than real. It bitterly occurred to Yorke that she had already forgotten even to seem to forget what had cost him more than he had nerve of soul or body to waste. She took the reins without speaking, and they drove for some time silently towards the large August sunset. She wore a white dress which did not, for some reason become her. It was one of her plainest hours. He watched her studious and anxious face, on which lines of care were beginning—he had never noticed before—to notch themselves lightly, as if with the pro-

bational or preparatory motion which the heavy chisel stroke must follow soon and surely. It came to his thought with a complex emotion how dear she looked to him when she was not beautiful. It would have been hard to say why this discovery was so fraught with significance to him.

"You are anxious and tired, to-night," he ventured at length, when her silence had lasted so long that he felt it was veering over the margin between the oppressive and the dangerous.

(To be continued.)

## OUR CHESS COLUMN.

All communications intended for this Column should be addressed to the Chess Editor CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS, Montreal.

The Counties Chess Association is to the chess-player of England what the Canadian Chess Association was meant to be to the chess amateurs of the Dominion of Canada. It may not, therefore, be uninteresting to us here, to note what is being done at the annual meeting of the former institution, especially as the time is rapidly approaching when the latter will be called upon to prepare for the holding of its eleventh annual congress, which is to take place this year in the city of Montreal.

According to the announcement, the annual meeting of the Counties Association was to be held this year on the 31st of July.

The programme contains the following Tournaments:

Class I.—Tournament. Entrance fee £1 1s. First prize, £20; Second prize, £10; Third prize, £5; open to all provincial amateurs and to Metropolitan amateurs by permission of the Committee.

Class II.—Tournament. Entrance fee 10s 6d. First prize £10; Second prize, £5; Third prize, £2 10s; open to amateurs not strong enough for Class I.

Evening Tournament, No. 1; 16 Players. Entrance fee, 5s; with the addition of an equal amount from the funds of the Association. First prize, £5; Second prize, £3.

Handicap Tournament of 8 or 16 players. Entrance fee, 2s 6d; with the addition of an equal amount from the funds of the Association. The prizes will be apportioned in the same ratio as in the preceding Tournament.

This programme is a liberal one, and is arranged in such a manner as to suit the circumstances of a large number of competitors, differing in ability, and, perhaps, not equally in possession of time to devote to a gathering of this nature. A time limit of twenty moves to the hour is to be observed in the Tournaments of the 1st and 2nd class, and in the other two there will be a time limit of five minutes after notice, i.e., when a player thinks his opponent has taken sufficient time to consider his move, he may give him notice to move within five minutes, or to forfeit the game. One of the rules binding upon those engaged in the 1st and 2nd class Tournaments is to the effect that the first move in the matches will be arranged in the usual way, and that the player who has to move shall play with the white men, and shall be bound to take down and furnish to the Executive Committee a correct record of the moves in the game. It is also stated that the prize may be withheld from any competitor failing to comply with this regulation.

Any rules which may lead to a correct record of games in contests of importance are calculated to be of great benefit, but we must say that we consider that it would be much better to compel each player to furnish a like statement, rather than oblige one alone to suffer a great inconvenience. We feel sure that all who have been engaged in the exciting work of tournament play will bear us out in saying that any extra work which may fall to the lot of one individual in an encounter, which is not equally felt by his antagonist, is a great disadvantage. Indeed, every competitor in a match ought, as much as possible, to be able to give all his time and energy to his moves over the board, and any extra labour in the shape of recording moves, preparing matter for the press, and business of a like nature, is very objectionable. We noticed recently in one of the leading chess journals a statement to the effect that Steinitz in his first games in the Vienna Tournament suffered considerably from being compelled to give his attention to the preparation of material for an important Chess Column.

We visited last week the new chess room of the Quebec Chess Club. This resort of the Quebec amateurs is situated near the centre of the city, and must be found very convenient for most of the players, as well as for occasional visitors to the ancient capital. The arrangements for play, as regards board, men, light, &c., were all that could be wished, and we congratulate the Quebec players on the warm feeling with reference to the game which appears to exist among them.

Although this is not the season for chess practice, we found some members of the club present, from whom we received, as usual, a hearty welcome.

The Manhattan Chess Club has a pretty custom of issuing visitors' cards which serve the purpose of introducing strangers to the rooms of that club. While the rooms are open to everybody it is pleasant for a visitor to produce a card of invitation signed by a member of the club, and in this way he is soon made to feel at home.

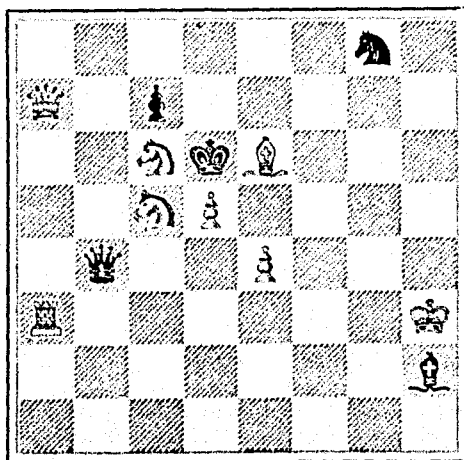
—*Hartford Times*

## PROBLEM No. 394.

From Chess Gems.

By H. E. Kidson.

BLACK.



WHITE.

White to play and mate in three moves.

## SOLUTIONS

### SOLUTION OF PROBLEM No. 392.

- |               |                    |
|---------------|--------------------|
| White.        | Black.             |
| 1. R to K 4   | 1. K to B 3 or (A) |
| 2. Q to R 7   | 2. Anything        |
| 3. Mates acc. | (A) 1. K takes R   |
|               | 2. Anything.       |
| 2. Q to B 6   |                    |
| 3. Mates acc. |                    |

### THE VIENNA TOURNAMENT.

#### GAME 521st.

First game of the tie, played June 23.

- |                        |                       |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| White.—(Mr. Steinitz.) | Black.—(Mr. Winawer.) |
| 1. P to K 4            | 1. P to K 3           |
| 2. P to K 5            | 2. P to K B 3         |
| 3. P to Q 4 (a)        | 3. P to Q B 4         |
| 4. P takes P (b)       | 4. B takes P          |
| 5. Q to Kt B 3         | 5. Q to B 2 (c)       |
| 6. Q B to B 4          | 6. Q to Kt 3          |
| 7. Q to Q 2 (d)        | 7. B takes P ch       |
| 8. B takes B           | 8. Q takes Kt P       |
| 9. K to Q 2            | 9. Q takes R          |
| 10. Kt to Kt 5 (e)     | 10. Kt to R 3         |
| 11. Kt to Q 6 ch       | 11. K to B sq         |
| 12. B takes Kt         | 12. P takes B         |
| 13. Q to B 5           | 13. Kt to Kt 2        |
| 14. Kt to K 2 (f)      | 14. Q takes R         |
| 15. P takes P          | 15. P takes P         |
| 16. B to R 6 ch (g)    | 16. K to Kt sq        |
| 17. Q to Q 4 (h)       | 17. Q takes Kt P      |
| 18. B to B 4 (i)       | 18. Q to R 4          |
| 19. Q takes B P        | 19. Kt to Q 4 (j)     |
| 20. Q to Q 8 ch        | 20. K to K 4          |
| 21. Q to R 5           | 21. Kt takes B        |
| 22. Q to B 3 ch        | 22. P to K 4          |
| 23. Kt takes Kt        | 23. Q to Kt 4         |
| 24. P to K Kt 3        | 24. R to B sq         |
| 25. Kt to K 4          | 25. Q to K 2          |
| 26. Kt to Q 5          | 26. Q to K 3          |
| 27. Kt to B 7          | 27. Q to R 3 ch       |
| Resigns                |                       |

## NOTES.

(From the Field.)

(a) Usually Steinitz plays here P takes P, followed by P to K B 4.

(b) B to Q 3 instead would have been invidious, for Black could then safely take the Q P with the B P, since, if the White Q checked at R 5, the King would move out to K 2; Black is also threatening to win another P by Q to R 5 ch.

(c) If P takes P, White would always recover by Q to R 5 ch.

(d) The sacrifice of the exchange and two pawns appears to have been sound enough if properly followed up. Kt to K B 3 would have led to a dubious kind of position.

(e) Not as good as the developing preparation, Kt to K B 3; the position defies exhaustive analysis.

(f) The sacrifice is, so far, correct, as it secured the draw if properly continued. But, under any circumstances, it was better policy first to take the K B P, as this course would have thrown great difficulties in the way of the adverse decision. Retaking with the P was then the only correct reply.

(g) White here seriously overrated his position in still playing to win, and the move in the text is certainly a glaring error. He could have drawn here by Kt K 4, to which Winawer had no better play than K B 2, and afterwards to go back again to Kt sq if the Kt checked at Q 6. In giving some of the fine and difficult variations which might have sprung from this line of play, it is only due to state that Herr Winawer fully recognized the danger of the situation, for he afterwards declared that he would have at once adopted the above indicated course, which would have led to a draw.

(h) The position was now beyond an attempt at mending; White had contemplated in his fore-calculation to capture the K B P at this point, threatening mate Kt 7 and B 7. But he now discovered too late that Black, after capturing the Kt checking, would make himself perfectly safe by Kt K B 4, and White had no prospect of drawing by perpetual check, for the Black K would soon escape by careful manoeuvring.

(i) Black now takes the attack in hand, and conducts it in a vigorous manner.

(j) The defence can no more be prolonged, if the K move to Q sq, the Kt is lost by Q R 8 ch, and if 27. K K 2, then follows:

- |                  |                            |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| White.           | Black.                     |
| 28. Kt to K 3    | 28. Q to R 7 ch            |
| 29. Q to Kt 6 ch | 29. Q to Kt 6 ch           |
| 30. K to K 2     | 30. Q to Kt 7 ch and wins. |

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## Montreal Post-Office Time-Table.

AUGUST 1882.

DELIVERY.		MAILS.		CLOSING.	
A. M.	P. M.	ONT. & WESTERN PROVINCES.	A. M.	P. M.	
8 30	8 30	(A) Ottawa by Railway	8 15	8 00	
		(A) Province of Ontario, Manitoba & B. Columbia Ottawa River Route up to Carillon.	8 15	8 00	
	6 30		6 00		
		QUE. & EASTERN PROVINCES.			
	8 00	Quebec, Three Rivers, Berthier, Sorel, per steamer.		6 00	
	5 35	Quebec, Three Rivers, Berthier, &c., by North Shore Railway.		1 50	
	8 00	(B) Quebec by G. T. Ry.		8 00	
	8 00	(B) Eastern Townships, Three Rivers, Arthabaska & Riviere du Loup R. R.		8 00	
	12 50	Can. Pac. Railway Main Line to Ottawa.		7 00	
	9 20	Do St. Jerome and St. Lin Branches.		4 45	
	9 20	Do St. Jerome & St. Janvier.		7 00	
	9 20	St. Remi, Hemmingford & Laprairie Railway.		4 00	
	8 00	St. Hyacinthe, Sherbrooke, Coaticook, &c.	6 00	2 30 8	
	8 00	Acton and Sorel Railway.		8 00	
	10 00	St. John's, Stanbridge & St. Armand Station.		6 00	
	10 00	St. John's, Vermont Junction & Sherford Railways.		2 15	
	9 30	South Eastern Railway.		4 15	
	8 00	(B) New Brunswick, Nova Scotia & P. E. I., Newfoundland, forwarded daily on Halifax, whence despatch is by the Packet leaving Halifax on the 10th and 24th August.		8 00	
		LOCAL MAILS.			
	9 45	Valleyfield, Valois & Dorval.		4 30	
	11 30	Beauharnois Route.		6 00	
	10 30	Boucherville, Contrecoeur, Varennes & Vercheres.		1 45	
	9 00	5 30 Cote St. Antoine and Notre Dame de Grace.	9 00	1 00	
	9 00	5 30 Hochelaga.	8 00	2 15 5	
	11 30	Huntingdon.	6 00	2 00	
	10 00	5 30 Lachine.	6 00	2 00	
	10 30	3 00 Laprairie.	10 30	2 5	
	10 30	Longueuil.	6 00	1 45	
	10 00	Longue Pointe, Pointe-aux Trem. & Charlemagne.		2 00	
	8 30	2 30 Point St. Charles.	8 00	1 15 5	
	11 30	St. Onegonde.	6 00		
	10 00	St. Lambert.		2 15	
	12 30	St. Laurent, St. Martin & St. Eustache.		7 00	
	11 30	5 30 Tanneries West (St. Henri de M.).	6 00	2 00	
	10 00	Sault-au-Recollet & Pont Vian (also Bougie).		3 30	
	10 00	6 55 St. Jean Baptiste Village, Mile-End & Coteau St. Louis.	7 00	3 30	
		UNITED STATES.			
	9 15	St. Albans and Boston.	6 00		
	8 40	Boston & New England States, except Maine.	5 40		
	9 30	New York and Southern States.	6 00		
	8 00	12 30 Island Pond, Portland & Maine.	2 15 5	5 40	
	8 30	(A) Western & Pac. States.	8 15	8 00	
		GREAT BRITAIN, &c.			
		By Cunard from N.Y. Mon. 7, 14, 21, & 28.		7 00	
		Do. Supplementary Tues. 5 & 22.		2 15	
		By White Star from N.Y. Tues. 1, 15 & 29.		7 00	
		By Inman Line from New York, 15th.		7 00	
		By Inman Line from New York, 20th.		7 00	
		By Hamburg American Packet Co. from N.Y. Wed. 2, 9, 16, 23 and 30.		2 15	
		By Inman Line from New York, 9th.		2 15	
		By Hamburg Am. P. Co. from N.Y. 16.		2 15	
		By White Star Line from New York, 23.		2 15	
		By Hamburg American Packet, 30.		2 15	
		By Can. L. from Rimonski Fri. 4 11, 18 & 25.		7 00	
		(A) Postal Car Bags open till 8.45 a.m., and 9.15 p.m.			
		(B) Do 9.00 p.m.			

Mail for St. Thomas, W.I., Brazil, Argentine Republic, and Montevideo will be despatched from Halifax, N.S., once the 20th of each month.

Mails leave New York for the following Countries, as follows:

For Porto Rico direct, August 2nd and 18th.  
 "Bahama Islands, August 3rd.  
 "Cuba and W.I. via Havana, August 3rd and 17th.  
 "Cuba and Porto Rico via Havana, August 5th, 10th, 12th, 19th, 24th, 26th and 31st.  
 "For Brazil and W.I., August 9th and 23rd.  
 "South Pacific and Central American Ports, August 10th, 19th and 30th.  
 "Bermuda, August 10th and 24th.  
 "Jamaica, Turk's Island and Hayti, August 11th.  
 "Venezuela and Curacao, August 12th and 30th.  
 "Hayti and U. S. of Columbia, except Asp. and Pan. August 15th.  
 "Santiago and Cienfuegos, Cuba, August 15th.  
 "Windward Islands, August 15th.  
 "Cape Hayti, Saint Domingo and Turk's Island, August 22nd.  
 "Jamaica, Turk's Island and U. S. Col. except Asp. and Pan. August 25th.  
 "Hayti, August 29th.

Mails leave San Francisco:

For Australia and Sandwich Islands, August 26th.  
 For China and Japan, August 12th and 24th.