AMERICAN COMPANIES AND FOREIGN DUBINESS.

It ought by this time to have dawned upon some very ambitious as well as officious people in the little state of Connecticut, that their fulminations against the three mammoth life companies of New York make about the same impression that a shot from a school boy's pea-gun would make on an elephant. Colonel Greene, the president of the Connecticut Mutual Life, has aired his stilted opinions frequently of late, touching the "investment features" of the New York companies alluded to, as contrasted with his own simon-pure, warranted-not-to-fade, only genuine, and altogether model company of the period. Following upon the newspaper effusions of the valiant colonel, the insurance commissioner of Connecticut raw fit in his recent report to devote considerable space to the "foreign bus 'uess' of the New York trio, which, as our readers are aware, is very large, —the Equitable's and New York Life's business exceeding the Mutual's only because of having been longer in the foreign field. The commissioner gravely discourses on the nature of the business, which the is pleased to term as of an "experimental" character, admitting, however, that so far as the principal European business is concerned, the data on which their transactions are based is tolerably reliable. Well, we should rather think so. With more than twice the experience of this continent in point of time and some other very desirable things, American companies in Longon or Paris or Berlin can count with quite as great certainty on mortality rates as they can down in Connecticut or out in Colorado. But the anxiety of the commissioner seems to be more with reference to business in South America and other countries with similar characteristics, forgetting that two at least of the companies now have an experience of their own several years old as a guide, besides abundant mortality statistics for the last hundred or more years. Speaking on this subject, the *Insurance Age* well says:—

The fact is, ...e believe that the companies are strengthened and benefited by this widening of their experience. They get the benefit of a wider mortality experience, enlarge their income and membership, and carry a little farther the beneficient results of their activity. It is use ristood that in many countries of the Old World they have had a more favorable mortality experience than in America. If that experience is less favorable in the Southern hemisphere, a larger premium is charged to meet it, and thus the comparative outgo is kept within the limits of safety.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF CANADIAN LIFE COMPANIES, 1800.

Compiled from the Dominion Insurance Report.

ASSETS.

COMPANIES.	Real Estate.	Loans on Real Estate,	Loans on Collaterals,	Cash Trans and Pr vium Obliga ns on Polic vin For	Stocks, Honds and Deben- tures.		and Bills ,	Interest and Rents	Outstand- ing and deferred pre- miums.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
	\$	8	s	8	\$	8 !	*	8	8	8	\$
Canada Life	So2,216	3,936,613	1,167,140	. 1,140,580	3,503,645	17,124	None	199,890	257,980	7,253	11,032,440
Citizens' (Life Dep.)		None	None	4,774	64,191	None	1,227	318		None	
Confederation	565,431	1,858,492	144,470	197,162	204-438	146,054	None	76,168	119,935	8,049	3,320,200
Dominion Life		3,350	None	None	71,001	121	917	1,215		439	82,459
Dom. Safety Fund		None	None	None	164,6ز (4.987	422	778	Noue	400	6ჳ.00ე
Federal		36,616	None	3,595	61,624	55,764	9,133			3,543	
London Life		35,647	22,612	14,378	162,195	2,939				None	
Manufacturers' Life.		159,243	None	None	77,150	28,908				9,000	
North American		690,530	46,530	19,887	129,410	28,473				32,978	1,034,895
Ontario Mutual		1,126,749	None	233,866	163,972	18,016	521			None	1,696,077
Sun	138,931	1,573,793	None	100,041	393,281	1::,229				81.557	
Temp. and General.	None	26,950	None	2,395	73,456	23,373	5,026	2,423	20,368	1,223	155,213
Total	1,518,834	9,447,983	1,380,752	1,716 -88	4,960,779	3:,7,988	39,351	415,124	785,622	144.442	20,747,462

LIABILITIES.

COMPANIES.	Unsettled Claims.	Net Re-insur- ance Reserve.	Sundry Liabilities.	Total Liabilities including Re- serve but n: Capital Stock	Surplus over Liabilities excluding Capital.	Capital Stock paid up.	Surplus over Liabilities including Capital Stock.
Canada Lité	None 14,678 None 7,000 6,500 4,457 None 13,000	\$ 10,046,807 None 2,867,255 16,568 *5,570 123,661 211,910 217,250 829,176 1,558,960 2,109,223 107,449	\$ 41,820 113,195 39,371 5,023 1,215 125 1,711 2,656 4,000 5,012 37,095 2,212	\$ 10,180,452 113,195 - 321,304 21,590 13,786 150,286 218,078 219,856 846,476 1,568,330 2,178,839 112,661	\$ 851,988 	\$ 125,000 †	\$ 72 ⁴ ,988 † 29S,896 5,293 128,719 127,746 232,176
Total		18,093,828	253,385	18,524,553	2,234,363	740,989	1,519,818

^{*} Amount of Safety Fund.
† The capital in this Company is also liable for its other departments, so that these columns cannot be filled up: see its Fire statement,