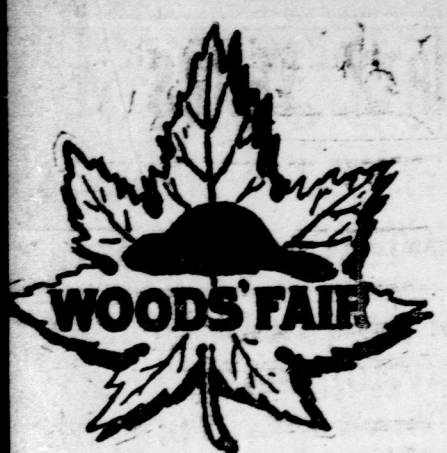




THE NOVEMBER CHINA SALE.

Two causes combined make this a most important occasion in the selling of Fine China and Glass.

FIRST—Many remarkably fortunate purchases of Fine China and Glass, Bric-a-Brac and Tableware, beautiful new goods, have just arrived, and are offered at the lowest prices ever named for such wares.

SECOND—We are clearing out all surplus stocks of China and Glass, and have cut the prices in our sharpest manner to be in keeping with the price concessions on the new goods.

Remember, all November China Sale prices will remain while the goods last, but those who choose early, choose best. Values such as these:

Plates and Fancy China.

One China Bread and Butter Plates a variety of decorations to choose from, gold stippled, regular 15c, November China Sale... 10c

One Austrian and Bavarian China Bread and Butter Plates, some pretty decorations, regular 20c and 25c, November China Sale... 15c

China Sugar and Cream Sets, beautifully decorated, regular 50c, November China Sale... 25c

China Comb and Brush Trays, several shapes, nicely decorated, regular \$1.00 and \$1.25, November China Sale... 75c

12 Biscuit Jars, fine thin china, floral decorations of blue and pink, gold lined, regular 75c, November China Sale... 50c

Ornaments.

Bisque Figures, a large collection, some very attractive looking ones, regular \$1.00 to \$2.00, November China Sale... 50c

English Clover-Leaf China, gold-lined:

Tea Plates, per dozen... 90c

Bread and Butter Plates, per dozen... 75c

Breakfast Plates, per dozen... 1.00

Dinner Plates, per dozen... 1.25

Soup Plates, per dozen... 1.00

Cups and Saucers, per dozen... 29c

Table Tumblers at 2½c Each

547 Table Tumblers, plain, tinted and banded patterns, regular 40c and 50c each, November China Sale... 2½c

Monday Bargains on the Main Floor

Monday, our bargain day, always made especially attractive. Our prices are more attractive than any other day.

223 Pipes, Regular 25c and 35c Values

We secured this lot at a price, and Monday we will put them on sale at 25c each. This is one of our special Monday bargains.

2 Pairs 25c Hose, 35c

Come early after these; only 15 dozen pairs to sell. Fine Cashmere Hose, wide rib, spliced heels and toes.

Regular 69c for 49c

Men's Fleece-Lined Undershirts and Drawers, best finish, Monday our price will be... 49c

Towels for 4c

5 dozen Cotton Towels, 16x21, red border and fringe, Monday for... 4c

10 Linen Hook Towels, size 20x40, plain end, red border, hemmed sides, Monday... 12½c

A Ribbon Bargain

1,000 yards of Silk Ribbon, two inches wide, cord edge, all colors, Monday, per yard... 7c

\$1 Kid Gloves for 69c

Colors and sizes complete; blacks, dark tans, browns and grays. Another genuine bargain.

Music Bargain

"I'll Always Love You" 10c waltz song, for... 2c

Notion Bargain List

1,000 of our 25c Gift Books, splendid list of titles, Monday for... 15c

10c Envelopes, Monday, per package... 5c

100 Hand Mirrors, wooden frame, Monday, each... 10c

Sterling Silver

Nail Files, Cutters, Paper Knives, Seals, Darning Balls, Blotters, Stamp Dampers, etc., regular 50c, Monday for... 35c

50c Pursses, Monday for... 39c

6c Rolls or six packages of Toilet Paper, equal to 3,000 sheets, for... 25c (Special prices on case lots.)

Candy Attractions

Hamburgs, per pound... 10c

25c box of Chocolates and Bonbons for... 19c

INSIDE 100 HOURS!

Two Railway Companies Figure on Reaching London From New York in That Time.

New York, Nov. 2.—New York to London in 100 hours is the problem for which two great American railroad companies are considering two solutions, says the Journal and Advertiser. The New York Central's engineers are working out the details of a plan involving the following route to Europe: New York to Boston by New York Central and Hudson River and Boston and Albany lines; Boston to St. John, N. B., by Boston and Maine Railroad and connections; St. John to a port on the Irish west coast by a line of swift steamships to be established; by rail to Dublin; packet across the Irish Channel; rail to London. Time, 4 days, 4 hours. Pennsylvania Railroad officials and

Clement A. Griscom, of the American Steamship Company, are having brought to their attention and are considering a plan of Austin Corbin, who desired to establish a steamship port at Montauk Point, cutting many hours off the trip by way of Sandy Hook and making through traffic for the Long Island Railroad. That plan, which was modified and proposed to the Pennsylvania, which now controls the Long Island, makes two jumps of the ocean voyage, as follows: New York to Greenport by Long Island Railroad. The East River tunnel, when completed, would make this a two hour run without change from a terminal in downtown New York, Greenport to Halifax, N. S., by fast steamship, Halifax to Southampton.

THE RAILWAYS

William Mackenzie, of the Canadian Northern Railway, is in Montreal from Winnipeg, and states that the road is at present handling 100,000 bushels of wheat a day, and would handle more if it had the facilities. The road will be finished to Port Arthur before the end of the year, there being about 50 miles to place before reaching Lake water.

"77" BREAKS UP CATARRHAL COLDS

A Cold partly suspends animation; the spirits droop, languor displaces energy; this is the effect of a Cold on the stomach, liver and nervous system—numbed vitality.

The use of Dr. Humphreys' Specific "Seventy-Seven" restores the numbed vitality, makes the blood tingle, relieves the congestion; arouses the sluggish liver, permits the system to cleanse itself, and "breaks up" the Cold.

At all druggists 25c, or mailed on receipt of price. Doctor's Book Mail Order. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., corner William and John streets, New York.

LAKE GRAIN RATES TOO LOW FOR PROFIT.

New York, Nov. 2.—Regarding the announcement that the Great Lakes and fifteen other vessels which have been plying between New York and Cleveland, the Erie Canal and Lake Erie, are to be withdrawn, cut up and shipped to the Philippines, the general manager of the Cleveland Steam Boat Company, Charles E. Wheeler, who is here, said: "Grain rates have got down to such a low basis that there is no profit whatever in east-bound tonnage. This may be appreciated when I say that the highest rate we had from Cleveland to New York has been 6 cents per hundred. Notwithstanding the improvements to the canal by the expenditure of \$2,000,000, it has not resulted in one solitary cent to the line traveling the canal. There has been trouble from low water, and ice grass has not been thicker than this year, boats coming to Cleveland absolutely frozen from it after buffeting with the waves of Lake Erie for 100 miles. The canal has been the same as before the so-called improvements were made."

DISASTER IN SOUTH AFRICA!

British Lose Sixty-Two Killed and One Hundred and Seventy-Five Wounded.

Col. Benson's Rear Guard Attacked by the Boers—Deadly Struggle for a Couple of Guns—Eastern Transvaal the Scene of Conflict—Enemy Retired After Suffering Heavy Loss.

London, Saturday, Nov. 2.—Lord Kitchener has reported to the war office a disaster to the British near Bethel, Eastern Transvaal, in which two guns were lost, several officers killed or wounded, and fifty-four men were killed and 150 wounded.

The following is the text of Lord Kitchener's dispatch, dated Pretoria, Nov. 1:

"I have just heard of a severe attack made on the rear guard of Col. Benson's column when about twenty miles northeast of Bethel, near Brakenlaagte, during a thick mist.

"The strength of the enemy is reported to have been a thousand. They rushed two guns with the rear guard, but it is uncertain whether they were able to remove them. The Boers killed Col. Benson's rear guard and took two guns. Col. Benson was wounded, but not severely. A relieving column will reach him this morning."

Later Lord Kitchener telegraphed as follows:

"Col. Barter, who marched from the constabulary line yesterday, reached Benson's column at this morning unopposed. He reports that Col. Benson died of his wound.

"The casualties are the following: 'Killed'—Col. E. Guinness, Major F. E. Murray, Captains M. W. Lindsay and F. T. Thorold, Lieutenants E. V. I. Brooke and R. E. Shepherd, and Second Lieut. A. J. Corlett. Died of his wounds, Capt. Eyre Lloyd.

"Lord Kitchener then gives the names of fifteen other officers who were wounded severely, and announced that 24 non-commissioned officers and men were killed and 150 wounded, adding that four of the latter have since died of their wounds. The dispatch then says:

"I assume that the two guns have been recovered, and the enemy has withdrawn, but I have no further details."

"I deeply regret the loss of Col. Benson and the officers and men who fell with him in this action. The Boers lose a most gallant and capable officer, who invariably led his column with marked success and judgment."

AT CLOSE QUARTERS.

"The fighting was at very close quarters, and maintained by both sides. The enemy suffered heavily but I have not yet received a reliable estimate. The Boers retired eastward, and the British followed them, operating in the vicinity of Bethel, northeast of Standerton. He surprised a Boer laager Oct. 22 near Tzitzib, and killed 37 prisoners. Three days later, according to Lord Kitchener's report at the time, after a long night march, the commandos under Grobler and Erasmus heavily attacked Benson's rear guard and flanks at Tzitzibarkonfeln, but were easily driven off. Whether this was the attack which resulted so disastrously or whether the Boer, who had been repulsed, took advantage of the darkness to make a surprise attack, which resulted so disastrously, Lord Kitchener does not give the date of the Bethel engagement.

SURPRISED THE ENEMY.

London, Nov. 2.—According to Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, says Col. Kekewich, during a night surprise of Van Albert's laager, about 50 miles west of Pretoria, captured 73 Boers.

REPRISALS.

An Amsterdam dispatch says: The Boer deputation here summoned Messrs. Leyds and Van Bochoven via telegraph yesterday from Brussels to consider dispatches received from the Boer leaders in the field, saying the fighting burghers were determined to hang and shoot rebels, and others to the effect that the Boer authorities in South Africa affirm the adoption of reprisals would be bad policy.

In order to strengthen their position, they request Mr. Kruger to let them know his opinion, as he still has the greatest hold on the minds of the burghers. The meeting lasted four hours, and it was decided to agree with the request of the Boer authorities and take the opportunity to bring the subject of British executions in South Africa before the European public in an open letter. Dr. Leyds has gone to Hilversum to present the matter to Mr. Kruger.

REBEL FINED \$2,500.

Cape Town, Nov. 1.—A Barkly West rebel, who caused the death of two native dispatch riders, by betraying their whereabouts to the Boers, has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment and to a fine of £500.

A Daily Nuisance

A Simple Remedy Which Will Interfere with Catarrh Sufferers.



In its earlier stages catarrh is more of a nuisance than a menace to the general health, but sooner or later the disease will extend to the throat, bronchial tubes and even to the stomach and intestines.

Catarrh is essentially a disease of the mucous membrane, the local symptoms being a constant discharge of mucus, stoppage of the nostrils, irritation in the throat, causing coughing, sneezing, gagging and frequent clearing of the throat.

The usual treatment by local douches, snuffs, salves, etc., often gives temporary relief, but anything like a cure can only be obtained by a treatment which removes the catarrhal taint from the blood and the disappearance of the inflammation from the mucous surfaces.

A new remedy which meets these requirements and which so far has been remarkably successful in curing catarrh is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

These tablets act upon the blood and remove the impurities. They can hardly be called a secret patent medicine, as they are composed of such valuable remedies as Sanguinaria, Hydrastis, Eucalyptol and similar cleansing antiseptics, which cure by eliminating from the blood and mucous surfaces the catarrhal poison.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant-tasting lozenges, taken internally, allowing them to dissolve slowly in the mouth; in this way they reach the throat, fauces, and the entire alimentary canal.

If desired, they may be dissolved in water and used as a douche, in addition to the internal use. It is not at all necessary to use a douche; a few of them dissolved in the mouth daily will be sufficient. However, when there is much stoppage of the nose, a douche made from these tablets will give immediate relief, but the regular daily use of these tablets will cure the whole catarrhal trouble without resorting to the inconvenience of a douche.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are the internal treatment for catarrh is rapidly taking the place of the old plan of douching and local application, and further says that these tablets are the best and probably the safest remedy at present on the market is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, as no secret is made of their composition, and all the really efficient remedies for catarrh are contained in this tablet.

Druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cents for full sized packages. Ask your druggist, and if he is honest he will tell you that there is no safer, more palatable, more efficient and convenient remedy on the market.

here are doing well, and no fresh cases have been officially reported. James Doyle, United States consul, conferred today with representatives of the American lines, regarding precautions, particularly in connection with immigrants. He has asked the railway companies to have emigrant cars disinfected.

Glasgow, Nov. 1.—No additional cases of the plague had been officially reported up to the late hour tonight. Two hundred employees of the Central Station Hotel are confined to the police precincts for observation.

MISS STONE'S CASE.

Constantinople, Nov. 2.—The negotiations with the captors of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, appears to be going on so successfully that her release seems now to be only a matter of days. It is said here that another letter written two days ago has been received from her. Later in the day, however, the case of Miss Stone again became more serious. The brigands, it appears, are still holding out for the £25,000 ransom, and it is feared that should they persist in their demand Miss Stone will have to be sacrificed. Nevertheless, the negotiations are still proceeding.

A Washington dispatch says that Secretary Eddy had a long conference with Sir Nicholas R. O'Connor, the British ambassador here, who is actively assisting in the efforts to bring about Miss Stone's release.

GOVERNMENT SUSTAINED.

Melbourne, Nov. 1.—After a continuous sitting of twenty-seven hours the Federal House of Representatives passed by a vote of 28 to 25, a resolution of no confidence in the government, introduced by Mr. Reid, the Opposition leader, in connection with the tariff bill.

AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

London, Nov. 2.—The Spectator, discussing the continued agitation in Central Europe against the United States, says: "It is a fact of real danger. If the Conservative parties on the continent, which include the agrarians, clericals and absolutists and the vast mass of the peasantry, should achieve a temporary triumph, a grand effort will be made to boycott the United States and Argentine Republic as a protection for 'vital interests' threatened by their competition. Although the movement will pass and probably the hatred with it, the common enemies of common interests of England and America will tend to drive all who speak English and sell and buy food freely into a single defensive group."

ARGENTINA HAS A KISS.

The Argentine Government has requested Chili to desist from road making in the Cordillera, says a dispatch from the Daily Mail. Failing this, and has demanded a declaration that the road making already accomplished does not constitute a claim by Chili to the territory. Failing this, the Argentine Government has threatened to take the matter to the arbitration tribunal.

DISTRESS IN GERMANY.

A Berlin correspondent says that while the agrarians continue to demand even higher protective duties than those proposed by the government, the distress throughout Germany is becoming intense. It is estimated there are 80,000 unemployed persons. In the suburb of Charlottenburg, near Berlin, particularly the condition of labor skilled and unskilled is distressing.

PROTEST FROM PORTUGAL.

Berlin newspapers notice angry complaints in the Portuguese Press to the effect that the German Government Southwest Africa have crossed the frontier of Angola and established themselves at Quahama, hoisting the German flag. The Portuguese demand the delimitation of the German-Portuguese frontier. Berlin newspapers seem to think the demand reasonable, but make light of the reported invasion.

MAX O'RELL SAYS NEWSPAPERS CAUSE WAR.

Max O'Rell leads the columns of Figaro with an article warning of the danger to Europe from the French and English press against Germany. He points out that the press now fulfills the duties formerly monopolized by diplomacy, which has lost its influence and prestige owing to the advance of democracy. The American press caused the Spanish-American war, and the press three years ago all but succeeded in provoking France and England. The press of these days will succeed in causing this war. He urges his colleagues to refrain from writing on any subject in which they have not the least elementary acquaintance. Let them at least visit England before discussing questions relating to England, Germany or America. If every country went on this way O'Rell guarantees, twenty years hence, peace would be assured.

MANCHURIAN CONVENTION DENOUNCED.

The London Standard publishes the following from its Shanghai correspondent: As a result of the violent opposition of the viceroys to the Manchurian convention, it is said that the emperor deposed notified Li Hung-chang, her resident and her viceroy, and Li Hung-chang has, in hearing this, become ill.

Diplomatic circles in St. Petersburg are inclined to believe the Russian assurances that there is nothing in the Manchurian convention to which the other powers can reasonably object, says the correspondent of the Times at the Russian capital. No doubt is entertained as to Russia's intention to withdraw from Manchuria as quickly as possible after securing the safety of the railways, her occupation of the province having involved her in a heavy financial and military out of all proportion to the advantage gained.

THE ROYAL TOURISTS.

London, Nov. 1.—Off Yarmouth, Isle of Wight, the Victoria and Albert and the Ophir (with the royal party on board), met and exchanged signals of greeting. At about two o'clock the booming of distant guns announced the arrival of the royal vessel, and the naval procession soon hove in sight. As the Victoria and Albert, the Ophir and two torpedo boats, steaming in file one after the other, passed down the lines of the fleet, guns, bands and cheers commingled with the welcome to the royal travelers. The harbor troops ashore presented arms and the garrison battery fired a final salute. The bands everywhere struck up "God Save the King" and thousands of blue-jackets on board the ships in the harbor repeatedly cheered the royal party. The demonstration was repeated as the Ophir entered, her band playing "Home, Sweet Home." The Duke and the Duchess of Cornwall and York occupied a conspicuous position on the upper deck of the yacht, bowing in response to the demonstration of the thousands of people lining the harbor.

CABLE NOTES.

The Russian battleship Peresviet, which went ashore yesterday morning on the island of Langeland, has been floated.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says there is already some talk of a return visit by President Loubet to St. Petersburg next June.

ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE

The Greatest Case in the History of Modern Medicine Is Completed by Another Sworn Statement.

THE OTTAWA FREE PRESS SUSTAINED

A Prominent Ottawa Man Confirms Under Oath Every Statement Made by This Paper in the Original Story Published Nearly Seven Years Ago.

[From the Ottawa Free Press.]

Some seven years ago the Free Press published a graphic account of a remarkable case here in Ottawa.

A man named George H. Kent had been cured of Bright's Disease after the doctors had given him up to die, and the Free Press reporter, after a most thorough investigation, published the whole story in detail, giving credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills for the most miraculous cure.

The following sworn statement was given by Mr. Kent in order to substantiate the almost incredible statement made by the paper in its account of the case.

(Sworn Statement, Feb. 16th, 1895.)

I, George Henry Kent, resident at 114 Cambridge street, Ottawa, and employed as a printer in the British American Bank Note Printing Company, in the said city of Ottawa, do solemnly declare that I consider it a duty to myself and to my fellow-men generally to make a declaration as to the efficiency of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

1. That I found them in my terrible case of Bright's Disease, from which I suffered for almost one year, of the greatest medical value. I can say confidently, and assure any one interested, or a sufferer, that I positively owe my life and present excellent health to the results brought about by their use. I was taken sick and confined to my bed on Dec. 28, 1888, and was successfully treated for La Grippe, then Pleurisy, followed by Kidney Troubles, and latterly Bright's Disease. I lost all my strength, my limbs; my entire body became swollen to a terrible size, and my skin became as hard as, and similar to, leather, the pores all having closed up, and I suffered the most agonizing pain. I was subject to periodical spells of utter prostration and loss of consciousness, in which my facial expression and other features were certain from every contorted and tense.

2. My regular physician attended to me, and although medical consultations were held by my case, by two city doctors, nothing could be done. My case grew gradually worse, and latterly I was given up as hopeless. My wife, friends and neighbors were certain from what they saw and were told by the visiting doctors that I would die in a very short time.

3. My wife was casually reading a newspaper about this time, and saw a description of a similar case, in which a patient gave testimony to the relief and cure that had been effected on him by Dodd's Kidney Pills. I started to take them right away, and by the first pill I discovered a change for the better. After the first box I was wonderfully improved, and at the end of the fourth I was enabled to get well again. I continued taking them until the twentieth box, and I can now positively declare that I am perfectly cured and able to do a day's work with any of my comrades in the shop, and Dodd's Kidney Pills undoubtedly cured me, because from starting to take them I took no other medicine whatever.

AND I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the ACT RESPECTING EXTRA JUDICIAL OATHS.

Declared before me at the City of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, this 16th day of February, 1895.

G. H. KENT,

(Sgd.) A. W. FRASER,

A Notary Public for Ontario.

Nothing could be more convincing than this plain declaration made by Mr. Kent, and the Free Press is pleased to be able to present such complete and emphatic confirmation of our article of 1888.

The Kent case must, therefore, go on record as the most wonderful cure ever heard of in this city or province. Every detail of which has been carefully substantiated by sworn evidence.

To Dodd's Kidney Pills is due all the credit for having rescued and restored this dying man and that after all hope had been abandoned and the cold waters of the river of death were lapping his feet.

The directors of the Dominion Cotton Company have decided not to pass the next half-yearly dividend of three per cent, owing to the large debt.

A GOOD NAME IS TO BE PRIZED.—The name of the Electric Oil which may have been injurious to its good name, but if it is a good name, it is a good name. Goodness must always come to the front and throw into the shadow that which is worthless. So it has been with Electric Oil, no imitation can maintain itself against the genuine article.

The engagement is announced of Miss Dora Knapp, daughter of F. A. Knapp, of Brockville, and Lieut. E. J. Holland, V. C., of Ottawa.

For twenty-four years Vapo-Cresoline has been extensively used for all forms of throat and bronchial troubles. All Druggists.

The first postage stamp bearing the portrait of King Edward has been issued by the Government of Victoria.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.

Not a minute," answered Mr. Kent promptly.

"Have you since had the slightest symptoms of your old kidney trouble?" anything like it?"

"Not the slightest," he said.

"You are sure that Dodd's Kidney Pills and nothing else saved your life and restored you to your present good health?"

"Absolutely sure. Why, my wife and I are so grateful to Dodd's Kidney Pills that we have christened our little girl, born in December of 1893, by the name of 'Dodd's.' This shows you better than anything I can tell you to what we attribute my recovery."

every. I owe my life to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

"Would you be willing in order to confirm our story published in 1888 to make another sworn statement?" asked the scribe.

"If it would do you any good I have no objections," answered Mr. Kent. "The Free Press was certainly well within the truth in every statement they published about my case."

Mr. Kent, at the request of the Free Press, has given the following sworn statement:

SWORN STATEMENT, OCT. 3, 1901.

I, GEORGE HENRY KENT, resident at 408 Gilmour street, in the city of Ottawa, and employed as a printer at the American Bank Note Company in the said city of Ottawa, do solemnly declare:

1. That on Feb. 16, 1895, I, George Henry Kent, then resident at 114 Cambridge street, Ottawa, did appear before Charles A. Blanchet, commissioner, etc., and before him on that date did make a solemn declaration regarding my recovery from Bright's Disease by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and setting forth the facts of my case and its cure.

2. That in the declaration I set forth that I believe that I was absolutely and permanently cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills after the doctors had given me up to die.

3. That I am now absolutely certain that Dodd's Kidney Pills and nothing else saved my life and I have not had any relapse or interruption full time at my regular employment as a printer every working day from the day Dodd's Kidney Pills sent me back to work to the date of this declaration.

4. That I have never since that date had the slightest symptom of the return of the Bright's Disease or any Kidney Trouble, having enjoyed uninterrupted good health and having worked steadily and without interruption full time at my regular employment as a printer every working day from the day Dodd's Kidney Pills sent me back to work to the date of this declaration.

5. That in evidence of our gratitude to Dodd's Kidney Pills for having saved my life, my wife and I have christened a little daughter born to us in December of 1896 by the name of "Dodd's."

6. That I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to many people in this city and elsewhere, who having heard of my wonderful escape from death by their use have called on me or written to me inquiring about them; and having followed many of these cases closely, I know that where they have been used according to directions that has not been cured, and I know positively of my own personal knowledge of several extreme cases where Dodd's Kidney Pills have effected satisfactory and permanent cures.

7. That I have no recollection, conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of "The Canada Evidence Act, 1891."

Declared before me at the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, this 3rd day of October, 1901.

(Sgd.) G. H. KENT.

(Sgd.) A. W. FRASER,

A Notary Public for Ontario.

Nothing could be more convincing than this plain declaration made by Mr. Kent, and the Free Press is pleased to be able to present such complete and emphatic confirmation of our article of 1888.

The Kent case must, therefore, go on record as the most wonderful cure ever heard of in this city or province. Every detail of which has been carefully substantiated by sworn evidence.

To Dodd's Kidney Pills is due all the credit for having rescued and restored this dying man and that after all hope had been abandoned and the cold waters of the river of death were lapping his feet.

The directors of the Dominion Cotton Company have decided not to pass the next half-yearly dividend of three per cent, owing to the large debt.

A GOOD NAME IS TO BE PRIZED.—The name of the Electric Oil which may have been injurious to its good name, but if it is a good name, it is a good name. Goodness must always come to the front and throw into the shadow that which is worthless. So it has been with Electric Oil, no imitation can maintain itself against the genuine article.

The engagement is announced of Miss Dora Knapp, daughter of F. A. Knapp, of Brockville, and Lieut. E. J. Holland, V. C., of Ottawa.

For twenty-four years Vapo-Cresoline has been extensively used for all forms of throat and bronchial troubles. All Druggists.

The first postage stamp bearing the portrait of King Edward has been issued by the Government of Victoria.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.

Not a minute," answered Mr. Kent promptly.

"Have you since had the slightest symptoms of your old kidney trouble?" anything like it?"

"Not the slightest," he said.

"You are sure that Dodd's Kidney Pills and nothing else saved your life and restored you to your present good health?"

"Absolutely sure. Why, my wife and I are so grateful to Dodd's Kidney Pills that we have christened our little girl, born in December of 1893, by the name of 'Dodd's.' This shows you better than anything I can tell you to what we attribute my recovery."

Sold everywhere. 10c. for Colds. 15c. for Black.

To Dye At Home