antities of very rough and rugged lands, or ther rocks. There are also large tracts of good farming lands, as is the case in Wollas-ton and Faraday, in those lands reserved for Coe. Those who have settled here and have been industrious have prospered. It is a rare thing to hear a man say he regretted coming into this back country. It is the land of the pure spring, the crystal stream, and silver lakelet. It is the land of the maple and the pine, and would have been, under the foster-ing care of honest Government, the land of happy homes of hundreds of industrious and

SETTLER IN FARADAY. May 1, 1884.

THE FISHERIES OF CANADA. Interesting Statistics of Their Extent and

OTTAWA, May 16.—The Department of darine and Fisheries has just issued a blue ook on the fisheries of Canada. The total rield for 1883 is reckoned at \$16,958,000, exorth-West, of which there are no retu cluding this catch the fisheries of Canada roduced a total value of seventeen millions ollars last year. Cod is king, seeing that the deliars last verification of string, seeing that the catch of codfish last year is valued at \$4,507,110. Herring comes next, \$2,263,327; lobsters third, \$1,949,254; salmon come fourth, with a catch of \$1,518,127, and mackerel. comes fifth, with a catch valued at \$1,329,-485. As compared with 1882, there was an derease in the catch of cod, of herring, and f mackerel, a decrease in the yield of lobsters, while salmon remained about the same.

THE YIELD BY PROVINCES. According to provinces, the yield of Canada's sea, lake, and river pastures is as follows:
Nova Scotia, \$7,689,375; New Brunswick, \$3,185,675; Quebec. \$2,138,997; Prince Edward Island, \$1,272,467; British Columbia, \$1,644,645; Ontario, \$1,027,033. There was an increase in the value of the yield in Nova Scotia of \$557,956, in Quebec of \$162,481, and in Ontario of \$201,575. There was a decrease of \$6,663 in the value of the yield in New Brunswick, of \$583,219 in Prince Edward Island, and of \$198,029 in British Columbia. According to provinces, the yield of Canada's

In addition to the sum of \$17,000,000, there is the computed consumption of fish by the 35,000 Indians of the Dominion, which is set down at \$4,885,000, making a total yield of the value of \$22,000,000 a year. PAYMENTS FOR BOUNTY.

As regards the fishery bounty, it app As regards the fishery bonnty, it appears that in all the department received 12,318 claims, of which it rejected 346. The amount paid in bounties was \$172,285. There were employed 773 boats measuring less than 14 feet keel, with 1,029 men, which received \$5,145. There were employed 786 vessels of a tonnage of 27,611, with 6,486 men, which received \$54,975. There were F1,225 other boats employing 23,446 men and receiving boats, employing 23,446 men and receiving \$117,309. In all there were 30,961 men engaged as above. According to the returns the value of the nets, seines, etc., employed n the fisheries of Canada is in the neigh rhood of two million dollars,

ELEVATING THE STANDARD Another Grit Patriot Labours in the Tem-perance Cause.

The Shannonville correspondent of the elleville Intelligencer writes as follows :"This part of her Majesty's domains has been figuring largely in the criminal annals of the times, several burglaries having been committed of late, but as yet the perpetrators of these dark deeds have remained undiscov-ered. These criminal acts have led the inabitants to watch suspicious strangers. Last eek a farmer named Miles, living near Naweek a farmer named Miles, living near Napanee, the same Miles, by the way, who was the relator in the election appeal cases against Sir John Madonald and Mr. Roe, was in the village, and although a thorough paced Grit, upon whom the 'pairty' pin their faith, his departure was not relished by Mrs. Consaul, who keeps a hotel in the village; for shortly after he left the worthy landlady missed three flasks of brandy. Of course no one would suspect the upright Mr. Miles, but when he returned on Monday watch was kept upon his actions, when he was caught in the act of pocketing a flask. Being charged with the thett, he demed it, but upon being

in the act of pocketing a flask. Being charged with the theit, he denied it, but upon being held and searched the flask was found in his possession. He was forced to give up, when he started for his buggy, into which he jumped, followed by the cries of 'Stop thief.' He tried to get away, but his lorse was held by several farmers who changed to be in the yard, whilst Miles was made to disgorge payment for the three flasks missed upon the occasion of his former visit.

"This episode shows the fallacy of the temperance cry that elected the present candidate for Lennox, as this Miles is one of the eaders of the 'pairty of purity' who held up their hands in holy horror against voting for Mr. Allison's opponent because he is a hquor healer. Not only hypocrite enough to drink the vile stuff, but three enough to steal it."

THE TONQUIN QUESTION.

PARIS, May 20.—In the French Chamber of Deputies to day M. Ferry announced that the treaty of Tientsin would have to be lightly modified to be accentable to Chinese usceptibilities. The Minister of Marine atroduced a bill providing for a credit of 8,500,000 francs on account of the Tonquin var, and a credit of 5,000,000 france on ac-

ast hordes and conqured the Chinese empire.
his was the origin of the present dynasty. wenty-five years ago. The Taiping rebels on quered fourteen provinces out of the hole eighteen which go to make up the hole of China, and if it were not for the ustrating influences of such men as Chinese' Gordon, Ward, and other foreignes the rebels would have undoubtedly gained heir cause. The preceding bit of Chinese istory is necessary to show the relation that xists between

ared condition of China after a protracted ar with a foreign power? However wardly the action of the Chinese Govern-ent in signing the last treaty may seem to ose not acquainted with the internal affairs China it is nevertheless the most politic ing she could do. It was disgrace or minilation, and she choose the former,

It is stated that the Imperial Ministry we resolved, in the event of the Upper buse rejecting the Franchise bill, not to re-in, but to pass the measure again at an tumn session, and then force the House of ords to reconsider it,

MILITIA GENEBAL ORDERS.

OTTAWA, May 16.—A general order making regulations for an annual drill of the active militia will appear in the Official Gazette.

Corps of infantcy and garrison artillery are not to exceed 42 non-commissioned officers and men per company and battery, including regimental staff sergeants and bandsmen.

The maximum number of officers, non-commissioned officers and men to receive pay for drill in each district will be:—Military district No. 1, 22; military district No. 2, 3,150; No. 3, 1,740; No. 4, 1,230. In all twelve of the military district, there will be 18,070 soldiers to receive pay for drill.

The strength of corps authorized to drill at their local headquarters in each district is to be deducted from the total strength authorized for drill in the district, the remainder will represent the number which may be concentrated in a camp of exercise.

All city corns excepting field batteries of artillery and such companies as belong to rural battslions may be permitted to perform twelve days of annual drill at their local headquarters at such times prior to the latt December, 1884, as may be most convenient. Any city company which forms part of a rural battslion can only be permitted to drill for pay in case it is selected for and performs such drill in camp with the battalion to which it belongs.

Selections are to be made from rural corps of the different arms in each district in proportion as their estrength bears towards each other, those not drawn for drill last year to be first taken. The corps so selected in each of the districts are to be concentrated for twelve days drill in a camp of exercise, including the day going to and the day returning from camp.

The staff of each camp of exercise will be:—In command, the deputy adjutant-general of the district, one brigade major, one supply officer, one camp quartermaster, one instructor of musketry, and five staff non-commissioned officer on the authorized strength will be paid an allowance of fifty cents per diem in addition to pay in lieu of rations.

Corps

rations.

Corps ordered to perform the days of annual drill in a district camp of exercise will, unless otherwise directed by the Deputy Adjutant-General, assemble at the piace and on the date specified bereafter, viz.:—District No. 1, London, 17th June; District No. 2, Toronto, 16th June; District No. 3, Trenton, 23rd June; District No. 4, Brockville, 24th June.

City and other corps which drill under the regulations for city corps will receive the net pay of their respective ranks.

The wnoic general order is a lengthy dominent, which deals with a great number of

ONTARIO MILITIA APPOINTMENTS. The following appointments in connection with the militia for the province of Ontario

are made:

London Collegiate Institute Drill Company

To act as lieutenant, acting 2nd Lieutenant
William James Doherty, vice William H.
Lyine, left the Institute. To act as 2nd lieutenant, Sergeant James Arthur Gibson, vice Donerty, promoted.

Major James P. Macpherson, Governor-General's Foot Guards, receives a gunnery certificate of the Royal School of Artillery,

first-class short course, grade A. ACTIVE MILITIA, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO. ACTIVE MILITIA, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

The Governor-General's Body Guard for Ontario—To be heutenant, 2nd Lieutenant William Hamilton Merritt, C.C., vice C. A. K. Demson, appointed adjutant. To be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Frank Andrew Fleming, formerly lieutenant in the lat Battalion Governor-General's Foot Guards, vice Merritt, promoted.

2nd Regiment of Cavalry—The resignation of Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Clark is hereby accepted.

of No. 6 of general orders (10) 2nd May, 1894, in which the resignation is accepted of 2nd Lieutenant Wm. Tuck, is hereby cancelled and the following substituted therefor:—To be lieutenant, 2nd Lieutenant Wm. Tuck, G. S., vice W. Macdonaid, promoted; to be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Wm. Allan Riginbotham, gentleman, vice Tuck, promoted.

Allan Highbothani, gentleman, vice Tuck, promoted.

Ottawa Field Battery of Artillery—To be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Robert Alex. Gordon, gentleman, vice Biss, promoted.

Hamilton Field Battery of Artillery—To be lieutenant provisionally, Patrick Molladoe Bankier, gentleman, vice Treble, resigned.

2nd Battalion Queen's Own Killes of Canada—To be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Sergent James George, vice Mason, promoted. To be surgeon, Assistant Surgeon Joseph Walter Lesslie, vice F. W. Strange, transferred to the Infantry School Corps. To be assistant surgeon, James Nattrass, Esq., M. D., vice Lesslie, promoted.

10th Battalion Royal Grenadiers—To be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Alexander Cecil Gibson, gentleman, vice Davidson, promoted. Durham Field Battery of Artillery—The resignation of Surgeon Thomas Henry Brent is hereby accepted.

7th Battalion Fusiliers, London, No. 2 Company—To be captain, Lieut, Francis Henry Butler, M.S., vice Millan, appointed adjutant.

26th Middlesex Battalion of Light Infan-

Henry Butler, M.S., vice Millan, appointed adjutant.

26th Middlesex Battalion of Light Infantry, No. 7 Company, Strathroy—To be captain, 2nd Lieutenant Philip H. Matthews, M.S., vice Irwin, promoted. To be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Quartermaster-Sergeant James H. Lee, vice Matthews, promoted.

Sergeant James H. Lee, vice Matthews, promoted.

31st Grey Battalion of Infantry, No. 1
Company, Owen Sound—To be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Corporal Alexander Grant McKay, vice Cobean.

33rd Huron Battalion of Infantry, No. 4
Company, Chnton—To be captain provisionally, David Andrew Forrester, Esq., vice MacWhirter, left limits.

38th Battalion Dufferin Rifles of Canada—To be major, Captain William Henry Hudson, M.S., from the adjutancy, vice George Snartt, whose resignation is hereby accepted. No. 1
Company Brantford—To be lieutenant, 2nd Lieutenant Henry John McGlashan, V.R., vice Petman, promoted. No. 2 Company, Brantford—To be lieutenant, 2nd Lieutefant Louis Franklin Heyd, V.B.; vice Glenny, promoted. promoted.
40th Northumberland Battalion of Infantry, No. 8 Company, Castleton—The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant William Deviney is hereby

A Big Undertaking.

ELMIRA, N.Y., May 20,—Ralph Beaumont, of this city, President of the Knights of Labour, will make a tour of the continent on foot from Maine to California. He will start from Bangor, Maine, June 3rd, the day of the National Republican Convention, and will make upwards of twenty miles a day. He will deliver a lecture every night in some of the large towns en routs on the labour and anti-monopoly questions, and will advocate the claims of Benjamin F. Butler as a Presidential candidate to be supported by independent voters. He expects to reach California by the close of the campaign.

TROY, May 20.—An unknown person started a switch engine on the Delaware and Hudson railroad at Mechanicaville last night, switched it on to the main track, jumped off, and sent the engine up the track at full speed. The engine collided with a Montreal sleeper, and both engines were wrecked. Expressman Ticknor was dangerously injured, Engineer Myers had a leg broken, and others were bruised.

bruised.
SCHENGTADY, N.Y., May 20.—Thomas Kilday, of Mechanicaville, a discharged witchman, was arrested at this city to-night, charged with running away with the locomotive from Mechanicaville this morning, and

Philadelphia M. E. Confer

TEA-TABLE GOSSIP.

Milkmen's signs are usually painted

A sign of spring—The pawnbroker's signa-ture on an overcoat obeck.

All the early martyrs were not poor. John the Baptist was "one sent ahead in the wilderness."

A society of women, organized to make upclothing for the poor, is a sew-shall club that
should be encouraged.

Detroit jewellers give away a suit of clothes
with every watch they sell. They are bound
their customers shall be suite.

First Gossip—"My husband is just like a
candle." Second Gossip—"How so?" First
—"Oh, he always smokes when he goes out."

"Do lay aside that trashy novel and talk to me," said the wife of a young Bonemian to her husband.
"Couldn't do it, Maggie, I must weaken my mind as much as possible for the next

but this thread makes twenty knots minute."

LEGAL.

s of the farm inherited h

of Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Clark is nerely accepted.

1st Provisional Brigade of Field Artillery, No.1 Field Battery, Gueiph—To be 2nd lieuttenant provisionally, Staff Sergeant Frank Hall, vice John Crowe, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 2 Field Battery, Guelph—That portion of No. 2 Field Battery, Guelph—That portion of No. 5 of general orders (10) 2nd May, 1884,

Burdock Blood Bitters

Burdock Blood Bitters SHOULD BE TAKEN NOW.

Burdock Blood Bitters SHOULD BE TAKEN NOW.

Burdock Blood Bitters SHOULD BE TAKEN NOW.

Burdock Blood Bitters SHOULD BE TAKEN NOW.

ONE HUNDRED DOSES FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Burdock Blood Bitters SHOULD BE TAKEN NOW

FOR DEBILITY.

> THE FAINT WEARINESS. Burdock Blood Bitters

> > THE FAINT WEARINESS **Burdeck Blood Bitters**

THE FAINT WEARINESS Burdock Blood Bitters

THE FAINT WEARINESS of Spring Cured by
Burdock Blood Bitters

THE FAINT WEARINESS of Spring Cured by Burdock Blood Bitters

THE FAINT WEARINESS Burdock Blood Bitters

ONE HUNDRED DOSES FÖR ONE DOLLAR.

THE BEST BLOOD CLEANSER

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS THE BEST BLOOD CLEANSER

> BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS THE BEST BLOOD CLEANSE

> BURDOCK BLOOD BITTER THE BEST BLOOD CLEANSE

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS THE BEST BLOOD CLEANSER

ONE HUNDRED DOSES FOR ONE DOLLAR.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS THE BEST BLOOD CLEANSER

FOR BAD BLOOD

SCROFULA AND HUMOURS BURDOCK BLOOD BLITTERS.

SCROFULA AND HUMOURS

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS SCROFULA AND HUMOURS

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

SCROFULA AND HUMOURS BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

SCRUFULA AND HUMOURS

SCROBULA AND HUMOURS BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

ONE HUNDRED DOSES FOR ONE DOLLAR.

burdock Blood Bitters.

There is not a man, woman, or child but re to invigorate and tone up the organs to per-form their proper work. They have indulged in heavy, hearty food during the winter, when the system required more fuel, and as they did not sweat so much as in warm wea-ther, the skin becomes dogged with four numours, the digestive powers impaired, the sidneys diogged, the liver inactive, the nowels costive, and the blood laden with impurities, giving rise to some of the following symptoms, which, unless removed before hot weather comes, will surely result in billions fever or some serious form of disease: Head-ache, tired feeling, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, variable appetite, a sleepy, singgish feeling, dizziness, had equilation, faint, goneness at the stomach, acting back and shoulders; pimples, bolls, blotches, and humours appear, and nuless this state of the blood is corrected, an inflammation or fever comes to free the system as best it can some poisonous, offending obstruction.

REMEMBER Prevention is Better than Cure NOW IS THE TIME lo Take Burdock Blood Bitters

Which perform a four-fold work of acting at oute and the same time upon the Stomach and Bowels, or the Digestive Organs, the Blood, the Liver, and the Kidneys.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS is the best Purely Vegetable combination known for this purpose, and is positively guaranteed to perform all promised.

A FEW OF MANY CURES A FLW OF MANY GURES.

Annie Hears, Portland, eruptions, weakness, etc., cured by one bottle.

Isaac Brown, Bothwell, salt rheum, declares one bottle worth \$500 to hip.

Mr. Bloomes, Hamilton, painful rusuing sore of many years' duration, cured by three bottles.

Certified to by Harrison Bros., chemists.

Alonzo Hows, Tweed, fever sore for 25 years, cured by six bottles.

A. Buches, Blacksmith, Cobourg, Dyspepsia, 15 years, cured by three bottles.

W. A. Edgar, Frankville, Liver and Kidney Complaint, cured by four bottles.

Mrs. H. Sheldon, Farnersville, Canker of the Stomach, cured by one bottle.

he Stomach, cured by one bottle.

W. H. Howard, Geneva, N.Y., Paralysi Mas. B. GIFFARD, Port ROWA

One Dollar per Bottle.
One Hundred Doses.

T. MILBURN & CO.

BANNAN-On Saturday, the 18th inst., at 138 adelaide street west, Rosanna Bannan, aged 24

Bycars and 8 months.

DIXON—At 15 Amelia street, on 17th May
1881, Bessie Harris Dixon, beloved daughter of
Robt and Jame Dixon. Aged 6 years 3 months

EARLS—At 57 Woolsley street, on Sunday, 18th
inst., David Barls, Eaq., in the 77th year of fit

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

URDOCK BLOOD BITTERS OUBE BILLOUSNESS.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURE BILLIOUSNESS.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

CURE BILIOUSNESS.

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

ONE HUNDRED DOSES

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURE BILIOUSNESS.

CONSTIDATION AND HEADACHE BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

CONSTIPATION AND HEADACHE BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

CONSTIPATION AND HEADACHE BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

BURDOOK BLOOD BITTERS CONSTIPATION AND HEADACHE BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

CONSTIPATION AND HEADACHE BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

> ONE HUNDRED DOSES FOR ONE DOLLAR.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURE DYSPERSIA.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

BURDOOK BLOOD BITTER CURE DESPERSIA

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS OURE DYSPERSIA

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURE DYSPEPSIA.

ONE HUNDRED DOSES FOR ONE DOLLAR.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURE DYSPEPSIA.

RECULATING THE BOWELS STOMACH, LIVER, AND KIDNEYS

LIVER AND KIDNEY BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

LIVER AND KIDNEY BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

LIVER AND KIDNEY BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

LIVER AND KIDNEY BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

LIVER AND KIDNEY BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

LIVER AND KIDNEY BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

ONE HUNDRED DOSES FOR ONE DOLLAR.

AUCTION SALES OF FARM LANDS Takes Place in SEPTEMBER NEXT, in Each County

MONDAY and TUESDAY, May 26th and 27th, at the Crawford House, Windsor. WEDNESDAY, May 28th, at the St. Clair House, Sarnia. THURSDAY and FRIDAY, May 28th and 30th, at the City Hotel, London:

SATURDAY, May 31st, at the Paisley House, Orangeville,
MONDAY, June 2nd, at Jenning's Hotel, Shelburne.

TUESDAY, June 3nd, at the Coulson House, Owen Sound.
THURSDAY, June 5th, at the Queen's Hotel, Kincardine.

SATURDAY, June 7th, at the Wallace House, Milton.

The Second Week in June he will visit Whitby, Port Hope, Cobourg, Belleville
Peterboro' and Lindsay.

MACKINTOSH & PETERS

Maedical.



Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Eryspelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

Morth-waest Lands.

THE GANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO LAND REGULATIONS

The Company offer lands within the Railway Helt along the main line, and in Southern Mani-82.50 PHR ACRE

a requiring out tystion.

on of from \$1.35 to \$3.50 per acre, according to price paid for the land Without Conditions of Settlement or Cultivation THE RESERVED SECTIONS

ing the Main Line, i.e., the odd numbered Sections withinsone mile of the Railway, are now off for sale on advantageous terms, to parties prepared to undertake their immediate cultivation. RMS OF PAYMENT:

ount of the Madagascar expedition.

A good deal of surprise has been created by the readiness with which China signified her adiness to accede to the demands of France.
by understand this it is requisite to review
the history of China. About 250 years ago
the Tartars of Manchooria swept down in his was the origin of the present dynasty. Jany burdensome and unjust laws were im-posed by the conquerors, not the least of which was that all Chinamen should wear a original in token of submission. By a system of military despotism the Ta Tung dynasty-till exists, though in a very critical and pre-arious state. The history of China for the st hundred years is a history of insurrec-ons and rebellions, till it seems to have ached a climax in the Taiping rebellion of venty-five years ago. The Taiping rebels

E CHINESE GOVERNMENT AND THE PEOPLE, will enable the reader to appreciate the tion of the Chinese Government in the inquin affair. The insulting and unjust etensions of France roused the Chinese pulace to the highest excitement, and, opulace to the highest excitement, and, purred on by the daily papers, the people in any parts of China were actually wild—otably in the prevince of Kian Su and wang Tun. The Chinese Government saw nat something must be done to quell the angerous excitement of the people, and consquently issued decrees for a grand military ovement. All this demonstration and prevaction was meant, however, only as a sedave to the people, as the Government knew to well the consequences of an actual war ith France. She knew that the people ould at the first grand opportunity rise up masse against the Government and wipe at the present dynasty. And what better portunity do the people want than the impared condition of China after a protracted ar with a foreign power? However wardly the action of the Chinese Government and the last content of th

"Tis hard to get rid of a debt.
A birth-mark, a wart, or the goutA hang-nail, a corn, or a sty
Is a difficult thing to knock out.

The seven-year itch is no slouch,
And the fleud who has never a cent
Is constant and stays with a man
Until all his money is spont.

A young doctor usually has more patience

iew days."

"You're joking, dear?"

"I never was more serious in my life. I've got an order to write an article for the Globe.

James, who was trying to sew a new button on his coat, murmured:—"They say there's a new yacht that makes fifteen miles an hour, but this thread makes tweathy known that hour,

QUERIES AND REPLIES.

It is not necessary to have one.

W. D. Mount Herod.—You are not an active member of the volunteers, you must therefore perform your statute labour, because, you have not done so in past years is no reason why you should not do so this year.

J.S.B. Wilton.—Qu.—"Will a note become outlawed in six years if the interest is kept paid?" Ans.—it will never become outlawed.

R. B., Cobourg.—Qu.—"Two men bought adjoining vacant fots from the same person about the same time. One built a house on the line, and some years afterwards the other moved a house on to his lot and placed if within fifteen inches of the other house, completely darkening that side of it. Had as a legal right to de so?

Ans.—If the house first erected had been in its present position, with its figure as they now are for twenty years before the oth of March, 1880, and before the other house was moved on to the adjoining lot, the owner of the first house sould prevent the darkening of his windows, not otherwise.

R. M., Newcastle.—Qu.—"What right have

(6) How many members in the English iament? Ans.—(1) Do not know any pap-lat name. (2) It is a matter of opinion; ou orth no more than anyone else s. (3) We

s son.

HART—At 65 Grosvenor street, on the 17th
Inst., the wife of Alex. 3. Hart, of a son.

HARVEY—On Thursday, 5th May the wife of
Mr. George A. Harvey, Stevensville, Ont., of a herpard At Omemee, on the 12th May, the STEWART-On Saturday, the 18th inst., the rife of Wm. B. Stewart of Stewart & Co.), of a