

Lodge Cards under this head will be inserted at the rate of One Dollar per Year.

- Sons of England Society. LODGE DIRECTORY. Almonte. Nelson No. 43. Almonte—Meets alternate Fridays at their hall, Mill st. Visiting brethren welcome. J. Hy. Bennett, Pres. C. Cockroft, Sec.

- Montreal. Excelsior No. 36. Montreal (R.R.D.)—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of the month at 5 Place d'Armes Square. Visitors welcome. J. Field, Pres. Chas. Chappell, Sec. 12 St. Felix st.

- Worcester No. 47. West Toronto Junction—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays at James Hall, West Toronto Junction. J. M. Bolton, Sec. Box 368 West Toronto Jcn.

and supply the one tie which is wanting to strengthen the bonds of national unity that hold the Empire together. "I do not blame," says Lord Dunraven, "foreign nations for the course they pursue; I think no evil of them for trying to seduce British communities from their allegiance, or for endeavoring to cripple British trade and retard the development and destroy the solidarity of the British Empire. Ours is the folly, and upon our heads will be the consequence of the folly, if we do not take timely steps to defend ourselves. The Empire is a mighty edifice, and can best be sustained upon a strong foundation by the strong cement of community of commercial interests. Perfect free exchange is impossible, and in preferential treatment lies the only means whereby that binding principle can be applied."

Mr. Young's Address. Mr. Young was enthusiastically greeted, and on taking the platform the lecturer opened his remarks by referring to the warm patriotism of Canadians, one of the noblest of human impulses. Only a national emergency was needed to kindle this sentiment into flame. Every Canadian is proud of the steady development of the country and its continual commercial expansion and prosperity. Canada has over 3,519,000 square miles of territory within her borders, and half of this is possessed of richly varied and inexhaustible natural resources, and blessed with a healthful and invigorating climate. This habitable area is greater than all the countries of Europe combined, Russia excluded. When one contemplates this vast area a loose rein can be given to the imagination and not exhaust the possibilities of empire to this great Dominion before the close of the next century. A dissertation on the material progress of Canada occupied a large portion of the speaker's time. The Dominion is essentially an agricultural country, the exports in this line alone reaching \$51,000,000 in a single year, and the total production of the farms is estimated at about \$500,000,000 per annum. No country in the world is richer in minerals, and experts say that 650,000,000 tons of ore is in sight in the Sudbury district alone. Three of the national resources are especially worthy of mention, the forests, fisheries and shipping.

Canada Takes Fourth Place among the great maritime nations of the world. Its canal system is very extensive. Thirty-one years ago there was 71 miles of railway in operation; in 1891 there is over 14,000. This in itself is an index of the wonderful progress of the country, and another indication may be found in a comparison of the imports and exports in different years. For the first year after confederation these totalled \$129,000,000, and in 1893 the figures were \$220,000,000. The banking returns for the last 20 years tell a cheerful tale to the patriot. The speaker, after a comprehensive review of Canada's material progress, continued his remarks on the line of political and social conditions. The weakest points of the parliamentary system were pointed out to be "patronage" and the present mode of appointing senators. Canada's educational system is one of the best in the world. Last year \$8,500,000 was spent in employing 21,120 teachers to teach over 1,000,000 pupils. A hearty vote of thanks moved by Mr. E. E. Sheppard and seconded by Col. G. T. Denison was tendered the speaker at the conclusion of the address.

Secretaries are requested to notify us of any changes required in Lodge Cards.

Wanted—Strength, Brains, and Money. Victoria, British Columbia, is not quite destitute of any of the above commodities, but it will welcome more. From private advices, we hear that the value of land in Victoria itself has gone up wonderfully of late, and that there are various other signs about of present and future prosperity. "It is just a hundred years ago," says the chief newspaper of Victoria, "since our harbours were discovered by a Spanish exploring expedition. This century finds a prosperous, growing State, and solid foundations of a metropolis. Capital of a territory of some 350,000 square miles, with all its future lying as buried treasure awaiting the hand of man; western seaport of the New World, bidding for all the commerce of the Indies, Cathay and the South Seas—a wider prospect than was seen by Columbus and Balboa. Victoria, even in the immediate future, must be a large city, but has a destiny which it would be hard to estimate. In the sober realities of to-day we have more openings for capital than we can possibly do justice to, for, for every dollar in our pockets there is a \$50 investment in coal, gold, fish, or timber, real estate or railways—an investment which might be made with confidence of a fair return. Even money entrusted to brokers for small and casual investments in mortgages or house property returns from 6 to 10 per cent. after payment of commission, and our banks are among the most successful on the continent. Again we must give vent to our feelings. We want the man with strength, money, or brains. We want him with one of these possessions; we want him twice as much if he has two; and if he has all three, our emotions will require for their expression all the resources of the English language."—Greater Britain.

Commercial Union within the Empire. Lord Dunraven maintains, in the Nineteenth Century, that discrimination is not protection, neither is it retaliation. It is the creation of a national policy; a policy having for its object the counteraction of artificial forces which serve in the material world to deflect capital from the most profitable sources of employment, and which in the political world tend to the disintegration of the British Empire. It would develop the internal resources of the nation, encourage exchange on favourable terms within the nation,

Address MEDICAL INHALATION CO., 286 CHURCH ST., TORONTO. N.B.—We are certain we can cure you, write for further particulars and testimonials. Send stamped envelope to any reference we ever give, and convince yourself of the merits of our treatment. A child can use our Inhaler.

CATARRH CURED BY MEDICATED INHALATION.

Inhalation is the only Rational Method of curing Catarrh. By this means the proper remedies are applied in vaporous form to every diseased air cell of the nose and throat Under its influence the secretions dry up and the irritated surface is soothed and healed.

FACTS ABOUT OUR TREATMENT.

- It can be sent safely by express to any point. The directions are plain and simple. The Inhaler is easily understood—a child can put it in operation. The Inhaling liquid does not require to be heated, simply poured into the Inhaler. The operation is more pleasant than painful. When the disease is in the throat you inhale through the mouth. When the disease is in the head you inhale through the nose. It takes from one to three months to cure a bad chronic case. 5 to 10 minutes twice daily is required for treatment. It will destroy any bad smell in a few days. It will take a Catarrhal headache away in a few minutes. It will break up a cold in the head in a few minutes. It can be used at your home as successfully as in Toronto. It can be sent at a cost of 25 cents by express.

Address MEDICAL INHALATION CO., 286 CHURCH ST., TORONTO.