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The Toronto World.

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SIXTH YEAR MONDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1886. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE TORIES STILL AHEAD.

A MAJORITY OF FIVE OVER ALL THE OTHER PARTIES TOGETHER.

Mr. Trevelyan Defeated at Hawick and Timothy Healy in Londonderry—Lord Hartington Re-Elected—Mr. Bright Draws a Nice Distinction—Two Candidates Engage in Fisticuffs.

LONDON, July 11.—Midnight.—Up to this hour 352 Conservatives and Unionists, 149 Gladstonians and 72 Parnellites have been elected. The standing of the parties now is:

Total number of seats	670
Number of elections held	573
To be held	97
Conservatives elected	289
Unionists	63
Gladstonians	149
Parnellites	72
Conservative and Unionist majority	131
Conservative majority over all other sections combined	5

The total vote polled up to Saturday night was: Unionist, 1,299,874; Gladstonian, 1,118,973.

Geo. Otto Trevelyan Defeated.

LONDON, July 10.—Right Hon. Geo. Otto Trevelyan, who with Mr. Chamberlain resigned from the cabinet to oppose Mr. Gladstone's Irish policy, has been defeated as a Unionist candidate in Hawick. In the last election Mr. Trevelyan was returned as Liberal without opposition. This year John Dillon stumped the district against him, denouncing him for his opposition to the Premier's policy toward Ireland and pointing out the unreasonableness of Mr. Trevelyan's attitude in view of the fact that he had been Chief Secretary for Ireland, and by actual observation knew the merits of the issue. A. L. Brown (Gladstonian) received a majority of 501, obtaining 2523 votes to 2493 for Mr. Trevelyan. The result produced a sensation throughout the country.

Mr. Bright and His Critic.

LONDON, July 10.—Mr. John Bright has written a letter to an elector of Cleckheaton in which he says: "The Irish have a right to ask for the repeal of the act of union or to make an insurrection and take the consequences; but it may be wrong to grant the repeal and such action might be injurious to them. I have never uttered a word in favor of repeal or of a Dublin parliament. My good will toward Ireland renders it impossible for me to support the wild plans embosed in the Government's Irish bill. I must ignore Mr. Anderton's remarks about me and my mental condition. Mr. Anderton may be a strong Home Ruler, but he is not a gentleman."

Home Rule Must Come.

LONDON, July 10.—Mr. Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, speaking at a meeting at Northampton, said that within a year Mr. Gladstone's Irish proposal would carry Parliament and the country. Did anybody, he asked, think the policy that Scotland and Wales and a great part of England approved would be heard of no more? None of the plans of the paper Unionists, he said, touch the enormous problem of restoring social order in Ireland.

Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, addressing a meeting at Poole to-night, said that whether or no the Liberals were utterly defeated in the elections Home Rule would not be beaten. It was impossible to delay much longer the granting of self-government to Ireland.

A Lord on His Muscle.

LONDON, July 10.—A political fracas occurred at Warminster, in Wiltshire, to-night. Lord Harry Thynne, Conservative, met G. P. Fuller, the Gladstonian candidate for the House of Commons for that (the Western) district of Wiltshire) constituency, at the railway station at Warminster, and in a heated conversation which followed called him a liar. Mr. Fuller promptly replied in similar language, when Lord Harry struck Fuller. The latter returned the attack vigorously and a lively scrimmage ensued. At length Viscount Weymouth and Sir Charles Hobhouse succeeded in separating the combatants. The difficulty grew out of the following circumstance: P. J. O'Brien, the Parnellite member for the north division of Tipperary, had attempted an oration in the early part of the evening, but had been howled down by a crowd in the hall who greeted the speaker with cries of "dynamiter" and "convict." Mr. O'Brien, Fuller and their friends were eventually compelled to retreat to Mr. Fuller's house, which was besieged by a mob until midnight.

Effort to Form a Coalition Ministry.

LONDON, July 11.—Lord Salisbury has made overtures to Lord Hartington for the formation of a coalition ministry, whose program shall include Local Government Bill for England, Scotland and Ireland, a Laborer's Allotment Bill empowering rural laborers to acquire small holdings, reform and extension of the Artizans' Dwelling Act, including the dwellings of farm laborers, a measure for the cheaper transfer of land and the appointment of a select committee to enquire into the administration of the Government of India with the view of giving the natives increased local control. If Lord Hartington assents to the formation of a coalition ministry the cabinet will include Mr. Goschen, Sir Henry James and Duke of Argyll, but not Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr. Labouchere's Views.

LONDON, July 11.—Mr. Labouchere, in an interview to-day, said: "I am confident that Mr. Gladstone will resign and that the Conservatives will take office. Any coalition between the Tories and Unionists cannot last twenty minutes. Mr. Chamberlain and his party do not count. Messrs. Chamberlain and Caine are the only two worth considering. The Liberal defeat arises from Gladstone's failure to make the Land Bill clear, the Radicals not seeing the force of buying out the landlords. The theory of the "three acres and a cow" has not done any good. It would have been better to have talked of 'half an acre and a calf.' The laborer would have understood that. I do not think the Tories will adopt a Home Rule policy. It is not to their interest to settle the Irish question, but rather to keep it open. The Tories use Mr. Chamberlain nicely, but he does not see it. They will throw him over when it suits their purpose. It will be a long time before the Irish question is settled. It cannot possibly be settled by the next parliament. The counties know nothing of the question. When they have been educated Mr. Gladstone will win hands down. This will be the great work of the Radicals in the immediate future."

Elections to be Held Yet.

LONDON, July 12.—Of the 95 seats remaining to be contested 51 were formerly held by Gladstonians, 19 by Conservatives, 12 by Unionists and 13 by Parnellites.

Some Results.

LONDON, July 10.—Viscount Baring, Unionist, has defeated C. Maginac, Gladstonian, in North Bedfordshire. This is a Unionist gain.

The Tories have defeated the Unionists candidates in South Essex, where J. Theobold, Tory, is elected over J. Westlake, Radical Unionist; in Penrith, or Middle Cumberland, where J. W. Lowther, Conservative, has defeated Sir Wilfred Lawson by a majority of 600, and in Stroud, or Middle Gloucestershire, where G. Halloway takes the seat occupied in the last House by the Hon. Henry R. Brand.

The Tories have also won South Leicestershire, Northwest Suffolk, the Gainsboro division of Lincolnshire, Northwest Staffordshire, Northwest Norfolk, where Joseph Arch is defeated by Lord Henry Bentinck; and the Hyde division of Cheshire. Joseph Arch, the agricultural representative, was defeated by Lord Henry Bentinck in Northwest Norfolk by only twenty votes, although in the last election he defeated Bentinck by a majority of 940.

Maj. E. J. Saunderson, Tory, has been elected from Armagh over Mr. Williamson, Parnellite, by a vote of 4572 to 1177, an increase of 380 over the vote obtained by Saunderson in the last election, although the total vote of the district fell away 818.

The Tories have won Ripon, Yorkshire, from the Unionists. Capt. Ker, Tory, has been re-elected for East Down over Mr. McGrath, Parnellite, by a vote of 5093 to 2561. Capt. Ker was returned without opposition last election.

Leonard Courtney, Unionist, has been re-elected for Southeast Cornwall over Mr. Abraham by 3763 to 2101, in a poll 1490 less than that cast the last election.

Baron Ferdinand De Rothschild has been elected for Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire, as a Unionist by a majority of 3000, a slight increase over his majority at the last election.

The Liberals have won Osgoldcross, Yorkshire, from the Unionists, defeating Sir W. Ramsdem, Bart., from re-election and sending in his place Mr. J. Austin.

The Tories and Unionists combined have beaten Mr. Timothy Healy, Parnellite, in South Londonderry. Mr. Thomas Lea, the Unionist candidate, received 4737 votes to Mr. Healy's 4622. The entire poll was 7376 votes, a falling off of 515 from the last election. Mr. Healy, however, increased his votes 806 over that he polled last year, but the Liberals and Tories combined on Lea, Unionist, instead of dividing on a Tory and a Liberal as last year.

Lord Hartington has been re-elected for the Rossendale division of Lancashire, receiving 5399 votes against 3949 for Mr. Newbigging, Gladstonite, a majority of 1450. At the last election Lord Hartington had 1812 majority in 10308 votes.

Sounds From the Strife.

It is definitely stated that Mr. Gladstone will resign and that Lord Salisbury will undertake to form a ministry of as liberal a stripe as possible.

Earl Cowper writes that, judging from his experience during two important years as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Mr. Gladstone's scheme would lead to a separation.

It is rumored that Mr. Gladstone, who was elected in both Midlothian and Leith, will recommend Sir Charles Dilke for the latter seat, in which event, he Unionists will run Mr. Goschen in opposition.

A despatch from Wisbech says that much enthusiasm was displayed there over the victory of Lord Henry Bentinck. The Conservatives sent up a balloon, which, when inflated displayed a cow labeled "Good-bye, Arch."

Mr. Childers, Home Secretary, has ordered that an inquiry be made in regard to charges of police brutality in the disturbance at Cardiff on Thursday.

A somewhat significant event in respect to Irish affairs is that officers on leave have been summoned to join their corps at short notice, disturbances being feared during the celebration of the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne.

In view of the results of the English elections the Pope has requested the Congregation on Extraordinary Ecclesiastical Affairs to examine attentively the whole Irish question in order that he may determine upon the course to be pursued by the Irish clergy in certain contingencies.

Eight thousand Orangemen paraded Saturday in Glasgow. They subsequently held a mass meeting. A resolution was adopted declaring, that if necessary, they would establish an armed union of the Irish and their English and Colonial brethren and resist to the death a separation of England and Ireland.

A feature of the elections worth notice is the fact that four war correspondents who have tried to secure seats have been defeated: namely: Burleigh, of the Daily Telegraph, at Glasgow; Charles Williams, of the Daily Chronicle, at Leeds; Hilaro Skinner, of the Daily News, in the Strand; and Gay, who got into trouble with the Daily Telegraph for telegraphing about English pickets deserting their post in the face of an Arab attack, in Cornwall.

BELFAST BEGINS EARLY.

The Day Ushered in With Unusual Enthusiasm at the Headquarters of Orangeism.

BELFAST, July 12.—The anniversary of the battle of the Boyne was ushered in at midnight in Belfast by the pealing of the bells and the playing of drums and fifes by Orangemen. The streets are decorated with flags and arches. The day promises to be celebrated with unusual enthusiasm.

A mob of Home Rulers in Belfast stoned a fire brigade while the latter was at work extinguishing a fire. The mob was dispersed by by police.

On Change Last Week.

LONDON, July 11.—Discount was easy during the week. There was no demand for money, which was abundant at ½ for three months and ½ for short. On the Stock Exchange last week activity and strength were checked by the dullness prevalent in English railway securities, pending the announcement of the half yearly dividends and by the dullness of foreign securities under Russia's action at Batoum. American railroad securities opened weak with a tendency to lower prices, being freely offered from New York. Active buying here, however, sustained prices and there was a general rally at the end, prices at the close yesterday being the best of the week. There were large dealings in Eries on the report that the June statement will show a great increase in revenue.

The French Conquest of Panama.

PARIS, July 10.—De Lesseps has issued a circular to the shareholders of the Panama Canal Company, in which he says: "Despite all obstacles we shall march on. The apparatus and machinery are all ready. We only require $120,000,000 to complete the canal in 1889. We shall issue debentures forthwith to enable France to complete her peaceful conquest of the Isthmus of Panama." The Government has withdrawn the Panama Canal Lottery Bill. The company will issue bonds to the extent of 600,000,000 francs, with large premiums and frequent drawings.

A Traitor Convicted.

BERLIN, July 10.—A number of journalists have been indicted for breaches of the press law in publishing documents relating to the Saranow case while it was on trial. The trial of the newspaper men promises to abound in sensations, Capt. Saranow having been convicted of furnishing to France regularly, while he was in the German military service, all the information he could obtain concerning German fortifications and armaments.

Beecher on Smiles in the Pulpit.

LONDON, July 11.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher preached in Union Chapel, Islington, to-day, taking his text from John XVII., 20, 22, 23. Men, he said, were coming nearer together and working for larger humanity. Among his best friends were Catholic priests. He refuted the attacks made upon him by the English press for joking in the pulpit and repeated his known views on laughing. He evoked suppressed laughter by his quaint smiles. The chapel was crowded.

Father and Son Fight a Duel.

NEW LONDON, Mo., July 10.—Thursday evening Mr A. W. Farmer and his son William, living about two miles from here, engaged in a duel with pistols. About twenty-six shots were fired in all. The father was shot six times. Only two of the balls were found, and three of the wounds are serious. His son received three bullets in the abdomen, three of which were cut out. The wounds are thought to be fatal.

Armed With Catapults.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Reports to-night from the stock yards say that a large number of the packing house employes have armed themselves with catapults and will open a new species of warfare on the Pinkerton men employed to protect the Lake Shore trains. They also have secured large quantities of leaden slugs and buckshot, which they intend to use from positions in windows where identification or arrest will be well nigh impossible.

Scalped by an Ironing Machine.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Mary Maloney, a young woman employed in the West End Laundry, on West Madison-street, had her scalp and left ear torn off yesterday noon. She was coming down stairs, when her hair caught in the rolls of an ironing machine, lifting her off her feet and holding her suspended until the scalp was torn off. She may live, but it is probable that her mind will be affected.

THE FISHERIES SEIZURES.

CONSIDERATION OF THE QUESTION BY THE CABINET.

Sir John Macdonald's Views—Indignation Throughout Maine and Massachusetts—Proposed Retaliation at Washington—One of the Vessels to be Released.

OTTAWA, July 10.—A meeting of the Cabinet Council was held this afternoon, at which the fishery question was thoroughly discussed. Voluminous correspondence had with American officials, as well as Minister Foster's report on the way in which he finds matters in the Maritime Provinces, were considered. Several of the Ministers favored the immediate release of the David J. Adams and Ella M. Doughty on the charges for which they are detained, but by a majority it was held that the cases now started should be gone through with.

Sir John Macdonald, who left for the Northwest this evening, said after the meeting to a reporter: We may not be able to maintain the position we have taken against the Doughty and Adams, but if we fail in this we will then certainly make a case for the violation of the customs laws." As to further seizures under the fishery clauses of the 1818 treaty, he said no seizures would be made until after the present cases are settled. No vessel will be seized on any charge without advice from here on reports made. The customs laws are broad enough to cover all occasions where any law is needed.

Cannot Buy Herring in Dominion Waters.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Representative Boutelle received a despatch to-day from Eastport, Me., stating that on Friday night American boats at St. Andrews, N. B., after offering to buy canned sardines were driven away by the cruiser Middleton and Announcement made that no American boats are to be allowed to buy herring in Dominion waters for any purpose. Mr. Boutelle at once reported the facts to the State Department with an earnest request that the matter receive immediate attention. Mr. Boutelle is convinced that the most effectual way to deal with the Canadians in regard to the fisheries is to largely increase the duties on foreign fish and thus make the provinces pay roundly for the privileges of selling in our market.

Indignation Meeting at Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., July 10.—It is proposed to hold an indigation meeting here on Monday next. There is a more intense feeling of excitement now than at any time since the seizure of the Doughty. The imposition of the light-house fine that Capt. David H. Doughty, of the schooner John H. Kennedy, was compelled to pay has caused a feeling of general indignation and the coming meeting will represent the business men, not only of this city, but of the entire State.

To be Released Upon Giving Security.

SHELBURNE, N.S., July 10.—The Collector of Customs here received a telegram to-day from Collector Ross, of Halifax, to release the American fishing schooner City Point, as $400 had been deposited with him. The Collector replied that the vessel would be released on the payment of the expenses incurred, which are now about $42. Capt. Keene has wired the owners in reference to the expenses. Two other schooners, the Cushing and Harrington, are still in charge of the Collector, who has a guard on each. The vessels were to have been stripped to-day, but it was delayed on account of the expectation that the fines would be paid and to save expenses, but the Collector states that the Cushing and Harrington will be stripped on Monday if the claims are not settled.

The David J. Adams Not Released.

OTTAWA, July 10.—The Deputy Minister of Fisheries states that there is no truth in the report published in the United States press to the effect that the schooner David J. Adams, seized for violating the fisheries laws, was released by the Government on application of Secretary Bayard.

A Suit for Damages.

DIGBY, N.S., July 10.—Formal notice (as required by law) of an intention to sue for $12,000 damages was to-day served by attorney for owners, upon Capt. Collins, of the schooner David J. Adams, upon Collector of Customs Viets. The case may not come to trial for months.

THE VILLANY OF A PARSON.

Rev. Mr. Downs of Boston Charged with the Betrayal of a Sunday School Girl.

BOSTON, July 10.—Rev. Wm. Downs, the notorious pastor of the Bowdoin Square Baptist Church, who was arrested several months ago on the charge of infidelity with Mrs. Annie Faber, and who is still awaiting trial, was indicted by the grand jury to-day for the betrayal of Alice Watson, a petite and pretty girl of 20 years. Four years ago she became a pupil in the Sunday school at Parson Downs' church. Mr. Downs appeared to take more than an ordinary interest in her, made frequent calls at her home and took her in his lap in the presence of her mother. At last the parson so completely mesmerized her that he had her helpless under his control, and while in his study a year ago last May she charges that he accomplished her ruin. When the girl's mother discovered her daughter's condition she went to Mr. Downs and threatened him. The reverend gentleman told her that he would make everything all right, and the young girl was taken to a lodging house where she gave birth to a male child last March. Miss Watson told the parson that unless he did something towards the support of the child they would prosecute him. He refused to pay any heed to the threat, and yesterday the young girl and her mother went before the grand jury. The jury found a bill against Rev. Mr. Downs and to-day a warrant for his arrest was issued.

THE HARVEST IN MANITOBA.

Excellent Prospects but Rain Very Much Needed.

WINNIPEG, July 10.—Harvest prospects in Manitoba are brilliant. The yield will probably be a little under the average, but the quality will far exceed anything in recent years. Rain, however, is much needed.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

The Grant Monument Fund Association has collected $121,000.

At Morris, Conn., John Sterling has been convicted of murdering his stepdaughter.

At Portland, Me., Martin O'Hare murdered his wife in a brutal manner, and then left her naked body on the floor.

At Ahoka, Minn., Ella Goslin, aged 17, Nettie Goslin, aged 15, and Jennie Joy, aged 17, went in bathing, and were drowned.

At Fort Lee, N.Y., Eliza Gorlach, aged 23, being deserted by her lover within three months of her confinement, committed suicide by shooting herself in the head.

Eighty convicts working in a brickyard near Pine Bluff, Ark., made a break for victory the other day. The guards fired and three convicts were killed. None escaped.

The July report of the Agricultural Bureau at Washington says the average condition on July 1 of winter wheat had declined from 92.7 to 91.2, spring wheat from 98 to 93. The average condition of cotton had declined from 88.7 to 86.

John T. McCue, aged 30, an engineer from Philadelphia, threw himself under a passing train at New Orleans and was killed. He remarked to a bystander: "It is too warm to live; I believe I'll kill myself," and suited the action to the word.

In the suit at New York of the Bankers' and Merchants' Telegraph Company against the Western Union for cutting wires, etc., the jury returned a verdict of $240,000. The plaintiffs claimed $2,000,000. Neither side is satisfied, and both have given notice of appeal.

Free as a Bird.

It is customary in British capitals to present the freedom of the city to poetical lords, literary dukes and distinguished foreigners. We have now among us a body of chivalrous knights, whose charitable deeds are famous throughout Christendom. Men who wield a Pythian sword can sway an empire. Knights, you are free. Toronto is your plum, devour it; step into quinn's, the shirtmaker, and get a five dollar English steel rod silk umbrella for three dollars and ten cents.

IN THE CANADA GAZETTE.

Notes of Interest from the Official Organ of the Country.

OTTAWA, July 10.—By to-day's Canada Gazette Sir A. T. Galt, Collingwood Schrieber and George Moberly are appointed a Royal Commission, with M. S. Lonergan as secretary, to make enquiries and report as to the advisability of the constitution of a court of railway commissioners of Canada.

An order-in-council has been passed putting the Canada Temperance Act in force in the city and county of St. John, N.B., and the city of Portland, N.B. Also an order prohibiting seining for herring in the bays and harbors of Charlotte county, N.B., and within the three-mile limits from shore.

The Ontario Central Railway Company gives notice of a meeting at Picton on July 28 for the election of officers and to consider a resolution authorizing the issue of four hundred thousand dollars preference shares, and the payment or exchange of them for overdue coupons on the present bonds; also, to consider the advisability of extending the road to the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Callandar.

Notice is given of application for letters patent incorporating the Maritime Chemical Pump Company, with a capital of $150,000, with a factory at Chatham, N.B., and head office at Hamilton, Ont.

J. Monteith of Rosseau, Ont., gives notice that he will apply to parliament for a divorce from his wife.

Notice is given that the plans for the erection of structures in waters adjacent to Toronto Island have been deposited by V. E. Fuller with the Minister of Public Works.

Dr. Peter Aylen of Aylmer, Que., has been appointed assistant surgeon in the Northwest Mounted Police. He passed a successful examination in medicine at McGill University last year.

THE MAN AND HIS BARREL.

They Safely Make a Trip Through the Whirlpool Rapids.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., July 11.—Great excitement was caused at Niagara Falls to-day by C. D. Graham, the Buffalo cooper, announcing his hazardous attempt to go through the rapids and whirlpool below the great falls. In the presence of a vast multitude of people he successfully made the voyage this afternoon in a barrel especially made for the trip. After pounding over the rocks, and being tossed several times out of the water by the huge waves, he was shot through the rapids into the whirlpool. He made one circuit of the pool, dashed out into the lower rapids, quickly passing through them and safely landing at Queenston. This was a trial trip, Graham proposes to repeat the feat frequently during the season.

The Man Arrested and Locked up.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., July 11.—Later—C. D. Graham, the man who went through the rapids this afternoon, did not go to Buffalo as stated. As soon as he arrived in a carriage belonging to Mr. Manning of the Montcalge Hotel an officer pelled him out and put him under arrest at Mahoney's Hotel. Shortly afterward two other policeman appeared at the hotel to take him to the lockup. He jumped on both of them and kicked them down stairs, giving them both black eyes. He was finally overpowered and lodged in the lockup.

THE ACCIDENT ON THE C.P.R.

Additional Particulars of the Burning of a Through Train.

MONTREAL, July 10.—Assistant-General Manager O'Shaughnessy, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, furnishes the following particulars of the accident at Donald: The eastern train which left Port Moody at 3 o'clock Wednesday, and was due in Montreal next Tuesday, met with a serious mishap a few miles from Donald, the principal station in the Columbian Valley. The extreme hot weather had caused the bush and prairie to be exceedingly dry, and a fire occurred which soon spread into a vast conflagration. The intense heat caused the rails to warp, and the result was that the train was derailed. The train consisted of a baggage and mail car, second class car, first-class car, and first-class sleeper. The fire was a considerable distance from the track, and the train would have passed through safely if the rails had not been warped. The baggage and mail car, with the first and second-class cars, were destroyed. The sleeper, with all the mails and baggage, was saved. None of the passengers were injured, and the accident will not cause the slighest delay in train service.

THE MEETING OF MOULDERS.

A New York Police Captain Censured—The Value of Labor Organizations.

LONDON, Ont., July 10.—The first business of the session of the International Molders' Union to-day was disposing of the report of the Executive Committee. A resolution censuring Capt. McCullough, of the New York police, for his action recently in stationing policemen at the Cooper Institute meeting was adopted. Richard Trevellick, of Detroit, addressed the convention in a feeling manner regarding the labor question; the vital necessity of concerted action amongst all workingmen; the laudable aims sought to be accomplished by the Knights of Labor, and the great possibilities and bright outlook that is opening up for the cause of labor throughout America. There was an expression of views regarding amalgamation with the Knights of Labor, and the union by a large majority decided against it.

Masonic Celebration at Windsor.

WINDSOR, July 10.—There is to be a great meeting of the Masonic grand bodies of Canada at Windsor this week. The Great Priory will meet on Tuesday, the Grand Lodge will meet on Wednesday, and the Grand Chapter on Friday. The different committee meetings, beginning with the Board of General Purposes, on Monday, will continue through most of the week. A large attendance of delegates from all parts of Canada is expected.

Adventures of a Mail Bag.

OTTAWA, July 10.—The Ottawa mail bag, which was on the steamship Oregon at the time it was wrecked off Sandy Hook, has been found on the coast of Georgia, some 450 miles from where the wreck took place. The bag, which was found imbedded in the sand, has arrived at the postoffice, and the newspapers and letters are spread out to dry.

Another large order which will fill car from Australia for Steel Wire Door Mats. This will be the second shipment to that country this year. 136

Claims in the Northwest.

OTTAWA, July 10.—The commissioners appointed to investigate the claims of the Northwest settlers on account of rebellion losses have returned to Ottawa to prepare their report to the Government. They have examined about 700 claims and the aggregate amount awarded will reach $670,000. The claim of the Hudson Bay Company for losses has not yet been settled.

Another Counterfeiter Arrested.

COBOURG, July 10.—Thos. I. Brown, partner of Abel Christensen and Duncan Cumming in the manufacture of counterfeit notes on the Merchants' Bank and U. S. banks, was committed for trial here to-day. He was arrested at Trenton through the joint efforts of Inspector O'Leary and Detective Rogers. To the latter he confessed his connection with the crime; Cumming and he printed the bogus notes from plates supplied by the Dane.

If housekeepers or caretakers want cleanliness, buy Steel Wire Door Mats, 4 Wellington-street west. 136

A Mayor Enforces the Law.

HUNTINGTON, Miss., July 11.—J. N. Dickson, jr., Mayor of Arkansas City, shot and instantly killed W. C. Huggins, colored, there yesterday evening. Huggins and another colored man were fighting, when Dickson ordered them to desist. Huggins paid no attention and Dickson drew his pistol and fired with fatal results.

THE PYTHIAN INVASION.

TWO THOUSAND KNIGHTS AND LADIES ALREADY IN TOWN.

A Disappointed Contingent at Exhibition Park—Civic Proclamation—The Week's Program—Notes.

The Pythian invasion set in with a rush yesterday; over 2000 Knights and fair ladies arrived in the city from different parts of the United States. The morning trains brought a large number of people who have come to participate in and witness the demonstration, and several special trains came in during the afternoon and evening, all freighted with tired and dusty but enthusiastic Pythians, male and female. Not being notified of such a large influx, the Reception Committee were at first somewhat staggered, but they quickly recovered, opened an office at St. James' Hotel, and booked as rapidly as possible all visitors who applied for accommodation. The last train come in after ten o'clock, and before midnight, everybody was under cover.

Crowds of people were down at Union station yesterday to see the strangers come in. A special bearing several hundreds from Indiana and Michigan stopped at Exhibition Park about 6.30. The first regiment of Indiana, 100 strong, and 26 ladies alighted there. The Reception Committee did not know of their coming, and no one was on hand to receive them. Tired, hungry and strange to the place, they were naturally very much disappointed. Hearing of their arrival Dr. John S. King posted off to the grounds, accompanied by Major-General Carnahan. Dr. King's position was an unenviable one for a couple of hours, but with assistance later on from other committeemen he managed to satisfy their most pressing wants and make them passingly comfortable for the night, the ladies being "cotted" in the Association's offices, and the Knights in another building. To-day they will get their meals at the Richardson and Power Houses, and for the remainder of the week at the Dining Hall, Exhibition Park. The remainder of the excursionists came on to the Union Station, and found quarters at hotels and boarding houses. Close upon a thousand visitors came on two specials from Washington, Baltimore and down that way. The first train arrived at nine, the second an hour of so later. Five Uniformed Divisions were on board, viz: Pythian No. 1 and Maryland No. 2 Baltimore, Nelson and Washington, Washington; Atlantic No. 1, Portsmouth, and the Glen Rock Band, of Glen Rock, Pa., were along, and played the divisions to their hotels, the Knights being distributed at the St. James, Shakespeare, Power, Richardson, Wellington and Continental. Many brethren, not in uniform, ladies, and private excursionists went to hotels and boarding-houses. The Southern visitors felt the chilly night air, and wore handkerchiefs round their necks, and made their dusters do duty as overcoats.

Thousands of arrivals are expected to-day. The Toronto Uniformed Division will turn out to receive their uniformed brethren, and will be assisted by the Hamilton Division, who will come down here early for that purpose. They have a hard day's work before them. The citizens should decorate to-day. So far only a few of the hotels have done anything in this line. All the down town buildings should display emblems of welcome and festivity. It promises to be a red-letter week in the history of Toronto; the people should do their share towards making the visitors feel at home. Let the Pythians run the town for a week.

The Week's Program.

MONDAY—The Grand Lodge of Ontario will meet in annual session at 9 a.m. in the K. of P. Hall, Queen-street east, opposite the Metropolitan Church. Visiting divisions will be received and escorted to their quarters by Alpha Division, No. 1, of Hamilton, and Toronto Division, No. 2.

TUESDAY—Divine service at St. James' Cathedral at 10 o'clock. Major the very Rev. Dean Whitmarsh, Chaplain of the Illinois Brigade, assisted by Rev. H. P. Hobson, rector in charge of the Cathedral, will officiate. The Supreme Lodge will then be escorted from the Cathedral to the Orange Hall, Queen-street east, where addresses of welcome will be delivered by Ald. Defoe for the city, and Grand Chancellor McKellar on behalf of the Grand Lodge of Ontario, and Supreme Chancellor Van Valkenburg will respond. The grand parade will form in Clarence-square at 3.30 p.m., and march at 4 promptly. In the evening there will be a public reception of the Supreme Lodge at the Mutual-street Rink at 8 p.m. The Grand Chancellor of Ontario will preside. Addresses of welcome will be delivered by the Lieutenant-Governor, Ald. Defoe, and Supreme Prelate, J. S. King; and responses will be made by Justus H. Rathbone, founder of the order; Supreme Chancellor Van Valkenberg, and others. Between the addresses there will be songs by Mrs. Bradley, Mr. Fred. Warrington, and selections by the band of the 10th Royal Grenadiers. There will also be at 8 o'clock a grand excursion around the Island in the ferries Imperial, Canadian, Hawings, John Hanlan, Geneva, Sadie, Gertrude, Kathleen, Mazeppa, and Queen City. The boats will be brilliantly illuminated, and after a sail of an hour and a half will land at the island. At 11 o'clock a magnificent display of fireworks will be made by the Doty Ferry Company from a barge anchored in the bay near the Island.

WEDNESDAY—There will be a grand prize drill on the Exhibition Grounds. There will be a carriage drive to the supreme lodge officers and representatives. In the evening there will be a grand concert in the Caledonian Curling Club, Mutual-street, under the musical direction of Will F. Tasker.

THURSDAY—The prize drill and pony exhibition will be continued at the Exhibition Grounds, and at the same place at 8 o'clock p.m., there will be a band competition and grand dress parade of all divisions. The prizes won at the various competitions will be presented.

Proclamation to the Citizens.

Ald. D. M. Defoe, on behalf of His Worship the Mayor, has issued the following proclamation:

To the Citizens of Toronto:

The meeting of the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, in our midst during the coming week is an event which I am sure has for some time inspired the desire to accord them a hearty and generous reception, and by no one was this desire more sincerely entertained than by His Worship the Mayor. A telegram just received announcing with regret his unavoidable absence, causes the duty to devolve on me, by his request of acting in his absence. I would therefore invite you to evidence in the heartiest manner possible this desire—by displaying such external marks of welcome, by decorating your private residences and business places, by a display of bunting and otherwise, and by showing in every other manner that our sympathies are in accord with an organization which we believe to be founded on the purest principles of unity and benevolence.

I would further request the citizens by their general demeanor to show our guests how much they appreciate their visit. And to this end all corporation officials in charge of public buildings will please take notice that they are expected to make as full a display of bunting and other decorations on the same as possible.

D. M. DEFOE,
On behalf of His Worship the Mayor.

July 12, 1886.

The Route of Procession.

The procession will form in Clarence-square to-morrow afternoon and will march up Brock-st. to Queen, thence east to Queen-st. avenue, north to Queen's Park, around the guns by the west, where there will be a halt for fifteen minutes, then out by the Yonge-street avenue to Yonge, south to Adelaide, east to Jarvis, south to King, west to Simcoe, where the procession will break up. Arrangements have been made by which all Knights not in uniform will form according to jurisdictions under command of Judge George W. Lindsay, of Baltimore, assisted by Grand Chancellor McKellar of Ontario. This will form the first division of the parade and will consist of above 6000 brethren. They will be preceded by a platoon of mounted police and the Queen's Own band. The second division will be composed of uniformed divisions only. It will be preceded by Major-General Carnahan and about thirty aides all mounted. This division will consist of at least 5000. Traffic will be stopped along the route, and the streets well watered.

Notes.

Several supreme lodge officers and representatives arrived Saturday night and yesterday, among them being Hon. John Van Valkenburg of Iowa, Supreme Chancellor; Judge R. L. Cowan of St. Louis, Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals; S. J. Willey of Wilmington, Del., Supreme Master of Exchequer; G. B. Shaw of Eau Claire, Wis., Supreme Master at Arms.

The headquarters of Supreme Lodge Reception Committee, Knights of Pythias, have been removed from Adelaide street to 137 King-street west, where all information may be had, and all communications should be sent.

Rev. Dean Whitmarsh, of Carollton, Illinois, Grand Chaplain of the Knights of Pythias, occupied the pulpit of St. James' Cathedral at both the morning and the evening service yesterday.

HORSES FOR CAVALRY.

A Discouraging Morning for the English Colonels.

Col. Ravenhill, Royal Artillery; Col. Philips, Fourth Hussars; Mr. Matthews, Royal Home Guards, Blue, were at Orangeville and Brampton on Friday accompanied by Mr. T. C. Patteson. "So far as enabling the officers to judge of the class of horses in the country the journey was perfectly successful, but very few horses were brought in for them to buy in consequence of the farmers being busy at haying.

On Saturday the same officers as previously advertised attended at the Black Horse Hotel, Toronto. At 10 a.m. an endless stream of plugs passed into Keith's coal yard, and it seemed as if all the lame, sick, halt and blind horses of the county of York, had been brought in to be foisted on the English colonels. The end of it was that they did not buy one horse. People might as well realize first as last, that these two officers have been selected because they know their business thoroughly, and they are about as likely to buy an unsound horse as a pig is to whistle God Save the Queen. The advertisement called for horses 15-2, but at best one-half of the animals brought in were below that height. It was a sorry spectacle, and if the colonels had not already seen that the stuff they are after is in the country it would have been a discouraging morning. They have now gone for a fortnight into the Cobourg neighborhood. Besides the illshapen quadrupeds on view, there were not a few bipeds of the species "bummer," whose keen scent had winded a job. They may save their labor this hot weather, by standing down and out. An attempt was made to levy 25c. on each horse for market dues, but it was understood to have been successfully combated.

ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

St. Matthew's Church, De Grassi-Street—Re-opening Services.

St. Matthew's church, De Grassi-street, was re-opened yesterday after a month of alteration and improvement. In the morning Orange Lodges 412, 781, 111 and 215 were present. Rev. A. H. Baldwin preached from Matthew xiii., 31 and 32:

Another parable put He forth unto them, saying the Kingdom of Heaven is like to a grain of mustard seed which a man took and sowed in his field. Which indeed is the least of all seeds; but when it is grown it is the greatest among herbs and becometh a tree, so that the birds of the air come and lodge in the branches thereof.

The reverend gentleman cited as an instance of this growth the church in which he preached. Eleven years ago it had been only a seed. Now it had almost become a tree. Referring to the Orange representatives present, the speaker said that not only was the order a powerful body from a secular standpoint, but was also a powerful religious body. The "Te Deum" was well rendered by a choir of thirty voices, with Miss Emily Russell as organist. In the afternoon an address was delivered to the Sabbath School scholars by Rev. J. S. Howard. Rev. J. McL. Ballard of St. Anne's Church preached. Mr. Ballard delivered the first sermon in St. Matthew's Church eleven years ago. At the time it was a very small structure, but the thirty-five foot extension lately added has increased the seating capacity to nearly double.

THE R. C. CHURCH IN TORONTO.

Archbishop Lynch Discourses on Its Rise and Progress.

Yesterday at High Mass in St. Michael's, Archbishop Lynch gave a semi-historical review of the rise and progress of his Church in the city. Forty-eight years ago the construction of St. Michael's was begun under the direction of the venerable Bishop Power, the first head of the diocese, who was generally respected during life and lamented after death by all classes. He might have lived many years more than he did had he not deemed it his duty to share the dangerous duties of the humblest of his priests in every crisis, notably when the emigrants were being decimated by the ship fever. His Grace eloquized the memories of the lay fathers of the Church in Toronto, the founders of families still prominent and prosperous in the city, who had given lavishly of their time, lands and money to the faith. At that time, said his Grace, Toronto had such a reputation abroad as a poor and bigoted see that Bishop Charbonnel succeeded Bishop Power with many misgivings. The cathedral had upon it a debt of $60,000, but now there is not a dollar against it, and the minor edifices and kindred institutions had prospered proportionately. The intolerance of those days is almost unknown now, Protestant and Catholic dwelling together in generous amity.

**Steel