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VOL. XXXV—No. 12,515

The Toronto World

TWELVE PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 16 1915—TWELVE PAGES

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OTHER COUNTIES SOON TO AN IMPORTANT RAILWAY CENTRE IN GERMANY'S FOOD SUPPLY TO BE CUT OFF BY BRITISH NAVY

Provincial Legislation Will Include Moratorium, Good Roads Program, Advance Liquor License Enactments and War Relief Measures

RUSSIANS SPLIT UP ATTACKS ON NORTHERN LINE

Germans Unable to Concentrate Forces for Decisive Blow in East Prussia

TACTICALLY DEFEATED

Czar's Army Captures Important Railway Centre in Western Galicia

By Frederick Rennett, Special Correspondent to the London News and the Toronto World.
Special Cable to the Toronto World.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 15.—Since the great German forces brought their last concerted sweeping movement across East Prussia to the borders of Russia the conditions facing them have imposed a radical change in their tactics. The central aim of the operations was very clearly defined up to the point when the Russians succeeded in drawing out from the gap between swift moving columns of the enemy north and south which were beginning to pass beyond them on both flanks. The Germans now find that they have still to fight combinations of Russian columns inside the fringe of Russia and in the bare, thinly populated plains of northeast Poland. The determined fight that the Russians have maintained at an angle between Russia and Poland along the line of Lask-Grovo, where they still hold the aforesaid, has prevented co-ordination of attack by the German army that crossed eastwards on the borders of Poland and its northern partner which is now held up against the Russian defences on the Niemen.

This arrest of the German combination has led to a noticeable scattering.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4)

NEUTRAL SHIPPING IS WARNED BY GERMANY

Name and Flag Should Be Painted High to Guide Submarines.

Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, Feb. 15, 7.30 p.m.—A despatch to Reuters' Telegram Co. from The Hague says:

"The German admiralty states that when a name and a national flag are painted on the side of a neutral ship, in order to insure protection from a German submarine attack, they should be water line, as otherwise they may not be observed from the submarines. The water line should be very little above the water. Rough waves would obscure the line and the necessary height for neutral ships observing this precaution."

CZERNOWITZ OCCUPIED BY FORCES OF ENEMY

Berlin Claims Russians Have Been Driven Across Pruth River.

Canadian Press Despatch.
BERLIN, Feb. 15.—By wireless from Sayville.—The Overseas News Agency quotes The Berliner Tageblatt as saying in a despatch from Budapest that Austro-Hungarian forces have entered Czernowitz, the capital of Bukovina. The Russians are reported to have been driven across the Pruth River and to have retreated towards Noworodok on the Russian border.

The evacuation of Czernowitz by the Russians was reported in a despatch from Berlin on Feb. 10, but was not confirmed.

Men's Fur Garments at Give-Away Prices to Clear.

It seems almost unbelievable that handsome, rich fur-lined and fur coats are going at the Dineen store at such sensational prices, but orders have been given to the salespeople at 140 Yonge street to the effect that every fur must sell before the end of the month. The prices are particularly low on the entire stock in men's department—all styles of fur coats, caps, gauntlets, driving robes, coachman's outfits, etc., as well as swaggers and heavy weight coats in all this season's newest effects. Decide to look over this department today. You can hardly fail to find something you can buy with substantial profit to yourself.

Second Contingent to Leave For England Any Day Now

Col. Septimus Denison Says the Men Are Very Much Superior to Those of the First Contingent.

Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, Ont., Feb. 15.—Col. Septimus Denison, commander of the 4th Infantry Brigade of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, is in the city for the purpose of inspecting the local troops of the second contingent for the purpose of leaving for England any day now. The men of the overseas force would leave to the rank and file second contingent he considered very much superior to the rank and file of the first expeditionary force.

NAVY TO CLOSE GERMAN PORTS SAYS CHURCHILL

Importation of Food Supplies Will Be Cut Off Entirely.

LONDON, Feb. 15, 10.50 p.m.—The countries fighting against Germany, Austria and Turkey up to the present time, have thrown only a third of their strength into the field. To maintain this force and to bring the remaining two-thirds into action the remaining 600,000 men during the current year. This announcement was made in the house of commons today by David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, who, with Winston Churchill, secretary of the admiralty, in the course of a speech, in the commons today was greeted with loud cheers.

The announcement of the government's declaration with regard to Germany's food supplies came almost coincidentally with the receipt of two despatches from the United States, one saying that Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, had informed the Washington government that Germany was willing to abandon her submarine policy, provided Great Britain ceased interfering with cargoes of foodstuffs, and the other saying that the agents had advised neutral shipping that they declared those waters which Germany had declared would become a dangerous military area three days hence.

Mr. Churchill disclosed for the first time the total naval losses as the result of the war. These, he said, were in excess of 5000 officers and men, a majority of them victims of submarines. Germany's naval losses were about the same.

Concerning submarines, Mr. Churchill outlined what Great Britain proposed to do as a counter to the German submarine.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5)

ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE VISITS CENTRAL ITALY

One Person Killed, Six Injured and Many Houses Wrecked.

Canadian Press Despatch.
ROME, Feb. 15.—A 4.0 p.m.—Renowned earthquake shocks occurred today in parts of the district in Central Italy, visited by seismic disturbances several weeks ago. One person was killed and six were injured in the collapse of a house at Naxos. The destruction of the village of the convent of Santa Maria fell upon several houses, burying ten persons. Citta-ducale was entirely wrecked, and at Veroli several houses were rendered uninhabitable.

NEGLECTANCE CAUSED DEATH OF J. COLE

Jury Brings in Verdict at Inquest Held Last Night.

Negligence on the part of the contractor was the opinion of the jury empanelled to conduct the inquest on the death of James Cole, who died as the result of injuries received from a fall on Feb. 8. The late Mr. Cole was engaged by the National Structural Iron Works, and was working on a building when he fell from the scaffold at the second floor.

REDEEMER STOCK AT BARGAIN PRICES.

The splendid stock of ladies' wear at Redeemer, Limited, which was recently slightly damaged by fire is being offered at an underwritten price and the public are invited to view the splendid bargains will be offered. Sale commences this morning at 9 o'clock. Store will be open until 9 o'clock tonight.

GERMANS TO BARGAIN FOR FOOD SUPPLIES

If Britain Relaxes Naval Pressure, She Will Rescind War Zone Decree.

WASHINGTON, 10 TOLD

British Reply to U.S. Note Intimates More Stringent Measures.

Canadian Press Despatch.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—With only three days remaining before the German admiralty proposes to carry into effect its proclamation ordering a submarine campaign on enemy merchant ships, developments in the diplomatic situation moved rapidly today thru the medium of the United States Government's memorandum on the diplomatic interests of the various belligerents.

Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, delivered a note to the United States, which was promptly transmitted to Great Britain in which Germany offered to rescind her proclamation of attacking enemy merchant ships if restrictions imposed by the allies on shipments of foodstuffs to continental and insular Germany were removed. Otherwise, the note announced, Germany proposed to continue the original plan, adding also the stranding of mines in waters surrounding Great Britain and Ireland.

Alleged sending of British merchant vessels is given by the German Government as ground for attacking enemy merchant ships without search or prize heretofore as in the category of warships. The ambassador's communication was sent from Berlin before the receipt of the American note delivered by Ambassador Gerard and is supplemental to the German memorandum on the new war zone.

More precautions by Allies.

At the same time that the German ambassador conferred with Secretary Bryan and Counselor Lansing, the complete text of the British reply to the American note of protest on neutral shipping, regarding merchant craft heretofore as in the category of warships, was received in London.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 6)

ENEMY SUBJECTS MAY BE REMOVED

Will Be Taken Off Vessels Whether Passengers or Crew.

PORTS BEING GUARDED

Action is Essential for the Safety of Naval Bases.

Special to The Toronto World.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The British embassy today informed the state department that His Majesty's government had decided that subjects of the enemy nations, whether they be of the crew or passengers of vessels entering certain ports of the British Empire would in the future, be liable to removal or detention. The action is pointed out as being a precautionary character, but regarded as essential for the safety of the naval bases and fortifications of the ports in question. The following is the list of ports in which the enemy subjects will hereafter be prohibited from entering:

Aden, Akaba, Albany, Alexandria, Amman, Amoy, Ancon, Annapolis, Antwerp, Aomori, Bombay, Brisbane, Calcutta, Cape Town, Cebu, Colon, Darwin, Esquimaux, Falkland Islands, Fremantle, Gibraltar, Halifax, Hongkong, Karachi, Kingston, London, Lyons, Manila, Madras, Malindi, Mauritius, Melbourne, Mombasa, Otago, Penang, Port Antonio, Port of Spain, Port Louis, Port of Spain (Trinidad), Port Said, Rangoon, St. Helena, St. John's, Nfld., Suez, Swatow, Sydney, Vancouver, Victoria, B.C., Wellington and Zanzibar.

LAND LOST STEAMERS' CREW.

AVONMOUTH, Va. London, Feb. 15.—(12.13 a.m.)—The crew of the Nova Scotia schooner Fleetly has been landed here by the steam Mechanician. The men were taken from the sinking schooner in mid-ocean Feb. 4. Heavy squalls had caused the vessel to founder. The Fleetly was bound from Lunenburg, N.S., for St. John's, Nfld.

BUKOWINA IS NOW CLEAR OF RUSSIANS?

Canadian Press Despatch.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Private despatches to the Austro-Hungarian foreign office, forwarded to the embassy in Washington from Vienna tonight announced the complete evacuation of Bukowina by Russian forces.

THE ALLIES—Lloyd George

GALICIA IS CAPTURED BY RUSSIANS

CARRIE DAVIES' STORY TOLD IN STATEMENT READ TO JURY

Zeppelins Fell a Prey To British Aerial Raid

Shed and All Contents Destroyed—Bombs Caused Havoc Among Stations, Electric Works, Bridges and Factories, Reports an Amsterdam Despatch.

Canadian Press Despatch.
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.—(1.10 a.m.)—The Vandeblad's Sluis correspondent, in a despatch concerning the raid last week of thirty-four British aviators over portions of northern Belgium, says that at Ostend the sheds of the sea railway station were badly damaged and the Hotel de Terminus, near the station, was slightly damaged. The De Smet de Nayer bridge suffered heavily, and all communication with the sea station was broken.

At Blankenberghe, the correspondent says, the station and the railway were destroyed. At Zeebrugge, he adds, the central electric works and a factory were destroyed and the bridges there could not be worked, owing to a lack of electricity. A Zeppelin shed with all contents was destroyed, the correspondent adds.

BRITISH STEAMER DAMAGED BY MINE

Twelve of Crew of Wavelet Drowned When Boat Capsized.

BEACHED NEAR DEAL

Two Terrific Shocks Felt by Ship, and Much Water Flowed on Board.

FINANCE MINISTER MADE STATEMENT ON CANADA'S WAR BORROWINGS.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15.—When the house opened this afternoon, Mr. Kyle, the Liberal member for Richmond, N.S., interpolated the minister of finance respecting the excess issue of Dominion notes during the parliamentary recess, and the loans made to the chartered banks and railways.

Precedent Cited.

Mr. White admitted that these advances to the railway companies would require confirmatory legislation, but pleaded the precedent established by Hon. Mr. Fielding in 1907.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier thought there was some distinction between the transactions by the excess issue of Dominion notes in 1907 being loaned directly to the Bank of Montreal.

Replying to another question, Mr. White said that since August 14, 1914, 787 of Dominion notes had been issued by way of loan to the chartered banks against collateral other than gold, of which amount \$7,047,297 had been repaid.

Loan of \$50,000,000.

Asked as to how much money, if any, had been borrowed from the Bank of England, Mr. White said that the British Government had arranged to loan the Canadian Government 12,000,000 pounds for war expenses during the balance of the fiscal year ending March 31, and of this amount 8,000,000 pounds had been advanced up to date, including 5,000,000 pounds advanced by the Bank of England for the Imperial Government.

PUGSLEY AND CLARK HEAD RIVAL FACTIONS

Liberal Caucus Today Will Seek to Adjust Differences.

By a Staff Reporter.
OTTAWA, Feb. 15.—Liberal members of parliament are to go into a caucus tomorrow, ostensibly on the budget, but the real subject under discussion will be the policy of the opposition during the present session. Sharp differences of opinion have already developed between the militants of the party headed by Hon. Dr. Pugsley and the pacific wing for which Dr. Clark or Red Deer, has already spoken. The inspector said that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has not committed himself and will no doubt be largely influenced by the expression of opinion from his followers at tomorrow's conference.

DOMESTIC WHO KILLED "BERT" MASSEY SAID SHE HAD BEEN MOLESTED BY AND WAS AFRAID OF HER EMPLOYER, AND SHOT HIM IN SELF- DEFENCE.

Carrie Davies did not go into the witness box last evening at the resumption of the inquest into the death of Charles Albert Massey. Instead, Inspector of Detectives Keenan read to the jury her statement, which to him on the night of the murder. The girl was in the room for a few moments early in the evening and was brought forward by a police matron to be identified by Ernest Pelletier, the newsboy who witnessed the shooting, as the maid who answered the door for him. Although very pale she showed no sign of nervousness.

After the jury had been out about ten minutes, James Burford, foreman, returned with the following verdict:

"We find that Charles Albert Massey came to his death in the City of Toronto, County of York, on February 4, 1915, as a result of a pistol shot which we believe was fired by one Carrie Davies, and that the aforesaid Carrie Davies did feloniously and with malicious aforethought kill and slay Charles Albert Massey."

Allowed Other Evidence.

At the urgent request of H. H. Dewar, K.C. counsel for Miss Davies, Chief Coroner Arthur James Johnson allowed the evidence of two witnesses, Mrs. M. E. Massey and Dr. McLaughlin, bearing on the mental condition of the girl during the month of July last, when, while summering at the island, she is said to have been subject to violent mental derangements in addressing the jury, however, the coroner emphasized the point that with regard to her mental condition when she was shooting they as a jury had nothing whatever to do.

After the verdict was returned Chief Coroner Johnson made the following significant statement:

"The government will probably see fit to order some investigation into the mental condition of Carrie Davies at this time, and it will be upon this finding that it will be decided whether she will ever be tried. If a person is proved to be insane, the government, thru the attorney-general's department, has the power of sending the person to an asylum. That is the way these cases are sometimes handled."

Girl Made Statement.

The most important evidence of the evening was the statement of the girl made to Inspector Kennedy, which he read to the jury. The inspector said that she had been in the room, on the night of the shooting, somewhere about 8 o'clock, this little girl, Carrie Davies, was brought to my office, Detective Levitt was present, and I first cautioned her that anything she said might be used as evidence against her later. I also explained to her that she need not answer the questions if she so desired. I did not ask her to sign the statement, and there was no shorthand report made. I took down the answers to my questions in long-hand. The following is the statement made public by the inspector last evening:

Q.—"What is your name?"
A.—"Carrie Davies."
Q.—"How old are you?"
A.—"Eighteen."
Q.—"How long have you been in Canada?"
A.—"Two years."
Q.—"Where were you born?"
A.—"In England."
Q.—"Where have you worked since coming to Canada?"
A.—"At Mrs. Massey's, 188 Walmer road."
Q.—"Have you been employed there ever since you came out?"
A.—"Yes."
Q.—"How many are there in the Massey family?"
A.—"Three—Mr. C. A. Massey, Mrs. Massey and one boy."
Q.—"What time did this shooting take place?"
A.—"About twenty-five minutes past six."
Q.—"Where did it take place?"
A.—"At 188 Walmer road, on the street."
Q.—"What happened?"
A.—"I shot him; I guess he is dead now."
Q.—"What did you do about him?"
A.—"I really shot him in self-defence."
Q.—"Who did you shoot?"
A.—"Mr. Massey."
Q.—"What do you mean by saying you shot him in self-defence?"
A.—"He took advantage of me yesterday, and I thought he was going to do the same today."
Q.—"What did he do to you yesterday?"
A.—"Told me to stop."
Q.—"He caught me on Sunday afternoon and kissed me twice, and I ran upstairs, and then he called me in to make his bed, and as soon as I went into his room he said 'This is a nice bed, and caught hold of me. I got away from him and ran up to my room.'"

(Continued on Page 2, Column 13)

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