International and National Military Forces:

- Military forces will likely have an indirect role in the provision of security, and will likely
 adopt a direct role only in extreme cases. However, greater analysis and discussion on
 the potential roles of the military in such situations is urgently required.
- As much as possible, disarmament and demobilization of ex-combatants must be undertaken before they are given status as refugees. This is a role which should be played by national or international military personnel outside a refugee camp (although the police may have a investigative role with regard to the presence of small arms and light weapons which may be smuggled into camp environments).
- The chaos associated with mass refugee movements must be recognized as a potential threat to international peace and security and addressed in the Security Council.
- The Security Council should be alerted to situations where refugees are vulnerable to the threat of harassment or where refugee camps are vulnerable to infiltration by armed elements. DPKO and UNHCR should ensure that such information is made available early on for Security Council members, particularly in situations where there is a threat to the peace and where they are approving mandates for operations.