More than one hundred years have sunk into oblivion's tomb since the wilds of Columbia echoed and re-echoed the wide-spreading cry of freedom; since the dancing wavos of the broad Atlantic wafted to the proud rulers of England the intelligence that America's sons bad broken the chains of despotism-chains long sincerusted by the tears and blood of a suffering, yet unoffending people; and now our Starry Banner, unconquered and unsullied, unfurls its proud folds among the mightiest ensigns of the world. Beneath it stands Liberty, and Liberty's safoguards repel oppression. How brilliantly the "Stars and Stripes" shine beneath the rays of never setting Freedom! Each star that glitters on her bright surface, like a beacon light, invites the serfs of the tyrant to a land where peace and contentment can be fully enjoyed: each stripe forms, as it were, an indissoluble link in the chain of power against which all opposition has been and will ever be unavailable.
Unlike the banners of many other nations, our standard has never sullied its history. The English flag is adorned with the fallen ensigns of ber conquered, and is crimsoned with the sacred blood of Catholic Ireland and liberty-loving Scotland. The tricolored ensign of France blushes with the gore of priest and nun, and floats over the citadel of the goddess of Reason. Yet our flag is still the same spotless field of Red, White and Blue; whether we behold it upon the summit of Bunker Hill, when the troops of Britain staggered under the mighty force of its few defenders, or when it graced the memorable walls of Yorktown as the British Lion crouched at the feet of the immortal Washing. ton. The cries of independence that then rose from four millions of downtrudden people seemed almost to rend it in twain as it waved triumpbantly over the fallen flag of the tyrant.

But rapacions England could but ill restrain the anger that was glowing in her bosom, Again the Lion came routing at Liberty's shrine, until the dull echoes roused the patriotic spipitit of the American people; and from norti to south and from east to west there arose one continued cry-Revenge. Then quailed Britain's haughty spirit. Deieat after deleat, repulse aftor repulse fell upon the onemy's troops like hail from heaven, until poor "John Bull" cringingly doparted from our blood-stained shores with a dark-hued blemish upon his oscutcheon that can never be effiaced. No more did be tauntingly flaunt bis bauner; no longer did he proclaim the invincibility of his arms, for the very troops that had withstood the mighty Napoleon now ardently desired the suspension of bostilitios.

Partial historians ask what glory does the rebellion of ' 64 bestow upon the Starry Banner. What glory? Imperisbable glory. When the oall to arms resounded throughout the sunny planos of the south, Liberty wept; for she saw the poor, degraded, ancared-for negro bound in Blavery's cruel chains. - The pens of her noblest
sons had failed; the sword was unsheathed, and for four gloomy yoars blood waterod the fair plains of our land. The year '65 brought peace to the commonvealth and liberation to millions. of negroes. Glorious achievement! Distriessing effecta! Republic cemented by the blood. -of her children! The dire consequences of this terrible warfare were, indoed, koonly felt; our glorious Republic tottered and threatened ontire dissolution; but the powerful North raised a holping hand to the fallen South, and now both standards are sown toyothor by the theeads of etornal friendship.

## an instance of the moral sublime.

R. $w$.

On the summit of a hill in Greenwood ceme-tery-so aptly called the "city of the dead"there stands a monument erected by the grati-: tude of the citizens to the memory of the noble. firemen who lost thoir lives in the discharge of duty. 'The sculptured marble ropresents a: fireman, dressed in uniform, holding aloft: a child, whom be bad rescued from the devouring. element at the cost of his own life. The names. of the brave heioes who nobly sacrificed them: selves in the sared cause of humanity aro inscribed on the polished monument. They are the plain, simple names of nen who walkod in. the com mon rianks of life ; yet a rough exterior. sheltered hearts as true as ever beat in the human breast.

The evening sun had set over the great city, gilding with its mellow light the lofty spires looming up here and there, and the broad domo of the hall of Justice. The shadows of night grew apace. The busy throng had departed to. their respective homes. The stern guardians of the peace, ever on the alert, paced to and fro through the silent, almost deserted; streets and avenues of the great metropolis. The outcasts. from society, who pursue their nefirious avocations under the cloak of the night, were abioad; like hungry wolves, seeking whom they might devour. Suddenly, in the solemn stillness, the great bell of the City Hall pealed forth tho alarm of fire. The warning sound floated through the midnight air, telling with fearful distinctness the scene of the conflagration. The gallant firemen, ever at their poist, ever ready when duty calls, rushed forth to the scene of the fire. Already a large crowd, rudely awakened from their slumibers, had assombled: Hissing flames and blackened smoke wore issuing forth from one of the many large toriomoint houses which are so numerous in the lower part of the city. So rapid was the progress of the flames that the terror-stricken occupants of the upper portion of the burning structure sought vainly an avedue of escape.

The devouring monster raged witli unabatod fury. The angry flames grasped post and pillar in its relentless embrace, as if defying the efforts of the brave firemen: The foarful con-

