DIRECTION AND SUPERINTENDENCE OF THE SYNDICAT, S.

1. The association shall direct the working of the syndicates.

a. By means of a fortnightly or monthly bulletin published during the season of manufacture, the prospectus-number of which will be published at once, and distributed among the old and new members of the association and those of the public who are interested in the dairy-industry; this bulletin shall contain, especially, instruction and advice to farmers, producers of milk, patrons of factories, to inspectors and makers of cheese and butter, relating more specially to the time of the year following the issue of each number; it shall also contain general information in connection with the dairy-industry.

b. By means of the school-factory of the association, whose work shall be conducted with a view to the new organisation.

2. The superintendence of the syndicates shall be exercised by

the association

a. Through the Inspector-general and the inspectors of the syndicates, whose duties and office will be defined hereafter,
b. Through its ordinary officers as regards all private or public communications it may have to make to the representatives of the syndicates or to the representatives of the factories syndicated.

3. The association does not pretend to exercise any control over the interior management or the financial arrangements of the syndicates: it will suffice, if the latter conform to the present regulations to entitle them to be considered as having accepted the direction and superintendence of the association.

4. The direction and superintendence of the association shall be exercised with a view to securing, especially in the syndicated

establishments :

a. A regular attention to the testing of the patrons' milk in order to obtain from them milk of the best quality, neither skimmed, nor watered, nor adulterated in any way;

b. A scrupulous attention to the general keering in order of the factories, and to the maintenance of cleanliness therein;

c. Good quality and uniformity in the products manufactured;
d. A uniform system of book-keeping, sufficient to insure the
exactness and integrity of the operations of the year which
each factory will have to furnish to the association.

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ORGANISATION AND WORKING OF THE SYNDICATES.

1. A syndicate shall be constituted by the associating together of creameries, cheese-factories, or other dairy-establishments, to the number of not fewer than (15) lifteen, or more than (30) thirty; the number of not lewer than (15) liteen, or more than (30) thirty; it shall have for its aim the spreading over the division in which it is formed of the best methods of producing milk and of manufacturing dairy products; it may also aim at adopting and exercising all measures calculated to protect such interests of the patrons and proprietors as are to the general advancement of the dairy-industry: the proprietors or representatives of the syndicated factories shall for that purpose engage to support between att. att. factories shall for that purpose engage to support between them, in a proportion left to their discretion, the expense of the hiring of one or more experienced inspectors, who shall super-intend the production and the supplying of the milk as well as of its manufacture into cheese and butter in the syndicated facto-ries. The inspector shall be under the direction of the Dairymen's association, under the conditions hereinafter enumerated, and the syndicate shall conform to the present regulations.

2. The syndicates shall organise, as much as possible, by the

beginning of the manufacturing season.

3. The syndicate shall organise by the signature in duplicate of the proprietors or the representatives of the factories who wish to form themselves into a syndicate to a declaration, on a printed form, which shall be furnished by the association, and a duplicate of which shall be sent without selay to the secretary of the association, who shall acknowledge its receipt.

1. In each territorial division, syndicates composed exclusively of cheese-factories or of creameries, or of creameries and cheese

factories, may be established.

5. If in any division there be not found a sufficient number of factories whose representatives desire to form a syndicate, these factories may agree with those of a neighbouring division to form

of its division from uniting with a syndicate of a neighbouring division, except in the case provided for by the following article.

8. For special reasons, the association shall be empowered to

allow certain factories of a division to unite with the syndicate of a neighbouring division, provided that this permission hinder not the formation of a syndicate in the former division.

9. The representatives of the factories associated into a syndi-

cate shall name a president, a vice-president, and a secretary-treasurer, who shall be the officers of the syndicate, and whose address shall be given to the association, all official correspondence shall be carried out by the medium of the secretary-treasurer

10. At the end of each season, the syndicate shall render an exact account, certified by its secretary-treasurer, of the salary paid to its inspector, his travelling and other expenses, in direct relation to his duties of inspection, such as, hire of carriages, railway and steamboat fares, board, stationery, postage, purchases of instruments for the inspector's use, &c., &c.

11. As the government grant is given specially for the service of inspection, this grant in no case shall exceed the half of the genuine amount of the expenses along just mentioned, provided that this half do not exceed two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250.00); and the payment thereof shall only be reade at the end of the dairy-season, after the report mentioned in the preceding

article shall have been made to the association by the syndicate, 12. A subscription shall be paid by the proprietors, or by the representatives of each factory, to the provincial dairymen's association or to the dairy association of the district in which the syndicate is formed, in order that the makers or the directors may be kept au courant of the work of the association; moreover, they shall forward to the provincial association a complete certified report of the operations of their factory according to the official form adopted by the association; which report shall not be made public except by consent of those therein interested.

OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL AND THE INSPECTORS OF STRUCTURES.

1. The Inspector-General and the inspectors of syndicates are appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council; but in neither case will any one be appointed until he shall have previously undergone an examination sufficient to establish his qualifications before the board of examiners of the association. The inspectorgeneral shall be paid at the association, and the other inspectors by the syndicates.

2. The duties of the inspectors belonging exclusively to the teaching of the best methods of the production of milk and its proper supply to the factories, the manufacture of dairy-products, these officers shall carefully avoid meddling with any troubles, these officers shall carefully avoid medium which arise be-with which their duties have no concern, whether they arise be-tween neighbouring factories, between buyers and sellers, or be-tween patrons and proprietors. They must, under pain of imme-diate dismissal, observe most guarded discretion in regard to all matters they note in the exercise of their duties, and reveal them to no one except to the society or to the officers and servants of the factories concerned.

2 I. OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL.

1. The Inspector-General is the representative of the association accredited to the proprietors, the makers, and the representatives of the establishments under syndicates; all the instructions, therefore, he shall give, with the approbation of the association, are to

be observed.

2. Before the opening of the season, or even during the season, if he see fit, or if he receive orders to that effect from the association of the season. ation, the Inspector-General shall call together the inspectors of syndicates, by groups, at the school-factory of the association, or at some other factory, and, keeping them there a few days, instruct them in their duties and in the best methods of manufactures.

3. After the opening of the season, the Inspector General shall keep himself in communication with the inspectors of syndicates, by going at different times to pass two or three days alternately with each of them, to ascertain the efficiency of their services, their attention to instructions given and the general good management of the factories they have in charge. In these visits, the Inspector General will not be so much bound to visit the factories inspector-General will not be some part of an already existing one.

Inspector-General will not be so much bound to visit the factories of Svery faptory shall have the right to ask for admission into in particular, as to follow the steps of the inspectors in their orditates of its division.

The Inspector-General shall have the right to prevent any factory in the Inspector-General shall lend his aid to the working of the inspector of the inspector of the working of the working of the inspector of the inspector